

WEBSITE / DIASPORA NARRATIVE REPORT

1. FOUNDING PRINCIPLES & PREAMBLE

LEGACIES, VALUES, ASPIRATIONS AND PRINCIPLES

In respect of the Website and Diaspora on Founding Principles and Preamble, the views mentioned are; land and natural resources as our heritage, traditions and culture, liberation history of the country, Respect National Anthem, Flag, a Coat of Arms, Emblems, Public Seal, shrines and national events, country's sovereignty and independence, supremacy of God, unity of the people, national unity, peace and stability, respect of human dignity, supremacy of the Constitution, peace, harmony, security, tranquility and defence, rule of law-non above the law, good governance(no corruption, nepotism), liberty, freedom and movement.

Further views mentioned are diversity of the people, tribes and languages, founding fathers, nationalists and heroes, recognise traditional leaders, recognition of cultural and economic rights, recognise and uphold human rights, name of country is the Republic of Zimbabwe, recognise social justice, democratic principles(free and fair elections), universal adult suffrage, right to life, equality before the law, recognise Unity Accord and GPA, participatory democracy, democracy, gender equality and rights, post-independence, internal conflicts & challenges(Gukurahundi, Murambatsvina, 2008 violence), people power-leaders accountable to people, recognise national holidays(events), patriotism to country, no dictatorship, economic and political domination, no racism, tribalism and oppression, national prosperity and development, equitable land distribution, transparency, accountability and recognise international laws.

Researcher

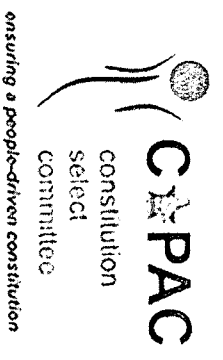


Researcher




Researcher






Recognise Chimurenga and country history, access to information, no racialism and non-sexism, Christian state, national healing, devolution of governmental functions, freedom of religion, freedom, no to homosexuality, freedom of speech, protect private property, regulate wealth tax, protect minority rights, no discrimination and that the Constitution can only be amended through referendum.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher 

Researcher 

Researcher 

1. FOUNDING PRINCIPLES AND PREAMBLE - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS
WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY



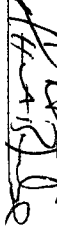


ensuring a people-driven constitution

NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	FOUNDING PRINCIPLES & PREAMBLE
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
	A	
Types of Submission →	1	
Frequencies →	Website	Website
Concept	# Response	
Legacies, values, aspirations and principles	1	100.00%
	2	100.00%
	3	100.00%
	4	100.00%
	5	100.00%
	6	100.00%
	7	100.00%
	8	100.00%
	9	100.00%
	10	100.00%
	11	100.00%
	12	100.00%
	13	100.00%
	14	100.00%
	15	100.00%
	16	100.00%
	17	100.00%
	18	100.00%
	19	100.00%
	20	100.00%
	21	100.00%
	22	100.00%
	23	100.00%
	24	100.00%
	25	100.00%

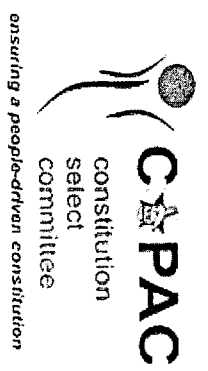
Frequency - number of "times" where a "response" was mentioned

Name: 
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1. FOUNDING PRINCIPLES AND PREAMBLE - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS
WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY

NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	FOUNDING PRINCIPLES & PREAMBLE
THEMATIC AREA	WEBSITE/DIASPORA
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	

Location →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Types of Submission →	A	
Frequencies →	Website	Website
Concept	#	Response
	26	Post independence, internal conflicts & challenges (gukurahundi, muramba svina, 2008 violence)
	27	People power-leaders accountable to people
	28	Patriotism to country
	29	No dictatorship, economic and political domination
	30	No racism, tribalism & oppression
	31	Equitable land distribution
	32	Transparency
	33	Accountability
	34	Recognise international laws
	35	Recognise Chirumunga and country history
	36	Access to information
	37	No racialism and non sexism
	38	Christian state
	39	National healing
	40	Devolution of governmental functions
	41	Freedom of religion
	42	Freedom
	43	No to homosexuality
	44	Freedom of speech
	45	Protect private property
	46	Regulate wealth tax
	47	Protect minority rights
	48	No discrimination

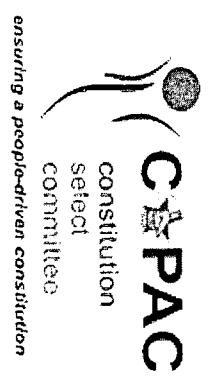


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1. FOUNDING PRINCIPLES AND PREAMBLE - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS
WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY

NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	FOUNDING PRINCIPLES & PREAMBLE
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
	A	
Types of Submission →	1	
	Website	Website
Frequencies →	# Response	
	49	100.00%
	Constitution can only be amended through referendum	
	50	100.00%
	Participatory democracy	



Frequency - number of "times" where a "response" was mentioned

Name: _____
 Name: _____
 Name: _____

2. ARMS OF THE STATE

The views expressed on the Arms of the State indicate that the Executive powers be vested in the Executive President, Prime Minister, Separation Of Powers / Executive, Judiciary And Legislature, President And One Vice President, President Head Of State And Prime Minister Head Of Government, Ceremonial President And Prime Minister, President and Cabinet, President and One Vice President, Prime Minister and One Vice Prime Minister.

In terms of the Leadership type views mentioned are the President and the Prime Minister.

On how the President and or the Prime Minister come into office the people proposed that the President be elected in a general election and then be sworn by the Chief Justice. There should be general elections for the Prime Minister, or be appointed by Parliament or the President.

On the question of all Ministers being M.P'S there was a divided opinion, and it was agreed that all Ministers should not be M.P'S. Apart from the above, on the appointment of Ministers views mentioned are that they should be appointed by the President, Parliament, Parliament and Judiciary, on merit, on legal qualification and experience, election, Prime Minister, both President and Prime Minister, President and Parliament, and Prime Minister and Parliament. Also the community felt that there should either one or two houses of Parliament. The community rejected the appointment of Members of parliament, but there was a divided opinion on whether Members of parliament should be allowed to cross the floor with their seats. On reserved seats for women the community said no, and there was a divided opinion on traditional leaders, disabled and the special interest groups.

Researcher 


Researcher 

Researcher 


The respondents are of the opinion that our courts should be organised as follows: Presidential court, Judicial Service Commission courts, Special courts, Chief's courts, Small claims, Labour, Labour Appeal Court, Administrative Court, Family Court, Customary Law Court, Magistrates, High Court, Supreme and Constitutional Court, Electoral Court and International courts.

