TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Prefa	ace	i
1.	Dist	rict Context	1
	1.1. 1.2.	Demographic characteristics Socio-economic Profile	1 1
2.	Cons	stituency Profile	1
	 2.1. 2.2. 2.3. 2.4. 2.5. 2.6. 	Demographic characteristics Socio-economic Profile Electioneering and Political Information 1992 Election Results 1997 Election Results Main problems	1 1 2 2 2 2
3.	Cons	stitution Making/Review Process	3
	3.1. 3.2.	Constituency Constitutional Forums (CCFs) District Coordinators	3 5
4.	Civio	e Education	6
	4.1. 4.2.	Phases covered in Civic Education Issues and Areas Covered	6 6
5.	Cons	stituency Public Hearings	7
	5.1. 5.2. 5.3.	Logistical Details Attendants Details Concerns and Recommendations	7 7 8
A	opend	lices	31

1. DISTRICT CONTEXT

Sotik Constituency is a new constituency that was curved out of Chepalangu and Bomet Constituencies of Bomet District in 1996. Bomet District is one of 18 districts of the Rift Valley Province of Kenya.

1.1. Demographic Characteristics

District Denvelation by Dar	Male	Female	Total
District Population by Sex	185,999	196,795	382,794
Total District Population Aged 18 years & Below	117,124	115,106	232,230
Total District Population Aged Above 18 years	68,875	81,689	150,564
Population Density (persons/Km ²)		203	

1.2. Socio-Economic Profile

Bomet District:

- Is the 4th most densely populated district in the province;
- Has a primary school enrolment rate of 81.4%, being ranked 4th in the province and 16th nationally;
- Has a secondary school enrolment rate of 18.2%, being ranked 10th in the province and 37 th nationally;
- Experiences the following main diseases: Malaria, respiratory tract infections, intestinal worms, skin diseases and infections, and diarrhoea diseases;
- Has a 23.7% malnourishment rate of children under 5 years of age, being ranked 24 of 42 of the nationally ranked districts;
- Has a life expectancy of 57 years, being ranked 21 of 45 of the nationally ranked districts;
- Has an absolute poverty level of 61.80% being ranked 32 of 46 nationally ranked districts;
- Has a 63.86% food poverty level being ranked 39 of 42 nationally ranked districts;
- Has the lowest monthly mean household income in the province, Ksh. 3,283 being ranked 43 of 44 nationally ranked districts;

Bomet district has 3 constituencies: Bomet, Chepalungu, and Sotik Constituencies. The district' s 3 MPs, each cover on average an area of 628 Km² to reach 127,598 constituents. This is a ruling party, KANU, stronghold. In the 1997 general elections, KANU won two of the parliamentary seats, Bomet and Chepalungu, unopposed, while the other with 92.0% valid votes.

2. CONSTITUENCY PROFILE

2.1. Socio-Economic Profile

The main economic activities of the constituency are:

- Subsistence maize farming;
- Cash crop farming; and
- Dairy farming

2.2. Electioneering and Political Information

This is a KANU stronghold. Development records that address especially the needs of the local farming community, and political contributions of the aspirants are used to gauge the prevailing mood of the electorate.

2.3. 1997 General Election Results

1997 TOTAL F	REGISTERE	D VOTERS	44,128			
CANDIDATE	PARTY	VOTES	% VALID VOTES			
Anthony K. Kimeto	KANU	34,622	92.01			
Kimunai arap Soi	SDP	1,494	3.97			
Taitta Towett	PICK	1,089	2.89			
Joseph Ivor Korir	DP	423	1.12			
Total Valid Vote	es	37,628	100.00			
Rejected Votes		185				
Total Votes Cas	st	37,813				
% Turnout		85.69				
% Rejected/Ca	st	0.49				

3. CONSTITUTION MAKING/REVIEW PROCESS

3.1. Constituency Constitutional Forums (CCFs)

3.1.1. Philosophy

The Constituency Constitutional Forum (CCF) plays a very significant role in the review of the constitution. It is designated as one of the organs ' through which the review process shall be conducted' - (sec. 4(1) of the Constitution of Kenya Review Act, Cap.3A). The importance attached to the CCF arises from the recognition of the need to involve the people fully in the

review of the constitution. Only through such participation of the public will the new constitution reflect the preferences, hopes and aspirations of the people. It would also increase people's knowledge of constitutional issues, and facilitate their familiarity with the provisions of the new constitution. Additionally, the process, enhances the legitimacy of the constitution among Kenyans and their sense of ownership over it. In these ways the proper implementation and safeguarding of the constitution will be facilitated.

3.1.2. Composition and Establishment

The 1997 Review Act had provided for district forums 'to mobilize communities at the local level for the purpose of civic education in preparation for the Commission's work and to perform such other duties as the Commission may assign' - (sec. 12A (6). The District Forums were to consist of members elected to represent locations, religious organizations, and the disabled, in addition to MPs and members of every local authority in the district. The Act contained several provisions prescribing minimum qualifications for membership and regulating the operations of the District Forums.

The Select Committee of the National Assembly, which reviewed the Act in early 2000, decided to replace the District Forums with Constituency Forums to get views 'directly from the people in the constituency without necessarily going through the rigours of an election to determine the members of the forum'. It thought that this would provide for a more popular form of participation. It recommended on the simplification of the forum to avoid elections. The Select Committee envisaged the constituency forum as and 'open forum with no specific structures', which should be 'flexible and easy to manage'. Its opinion was that the 'existing leadership comprising Members of Parliament, councilors, community based organizations, religious groups and individuals should be able to present views and opinions directly from the grassroots' (*The Report of the Parliamentary Select Committee Reviewing the Constitution of Kenya Review* Act, 1997, April 2000). It removed the regulatory powers of the Commission over the forum, its role being confined to the 'facilitation' of the forum. It also changed the function of the views of the public on proposals to alter the constitution.

In view of the limited role of the CKRC in the establishment of the CCF's, the CKRC prepared and gazetted Guidelines for the operationalization of the constituency constitutional forums. The Guidelines stipulated that all the residents of a constituency would constitute the CCF. The CCF is described as one of the organs ' through which the review process shall be conducted' - (sec.4(1)). The CCF was thus one of the principal ways in which the views of the public were to be obtained.

