

THIRD SCHEDULE.                      (s. 4 (3) (a))

CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY (ELECTION RULES)

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of Voters*

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Statute No. 6

*Constituent  
Assembly Statute*

1993

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## THIRD SCHEDULE. (s. 4 (2) (a))

CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY  
ELECTION RULES

## PART I—RULES.

*Application.*

1. These Rules may be cited as the Constituent Assembly Election Rules and shall apply to the election of the delegates referred to in paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 4 of the Constituent Assembly Statute, 1993.

Title and  
applica-  
tion.

*Designation of Electoral Areas.*

2. (1) For the purposes of the election of the delegates referred to in paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 4 of the Statute, the Commissioner shall, by notice in the *Gazette*, designate Electoral Areas throughout Uganda.

Designa-  
tion of  
Electoral  
Areas.

(2) The Commissioner shall, under sub-rule (1), only designate every county and every municipality as an Electoral Area.

(3) When designating Electoral Areas, the Commissioner shall—

(a) where a county has a population of one hundred and forty thousand inhabitants or more, designate out of that county, two or more Electoral Areas so that each Electoral Area comprises approximately seventy thousand inhabitants; and

(b) in the case of Jinja Municipality, designate out of that Municipality, two Electoral Areas.

(4) The five divisions of the City of Kampala, for the purpose of these Rules, shall be regarded as counties.

(5) The Commissioner shall, as far as practicable, avoid the division of any sub-county into different parts for the purpose of designating an Electoral Area.

*Registration of Voters*

Appoint-  
ment of  
registration  
officers.

3. (1) The Commissioner shall, by notice in the *Gazette*, appoint registration officers for the purpose of compiling a voter's register for each Electoral Area.

(2) For the purposes of sub-rule (1), the Commissioner may appoint parish chiefs as registration officers within their respective areas.

(3) The Commissioner shall compile a voters' register for each Electoral Area showing all persons entitled to vote in the Electoral Area and indicating the names of voters in each parish within each Electoral Area.

Registra-  
tion of  
voters.

4. (1) The Commissioner shall, by notice in the *Gazette*, appoint a period, not exceeding thirty consecutive days, during which registration of voters shall take place in all villages and parishes.

(2) The registration of voters shall commence in each village within each parish and shall be recorded in Form RV set out in Part II of these rules in respect of each voter.

(3) Every parish voters' register compiled by the registration officer of the parish shall, within such period as the Commissioner may determine, be delivered by the registration officer to the respective sub-county headquarters from where it shall be collected by the Commissioner for inclusion in the respective Electoral Area voters' register.

(4) Every person registered as a voter shall be issued with a certificate of registration which shall be in Form CR set out in Part II of these rules after such person's application for registration in Form RV set out in Part II is approved by the registration officer.

Display of  
register and  
corrections.

5. (1) The Commissioner shall, by notice in the *Gazette*, appoint a period, not exceeding fourteen days, during which the voter's register for each Electoral Area, prepared by the

Commissioner under sub-rule (3) of rule 3, shall be displayed for public scrutiny and during which any objections or complaints in relation to the names included in the register or in respect of any omissions from the register or in relation to any necessary corrections, may be raised or filed.

(2) Each register of voters referred to in sub-rule (3) of Rule 3 shall be displayed and be open to inspection by the public—

(a) at the Commission's offices in Kampala showing the names of registered voters in all Electoral Areas in Uganda; and

(b) at the offices of each parish or county or at any other conspicuous public place within the parish or county, showing the names of registered voters within the parish or county.

(3) Every objection or complaint, raised in relation to the register of voters within any parish, shall be made to the returning officer of the respective district.

(4) The Commissioner may issue directions to returning officers regarding the type of objections or complaints which a returning officer may refer to the Commissioner and those which a returning officer may refer to the respective Parish Resistance Committee Court, and in either case, the decision of the Commissioner or of the Parish Resistance Committee Court, as the case may be, shall be final and conclusive.

6. (1) The Commissioner shall, in respect of each district, by name or office, appoint one returning officer.

Appoint-  
ment of  
returning  
officers, etc.