The respondents proposed that Judges should be appointed by the President, on merit, by the President in consultation with the Prime Minister, Parliament, Judicial Service Commission, Political Parties and that there should be Non-partisan.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher 

Researcher 

Researcher 

2. ARMS OF THE STATE - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS
WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY



ensuring a people-driven constitution

NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	ARMS OF THE STATE
THEMATIC AREA	WEBSITE/DIASPORA
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	

Location →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Types of Submission →	1	
Frequencies →	Website	Website
Concept	#	Response
EXECUTIVE POWERS	1	100.00%
1 Executive President	1	100.00%
2 President And Prime Minister	1	100.00%
3 Prime Minister	1	100.00%
4 Separation Of Powers / Executive, Judiciary And Legislature	1	100.00%
5 President And One Vice President	1	100.00%
6 President Head Of State And Prime Minister Head Of Government	1	100.00%
7 Ceremonial President And Prime Minister	1	100.00%
8 President And Cabinet	1	100.00%
9 Yes	1	100.00%
LEADERSHIP TYPE	10	0.00%
PRESIDENT	11	0.00%
10 Divided Opinion	0	0.00%
11 No	0	0.00%
12 Yes	1	100.00%
13 No	0	0.00%
14 Divided Opinion	0	0.00%
15 General Election	1	100.00%
EXECUTIVE ELECTIONS / APPOINTMENT:	16	100.00%
16 Sworn In By Chief Justice	1	100.00%
PRESIDENT	17	100.00%
17 Parliament	1	100.00%
PRIME MINISTER	18	100.00%
18 General Election	1	100.00%
19 Parliament	1	100.00%
20 Appointed By President	1	100.00%
SHOULD ALL MINISTERS BE M.P'S	21	100.00%
21 Yes	1	100.00%
22 No	1	100.00%
23 Divided Opinion	0	0.00%
SHOULD ALL MINISTERS NOT BE M.P'S	24	100.00%
24 Yes	1	100.00%
25 President	1	100.00%
HOW SHOULD MINISTERS BE APPOINTED?	26	100.00%
26 Parliament	1	100.00%
27 Parliament and Judiciary	1	100.00%
28 Merit	1	100.00%
29 Legal qualification and experience	1	100.00%
30 Election	1	100.00%
31 Prime Minister	1	100.00%
32 President And P.M	1	100.00%

Name: _____
 Name: _____
 Name: _____

2. ARMS OF THE STATE - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS
WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY

NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	ARMS OF THE STATE
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Types of Submission →	1	
Frequencies →	Website	Website
Concept	#	Response
	33	President And Parliament
	34	President, Pm & Parliament
HOW MANY HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT SHOULD WE HAVE?	35	Two
	36	One
SHOULD THERE BE M.P'S WHO ARE APPOINTED	37	No
	38	Divided Opinion
	39	Yes
SHOULD M.P'S BE ALLOWED TO CROSS THE FLOOR WITH THEIR SEATS?	40	No
	41	Yes
	42	Divided Opinion
SHOULD ANY SEATS BE RESERVED FOR:	43	No
(I) WOMEN	44	Yes
	45	Divided Opinion
(II) TRADITIONAL LEADERS	46	Yes
	47	No
	48	Divided Opinion
(III) DISABLED	49	Yes
	50	No
	51	Divided Opinion
(IV) SPECIAL INTEREST GROUPS	52	Yes
	53	No
HOW SHOULD OUR COURT SYSTEM BE ORGANISED?	54	Divided Opinion
	55	President
	56	JSC
	57	Special Court

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 Name: _____
 Name: _____

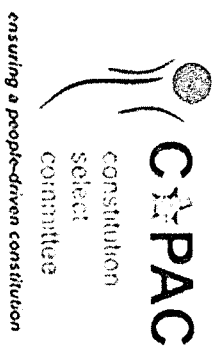
2. ARMS OF THE STATE - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMA ANALYSIS
WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY

NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	ARMS OF THE STATE
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Types of Submission →	1	
Frequencies →	Website	Website
Concept	# Response	
	58	100.00%
	Chief's courts, Small claims, Labour, Labour Appeal Court, Administrative Court, Family Court, Customary Law Court, Magistrates, High Court, Supreme and Constitutional Court, Electoral Court	1
	59	100.00%
	International courts	1
	60	100.00%
	On Merit	1
	61	100.00%
	President	1
	62	100.00%
	President in Consultation With P.M	1
	63	100.00%
	Parliament	1
	64	100.00%
	Judicial Service Commission	1
	65	100.00%
	Non partisan	1
	66	100.00%
	Political Parties	1
HOW SHOULD THE JUDGES BE APPOINTED?		



Name: [Signature]
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 Name: [Signature]



3. SYSTEMS OF GOVERNMENT


Federal and Devolved are the two systems mentioned. The community said yes to Provincial Governments.

Views mentioned on Type of Government are Provincial Governments, Provincial Assembly reporting to central government, Elected Provincial Councils and devolved system. They felt that they should be appointed by the President, Parliament, on merit and with a proposal that Governors be elected by councillors, electorate and by proportional representation.

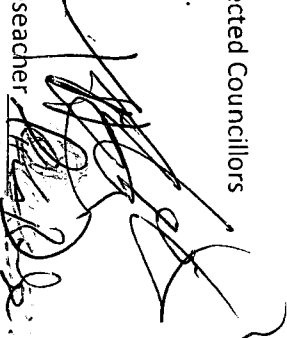
The community aired out that there should be devolved structures/Decentralise government offices and do away with chiefs.

In terms of Tenure the community felt that the Governor and Councillors voted for should have one 5 year term, the Provincial Governor should serve a maximum two 5 year terms, the Head of State and MPs 5 years and Local Government 4 years. Officials elected to be non-partisan.

A local government institution will govern the affairs of its community subject to national and provincial governments. Office bearers i.e. elected Councillors or Mayors should have the necessary qualifications/competence/potential capacity. There should be provision of a moderator and a deputy.

Researcher 

Researcher 

Researcher 


An Act of Parliament will provide for the establishment and powers of the local government institution, including by-laws and regulations and levy rates and taxes.

On functions of Provincial and Local Governments the community has a feeling that there should be formulate policies that raise revenue in their areas, enact and enforce by-laws, development and maintenance of infrastructure, attract investors, promote peace, spearhead development (social, economic and infrastructural) and social amenities.

On Administration Provincial Governments should craft their own budgets, taxation powers and do revenue collection. They should practice a devolved system of local Governance.

The suggested number of Provinces was 10, 5 and 8, determined as follows; as it is/status quo, not named on tribal grounds, current names are fine, Manicaland, Mashonaland, Matabeleland, Midlands, Masvingo plus one, Eastern, Western, Southern, Northern and Central and Geographical demarcation.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher 

Researcher 

Researcher 

3. SYSTEMS OF GOVERNMENT - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS
WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY

NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	SYSTEMS OF GOVERNMENT
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Types of Submission →	1	
Frequencies →	Website & Sectoral Frequency	Website & Sectoral Frequency (%)
Concept	# Response	
SYSTEM OF GOVERNMENT	1 Federal	100.00%
	2 Devolved	100.00%
PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT	3 Yes to Provincial Governments	100.00%
	4 Provincial Governments	100.00%
HOW THEY SHOULD BE CONSTITUTED? A)		
	5 Provincial Assembly reporting to central government	100.00%
	6 Elected Provincial Councils	100.00%
	7 Devolved system	100.00%
B) APPOINTMENT	8 Appointed by Parliament	100.00%
	9 Merit	100.00%
	10 Governors to be elected by councillors	100.00%
C) ELECTIONS	11 Elected Governor	100.00%
	12 Elected by the electorate	100.00%
	13 By proportional representation	100.00%
D) COMPOSITION	14 Devolved structures/Decentralise government offices and do away with chiefs	100.00%
E) TENURE	15 Those voted for should have one 5 year term	100.00%
	16 The Provincial Governor should serve two 5 year terms up to a maximum of 10 years.	100.00%
	17 Head of State and MPs 5 years	100.00%
	18 Local Government 4 years	100.00%
QUALIFICATIONS	19 Non partisan	100.00%
HOW THEY SHOULD BE CONSTITUTED? A)	20 A local government institution will govern the affairs of its community subject to national and provincial governments	100.00%
TYPE OF GOVERNMENT		
C) ELECTIONS	21 Elected Councillors	100.00%
	22 Mayor to be elected	100.00%