In order to coordinate and facilitate the activities of the CCF, a Constituency Constitutional Committee (CCC) was to be established. The Guidelines proposed its membership to consist of 10 persons, of which three would be ex-officio: the local MP, the chair of the County Council in which the constituency is located, and the District Coordinator. The Guidelines stated that the membership would be as broad and representative of the people of the constituency as possible and recommended that at least a third of the committee should be women.

3.1.3. Functions of CCF

- Facilitation of collection of the views of the public at the constituency level on proposals to alter the constitution; and
- Debate and discussion of the views of the members of the public on proposals to alter the constitution.

In performance of these functions, the CKRC was required to visit all constituencies (Sec.18 (1)(a)).

3.1.4. Functions of CCC

- The functions of the CCC were mainly facilitative and advisory, the primary aim being to enhance the effective participation in the ownership of the constitution review process by the people at the constituency level;
- The CCC was also mandated to promote, facilitate and monitor civic education at the constituency level in collaboration with the District Coordinator and civic education providers;
- Additionally, the CCC had to ensure that the constituency had access to all information relevant to the review process in coordination with District Documentation centers; and
- Finally, the CCC was also mandated with the task of dissemination of the report of the CKRC. It was to be assisted in this by the District Coordinator, who was also its accounting officer, in relation to funds that were made available to it by CKRC.

It is important to emphasize that the Guidelines were advisory, and the local community was free to modify them to suit local circumstances. For example, the size of the CCC could be increased when and if adequate representation and diversity required it.

3.1.5. Date of Commencement of Work

The Constituency Constitutional Forum (CCF) was to run for an initial period commencing November 2001 up to September 2002. Accordingly, each Constituency Constitutional Committee (CCC) should have been constituted at the very latest by the end of November 2001. The Constituency Constitutional Forum was to be operational by that time.

3.2. District Coordinators

3.2.1. Mandate/Terms of Reference

- Be the local grass root representative;
- Perform the generalization activities in the district;
- Be in charge of the documentation center/s in the district, facilitate its/their respective management, ensuring they are stocked and are easily accessible to the public and also organize their safety and security;
- Gathering any relevant local information and materials for the purpose of constitution making;
- Facilitate the identification, classification and organization of the physical and electronic retrieval and dissemination of information and materials for constitution making;
- Supply such information needed by local constituency forums and committees;
- Liaise with other documentation centers nearby and others for information;

- In collaboration with constituency committees, identify and arrange venues for public hearing whenever the CKRC visits the constituencies in their area;
- Facilitate regular meetings of the constituency committees and involve local people as much as possible in discussing constitutional issues;
- Source and identify other key personnel that the CKRC may wish to consult or engage in its work;
- Identify and arrange for simultaneous local translations, sign language users, procurement and hiring of public address systems, transport and communication facilities for CKRC's meetings in the district;
- Monitor the implementation of civic education by civic education providers in the district;
- Facilitate the formation of constituency committees with guidance and assistance of CKRC; and
- Perform any other tasks as directed by CKRC.

3.2.2. Criteria for Appointment

- Diversity in the composition, taking into account ethnicity, age, religion and professional or occupational background; and
- Appointees had at least attained Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education or its equivalent.

4. CIVIC EDUCATION

Civic education in the constitution was carried out between 1st June 2002 and 30th June 2002

4.1. Phases and issues covered in civic education

Stage 1 is the only phase that has been covered. This is the stage preceding collection of views. This stage dealt with information, knowledge, skills and virtues that enabled Kenyans have an informed choice and present their views on constitutional review.

4.2. Issues and areas covered:

- Structures and systems of government
- Emerging constitutional issues
- Constitution making process
- Governance
- Issues and questions for public hearings
- Constitution of Kenya

5. CONSTITUENCY PUBLIC HEARINGS

5.1. Logistical Details

- 1. Date and Number of Days for Public Hearings
 - a) Date(s) 11^{th} and 12^{th} July 2002
 - b) Total Number of Days: 2
- 2. **Venue**

- a) Number of Venues: 2
- b) Venue(s): a) Catholic Pastoral Center
 - b) N.C.P.B Depot Ndariai

3. Panels

a) Catholic Pastoral Center - Commissioners

Com. Ahmed Isaack Hassan Com. Dr. Mohammed Swazuri Com. Nancy Baraza

b) Catholic Pastoral Center - Secretariat

Solomon Anampio	-Programme officer
Nelson Ashietira	-Assistant Programme Officer
Zipporah Wambua	-Verbatim Recorder
Joel K. Sang	-Translator

c) N.C.P.B Depot Ndariai - Commissioners

Com. Prof. A. I. Salim Com. Wanjiku Kabira Com. Abdizak Nunow

d) N.C.P.B Depot Ndariai - Secretariat

Collins Mukewa	- Programme Officer
Robert Machatha	- Assistant Programme officer
Vivian Muli	- Verbatim Recorder
Joseph Koros	- District Co-ordinator

5.2. Attendance Details

Category	Details	Number
Number of People Who Presented		178
	Male	146
Sex	Female	29
	Not Stated	3
	Individual	113
Presenter Type	Institutions	40
	Not Stated	25

Category		Details	Number
		Primary Level	39
		Secondary/High School Level	89
		College	9
Educational		University	12
Background		None	3
		Not Stated	26
		Other (Adult Education/Vernacular/Madrasa/Informal Education)	0
		Memoranda	11
		Oral	105
Form	of	Written	21
Presentation		Oral + Memoranda	1
		Oral + Written	38
		Not Stated	2

5.3. CONCERNS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The following are the recommendations made by the presenters in Sotik Constituency. The recommendations were collated around 43 areas of concern, from the Preamble to National integrity/identity. Only areas where recommendations were made in the constituency are covered. The numbers in parentheses represent the number of times the recommendation (bulleted) was made, either orally or through written memoranda. Each count on a specific recommendation was picked from an individual, a group or an organization. Where a presenter made different recommendations on the same area of concern, each recommendation was counted separately. Where no number appears in parentheses, the recommendation was made only once.

5.3.1. **PREAMBLE**

The constitution should have a preamble. (18)

The preamble should capture unity in diversity, need for human rights and equality for all citizens.

The preamble should set a vision of development of all sectors of the economy to encourage agriculture, education and industrialization.