(2) Every returning officer appointed under sub-rule (1) shall be the officer-in-charge of the election of all delegates from the Electoral Areas within the district of which such officer is appointed returning officer.

(3) Every returning officer shall, by notification to the Commissioner, appoint not more than two assistant returning officers to assist the returning officer to carry out the responsibilities of the office of returning officer.

(4) For the purposes of sub-rules (1) and (2), no person who holds a political office, within a district, shall be appointed either returning officer or assistant returning officer.

*Nomination of Candidates*

Declaration  
of nomination  
days.

7. (1) The Commissioner shall, by notice in the *Gazette*, declare a period of two days, to be known as nomination days, during which every person aspiring to be elected as a delegate will tender such person's declaration of qualifications and nomination paper in Forms DQ and NP to the returning officer.

(2) The Commissioner shall, in the notice referred to under sub-rule (1), specify the time during nomination days during which the nomination of all candidates shall take place, which shall be between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon and shall specify the places where such nomination shall be conducted in each district.

Procedure  
for nomination  
of candidates.

8. (1) During nomination days, every returning officer or assistant returning officer shall attend at the place notified by the Commissioner, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon to receive the nomination papers of each candidate, for election as a delegate in any Electoral Area within the district.

(2) The nomination of every candidate shall be in Form NP set out in Part II of these rules.

(3) The nomination of every candidate shall—

- (a) be proposed by two persons registered as voters, and normally resident in the Electoral Area of the person seeking nomination;
- (b) be supported by ten persons registered as voters, and residing, in the respective Electoral Area;
- (c) be endorsed by the proposed candidate's own consent signified by the candidates' signature on the nomination paper; and
- (d) be accompanied by three recent black and white passport-size photographs, of the person seeking nomination.

(4) Where, subsequent to the nomination of any candidate, any voter who proposed or supported such nomination is disqualified as a voter or dies before election day, that fact alone shall not invalidate the nomination of the candidate.

(5) No person shall propose or support more than one candidate or a candidate in an Electoral Area in which that person is not registered as a voter

9. (1) The nomination of every candidate shall not be complete or valid unless, at the time of such nomination—

Declaration  
of qualifi-  
cation and  
payment  
of nomi-  
nation fee.

(a) the candidate files with the returning officer a declaration of qualification signed by the candidate in Form DQ set out in Part II of these rules; and

(b) the candidate pays, in cash or bank draft, a fee of one hundred thousand shillings to Uganda Administration.

(2) The returning officer shall—

(a) issue a general receipt in respect of all fees received under paragraph (b) of sub-rule (1); and

(b) deliver all such fees to the Secretary to the Treasury to be credited to the Consolidated Fund.

(3) All nomination fees credited to the Consolidated Fund under this rule are not refundable.

(4) No person shall stand nominated as a candidate in more than one Electoral Area and where any candidate is so nominated, both nominations shall be invalid.

(5) A returning officer shall declare the nomination of any person invalid where the provisions of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 or of sub-rule (1) of rule 9 have not been complied with and a returning officer shall not accept the nomination papers of any candidate where the nomination papers are tendered to the returning officer after four o'clock in the afternoon on any of the two nomination days.



Unopposed  
candidate  
or where  
candidate  
dies be-  
fore polling  
day.

10. (1) For any Electoral Area where, at the closure of the nomination days, only one person has been nominated as a candidate, the returning officer shall declare that candidate elected as a delegate and forward such candidate's name to the Commissioner.

(2) In any Electoral Area where no more than two candidates are nominated as candidates, and one of such candidates dies subsequent to nomination but before polling day, the Commissioner shall order a fresh nomination of additional candidates for, and set a separate polling day, in that Electoral Area.

*Election Campaigns*

Non-  
partisan  
elections.

11 (1) Elections for delegates shall be non-partisan and every candidate for election as a delegate within an Electoral Area, shall stand and be voted for by voters upon personal merit.

(2) Any person who uses or attempts to use any political party, tribal or religious affiliations or any other sectarian ground as a basis for such person's candidature or election as a delegate commits an offence and shall, upon the satisfaction of the Commissioner of that fact, be disqualified from standing as a candidate for election as a delegate.