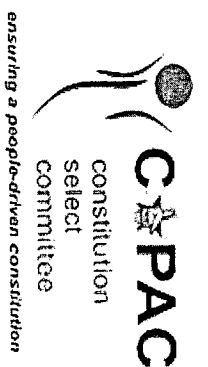
ensuring a people-driven constitution

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3. SYSTEMS OF GOVERNMENT - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS
WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY

NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	SYSTEMS OF GOVERNMENT
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Types of Submission →	1	
Frequencies →	Website & Sectoral Frequency	Website & Sectoral Frequency (%)
Concept	# Response	
	23 To be elected by the people and have the necessary qualifications/competence/potential capacity	1 100.00%
	24 Independent electoral commissions	1 100.00%
	25 Provision of a moderator and a deputy	1 100.00%
D) COMPOSITION	26 An Act of Parliament will provide for the establishment and powers of the local government institution, including by-laws and regulations and levy rates and taxes	1 100.00%
G) GOVERNING LEGISLATION		
	27 Formulate policies that raise revenue in their areas	1 100.00%
FUNCTIONS OF PROVINCIAL AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS A) POLICY FORMULATION		
	28 Enact and enforce by-laws	1 100.00%
	29 Ensure good governance/democracy	0.00%
	30 Development and maintenance of infrastructure	1 100.00%
	31 Attract investors	1 100.00%
	32 Promote peace	1 100.00%
B) DEVELOPMENT	33 Spearhead development (social, economic and infrastructural), social amenities	1 100.00%
	34 Food aid supply	1 100.00%
C) SOCIAL SERVICES	35 Service Delivery	1 100.00%
	36 Provincial Governments to craft their own budgets/taxation powers and do revenue collection	1 100.00%
E) ADMINISTRATION	37 Administration	1 100.00%
	38 They should have a devolved system of government at local level	1 100.00%
	39 Devolution of resources	1 100.00%
NUMBER OF PROVINCES	40 10 provinces	1 100.00%



Name: _____

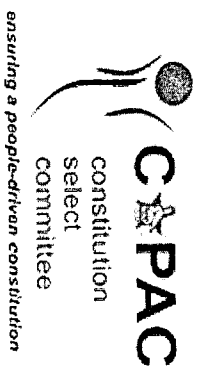
Name: _____

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3. SYSTEMS OF GOVERNMENT - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS
WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY

NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	SYSTEMS OF GOVERNMENT
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →		WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Types of Submission →		1	
Frequencies →		Website & Sectoral Frequency	Website & Sectoral Frequency (%)
Concept	# Response		
	41 5 provinces	1	100.00%
	42 8 provinces	1	100.00%
DETERMINATION OF PROVINCES A)	43 As it is/status quo	1	100.00%
NAMING	44 Not named on tribal grounds	1	100.00%
	45 Current names are fine	1	100.00%
	46 Manicaland, Mashonaland, Marabeleland, Midlands, Masvingo plus one	1	100.00%
	47 Eastern, Western, Southern, Northern and Central	1	100.00%
	48 Geographical demarcation	1	100.00%
B) GEOGRAPHICAL & GEO-POLITICAL	49 North, East, West, South and Central	1	100.00%



Frequency - number of "times" where a "response" was mentioned


Name: _____
 Name: _____
 Name: _____



4. EXECUTIVE ORGANS OF THE STATE

The community proposed the following Executive Commissions, Judicial, Defence, Police, Prisons, Public Service, Land, Security Commissions, Gender and anti-discrimination, Human Rights, Labour, Health, Arts and culture, Finance, Natural resources/Environment, Truth and Justice, Electoral, Youth and children and Central intelligence.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher 

Researcher 

Researcher 

4. EXECUTIVE ORGANS OF THE STATE - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC \$ PRIMARY ANALYSIS
WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY



NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	EXECUTIVE ORGANS OF THE STATE
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →		WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Types of Submission →		1	
Frequencies →		Website	Website
Concept	# Response		
EXECUTIVE COMMISSIONS			
1	Judicial	1	100.00%
2	Defence	1	100.00%
3	Police	1	100.00%
4	Prisons	1	100.00%
5	Public Service	1	100.00%
6	Land	1	100.00%
7	Security Commissions	1	100.00%
8	Gender and anti-discrimination	1	100.00%
9	Human Rights	1	100.00%
10	Labour	1	100.00%
11	Health	1	100.00%
12	Arts and culture	1	100.00%
13	Finance	1	100.00%
14	Natural resources/Environment	1	100.00%
15	Truth and Justice	1	100.00%
16	Electoral	1	100.00%
17	Youth and children	1	100.00%
18	Central Intelligence	1	100.00%

Name: _____
 Name: _____
 Name: _____

5. INDEPENDENT PUBLIC OFFICES

The suggested Independent Public Offices mentioned are Attorney General, Auditor and Comptroller General, Public protector/ Ombudsman and Zimbabwe Electoral Commission.

The above offices shall be appointed by Parliament and the President in consultation with the Judicial Service Commission.

As far as the Attorney General is concerned the community felt that he or she shall be appointed by the President, Judicial Commission and the person shall be non-partisan. In respect of the Auditor/Comptroller General and the Public Protector/Ombudsman the general feeling of the community was that the two shall be appointed by the President or on merit respectively.

The suggested functions of the Attorney General are Chief prosecutor, sits in cabinet, shall be a Member of Parliament and those functions that are currently ascribed to his office.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher



Researcher



Researcher



5. INDEPENDENT PUBLIC OFFICES - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS
WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY

NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM
 THEMATIC AREA **INDEPENDENT PUBLIC OFFICES**
 TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS **WEBSITE/DIASPORA**

Location →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Types of Submission →	1	
Frequencies →	Website	Website
Concept	# Response	
(19.1.A) INDEPENDENT PUBLIC OFFICES	1 Attorney General	1 100.00%
	2 Auditor and Comptroller General	1 100.00%
	3 Public protector/ Ombudsman	1 100.00%
	4 ZEC	1 100.00%
(19.1.B) HOW THEY ARE APPOINTED	5 Appointed by Parliament	1 100.00%
	6 President in consultation with the Judicial Service Commission	1 100.00%
(19.2.A) PROVISION FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL	7 Appointed by President	1 100.00%
	8 Judicial Commission	1 100.00%
	9 Non- partisan	1 100.00%
(19.2.B) PROVISION FOR AUDITOR/COMPTROLLER GENERAL	10 Appointed by President	1 100.00%
(19.2.C) PROVISION FOR PUBLIC PROTECTOR/ OMBUDSMAN	11 Appointed on Merit	1 100.00%
(19.3) FUNCTIONS OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL	12 Chief prosecutor	1 100.00%
	13 Sits in cabinet	1 100.00%
	14 Member of Parliament	1 100.00%
(19.4) SHOULD THE AG BE THE LEGAL ADVISOR TO GOVERNMENT AND THE NATIONAL PROSECUTOR?	15 Status quo	1 100.00%



Frequency - number of "times" where a "response" was mentioned

Name: _____
 Name: _____
 Name: _____




6. INDEPENDENT COMMISSIONS


The Independent Commissions mentioned are Anti-Corruption, Electoral, Land, Human Rights, Media, Women and Gender, Public Finance, Truth and Justice, Gender, and Arts and Culture.