The preamble should emphasize a vision of transparency, accountability, social justice and human rights. (2)

The preamble should illustrate a vision of, peace, and prosperity.

The preamble should bear the vision of independence and the importance of peace and prosperity.

The preamble should capture justice for all socially, economically and politically, liberty of faith, equality of law, common experience, relentless struggle from colonial time

The preamble should state that we Kenyans do fear God

The preamble should capture the elements of justice and equality for all and respect of human rights.

The constitution should have a preamble that recognizes freedom fighters advocate their democracy.

The preamble should reflect the importance of the national anthem and the respect of national integrity.

The constitution should reflect the efforts of Kenyans while fighting for the independence. (3)

5.3.2. DIRECTIVE PRINCIPLE OF STATE POLICY

The constitution should have statements capturing national philosophy and guiding principles. (2)

The constitution should have principles and values that govern distribution of state power. The constitution should provide for separation of powers in the arms of government. (3)

The constitution should ensure that the will of people be the basis of governance.

The constitution should provide that Kenyans seek to unite as a nation.

The constitution should include democratic principles.

The constitution should provide that the government of the day exists with the consent of the people. (2)

The constitution should ensure equality of all citizens regardless of gender, economic and political status.

The constitution should compel the govt. to adopt a system of good governance.

The constitution should recognize the people as supreme.

The constitution should require that leadership circulates in all regions

The constitution should recognize that ultimate power lies in the people.

The constitution should reflect the Kenyan cultural values.

The constitution should promote the value of national peace.

The constitution should stress for zero tolerance of corruption.

The constitution should enhance and ensure that the government adheres to the constitutional rights of an individual.

5.3.3. CONSTITUTIONAL SUPREMACY

The constitution should provide for 90% majority vote for any constitutional amendment.

The constitution should retain the 65% majority vote required by parliament for any constitutional amendments. (7)

The constitution should limit parliaments power to amend the constitution. (6)

The constitution should provide that parliament have power to amend any part of the constitution. (2)

The constitution should limit the number of amendments.

The constitution should provide for public referendums for any constitutional amendments.(11)

The constitution should not provide for public referendums for any constitutional amendments.

The constitution should establish an office, which would conduct referendums.

The constitution should provide that the Electoral Commission conduct referendums. (4)

5.3.4. CITIZENSHIP

The constitution should guarantee automatic citizenship at birth.

The constitution should provide that people who have been born in Kenya be regarded as automatic citizens. (2)

The constitution should provide that children born by both Kenyan citizens be granted automatic citizenship. (5)

The constitution should provide that citizenship may also be acquired through naturalization.

The constitution should grant foreigners citizenship after staying in Kenya for 5 years.

The constitution should rant citizenship to foreigners who bring development in the country.

The constitution should revoke the citizenship of those who pose a threat to the country. (2)

The constitution should provide that spouses of Kenyan citizens irrespective of gender, be automatic citizens. (4)

The constitution should provide that a child born of one Kenyan parent, irrespective of the parents gender, be entitled to automatic citizenship. (5)

The constitution should guarantee equal rights and privileges to all Kenyans.

The constitution should provide that the rights and obligations of a citizen should depend on the manner in which citizenship was acquired.

The constitution should not permit dual citizenship. (5)

The constitution should permit dual citizenship. (3)

The constitution should provide that Kenyans carry national ID as proof of citizenship.

The constitution should provide that Kenyans carry national ID, birth certificate and passport as proof of citizenship. (5)

The constitution should provide that Kenyans carry passport as proof of citizenship.

The constitution should provide for replacement of ID cards with birth certificates.

The constitution should provide for reduced charges for acquiring a passport.

5.3.5. **DEFENSE AND NATIONAL SECURITY**

The constitution should not establish the disciplined forces.

The constitution should establish the disciplined forces. (3)

The constitution should scrap the administration police but be incorporated into the police force.

The constitution should provide for military, paramilitary, police and prison as disciplined forces.

The constitution should provide that the head of the disciplined forces enjoy security of tenure.

The constitution should provide that police get risk allowance.

The constitution should ensure that the disciplined forces should perform functions as stipulated in the constitution and should not serve the executive to suppress the public. (2)

The constitution should provide for the independence of the disciplined forces from the executive and take orders from parliament.

The constitution should provide that recruits into the armed forces be at least of form four education level.

The constitution should ensure that the armed forces be trained for 12 months.

The constitution should provide that the armed forces be disciplined through the judicial courts as opposed to martial courts.

The constitution should provide that court marshals discipline members of the armed forces. (2)

The constitution should ensure that recruitment of the armed forces is done fairly.

The constitution should retain the president as the commander in chief of the armed forces. (9)

The constitution should not retain the president as the commander in chief of the armed forces.

The constitution should provide that the executive have exclusive power to declare war. (3) The constitution should provide that parliament should have exclusive power to declare war. (2)

The constitution should permit use of extraordinary powers in emergencies.

The constitution should provide that the president have power to invoke emergency powers.

The constitution should provide that parliament have power to invoke emergency powers.

The constitution should provide that the cabinet, national security council/committee should have power to invoke emergency powers.

The constitution should empower parliament to declare a state of emergency. (4)

5.3.6. POLITICAL PARTIES

The constitution should provide that political parties should assist in development projects.

The constitution should provide that political parties play a role in creating awareness of policies of the government in implementation and provide checks and balances of the government. (2)

The constitution should ensure that political parties play the role of political mobilization.

The constitution should regulate the formation, management and conduct of political parties. (2)

The constitution should ensure that political parties have representation of substantial numbers of people from at least five provinces.

The constitution should provide that the controller and auditor general audit political parties finances.

The constitution should limit the number of political parties in Kenya to only three. (7)

The constitution should limit the number of political parties in Kenya. (3)

The constitution should limit the number of political parties in Kenya to only two. (2)

The constitution should not limit the number of political parties.

The constitution should limit minimal membership of political parties.

The constitution should provide that political parties be funded through membership contribution.

The constitution should provide that political parties be funded by public coffers/government. (7)

The constitution should provide that political parties should not be funded by public coffers/government.

The constitution should provide that all political parties be funded equally.

The constitution should provide that political parties be financed if they have at least 10% of the seats in parliament.