(3) Any person disqualified by the Commissioner under sub-rule (2) may, within seven days from the date of the decision, appeal to a court of competent jurisdiction against the decision.

(4) No election shall take place in any Electoral Area where a person who has been duly nominated as a candidate, but has been disqualified by the Commissioner under sub-rule (2) and has filed an appeal under sub-rule (3), until the appeal has been determined by the court.

Returning  
officers to  
prepare  
and con-  
duct pro-  
gramme of  
candidates'  
meetings.

12. (1) For each Electoral Area, the returning officer shall prepare and conduct a programme to be known as "Candidates' Meetings" so that there shall be held one Candidate's Meeting within each parish in an Electoral Area:

Provided that where it is deemed by the returning officer to be convenient; one joint Candidates' Meeting may be held for two or more parishes and more than one such meeting may be held within one parish.

(2) The object of the Candidates' Meetings Programme shall be to enable all candidates within an Electoral Area to collectively meet, address and answer questions of voters in each parish within the Electoral Area.

(3) Every returning officer shall avail to the Commissioner a copy of each Candidates' Meetings Programme, designed by the returning officer under sub-rule (1).

(4) A copy of the Candidates' Meetings Programme, for every Electoral Area, shall be made available by the returning officer before the commencement of the programme, to every nominated candidate for that Electoral Area and the returning officer shall allow all candidates reasonable time to arrange their attendance of the meetings scheduled in the programme.

(5) In each parish, the Candidates' Meeting shall be chaired by the presiding officer for that parish or by a person appointed by the returning officer for the purpose.

(6) At every Candidates' Meeting, the presiding officer shall introduce the candidates one by one and allow each candidate reasonable time, but in each case not less than twenty minutes to address the meeting on matters relating to the Constitution.

(7) After all candidates have addressed the meeting, the presiding officer shall invite questions from the voters and a candidate to whom a question is directed shall be allowed reasonable time to answer it.

(8) At a Candidates' Meeting, the presiding officer and the candidates may use the local language of the area.

(9) The costs to be incurred by each candidate for the purposes of attending any Candidates' Meetings shall be borne by the candidate.

(10) Public rallies and any form of public demonstration in support of, or against, any candidate shall not be permitted at any Candidates' Meeting and any person who organises or participates in any such rally or demonstration is guilty of an offence.

(11) For the avoidance of doubt, it is hereby declared that the operation of the Candidates' Meetings Programme shall not commence until the expiry of nomination days.

Other methods of campaigning.

13. Subject to sub-rule (2) of rule 11, any candidate may, in addition to attending the Candidates' Meetings, use other methods of campaigning such as distribution of posters and pamphlets to solicit votes from voters but no candidate shall hold any public meeting intended to solicit votes other than at a Candidates' Meeting.

#### *Voting and Voting Procedures*

Appointment of polling day.

14. (1) The Commissioner shall, by notice in the *Gazette*, appoint a day to be known as polling day.

(2) The Commissioner shall not appoint as polling day any day which allows a period of less than thirty days between nomination day and polling day.

Polling stations and voting time.

15. (1) In every parish there shall be located one polling station and the polling station may be located at the parish offices or at any other convenient public place within the parish.

(2) Where there are reasonable grounds to believe that a single polling station within a parish may be inconvenient or cause hardship to the residents or where the population of voters or the distances involved necessitates it, the returning officer may allow more than one polling station within a parish.

(3) Every polling station shall, as far as possible, be located in an open ground, or where there is no open ground, in large premises of convenient access, having an outside door for the admittance of voters, and, if possible, another door through which voters may leave after voting.



(3) Where, only two candidates are nominated and one of them withdraws before polling day, the returning officer shall, without waiting for polling day, declare the remaining candidate as duly elected.

(4) Any person who, before or on polling day, with the intention of procuring the election of another candidate or out of malice or bad will, intended to create panic or confusion in the election process, announces or publishes a false statement of the withdrawal of a candidate, commits an offence.

Polling  
procedure.

18. (1) On polling day, all voters, intending to vote, shall form one line commencing backward from a point at least ten metres away from the table at which each voter is to place the mark of choice on the ballot paper, and voters, after casting their votes, and other persons present other than election officers shall stand or sit at least ten metres away from that table.