The community felt that the Independent Commissions should be appointed by Parliament, Prime Minister, Independent Commission, Judiciary Service Commission and shall be apolitical.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher 

Researcher 

Researcher 

6. INDEPENDENT COMMISSIONS - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS
WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY

NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	INDEPENDENT COMMISSIONS
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/WEBSITE

Location →	WEBSITE/WEBSITE	
Types of Submission →	1	
Concept	# Response	
INDEPENDENT COMMISSIONS		
1 Anti-Corruption	1	100.00%
2 Electoral	1	100.00%
3 Land	1	100.00%
4 Human Rights	1	100.00%
5 Media	1	100.00%
6 Women And Gender	1	100.00%
7 Public Finance	1	100.00%
8 Truth And Justice	1	100.00%
9 Gender	1	100.00%
10 Arts And Culture	1	100.00%
11 Parliament	1	100.00%
12 Prime Minister	1	100.00%
13 Independent Commission	1	100.00%
14 Judiciary Service Commission	1	100.00%
15 Apolitical	1	100.00%



Name: 

Name: 

Name: 

7. LANGUAGES, ARTS AND CULTURE

The views mentioned on Languages are among other things, all local languages should be officialised, Shona, Ndebele, English must be officialised, equality and non-discrimination among languages, English to be the international language for Zimbabwe. Local languages should be taught in schools.

All local languages should be respected, promoted, recognised, and protected, and the following are Zimbabwe's languages: Shona, Ndebele, Kalanga, Nambya, Chikunda, Venda, Xangani, Chewa, Nyanja, Sotho, Tonga, Xhosa, Pfumbi, Barwe, Hwesa, Tshawo, Doma, English and sign language.

In terms of Arts and Culture, the community highlighted that there should be freedom of expression and operation, no Satanism, no forced marriages, no religions that undermine children's rights and retain lobola.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:


Researcher



Researcher



Researcher


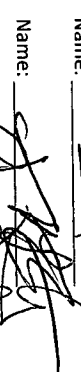



7. LANGUAGES, ARTS AND CULTURE - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS
WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY



NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM
 THEMATIC AREA: **LANGUAGES, ARTS AND CULTURE**
 TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS: **WEBSITE/DIASPORA**

Location →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA		
Types of Submission →	1		
Frequencies →	WEBSITE	WEBSITE	
Concept	#	Response	
LANGUAGES	1	All local languages should be officialised.	100.00%
	1	2 Shona, Ndebele, English must be officialised	100.00%
	1	3 Equality and non-discrimination among languages.	100.00%
	1	4 English to be the international language for Zimbabwe.	100.00%
	1	5 Local languages should be taught in schools	100.00%
	1	6 All local languages should be respected, promoted, recognised, and protected.	100.00%
	1	7 The following are Zimbabwe's languages: Shona, Ndebele, Kalanga, Nambya, Chikunda, Venda, Xangani, Chewa, Nyanja, Sotho, Tonga, Xhosa, Pfumbi, Barwe, Hwesa, Tshawo, Doma, English and sign language.	100.00%
CULTURE	8	Freedom of expression and operation.	100.00%
	1	9 No Satanism	100.00%
	1	10 No forced marriages.	100.00%
	1	11 No religions that undermine children's rights	100.00%
	1	12 Retain lobola	100.00%

Name: 
 Name: 
 Name: 


8. TRADITIONAL INSTITUTIONS

Traditional leaders (Zinduna, Sabhuku, Abalisa) should be in the constitution and their court systems to be recognised and respected.


In as much as for the Selection/Appointment it was the community's feeling that women should also be appointed traditional leaders and that all traditional leaders should be trained by the judiciary and educated to a minimum education standard.

In respect of functions, duties and responsibilities of traditional leaders, it was also felt that there should be preservation of culture, tradition, history and heritage. Traditional leaders should preside over village courts, submit, report cases to magistrates courts for checking, intervene on family disputes, enforce traditional and customary laws, deal with communal land issues, be custodians but not administrators of land and law, manage natural resources and promote Zunde Raramambo. Traditional leaders should also be included in provincial and local governments, apolitical and impartial.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher 

Researcher 

Researcher 

8. TRADITIONAL INSTITUTIONS - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS
WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY

NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	TRADITIONAL INSTITUTIONS
THEMATIC AREA	WEBSITE/DIASPORA
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	

Location →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Types of Submission →	1	
Frequencies →	Website & Sectoral Frequency	Website & Sectoral Frequency (%)
Concept	# Response	
RECOGNITION, PROTECTION AND CONTINUATION OF TRADITIONAL LEADERS	1 Traditional leaders (Izinduna, Sabhuku, Abalisa) should be in the constitution.	100.00%
	2 Their court systems to be recognised and respected	100.00%
	3 Women to be appointed as traditional leaders	100.00%
METHOD OF SELECTION/APPOINTMENT	4 Must be trained by the judiciary and educated to a minimum education standard	100.00%
FUNCTIONS, DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES	5 Preserve culture, tradition, history and heritage	100.00%
	6 Preside over village courts	100.00%
	7 Should submit, report cases to magistrates courts for checking	100.00%
	8 To consult subjects	0.00%
	9 Must intervene on disputes	100.00%
	10 Enforce traditional and customary laws	100.00%
	11 Chiefs must deal with communal land issues	100.00%
	12 Chiefs to be custodians but not administrators of land and law	100.00%
	13 Manage natural resources	100.00%
	14 Promote Zunde Ramambo	100.00%
	15 Be given land to promote Isiphala senkosi	0.00%
RELATIONS WITH GOVERNMENT/ PARLIAMENT	16 Be included in provincial and local governments	100.00%
POLITICAL PARTICIPATION	17 Be apolitical	100.00%
	18 Be impartial	100.00%

Name: _____
 Name: _____
 Name: _____

9. TRANSITIONAL MECHANISMS

The respondents on Handover Takeover (time period) mentioned that it be done immediately, 24 Hours (One Day), 5 Days (Five), 3 Days(Three), Two Weeks (14 Days), 1 Month (30 Days), 7 Days (One Week), 2 Days (48 Hours), Within 21 days and within 90 days.

On who takes over during incapacitation, respondents felt that it should be the Speaker of Parliament, Independent Commission, Vice President and the Chief Justice. The incapacitation period shall be 3 Months (90 Days), One Month (30 Days), 6 Months, Two Months, One week and or two (2) weeks.