The constitution should provide that the president be non-partisan. (2)

The constitution should provide that political parties adhere to provisions in the constitution.

The constitution should ensure that political parties do not undermine the state.

5.3.7. STRUCTURES AND SYSTEMS OF GOVERNMENT

The constitution should maintain the presidential system of govt. (4)

The constitution should provide for an executive president.

The constitution should adopt the parliamentary system of government. (4)

The constitution should provide for the post of prime minister. (2)

The constitution should provide for a prime minister who should head the government and should be from the majority party in parliament. (5)

The constitution should provide for an executive prime minister.

The constitution should provide that the president be the head of state. (2)

The constitution should provide that the president be ceremonial. (5)

The constitution should provide for a chief executive prime minister who should be the head of government and should have the power to make senior appointments.

The constitution should retain the unitary system of government. (2)

The constitution should provide for a federal govt. (17)

The constitution should not provide for a federal govt.

The constitution should establish mechanisms to devolve power to the lower levels of government i.e. local authorities and provinces. (3)

The constitution should decentralize the chamber of commerce to all provinces.

The constitution should establish strong local authorities to provide grass root services.

The constitution should empower regional governments to ensure equal distribution of resources.

The constitution should provide that the vice president be the running mate of the

president. (5)

The constitution should provide that the vice president be directly elected by parliament.

The constitution should provide that the vice president be from the winning party.

The constitution should provide that the vice president be appointed by the president.

The constitution should provide that the attorney general have the power to terminate privately prosecuted cases. (2)

The constitution should guarantee independence of the Attorney Generals office.

The constitution should provide that the president appoints the Attorney General.

The constitution should provide that parliament appoints the Attorney General.

The constitution should provide that the Attorney General be elected by another office other than the president.

5.3.8. LEGISLATURE

The constitution should provide that parliament vets appointments of all public servants and judicial officers. (3)

The constitution should provide that parliament vet presidential appointments. (8)

The constitution should provide that parliament vet appointments of senior government officials. (2)

The constitution should vet appointments of ECK commissioners.

The constitution should provide that parliament should vet nominations to parliament.

The constitution should require that parliament appoints the members of the cabinet. (3)

The constitution should empower parliament to appoint judges

The constitution should empower parliament to create and dissolve ministries, summon and censure constitutional officers, ministers other public servants and set up commissions to enact laws.

The constitution should empower parliament with the power to constitute and abolish offices.

The constitution should empower parliament to have control over prices of goods in Kenya. The constitution should empower parliament to elect the president.

The constitution should provide that parliament have unlimited control of its own procedures and calendar. (4)

The constitution should require parliament to function for 5 working days

The constitution should provide that being a member of parliament should be a full time occupation. (6)

The constitution should provide that being a member of parliament be a part time occupation.

The constitution should provide that the voting age be 18 years. (2)

The constitution should limit MPs age to 30-60, not employed elsewhere and be graduates.

The constitution should provide that parliamentary candidates be at least 25 years. (2)

The constitution should require presidential candidate to be above 25 years

The constitution should set the presidential retirement age at 70 years.

The constitution should require that the president be between 45-75 years.

The constitution should provide that the age requirement for a president be 35 years and above. (3)

The constitution should provide that the age requirement for a presidential candidate be between 35 and 65 years.

The constitution should provide that the age requirement for a presidential candidate be between 35 to 74 years.

The constitution should provide that the age requirement for a presidential candidate be between 25 to 70 years. (2)

The constitution should provide that the age requirement for a presidential candidate be between 35 to 85 years.

The constitution should provide that MP's be given English and Kiswahili tests. (2)

The constitution should provide that MP's have university degrees and should be fluent in both the national languages. (3)

The constitution should provide that MP's have at least a form four certificate.

The constitution should introduce moral and ethical qualifications for parliamentary candidates. (6)

The constitution should provide for the recall of MPs by their constituents. (15)

The constitution should provide that MP's act on the basis of conscience and convictions of their constituents. (2)

The constitution should provide that MP's serve for two terms of five years each. (3)

The constitution should establish an independent commission to determine salaries of MP' s. (9)

The constitution should empower people to vet MPs salaries. (6)

The constitution should provide that the public service commission determines salaries of MP's.

The constitution should provide that the parliamentary service commission determines salaries of MP's.

The constitution should provide that MP's determine their own salaries. (3)

The constitution should provide that MP's salaries should not exceed Kshs 100,000.

The constitution should abolish the nomination of MPs. (9)

The constitution should retain the concept of nominated MP's. (2)

The constitution should provide that nominated MP's serve the interest of the regions they come from

The constitution should provide that nominated MP's be reserved for specific interest groups. (2)

The constitution should provide that nominated MP's be reserved for women.

The constitution should provide that seats be reserved for women in parliament, in every district. (3)

The constitution should ensure that 1/3 of parliamentarians are women. (2)

The constitution should provide that women fight for parliamentary seats just like men.

The constitution should provide that MP's should not miss parliamentary sessions.

The constitution should retain the concept that the dominant party forms government.

The constitution should have a provision for a coalition government. (3)

The constitution should provide that Kenya remains a multi-party state.

The constitution should provide for a two-chamber parliament, i.e. senate and upper house. (2)

The constitution should provide for a two-chamber parliament. (6)

The constitution should empower parliament to impeach the president.

The constitution should stipulate that MPs be given offices in their respective constituencies. (5)

5.3.9. **EXECUTIVE**

The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate should be a Kenyan citizen, possess a university degree, economically stable, have no criminal record, morally and ethically upright and should be of sound mind. (3)

The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate have a university degree. (3) The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate have a diploma.

The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate be non-partisan, be from the same community as the prime minister, have minimum qualification of form four and should be married with a family.

The constitution should require that the president serve for a maximum of two terms of 4-year terms.

The constitution should provide that a president serves for two terms of five years each. (12)

The constitution should provide that a president serves for three terms of five years each.

The constitution should provide that a president's term of office be open without limit. (2)

The constitution should define functions of the president. (2)

The constitution should provide that the president be the head of government and the state.

The constitution should establish checks and balances on the executive arm of govt.

The constitution should limit powers of the president. (11)

The constitution should not set limits to presidential powers.