(2) At every polling station there shall be positioned—

(a) a table where every voter shall report for identification in the voters' register and collection of a ballot paper;

(b) a table positioned at least four metres from the first with two pens, each pen being attached to the table with a string measuring about one metre in length, where every voter shall proceed and vote for a candidate of the voter's choice by means of a tick, a cross or a thumb print, in the space provided in the box against the picture of the candidate on the ballot paper and, after voting, fold the ballot paper four times to enable it to be deposited in the slot of the ballot box;

(c) a third table located at least four metres away from the second and on top of which shall rest a ballot box into which every voter shall deposit the folded ballot paper in the full view of all present; and

(d) a fourth table located at least four metres from the ballot box where every voter, after depositing the ballot paper into the ballot box, shall proceed and have the little finger or, if the voter has no little finger, the finger nearest to the position of the little finger of the voter's left hand dipped into indelible ink to indicate that the voter has cast the ballot.

Provided that

- (i) if the voter has no left hand the process shall be applied to the right hand; or
- (ii) if a voter has no fingers on the left or right hand, such voter may dip the tip of any hand into indelible ink;
- (iii) if the voter has no hands, the process shall be applied to any other conspicuous part of the voter's body as a polling assistant may determine.

(3) For the purposes of sub-rule (2), "table" includes a desk, a box, a chair, a stool and any other object with a hard and smooth surface that can be used as a table.

(4) No person shall vote more than once or at more than one polling station; and any person who does so commits an offence.

(5) For the purposes of ensuring that no voter casts a vote more than once, a presiding officer or a polling assistant may, before issuing a ballot paper, inspect the fingers of any voter in order to ascertain whether or not the voter has been marked with indelible ink; and the presiding officer or a polling assistant, as the case may be, may refuse to issue a ballot paper to that voter if the presiding officer or polling assistant has reasonable grounds to believe that the voter has already voted or if the voter refuses to be inspected under this sub-rule.

(6) Any person who refuses to be inspected under sub-rule (3) commits an offence.

(7) A candidate may appoint, in writing addressed to the presiding officer, at every polling station within the Electoral Area, not more than two polling agents whose duty shall be to safeguard the interests of the candidate with regard to the voting process; and polling agents appointed under this sub-rule shall report to the respective presiding officer on polling day.

(8) The presiding officer or polling assistant shall just before the commencement of polling and at reasonable intervals of time thereafter explain to the voters the procedure of voting.

Ballot  
papers.

19. (1) The ballot papers to be used at every election shall be in Form BP specified in Part II of these Rules.

(2) Each ballot paper shall have a counterfoil and a stub, with a line of perforations between the ballot paper and the counterfoil and between the counterfoil and the stub.

(3) The ballot papers shall be bound or stiched in books containing twenty-five, fifty or one or two hundred ballots as may be suitable for supplying the polling stations proportionately to the number of voters in each station.

(4) Every returning officer shall furnish each presiding officer in the district, at least twenty-four hours before polling day, with—

- (a) a sufficient number of ballot papers, at least enough to cover the number of voters in the parish voters' register or in the polling roll of the polling station;
- (b) a statement showing the number of ballot papers so supplied with their serial numbers indicated in the statement; and
- (c) the other necessary materials for the voters to mark the ballots and complete the voting process.

20. (1) Where a voter is blind or is, for any other reason including illiteracy, old age or infirmity, unable to fix the required mark of choice on the ballot paper, such voter may report at the polling station accompanied by a spouse or any other member of the voter's family, to assist the voter to fix the mark of choice on the ballot paper on the voter's behalf or may request the presiding officer or a polling assistant at the polling station to assist such voter in that behalf.

Assistance  
to be  
given to  
disabled  
voters.

(2) It shall be lawful for any member of a voter's family to assist a voter under sub-rule (1) notwithstanding the fact that the former is below the age of eighteen years.

21. (1) The Commissioner shall cause ballot boxes to be distributed to all polling stations and two or more ballot boxes shall be placed at each polling station at least twenty-four hours before the commencement of polling time.

Distribu-  
tion of  
ballot  
boxes, etc.