Apart from the above the respondents felt that the term of office for the President shall be a 1x5 Year Term. Election results shall be released within 24 Hours (One Day), 48 Hours (2 Days), 5 Days (Five) and or one week.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher 

Researcher 

Researcher 

9. TRANSITION, MECHANISMS - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATICS - SUMMARY ANALYSIS
WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY



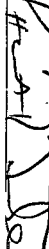


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NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	TRANSITIONAL MECHANISMS
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA			
Types of Submission →	1			
Frequencies →	Website	Website		
Concept	#	Response		
HANDOVER TAKEOVER (TIME PERIOD)	1	Immediately	1	100.00%
	2	24 Hours (One Day)	1	100.00%
	3	5 Days (Five)	1	100.00%
	4	3 Days(Three)	1	100.00%
	5	Two Weeks (14 Days)	1	100.00%
	6	1 Month (30 Days)	1	100.00%
	7	7 Days (One Week)	1	100.00%
	8	2 Days (48 Hours)	1	100.00%
	9	Within 21 days	1	100.00%
	10	Within 90 days	1	100.00%
INCAPACITATION (WHO TAKES OVER)	11	Speaker Of Parliament	1	100.00%
	12	Independent Commission	1	100.00%
	13	Vice President	1	100.00%
	14	Chief Justice	1	100.00%
INCAPACITATION (TIME PERIOD)	15	3 Months (90 Days)	1	100.00%
	16	One Month (30 Days)	1	100.00%
	17	6 Months	1	100.00%
	18	Two Months	1	100.00%
	19	One week	1	100.00%
PRESIDENTIAL TERMS	20	2 Weeks	1	100.00%
	21	1.5 Years Term	1	100.00%
RELEASE OF ELECTION RESULTS	22	24 Hours (One Day)	1	100.00%
	23	48 Hours (2 Days)	1	100.00%
	24	5 Days (Five)	1	100.00%
	25	One Week	1	100.00%

Frequency - number of "times" where a "response" was mentioned

Name: 
 Name: 
 Name: 

10. YOUTH

The ages which were considered to denote youth are 0-18 years, 18+ and up to 45 years.

The rights mentioned by the people that should be enshrined in the constitution include the following: free Education, Educational Grants, Education, right to be heard, right to health care and right to shelter. It was the people's feeling that youth should be protected from all forms of abuse (political, social, economic and cultural), they should have the right to social services, freedom from unfair labour practices, right to parental care, right to have a birth Certificate, National Identity and should not be forced to attend National Youth Services.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher



Researcher



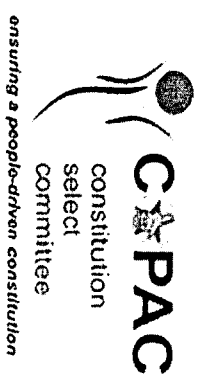
Researcher



10.1 1ST - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS
 WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY

NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	YOUTH
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Types of Submission →	1	
Frequencies →	Website	Website
Concept	#	Response
	1	0-18
	2	18+
	3	Up to 45 years
	4	Free Education
	5	Educational Grants
	6	Education
	7	Right to be heard
	8	Right to health care
	9	Right to Shelter
	10	Protection from all forms of abuse (political, social, economic and cultural)
	11	Right to social services
	12	Freedom from unfair labour practices
	13	Right to parental care
	14	Birth Certificate
	15	National Identity
	16	No to National Youth Services



Name:

Name:

Name:

11. WOMEN AND GENDER

The respondents mentioned the following rights for women and gender to be enshrined in the constitution; right to political participation and the right to health.

It was highlighted that if political fields are equal, then women participate more in political governance of the country. A quota system can only serve to deform the capacities of either sex, and there should be a dual ownership of property or land between men and women.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher



Researcher



Researcher




11. WOMEN AND GENDER - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS
WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY

NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	WOMEN AND GENDER
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →		WEBSITE/DIASPORA
Types of Submission →		1
Frequencies →		WEBSITE WEBSITE
Concept	# Response	
Rights	1 Political participation	1 100.00%
	2 If take away political violence then we are likely to see more women	1 100.00%
	3 A quota system can only serve to deform the capacities of either sex	1 100.00%
	4 Dual ownership of property or land between men and women	1 100.00%
	5 Right to health	1 100.00%



Name: 

Name: 

Name: 


12. PUBLIC FINANCE

In respect of Public Finance and revenue collection in particular the people mentioned the following that revenue should be collected through taxes and duties and levies. As for the management the people have the feeling that there should be a central bank that should be given limited borrowing powers and exercise transparency.


In terms of supervision and Oversight people mentioned that there should be a Board of Directors/Governors, overseeing by the Ministry of finance, Reserve Bank of Zimbabwe and Parliament.

When formulating the budget the grassroots should be consulted and its details should be published in all languages. Management of same should be apolitical and tender system should be transparent.

Apart from the above and on accountability and transparent issues there should be an Act of Parliament, annual audited reports, a report by the Finance Minister to parliament quarterly, and an Independent audit.

Researcher 

Researcher 


Researcher 

The functions of the RBZ and Monetary Policy in particular, the community mentioned the following; control of inflation, regulate local currency, taxes and interests rates. Other functions of the RBZ as they are mentioned by the people are advisor to government, lender of last resort, local bank supervision, promotion of economic development and quasi fiscal activities.


The community mentioned that the RBZ Governor should be appointed by Parliament, President, Ministry of Finance, on merit and the person should be apolitical.

The community further highlighted that the Central Bank should be independent, have autonomy, have an Independent Commission/Board, be under the Ministry of Finance and should publicise government expenditure.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher 

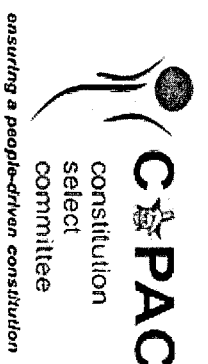
Researcher 

Researcher 

12. PUBLIC FINANCE - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS
WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY

NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	PUBLIC FINANCE
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Province →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Number of Wards →	1	
Frequencies →	Website	Website
Concept	#	Response
	1	Taxes and duties
	1	Taxes to be paid to local government
	1	Establishment of central bank
MANAGEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND	1	
	1	R.B.Z. to be given limited borrowing powers
	1	Transparency
SUPERVISION AND OVERSIGHT	1	
	1	By Board of Directors/Governors
	1	By Ministry of finance
	1	By R.B.Z.
	1	Parliamentary oversight
	1	Grassroots consultation
BUDGET FORMULATION	1	
	1	Published in all languages
MANAGEMENT OF BUDGET	1	
	1	Apoptical use
	1	Tender system should be transparent
ACCOUNTABILITY AND TRANSPARENCY	1	
	1	Act of Parliament
	1	Annual audited reports
	1	Finance Minister to report to parliament quarterly
	1	Independent audit
MONETARY POLICY	1	
	1	Control inflation
	1	Regulate local currency
	1	Regulate taxes and interests rates
OTHER FUNCTIONS OF R.B.Z	1	
	1	Advisor to government
	1	lender of last resort
	1	local bank supervision
	1	Promote economic development
	1	Quasi fiscal activities
APPOINTMENT OF R.B.Z GOVERNOR	1	
	1	By Parliament
	1	By President
	1	Ministry of finance
	1	On merit
	1	Apoptical

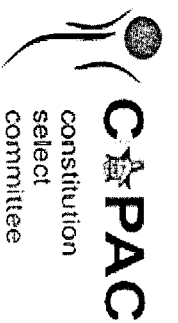


Name: _____

Name: _____

Name: _____

12. PUBLIC FINANCE - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS
WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY



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NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	PUBLIC FINANCE
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Province →		WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Number of Wards →		1	
Concept	# Response	Website	Website
SUPERVISION AND REGULATION	31 Be independent /have autonomy	1	100.00%
	32 Independent Commission / Board	1	100.00%
	33 Ministry of finance	1	100.00%
ACCOUNTABILITY AND TRANSPARENCY	34 Independent audit	1	100.00%
	35 Publicize government expenditure	1	100.00%

Name: _____
 Name: _____
 Name: _____

13. WAR VETERANS

In defining who a war veteran is, the respondents mentioned war collaborators, ex-detainees and parents who cooked during the struggle. As a form of recognition, respect and honour they are to be accorded hero status. War veterans should be under an independent commission, non-partisan/apolitical.