The constitution should stipulate that the president is under the law. (5)

The constitution should provide for the removal of the president while in office for misconduct. (11)

The constitution should permit for the impeachment of the president through a 2/3-majority vote in parliament.

The constitution should permit for the impeachment of the president through a 75% majority vote in parliament.

The constitution should provide that the president have power over parliament.

The constitution should make provision for the president and parliament to work independently.

The constitution should provide that the president be answerable to parliament.

The constitution should provide that the president should not be an MP. (15)

The constitution should provide that the president should be an MP. (2)

The constitution should provide that provincial representatives elect the president.

The constitution should provide for provincial administrators be elected directly by the people. (10)

The constitution should abolish the provincial administration. (8)

The constitution should abolish the posts of Chiefs and assistant chiefs but retain provincial commissioners

The provincial administration should be dissolved after every five years like parliament.

The constitution should abolish provincial administration retaining only chiefs who should be transferable from one part of the country to another.

The constitution should provide that the local residents of an area can elect their chiefs The constitution should retain the current provincial administration. (3)

The constitution should replace provincial administration with elected governors.

The constitution should provide for the transfer of chiefs. (3) The constitution should reduce the powers of the chief. The constitution should scrap the post of the PC. The constitution should abolish the post of chiefs and their assistants. The constitution should provide for the independence of the provincial administration. The constitution should provide for 15 ministries. (2) The constitution should provide for 18 ministries.

5.3.10. **JUDICIARY**

The constitution should empower tribunal courts.

The constitution should make provisions of an independent judiciary. (6)

The constitution should guarantee that the judiciary is separated from the executive.

The constitution should provide for a claims court.

The constitution should provide that courts be made present at all levels so that charges can be pressed immediately.

The constitution should provide for trying of military personnel in normal courts.

The constitution should provide for formation of a lower level judiciary by chiefs and their assistants.

The constitution should establish a supreme court. (9)

The constitution should provide for a constitutional court. (7)

The constitution should provide that magistrates be appointed by the judicial service commission.

The constitution should provide that judicial officers be appointed by the judicial service commission. (4)

The constitution should provide that judicial officers be appointed by the president. (2)

The constitution should provide that judicial officers be appointed by the Attorney General with vetting from parliament.

The constitution should provide that the Chief Justice be elected among judges, supervised by the JSC.

The constitution should provide that the Chief Justice be elected through a parliamentary popular vote.

The constitution should provide that judicial officers be appointed by parliament.

The constitution should provide that judicial officers have minimum education of university degree in law. (2)

The constitution should make provisions for security of tenure for judicial officers be three years.

The constitution should make provisions for security of tenure for judicial officers. (3)

The constitution should provide that judges be prosecuted at constitutional courts for their offences.

The constitution should empower the JSC to discipline judicial officers. (2)

The constitution should establish a tribunal commission to discipline errand judicial officers.

The constitution should provide that Kadhis be law graduates and be conversant with Islamic Law.

The constitution should provide that Kadhis be allowed to handle other matters apart from marriage.

The constitution should provide that Kadhis courts have appellate jurisdiction.

The constitution should allow chief kadhi's court decision to be amenable to appeal

The constitution should provide that state judicial powers be vested in the supreme court. The constitution should provide that the number of courts be increased and more magistrates hired. (2)

The constitution should provide that judicial charges be reduced.

The constitution should provide that Kenyans be guaranteed access to courts and quick dispensation of cases by the court.

The constitution should provide for a court in every division.

The constitution should guarantee a constitutional right to legal aid. (7)

The constitution should provide for judges appointed to review laws made by parliament before the president's accent is sought.

The constitution should provide for council of elders to deal with customary and cultural affairs. (8)

5.3.11. LOCAL GOVERNMENT

The constitution should provide that mayors and council chairmen should be elected directly by the people. (17)

The constitution should provide that the position of chairman of county council be by direct election.

The constitution should ensure that the people elect mayors and serve a maximum of 5 years.

The constitution should provide that mayors and councilors serve for 4-year terms.

The constitution should provide that mayors and councilors serve for 2 five-year terms. (2)

The constitution should provide that the local government be delinked from the central government. (3)

The constitution should provide that the local councils be independent in their duties and only remit certain amounts to the central government.

The constitution should provide that councilors have minimum education of form four. (12) The constitution should provide that councilors have minimum education of a university degree.

The constitution should provide that councilors be of at least 25 years.

The constitution should provide that candidates vying for local authority seats should be able to speak English and Kiswahili.

The constitution should provide for moral and ethical qualifications for councilors.

The constitution should provide for the local people to recall councilors who do not perform. (4)

The constitution should provide for people be allowed to recall their councilors through a 50% vote from the electorate.

The constitution should provide that the local government service commission decides salaries of councilors. (3)

The constitution should provide that the public service commission decides salaries of councilors.

The constitution should abolish the nomination of councilors. (4)

The constitution should provide that nominated councilors represent special interest groups. (2).

The constitution should provide that the ECK nominates councilors.

The constitution should provide that half of the nominated councilors be women.

The constitution should provide that councilors loose their seats upon defecting between parties.

The constitution should provide that the ECK dissolves councils.

The constitution should provide that people should petition the court to dissolve councils.

The constitution should provide that neither the president nor the minister for local government should dissolve local councils. (2)

The constitution should provide that local councils use council revenues.

The constitution should guarantee that the locals are employed in their local county councils.

The constitution should give local govt. more powers than MPs/parliament.

The constitution should provide that councils be in charge of land that is within there are of jurisdiction.

5.3.12. ELECTORAL SYSTEMS AND PROCESSES

The constitution should retain the representative electoral system.

The constitution should provide that elections be held under the secret ballot system. (3) The constitution should provide that the simple majority rule be a basis of winning the elections. (3)

The constitution should provide for at least 5 seats in parliament be reserved for women.

The constitution should provide that 1/3 of the elective posts be allocated to women.

The constitution should provide that the president must get 50% of votes or a run-off between two first candidates is held. (4)

The constitution should provide that the president must garner 51% of the votes cast to be declared the winner. (3)

The constitution should provide that the president must garner 33% of the votes cast to be declared the winner.

The constitution should provide that the president must garner 25% of the votes cast to be declared the winner.

The constitution should provide that any defecting MP seeks constituency approval.