(2) The presiding officer at each polling station shall, at the commencement of the poll and in the full view of all present, open the first ballot box, turn it upside down with the open top facing down to ensure to the satisfaction of everyone present, that the ballot box is devoid of any contents and thereafter place the ballot box at the polling table; and where more than one ballot box is used after the first is filled, the same procedure shall be followed during the placing on the polling table, of any additional ballot box.

(3) Where one ballot box gets filled with ballot papers and cannot take in any more ballot papers, the presiding officer shall seal the top of the filled ballot box with a marked sealing pad and place a second ballot box on the polling table without removing the first one from the polling table and the process may be repeated where need for an additional ballot box arises.

22. A presiding officer, may close the polling station before the expiry of polling time where—

(a) every voter, in the line of voters, completes the voting process before the expiry of voting time;

or

Earlier  
closure of  
polling sta-  
tion.



(b) a riot breaks out at the polling station or any other event occurs which, in the judgement of the presiding officer, cannot permit the voters the free exercise of their choice of candidates or the polling to commence or to continue.

Adjourn-  
ment of  
poll in  
cases of  
disturba-  
nces or  
other  
events.

23 (1) In the event of any polling at a polling station being interrupted by a riot or violence or any other event while there remains, in the voter's register, voters who have not completed the polling process, the presiding officer shall adjourn the polling to the next day or to any other time of the same day and shall immediately inform the returning officer of that fact.

(2) Where the polling is adjourned to the following day under sub-rule (1), polling time shall be the same as on the original polling day.

Votes to  
be counted  
at each  
polling sta-  
tion.

24. (1) Votes cast at every polling station shall be counted at that polling station immediately after the presiding officer declares the polling closed.

(2) No votes shall stay overnight uncounted and, where required, the presiding officer shall provide lanterns for the purposes of counting votes.

(3) A candidate may appoint one counting agent at each polling station for the purpose of ensuring fairness in the polls' counting process.

(4) At the commencement of the counting process, the presiding officer shall, in the presence and full view of all present, unseal each ballot box, one at a time, and empty its contents onto the polling table, and with the assistance of polling assistants proceed to count the votes putting votes polled by each candidate separately.

(5) During the counting of votes, the presiding officer shall reject as invalid any ballot paper which—

(a) is not stamped or perforated with the official mark;  
or

(b) is marked by a voter more than once and in such a manner that no clear voter's choice can be ascertained; or

(c) does not bear any voter's mark of choice;

Provided that the presiding officer's decision to reject any ballot paper shall be based upon reasons which the presiding officer shall give in the presence of polling assistants and counting agents.

25. (1) At the closure of the counting process and any necessary verifications, the presiding officer shall announce to those present the votes polled by each candidate at the polling station.

Polling results to be announced at polling stations.

(2) The presiding officer shall enter the particulars of votes polled by each candidate at the polling station against the name of the respective candidate on the Declaration of Results Form, set out as Form DR in Part II of these rules and the form shall be completed in triplicate and signed by the presiding officer in the presence of the polling assistants and the counting agents of each candidate and two copies shall be delivered by the presiding officer to the returning officer one copy remaining at the polling station.

26. (1) Every returning officer, after receiving all the polling results from all the polling stations in an Electoral Area, and after verifying the total votes polled in favour of each candidate, shall declare the candidate who obtains the greatest number of votes as the elected delegate and communicate the name of the winning candidate, together with copies of the Form DR signed at all polling stations within the Electoral Area to the Commissioner.

Declaration of winning candidate.

(2) In any Electoral Area where there is an equal number of votes in favour of two leading candidates the Commissioner shall nominate another polling day and only the two leading candidates shall remain candidates for the election.

Secure storage of ballot papers and boxes.

27. Every presiding officer shall ensure that at the conclusion of the counting process all ballot papers used at the polling station are returned into the ballot boxes which shall be sealed, and for a period of six months commencing on the date following polling day, stored in such secure place within the district as the Commissioner shall approve.

Election petitions to be filed and determined expeditiously.

28. (1) Any candidate who loses an election as a delegate may, within thirty days from polling day, file a petition in a court of competent jurisdiction and obtain such remedy as the court may consider just and appropriate.