The community also mentioned that there should be no war-veterans commission and no compensation.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher



Researcher



Researcher



13. WAR VETERANS - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS
WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY



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NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	WAR VETERANS
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Types of Submission →	1	
Frequencies →	Website	Website
Concept	#	Response
DEFINE WHO IS A WAR VETERAN	1	War collaborators, ex-detainees and parents who cooked during the struggle
(ENTITLEMENT) RECOGNITION, RESPECT AND HONOR	2	To be accorded hero status
POLITICAL RIGHTS	3	Should be under an independent commission
CONCERNS RAISED	4	War veterans to be treated as reverse forces
	5	Be non-partisan/political
	6	No to war veterans commission
	7	No compensation to war veterans
	8	To ban war veteran association
	1	1
		100.00%
		0.00%
		100.00%
		100.00%
		100.00%
		100.00%

Frequency - number of "times" where a "response" was mentioned

Name: _____

Name: _____

Name: _____

14. LAND

The respondents on Land Reform mentioned that land should remain state land, land reform is irreversible, land reform to continue, redistribution of land to continue, no 99yr lease and that the land reform is illegal.

In respect of the land Tenure, the same community mentioned that there should be 99 year lease, title deeds, security of tenure and leasehold.

In as much as land administration is concerned they mentioned the following: land should be owned by Zimbabweans, equitable distribution of land, land audit, one man one farm policy, land commission, Independent Land Commission, productive use of land, no compensation and no multiple farms.

The community also mentioned that there should be no discrimination on land distribution, land should be demarcated as per land use patterns, consider productivity, local communities to benefit first, compensation to be paid, consider expertise, distribution be apolitical, disputes over land must be taken to Court, Government to allocate land. It was also community's feeling that foreigners should not own land but have leasehold, with the same community saying that foreigners should own land. Land to be sold at affordable prices with no violent dispossession of land and that land reform should conform to international and regional laws.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher



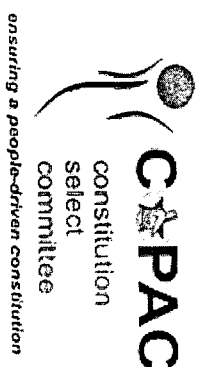
Researcher



Researcher



14. LAND - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS WEBSITE AN SECTORAL FREQUENCY



NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORUM	
THEMATIC AREA	LAND
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →		WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Types of Submission →		1	
Frequencies →		Website	Website
Concept	# Response		
LAND REFORM	1 Remain state land	1	100.00%
	2 Land reform is irreversible	1	100.00%
	3 Land reform to continue	1	100.00%
	4 Redistribution of land	1	100.00%
	5 No 99yr lease	1	100.00%
	6 Land reform illegal	1	100.00%
TENURE	7 99 year lease	1	100.00%
	8 Title deeds	1	100.00%
	9 Security of tenure	1	100.00%
	10 Leasehold	1	100.00%
ADMINISTRATION	11 Land should be owned by Zimbabweans	1	100.00%
	12 Equitable distribution of land	1	100.00%
	13 Land audit	1	100.00%
	14 One man one farm policy	1	100.00%
	15 Land commission	1	100.00%
	16 Independent Land Commission	1	100.00%
	17 Productive use of land	1	100.00%
	18 No compensation	1	100.00%
	19 No multiple farms	1	100.00%
	20 No discrimination on land distribution	1	100.00%
	21 Demarcate land as per land use patterns	1	100.00%
	22 Consider productivity	1	100.00%
	23 local communities first	1	100.00%
	24 Compensation to be paid	1	100.00%
	25 Consider expertise	1	100.00%
	26 Apolitical	1	100.00%
	27 Disputes on land must be taken to court	1	100.00%
	28 Define land use patterns	1	100.00%

Name:

Name:

Name:

14. LAND - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS WEBSITE AN SECTORAL FREQUENCY



NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	LAND
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →		WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Types of Submission →		1	
Frequencies →		Website	Website
Concept	# Response		
29	Government to allocate land	1	100.00%
30	Foreigners not to own land but have leasehold	1	100.00%
31	Foreigners should own land	1	100.00%
32	Land to be sold at affordable prices	1	100.00%
33	No violent dispossession of land	1	100.00%
34	Land reform to conform with international and regional laws	1	100.00%

Frequency - number of "times" where a "response" was mentioned

Name:  Name:  Name: 

15. NATURAL RESOURCES

In respect of Natural Resources the respondents mentioned that Local authorities and provinces must share natural resources with central government, natural resources should be processed locally, natural resources should be preserved and that locals should benefit from natural resources. They also mentioned that processing zones should be decentralised for employment creation, legislate and regulate natural resources.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher



Researcher



Researcher



15. NATURAL RESOURCES - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS WEBS AND SECTORAL FREQU



NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	NATURAL RESOURCES
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA
Types of Submission →	1
Frequencies →	Website Website
Concept	
ADMINISTRATION /MANAGEMENT	1 100.00%
BENEFICIATION/VALUE ADDITION	2 100.00%
CONSERVATION /PRESERVATION	3 100.00%
BENEFITS/BENEFICIARIES	4 100.00%
LEGISLATION/REGULATION	5 100.00%
	6 100.00%

Frequency - number of "times" where a "response" was mentioned

Name:  Name:  Name: 

16. EMPOWERMENT

The views captured from the people indicate that there should be no discrimination in Empowerment on political grounds. There should be provision for infrastructure and resources, skills training and equitable Empowerment. They also mentioned that there should be audit and accountability of Government project allocations.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher



Researcher



Researcher



16. EMPOWERMENT - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS WEBSITES AND SECTORAL FREQUEN



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committee

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NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	EMPOWERMENT
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →		WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Types of Submission →		1	
Frequencies →		WEBSITE	WEBSITE
Concept	#	Response	
GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE	1	No Discrimination On Political Grounds	1 100.00%
INVESTMENT AND INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT	2	Provision For Infrastructure And Resources	1 100.00%
SKILLS TRAINING AND EDUCATION	3	Skills Training For Empowerment	1 100.00%
INDIGENISATION	4	Equitable Empowerment	1 100.00%
AFFIRMATIVE ACTION	5	Audit And Accountability Of Government Project Allocations	1 100.00%

Name:

Name:

Name:



17. ENVIRONMENT

The following views were stated by the community in relation to the Environment; these are protection of the environment, protection of wild animals in the region, fire guards to be mandatory and enactment of environmental friendly legislation.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "A. D.", written over a horizontal line.

Researcher

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "A. H. R. de ...", written over a horizontal line.

Researcher

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "A. H. R. de ...", written over a horizontal line.

17. ENVIRONMENT - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY



NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	ENVIRONMENT
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Types of Submission →	1	
Frequencies →	WEBSITE	WEBSITE
Concept	#	Response
CONSERVATION/ PRESERVATION	1	100.00%
ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT	2	100.00%
REGULATION AND LEGISLATION	3	100.00%
	4	100.00%

Frequency - number of "times" where a "response" was mentioned

Name:  Name:  Name: 


18. MEDIA

The views expressed on Media and Press Freedom in particular are freedom of expression, right to free press, to be protected by law, free media, independent media, free to broadcast, freedom of press without propaganda, freedom of the press should be provided for in the constitution, freedom to media houses and their diversities, media freedom, should respect people's rights, free access to information, media accountability and regulation.