The constitution should not provide for defections between parties during campaigns and elections. (3)

The constitution should provide that MPs crossing floors from one party to the other should loose their seat. (2)

The constitution should provide that the presidential candidate should garner 15% of votes cast in 5 provinces to declared the winner.

The constitution should provide that the requirement for the presidential candidate to garner 25% of votes cast in 5 provinces to be declared the winner should be revoked.

The constitution should provide that the presidential candidate should garner 25% of votes cast in 5 provinces to declare the winner. (2)

The constitution should bar candidates who fail to be nominated by their parties from moving to other parties.

The constitution should provide that seats be reserved for specific interest groups. (2) The constitution should ensure electoral boundaries are clear.

The constitution should provide that constituency boundaries be reviewed every 10 years. The constitution should provide that every county council should have 8 wards. The constitution should provide that there be a division of rift valley province into two.

The constitution should provide that the presidential, parliamentary and civic elections should be held simultaneously. (4)

The constitution should provide that the presidential, parliamentary and civic elections should be held separately. (2)

The constitution should guarantee free and fair elections.

The constitution should allow independent candidates. (2)

The constitution should provide for a limit in the expenditure that each candidate may use.

The constitution should specify the election date. (3)

The constitution should provide that elections be done every after five years.

The constitution should provide that presidential elections be done directly. (7)

The constitution should provide that the presidential elections be done by parliament.

The constitution should provide that the ECK commissioners be people of high integrity.

The constitution should provide that the president appoint ECK commissioners.

The constitution should provide that the public service commission appoints ECK commissioners.

The constitution should provide that parliament appoint ECK commissioners.

The constitution should provide that the electoral commissioners serve for 10 years.

The constitution should provide that the ECK commissioners enjoy security of tenure of five years.

The constitution should provide that the retirement age for ECK commissioners should not coincide with the elections.

The constitution should provide that for an independent Electoral Commission.

The constitution should provide that functions of the ECK be expanded.

The constitution should provide that the ECK commissioners be 12 in number.

The constitution should provide for vote counting at polling stations. (4)

The constitution should bar the executive from participation in regulation of the elections The constitution should provide that the single vote transfer system

The constitution should provide that for an independent Electoral Commission.

The constitution should provide that functions of the ECK be expanded.

The constitution should lower election petition costs to 50,000

The constitution should provide that no MP is sworn in if there is a pending dispute.

The constitution should provide that the amount of deposit in court for a petition should not exceed kshs 10,000.

The constitution should stipulate that a successful election petitioner is declared the winner

The constitution should outlaw handouts in election campaigns

The constitution should ensure election rigging is stamped out. (3)

5.3.13. BASIC RIGHTS

The constitution should recognize the bill of rights as fundamental

The constitution should guarantee freedom of worship regardless of religious affiliation. (3)

The constitution should address adequately human rights issues as a right.

The constitution should provide for the right to associate.

The constitution should guarantee equal rights to every citizen.

The constitution should abolish the death penalty. (3)

The constitution should protect the basic and fundamental rights of all citizens.

The constitution should provide that the government ensures enjoyment of basic rights for all citizens. (2)

The constitution should address issues concerning water, education, employment, security, and shelter. (2)

The constitution should guarantee security for all its citizens. (4)

The constitution should guarantee free medical benefit for all Kenyans.

The constitution should guarantee free medical care for outpatients.

The constitution should provide for free healthcare. (5)

The constitution should provide that the government provides free access to water for all Kenyans. (4)

The constitution should provide for free education. (4)

The constitution should guarantee educations to all children regardless of sex.

The constitution should guarantee equal employment opportunity for all Kenyans in all regions. (4)

The constitution should uphold the principle of one man one job. (2)

The constitution should stipulate employment period to be 15 years

The constitution should guarantee employment as a basic right.

The constitution should provide that the government ensures employment for anyone above 18 years.

The constitution should provide that employment for all is on contract.

The constitution should provide that salaries be paid on time.

The constitution should provide that the government pay up benefits of deceased immediately. (2)

The constitution should provide that the unemployed be given Kshs 3600 for upkeep.

The constitution should provide that all people pay their NSSF in time.

The constitution should provide for free and compulsory primary education. (4)

The constitution should provide for free and compulsory education at all levels. (2)

The constitution should provide for free and compulsory education up to university level. (2)

The constitution should provide for free and compulsory education up to secondary level. (4)

The constitution should entrench civic education as a continuous exercise.

The constitution should be translated into indigenous languages of Kenya.

The constitution should abolish trade unions. (2)

The constitution should guarantee all workers the right to trade union representation. (2) The constitution should provide for protection against mob justice.

5.3.14. RIGHTS OF VULNERABLE GROUPS

The constitution should provide for the government to provide free healthcare to persons with disability. (2)

The constitution should establish schools for the disabled children. (2))

The constitution should guarantee people with disability employment.

The constitution should protect the rights of persons with disability. (3)

The constitution should guarantee free education for the physically impaired.

The constitution should allow for a grade C entry point to universities for the disabled.

The constitution should prescribe a monthly allowance for the physically impaired

The constitution should guarantee full NHIF allowances and free medication for needy people who are disabled.

The constitution should provide for toilets for the disabled in public places.

The constitution should give priority to qualified people with disability in employment.

The constitution should provide that disabled persons be trained for free in their field of preference.

The constitution should ensure that special schoolteachers are persons with relevant disability.

The constitution should guarantee land for the disabled.

The constitution should provide for a special parliamentary seat for the disabled.

The constitution should provide for a separate prison for the physically impaired.

The constitution should stipulate that buildings should have facilities for the disabled. (2)

The constitution should provide for special civic seats for the disabled, special bus stage and free transport for persons with disability.

The constitution should provide that the state pays the hospital bills of disabled people.

The constitution should ensure male and female children are treated equally.

Give the girl child a right to education.

The constitution should provide that children of single mothers get free education.

The constitution should ensure street urchins are cared for by the state.

The constitution should provide that all parents guarantee children education.

The constitution should protect children from child labor.

The constitution should guarantee children their rights. (6)

The constitution should provide that the government ensures that of the elderly are taken care of. (4)

The constitution should protect HIV positive people

The constitution should provide for affirmative action for women and children. (3)

The constitution should provide for the protection of women and children from being victimization.