(2) Every petition filed under sub-rule (1) shall be determined by the court expeditiously and, in any case, not later than three months from the date the petition is filed.

(3) Every decision of a court of competent jurisdiction arising from the determination of a petition under sub-rule (1), shall be final and no appeal to any other court shall lie from such decision.

*Offences and Penalties*

Prohibition of public meetings, etc. other than candidates' meetings.

29. Any candidate or other person, whether such person is an agent of a candidate or not, who holds a public meeting other than a Candidates' Meeting or stages any public rally or demonstration for the purpose of soliciting votes or influencing voters commits an offence and shall be liable, on conviction, to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months or to a fine not exceeding one hundred thousand shillings or both.

Impersonation of a voter.

30. Any person who knowingly receives or applies for a ballot paper in the name of some other person, whether that person is living or dead, or in the name of a fictitious person, shall be liable, on conviction, to imprisonment for a period not exceeding two years or to a fine not exceeding two hundred thousand shillings or both.

Obstruction of voters, causing riots, etc.

31. Any person who interferes with or obstructs any voter or cause a riot or violence, at any polling station or meeting whether or not with the intention of disrupting the election

of any candidate or affecting the prospects of the election of any candidate commits an offence and shall be liable, on conviction, to imprisonment for a period not exceeding two years or to a fine not exceeding two hundred thousand shillings or both.

32. Any person who, either before or during an election, with intent, either directly or indirectly, to influence another person to vote or to refrain from voting for any candidate, directly or indirectly gives or provides or causes to be given provided, any money or gift or other consideration (in this rule collectively referred to as a bribe) to that other person, shall be guilty of an offence and liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years or to a fine not exceeding five hundred thousand shillings or both; and any person who receives a bribe shall be guilty of an offence and liable to the same maximum penalty:

Bribery.

Provided that where the person convicted under this rule is the person who offered the bribe, such person shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than two years with or without a fine.

33. (1) Any registration officer who wrongfully and without just cause—

Offences  
by election  
officers, etc

- (a) prevents or attempts to prevent the name of any person from being registered as a voter;
- (b) registers or attempts to register as a voter a person who is not qualified to be so registered; or
- (c) enters or attempts to enter in the register of voters the name of any person whether real or imaginary knowing that the name should not be entered in such register

commits an offence.

(2) Any person who registers as a voter more than once or in more than one Electoral Area, commits an offence and shall be liable on conviction, to imprisonment not exceeding two years or to a fine not exceeding one hundred thousand shillings or both.

(3) Any election officer who—

(a) neglects the duties entrusted to that election officer under these Rules; or

(b) by wilful act, omission or negligently, delays the commencement of voting on polling day, or by any wilful or negligent act or omission disrupts the voting process; or

(c) does or omits to do, any act or conspires with any other person to do or omit to do, anything which such person is, by these Rules, required to do, with the intention of according an advantage or disadvantage to any candidate,

commits an offence and shall, on conviction be liable to a term of imprisonment not exceeding three years or to a fine not exceeding three hundred thousand shilling or both.

Offences  
by presi-  
ding officers  
or polling  
assistants.

34. Any presiding officer or polling assistant who wrongfully and without just cause—

(a) prevents a registered voter from voting;

(b) permits a person not registered as a voter to vote;

or

(c) tampers with the ballot cast at an election

commits an offence.

Other  
Offences.

35. (1) Every person who—

(a) forges or fraudulently defaces or fraudulently destroys any nomination paper or ballot paper or utters any such paper knowing the same to be forged; or

(b) without due authority supplies any ballot paper to any person; or

(c) sells or offers to sell any ballot paper to any person or purchases or offers to purchase any ballot paper from any person; or

- (d) not being a person entitled to be in possession of any ballot paper which has been marked with the official mark has any such ballot paper; or
- (e) puts into any ballot box anything other than the ballot paper which that person is authorised by law to put in; or
- (f) without due authority takes out of a polling station any ballot paper or is found in possession of any ballot paper outside a polling station; or
- (g) without due authority destroys, takes, opens or otherwise interferes with any ballot box or packet of ballot papers in use or intended to be used for the purposes of an election; or
- (h) without due authority, prints any ballot paper or what purports to be or is capable of being used as a ballot paper at an election; or
- (i) manufactures, constructs, imports into Uganda, has in his possession, supplies or uses for the purposes of an election, or causes to be manufactured, constructed, imported into Uganda, supplied or used for the purposes of any election, any appliance, device or mechanism by which a ballot paper may be extracted or manipulated after having been deposited in a ballot box during the polling at any election

shall be guilty of an offence.