The community felt that there should be an Independent Media Commission, accreditation of all journalist, self-regulation, no state controlled media that leads to propaganda, media must be independent of political parties, no to forced registration and follow media ethics.

In terms of Content, Diversity and Plurality people felt that there should be truthful reporting, no hate speeches, right to Community Radio Stations, Multiple Media, recognition of registered Multi Media Houses, promotion of plurality, respect and tolerance to diversity.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher 

Researcher 

Researcher 

18. MEDIA - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS WEBSITE A SECTORAL FREQUENCY



NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	MEDIA
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA
Types of Submission →	1
Frequencies →	WEBSITE WEBSITE
Concept	# Response
PRESS FREEDOM	1 Freedom Of Expression 100.00%
	2 Right To Free Press 100.00%
	3 To Be Protected By Law 100.00%
	4 Free Media 100.00%
	5 Independent Media 100.00%
	6 Free To Broadcast 100.00%
	7 Freedom Of Press Without Propaganda 100.00%
	8 Freedom Of The Press Should Be Provided For In The Constitution 100.00%
	9 Freedom To Media Houses And Their Diversities 100.00%
	10 Media freedom 100.00%
	11 Should Respect People's Rights 100.00%
	12 Free Access To Information 100.00%
	13 Media Accountability 100.00%
REGULATION	14 Independent Media Commission 100.00%
	15 Accreditation Of All Journalist 100.00%
	16 Self-Regulation 100.00%
	17 We Should Not Have State Controlled Media It Leads To Propaganda 100.00%
	18 Media Must Be Independent Of Political Parties 100.00%
	19 No To Forced Registration 100.00%
	20 To Follow Media Ethics 100.00%
CONTENT	21 Truthful Reporting #REF!
	22 No Hate Speeches 100.00%
DIVERSITY AND PLURARITY	23 Multiple Media 100.00%
	24 Right To Community Radio Stations 100.00%
	25 Recognise Multi Media Houses Which Are Registered 100.00%
	26 Promote Plurality 100.00%
	27 Respect And Tolerance To Diversity 100.00%

Frequency - number of "times" where a "response" was mentioned

Name:

Name:

Name:



19. BILL OF RIGHTS


The views expressed by the community with regards to Fundamental Rights are: to vote and be voted for, access to information, life, protection against discrimination, freedom of and after speech, freedom of association, freedom from fear, right to protection, accessible education, health, access to clean water, freedom of assembly, human dignity and reputation, free political affiliation, clean and safe environment, form and or join any trade unions, right to picketing, heterosexual marriage and administrative justice.

Further views mentioned are: benefits from local resources, right to food, permanent residence must be allowed to vote, no to homosexuality and lesbianism, right to shelter, acquisition of registration documents in locality, right to rule of law, right to free choice, movement, privacy, free health, press freedom, conscience, belief and thought, equality before the law, no racial discrimination and fair trial.

Apart from the above the same community mentioned the following rights: social welfare for all vulnerable groups, timely justice system, legal representation, recognition of women's rights, no to torture, protection of children rights, equality, freedom of demonstration and petition, free and fair elections, right to participate in international human rights and they must be implemented, protection of minority rights and recognition of combatants in the liberation struggle.

Researcher 

Researcher 

Researcher 



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In respect of the Socio-Economic and Cultural Rights a number of views were mentioned and captured as follows: right to citizenship, religion/ freedom of belief, education, recognise cultural diversity and practise one's culture/tradition, economic empowerment, employment, equitable share of natural resources, own property, right to one's language and culture, freedom of expression, free economic activity, free primary education, right to infrastructure, strike by civil servants, gender equality, yes to polygamy, equal opportunities, vocational training centres, respect the family institution, any amendments to bill of rights should be done through a referendum, right to cultural practises in succession in traditional leadership, love, user friendly infrastructure for disabled, right for HIV positive people to receive monthly social welfare grants, social responsibility, protection from abuse, copy right, no to incest and pornographic literature, domesticate un human rights charter, labour relations, right to intellectual property, trade, occupation and profession, honour the preamble of the constitution and access to courts.

On Death Penalty, there was a divided opinion.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher

Researcher

Researcher

19. BILL OF RIGHTS - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY



NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	BILL OF RIGHTS
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Types of Submission →	1	
Frequencies →	WEBSITE	WEBSITE
Concept	#	Response
FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS	1	100.00%
	2	100.00%
	3	100.00%
	4	100.00%
	5	100.00%
	6	100.00%
	7	100.00%
	8	100.00%
	9	100.00%
	10	100.00%
	11	100.00%
	12	100.00%
	13	100.00%
	14	100.00%
	15	100.00%
	16	100.00%
	17	100.00%
	18	100.00%
	19	100.00%
	20	100.00%
	21	100.00%
	22	100.00%
	23	100.00%
	24	100.00%
	25	100.00%
	26	100.00%
	27	100.00%
	28	100.00%

Frequency - number of "times" where a "response" was mentioned

Name:  Name:  Name: 

19. BILL OF RIGHTS - WEBSITE/DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS/WEBSITE/DIASPORA THEMATIC FREQUENT



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NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	BILL OF RIGHTS
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Types of Submission →	1	
Frequencies →	WEBSITE	WEBSITE
Concept	# Response	
	29 Privacy	1 100.00%
	30 Free health	1 100.00%
	31 Press freedom	1 100.00%
	32 Conscience, belief and thought	1 100.00%
	33 Equality before the law	1 100.00%
	34 No racial discrimination	1 100.00%
	35 Fair trial	1 100.00%
	36 Social welfare for all vulnerable groups	1 100.00%
	37 Timely justice system	1 100.00%
	38 Legal representation	1 100.00%
	39 Recognition of women's rights	1 100.00%
	40 No to torture	1 100.00%
	41 Protection of children rights	1 100.00%
	42 Equality	1 100.00%
	43 Freedom of demonstration and petition	1 100.00%
	44 Free and fair elections	1 100.00%
	45 Right to participate in international human rights and they must be	1 100.00%
	46 Protection of minority rights	1 100.00%
	47 Recognition of Combatants in the liberation struggle	1 100.00%
	105 Right to citizenship	1 100.00%
	106 Religion/ freedom of belief	1 100.00%
	107 Education	1 100.00%
	108 Recognise cultural diversity and practise one's culture/tradition	1 100.00%
	109 Economic empowerment	1 100.00%
	110 Employment	1 100.00%
	111 Equitable share of natural resources	1 100.00%
	112 Own property	1 100.00%
	113 Right to one's language and culture	1 100.00%

Frequency - number of "times" where a "response" was mentioned

Name:  Name:  Name: 

19. BILL OF RIGHTS - WEBSITE AND DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS/WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY



NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	BILL OF RIGHTS
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Types of Submission →	1	
Frequencies →	WEBSITE	WEBSITE
Concept	# Response	
114	Freedom of expression	1
115	Free economic activity	1
116	Free primary education	1
117	Right to infrastructure	1
118	Strike by civil servants	1
119	Gender equality	1
120	Yes to polygamy	1
121	Equal opportunities	1
122	Vocational training centres	1
123	Respect the family institution	1
124	Any amendments to bill of rights should be done through a referendum	1
125	Right to cultural practises in succession in traditional leadership	1
126	Love	1
127	User friendly infrastructure for disabled	1
128	Right for HIV positive people to receive monthly social welfare grants	1
129	Social responsibility	1
130	Protection from abuse	1
131	Copy right	1
132	No to incest and pornographic literature	1
133	Domesticate UN Human Rights Charter	1
134	Labour relations	1
135	Right to intellectual property	1
136	Trade, Occupation and profession	1
137	Honour the preamble of the constitution	1
138	Access to courts	1
315	Yes	1
316	No	1

Frequency - number of "times" where a "response" was mentioned

Name:  Name:  Name: 

20. CITIZENSHIP


The views captured from the people indicate that Acquisition of Citizenship shall be by Birth, by Descent, by Marriage, by Registration, by Registration after 5 years and by Registration after 10 years.