The constitution should ensure local prisons are improved. (4)

5.3.15. LAND AND PROPERTY RIGHTS

The constitution should provide that an individual has ultimate ownership of land. (2)

The constitution should provide that the state has ultimate ownership of land. (2)

The constitution should provide that the local community has ultimate ownership of land. (4)

The constitution should compel the government to buy land from those with over 100 acres.

The constitution should provide that the government should have powers to compulsorily acquire private land. (3)

The constitution should provide that the government should not have powers to compulsorily acquire private land.

The constitution should empower govt. to tax idle land over 100 acres and/or settle people in the same land above which tax should be levied.

The constitution should require government land to be returned to local communities.

The constitution should provide that land owned by individuals be inherited by all family

members.

The constitution should provide that women spouses be involved in the selling of land.

The constitution should provide that former crown lands which were taken away from Africans be given back to Kenyans.

The constitution should stipulate that land be divided into two, residential, commercial and industrial tourism and mining

The constitution should provide for the putting in place of land policies that take into consideration the increasing population.

The constitution should provide for a maximum acreage that an individual can own. (4)

The constitution should limit maximum land ownership at 100 acres.

The constitution should place the maximum unit of land at 20 acres.

The constitution should provide for a maximum acreage that an individual can own be 50 acres.

The constitution should provide for a maximum acreage that an individual can own be 100 acres. (3)

The constitution should provide for a maximum acreage that an individual can own be 500 acres.

The constitution should provide for a maximum acreage that an individual can own be 200 acres. (3)

The constitution should provide that there be no limit for the amount of lands that an individual can own. (5)

The constitution should provide for a maximum acreage that an individual can own be 20 acres.(2)

The constitution should provide that there be restrictions on ownership of land by non-citizens. (2)

The constitution should provide that foreigners be allowed to lease land.

The constitution should provide title deeds to land be issued and divisional level.

The constitution should provide that land transfer procedures be simplified. (2)

The constitution should provide that individuals who have attained the age of years be issued with title deeds.

The constitution should provide that title deeds be issued at district offices,

The constitution should provide that title deeds be issues to every Kenyan.

The constitution should clearly define clan land boundaries and give a title deed to every Kenyan.

The constitution should provide that land title deeds have names of both husband and wife. (7)

The constitution should provide that man and women should have equal access to land. The constitution should ensure equal distribution of land.

The constitution should provide that pre-independence treaties be done away with. (2) The constitution should provide that pre-independence treaties be retained.

The constitution should provide that Kenyans own land anywhere in the country. (5)

The constitution should provide that Kenyans be restricted to own land anywhere in the country. (2)

The constitution should provide that all squatters get a small parcel of land. (5)

The constitution should guarantee that every Kenyan has access to land. (12)

The constitution should place trust land under local authorities.

The constitution should retain trust land act.

5.3.16. CULTURAL, ETHNIC AND REGIONAL DIVERSITY AND COMMUNAL RIGHTS

The constitution should provide that Kenya's ethnic and cultural diversity contributes to a national culture. (2)

The constitution should protect and promote African culture.

The constitution should recognize the traditional cultures of the people.

The constitution should provide for ethnic diversity of various tribes be protected and promoted. (5)

The constitution should clearly define the number of witnesses of a customary marriage.

The constitution should abolish bride price and instead compel parents to assist the newly wed couple.

The constitution should provide for remuneration of village elders

The constitution should empower chiefs to oversee customary marriages.

The constitution should provide for a council of elders to preside over local disputes and crimes to sort them out.

The constitution should outlaw FGM. (3)

The constitution should protect against discriminatory aspect of culture.

The constitution should ban the concept of dowry.

The constitution should recognize English and Kiswahili as the national and official languages. (2)

The constitution should recognize and promote indigenous languages. (2)

The constitution should ensure that local languages be taught in schools as non-examinable subjects.

5.3.17. MANAGEMENT OF NATIONAL RESOURCES

The constitution should provide that parliament retains the power to authorize the raising and appropriation of national resources. (5)

The constitution should ensure that the government develops all regions in Kenya regardless of political affiliation.

The constitution should ensure that there is equal distribution of national resources. (34

The constitution should ensure that distribution of funds to the disadvantaged regions like the North Eastern Province.

The constitution should establish a body/ commission to oversee the raising and distribution of resources.

The constitution should provide that local councils be involved in distribution of national resources.

The constitution should ensure all national resources are utilized to guarantee self-sufficiency.

The constitution should provide for the independence of the controller and auditor general and should have security of tenure.. (2)

The constitution should provide for replacement of the auditor general by an auditor and financial controller.

The constitution should introduce a n Audit Team and financial controller in place of controller and auditor general.

The constitution should devolve the powers of PSC to divisional level.

The constitution should provide that the auditor and controller general be appointed by parliament.

The constitution should provide that parliament should have the powers to approve all government expenditure. (2)

The constitution should provide that the Kenya Revenue Authority should maximize collection of taxes.

The constitution should provide that parliament should limit foreign trips to reduce government expenditure.

The constitution should provide that the prime minister appoints cabinet ministers from among professionals and not MPs. (4)

The constitution should require govt. to build human and physical capacity.

The constitution should provide that public servants have security of tenure including the cabinet.

The constitution should provide that the cabinet be appointed among civil servants who are professionals. (4)

The constitution should provide that civil servants be paid well.

The constitution should provide for the use of more labor-intensive mode ways of production to absorb the huge labor force.

The constitution should provide that all parastatals be privatized.

The constitution should provide that government resources be properly managed and misuse by public officials be discouraged.

The constitution should provide that parliament should have the power to appoint members of the PSC.

The constitution should provide that a commission be established to appoint members of the PSC.

The constitution should provide that the president should have the power to appoint members of the PSC.

The constitution should provide that the prime minister should have the power to appoint members of the PSC.

The constitution should provide that government officials be nonpartisan.

The constitution should ban bribery in the public offices. (2)

The constitution should provide that corrupt public officers be prosecuted. (2)

The constitution should require public servants to declare their wealth. (4)

5.3.18. ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

The constitution should ensure the preservation of forests

The constitution should address protection issues in terms of land degradation in dry land, humid zones, destruction of rain forests, loss of crop, and destruction of coastal areas.