36. Where no penalty is prescribed for an offence under these rules, a person convicted of such offence shall be liable to a term of imprisonment not exceeding three years or to a fine not exceeding three hundred thousand shillings or both.

General  
penalty.

PART II  
FORMS

FORM RV

THE CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY  
ELECTION RULES

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION  
AS A VOTER      rule 4 (4).

1. PARTICULARS OF PERSON TO BE REGISTERED:  
Names .....  
Age ..... Sex .....
2. PARTICULARS OF ANCESTRY:  
Father's Name .....  
Mother's Name .....  
Place where mother/father live/lived .....
3. PARTICULARS OF ELECTORAL AREA:  
Village .....  
Parish .....  
Sub-County .....  
Electoral Area .....

.....  
*Signature/Thumb Print of  
Applicant.*

Approved/not approved for registration.

Date .....      *Registration Officer.*

FORM CR

THE CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY  
ELECTION RULES

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION  
OF A VOTER                      rule 4 (4).

I certify that ..... has today been registered as a voter under Reg. No. .... in the Register of Voters for the ..... Electoral Area in accordance with the provisions of the Constituent Assembly Statute, 1992.

.....  
*Registration Officer.*

.....  
*Electoral Area.*

Date .....

NOTE:—You must produce this Certificate for identification on polling day.

FORM DQ

THE CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY  
ELECTION RULES

DECLARATION OF QUALIFICATION BY  
PERSON TO BE NOMINATED AS  
A CANDIDATE                      rule 9 (1) (a)

I, ....., do solemnly and sincerely declare that; ✎

1. I am a citizen of Uganda;

47  
(165)



2. I am not below the age of eighteen years;
3. I have paid all liabilities in respect of any taxes and other revenue obligations due from me/have made satisfactory arrangements for the purpose;
4. I have neither been adjudged to be of unsound mind nor have I been detained as a criminal lunatic;
5. I do not owe allegiance to a country other than Uganda;
6. I am not an undischarged bankrupt or insolvent;
7. I am not under sentence of death;
8. Within the last ten years, I have not been convicted or imprisoned for an offence involving fraud, dishonesty, moral turpitude or violence or an offence relating to elections; and
9. I am neither disqualified by reason of holding any office involving responsibilities for the conduct of elections nor by any law in force in Uganda.

I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the contents to be true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

.....  
*Name and Signature.*

Subscribed and declared before me at .....  
this ..... day of ....., 19.....

.....  
*Commissioner for Oaths.*

THE CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY  
ELECTION RULES      rule 8 (2)

NOMINATION PAPER

We the undersigned registered voters in the ELECTORAL AREA of ..... hereby propose the following person as a candidate for election as a delegate to the Constituent Assembly and we certify that to the best of our belief he is qualified to be elected as such—

Surname	Other Names	Number in register of voters	Address	Occupation
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Names and signatures of persons proposing the nomination      Number on register of voters

- 1. ....
- 2. ....

We the undersigned registered voters in the ELECTORAL AREA of ..... hereby support the nomination of .....

Names and signatures of persons supporting nomination of candidate      Number on register of voters

- 1. ....

THE CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY  
ELECTION RULES

rule 8 (2)

NOMINATION PAPER

We the undersigned registered voters in the ELECTORAL AREA of ..... hereby propose the following person as a candidate for election as a delegate to the Constituent Assembly and we certify that to the best of our belief he is qualified to be elected as such—

Surname	Other Names	Number in register of voters	Address	Occupation

Names and signatures of persons proposing the nomination

Number on register of voters

1. ....

.....

2. ....

.....

We the undersigned registered voters in the ELECTORAL AREA of ..... hereby support the nomination of .....

Names and signatures of persons supporting nomination of candidate

Number on register of voters

1. ....

.....