On Dual Citizenship, there was a divided opinion.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher 

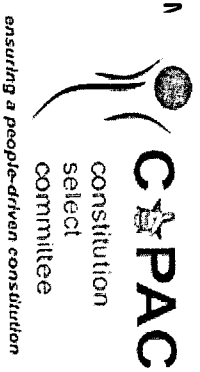
Researcher 


Researcher 

20. CITIZENSHIP - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS VERSION 1 - NATIONAL FREQUENCY SUM

NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	CITIZENSHIP
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →		WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Types of Submission →		1	
Frequencies →		WEBSITE	WEBSITE
Concept	# Response		
Acquisition of Citizenship			
1	By Birth	1	100.00%
2	By Descent	1	100.00%
3	By Marriage	1	100.00%
4	By Registration	1	100.00%
5	By Registration after 5 years	1	100.00%
6	By Registration after 10 years	1	100.00%
Dual Citizenship			
7	Yes	1	100.00%
8	No	1	100.00%
9	Divided Opinion	0	0.00%



Name:  Name:  Name: 

21. RELIGION

The views captured from the people in respect of Religion indicate that there should be freedom of worship and association, freedom of worship for all religions, no to Satanism, recognise the supremacy of God, Religious groups to promote peace and harmony, act on those who abuse children in the name of religion, uphold African traditional beliefs and that Zimbabwe should be declared a Christian State or Nation.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher



Researcher



Researcher



21. RELIGION - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS WEBSITE A SECTORAL FREQUENCY



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NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	RELIGION
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Types of Submission →	1	
Frequencies →		
Concept	#	Response
1. FREEDOM OF WORSHIP	1	Freedom of worship and association
2. SATANISM	1	There should be freedom of worship for all religions
4. SUPREMACY OF GOD	1	No to Satanism and Wapusa Wapusa
8. PROMOTE PEACE AND UNITY	1	Supremacy of God
10. MINOR RIGHTS	1	Religious groups to promote peace and harmony
15. AFRICAN TRADITIONAL BELIEFS	1	We should act on those who abuse children in the name of religion
18. DECLARATION OF CHRISTIAN STATE AND NATION	1	African traditional beliefs should be upheld
		Sacred places should not be defiled by churches
		Zimbabwe to be declared a christian state or Nation

Frequency - number of "times" where a "response" was mentioned

Name:

Name:


Name:

22. DISABLED


As much as the Disabled rights are concerned people felt that the constitution should enshrine the following: right of employment, no discrimination on basis of disability, state provided assistance (welfare), right to education, food, user friendly facilities, shelter, vote on braille language, health, representation in all government institutions, protection from all forms of abuse and vote.

The respondents further expressed that there should be freedom of speech, choice, equal treatment, access to information, accessible amenities, self-representation in parliament, economic empowerment, ministerial representation and rehabilitation including community based rehab.

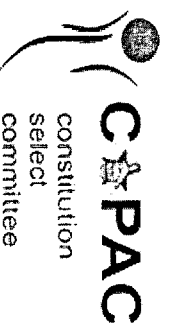
Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher 

Researcher 

Researcher 

22. DISABLED - WEBSITE & L SPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS WEBSITE A1 SECTORAL FREQUENCY






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NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	DISABLED
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →	WEBSITE/DIASPORA
Types of Submission →	1
Frequencies →	WEBSITE WEBSITE
Concept	# Response
RIGHTS	
1 Right of employment	1 100.00%
2 No discrimination on basis of disability	1 100.00%
3 State provided assistance (Welfare)	1 100.00%
5 Right to education	1 100.00%
6 Access to food	1 100.00%
7 Freedom of speech	1 100.00%
8 Right to user friendly facilities	1 100.00%
9 Right to shelter	1 100.00%
10 Freedom of choice	1 100.00%
11 Right to vote on braille language	1 100.00%
12 Right to health	1 100.00%
13 Equal treatment	1 100.00%
14 Access to information	1 100.00%
15 Accessible Amenities	1 100.00%
16 Self representation in Parliament	1 100.00%
17 Economic Empowerment	1 100.00%
18 Right to representation in all government institutions	1 100.00%
19 Ministerial Representation	1 100.00%
20 Right to protection from all forms of abuse	1 100.00%
21 Rehabilitation including Community Based Rehab	1 100.00%
22 Right to vote	1 100.00%


Frequency - number of "times" where a "response" was mentioned

Name:  Name:  Name: 


23. ELECTORAL SYSTEMS

The community felt that in respect of Elections, there should be a First Past the post system. On Proportional Representation their feeling was divided.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher 

Researcher 

Researcher 

23. ELECTORAL SYSTEMS - WEBSITE & DIASPORA THEMATIC SUMMARY ANALYSIS/WEBSITE AND SECTORAL FREQUENCY



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NATIONAL THEMATIC SUMMARY FORM	
THEMATIC AREA	ELECTORAL SYSTEMS
TYPE OF SUBMISSIONS	WEBSITE/DIASPORA

Location →		WEBSITE/DIASPORA	
Types of Submission →		1	
Frequencies →		WEBSITE	WEBSITE
FIRST PAST THE POST	1 STRONGLY AGREE	1	100.00%
	2 STRONGLY DISAGREE	0	0.00%
	3 DIVIDED OPINION	0	0.00%
PROPORTIONAL REPRESENTATION	4 STRONGLY AGREE	1	100.00%
	5 STRONGLY DISAGREE	1	100.00%
	6 DIVIDED OPINION	0	0.00%
HYBRID	7 STRONGLY AGREE	0	0.00%
	8 STRONGLY DISAGREE	0	0.00%
	9 DIVIDED OPINION	0	0.00%

Frequency - number of "times" where a "response" was mentioned

Name:  Name:  Name: 

24. LABOUR

The respondents expressed a number of views on Labour which include the following adequate remuneration/living wage to all workers, protection against domestic abuse, exploitation and equal pay to men and women.

In respect of Health and Safety the respondents felt that there should be protective clothing, compensation for injury at work, observation of Health and safety regulations, leave/vacation rights and full pay during maternity leave.

With regards to Conditions of Service respondents expressed that there should be fair labour practices, no forced labour, arbitration, abiding by labour laws and no to slavery and servitude.

The community felt that there should be stipulated working hours- up to 8 hours a day, no to child labour, form and participate in trade unions, collective bargaining, right to strike/demonstration, retirement age to be at 45, 60 or 65 and domestication of international labour laws and conventions.

Details insight into the views mentioned are shown in the table below:

Researcher



Researcher



Researcher