The constitution should provide that all Kenyans be involved of enforcing laws related to protection of natural resources.

The constitution should provide that natural resources belong to Kenyans.

The constitution should provide that the state owns natural resources.

The constitution should provide that the local communities should own natural resources.

The constitution should provide that the government should own natural resources.

The constitution should ensure that the local communities protect forests against deforestation. (2)

The constitution should provide that local county councils take care of natural resources.

The constitution should protect all natural resources in Kenya. (3)

The constitution should provide that the system of protection and management of natural resources be institutionalized.

The constitution should compel the local authorities manage regional resources.

The constitution should provide that more water experts be trained and hired to manage water resources.

The constitution should provide that revenue from natural resources benefit the locals.

5.3.19. PARTICIPATORY GOVERNANCE

The constitution should provide that NGO's and civil societies be allowed to participate in governance. (2)

The constitution should provide that the state regulate the conduct of civil society organizations.

The constitution should provide that quota system be for women when allocating positions in all organizations

The constitution should provide that local elders be appointed to assist in local administration.

5.3.20. INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

The constitution should empower parliament to play a supervisory role in international relations.

The constitution should provide that parliament be involved in foreign treaties with other countries. (4)

The constitution should provide that international treaties and conventions be subject to parliamentary discussion before having an effect on the domestic law.

The constitution should require international treaties to have the people's mandate.

The constitution should bide Kenyan govt. to sign treaties with other countries.

5.3.21. CONSTITUTIONAL COMMISSIONS, INSTITUTIONS AND OFFICES

The constitution should provide that appointments to all constitutional offices be provided for in the constitution.

The constitution should entrench the national fund for the disabled as a constitutional institution.

The constitution should establish a parliamentary judicial commission.

The constitution should establish constitutional commissions and offices.

The constitution should establish a committee to supervise the life taxes paid by Kenyans.

The constitution should provide that the office of the ombudsman be created to check the actions of the government. (9)

The constitution should ensure establishment of human rights commission. (4)

The constitution should establish a gender commission. (2)

The constitution should establish an anti-corruption commission. (4)

The constitution should establish a lands commission

The constitution should provide that a civil service body appoints the provincial

commissioners.

The constitution should provide that a commission appoints Kenyan ambassadors.

The constitution should provide for the setting up of a special commission to take care of special groups e.g. with disabilities.

The constitution should establish an educations commission.

The constitution should establish an agricultural commission.

The constitution should provide that CKRC be mandated to ensure there is a smooth transfer of power.

The constitution should provide that all constitutional commissions should have the power to declare and report their findings to the public.

The constitution should empower the anticorruption commission to handle cases related to corruption. (2)

The constitution should ensure that the gender commission should pursue to promote equality between men and women.

The constitution should provide that the human rights commission should ensure equal distribution of resources and fight for the well being of all Kenyans.

The constitution should establish a justice ministry. (3)

5.3.22. SUCCESSION AND TRANSFER OF POWER

The constitution should provide that the national assembly speaker have executive powers during presidential elections. (4)

The constitution should provide that the vice president have executive powers during presidential elections.

The constitution should provide that presidential election results be announced within 72 hours.

The constitution should provide that the incoming president should assume office immediately after he/she has been declared a winner.

The constitution should provide that the incoming president assume office 3 months after being declared the winner of general elections.

The constitution should provide that the in coming president be sworn in by the chief justice. (2)

The constitution should provide that the in coming president be sworn in by the speaker of the national assembly.

The constitution should provide that the in coming president be sworn in by a judge of the Supreme Court. (2)

The constitution should provide that the in coming president be sworn in by the attorney general.

The constitution should provide that the in-coming president be sworn in within 19 days after being declared the winner of the general election.

The constitution should provide that instruments of power be transferred to the incoming president 3 months after being declared the winner of the elections.

The constitution should stipulate that the handing over of power be done by the Chief Justice and be witnessed by the ombudsman.

The constitution should guarantee the former president security. (2)

The constitution should have welfare provisions for the former president. (3)

The constitution should provide that an impeached president looses immunity from legal process.

The constitution should provide that the former president should have immunity from legal process. (3)

The constitution should provide that incase of vacancy in the resident's seat, the vice president should assume office for the remainder of the term, until the next general elections.

The constitution should empower speaker to act as president incase of a no confidence vote against incumbent president.

The constitution should provide that besides through elections the former president should relinquish office on attainment of the age of 70 years.

5.3.23. WOMEN'S RIGHTS

The constitution should provide that the interest of women be guaranteed especially in national development.

The constitution should emphasize on gender issues.

The constitution should provide facilities and opportunities necessary for the welfare of women.

The constitution should be guaranteed access to credit.

The constitution should emphasize the importance of allocating some positions in the civil service to women.

The constitution should ensure that women are entitled to inherit property. (4)

The constitution should provide that women should have the right to inherit their parents' property. (6)

The constitution should ensure that women be the automatic successors of their husband' s property. (3)

The constitution should provide that all children regardless of gender, be entitled to inherit land.

The constitution should provide certificates to customary marriages. (3)

The constitution should provide that women who do not bear children, should not be divorced.

The constitution should provide that all types of marriages be registered to avoid bigamy.

The constitution should recognize both customary and western marriages.

The constitution should harmonise marriage laws.

The constitution should ensure marriage certificates are issued for customary marriages The constitution should provide for certificates be issued to men who marry second wives. The constitution should re-introduce affiliation act.

The constitution should compel fathers provide child support to the age of 18 years. (2)

The constitution should provide for protection of women from domestic violence. (2)

The constitution should ensure that both men and women be protected from domestic violence.

5.3.24. INTERNATIONAL POLICY

The constitution should provide that to gain from globalization, Kenya needs to enhance its competitiveness by sustaining and deepening its reforms and building its human capital.

5.3.25. NATIONAL ECONOMIC

The constitution should make provisions for fair competition in the Kenyan market.

The constitution should provide that distributors should not be wholesalers nor should they not be retailers.

The constitution should not permit economic liberalization.

The constitution should make provisions for economic liberalization in Kenya.

The constitution should provide that the government should increase taxation on imported goods that are locally produced. (2)

The constitution should guarantee that Kenyan's get more business opportunity than foreigners in the country.

The constitution should compel that government to revive collapsed industries.

The constitution should establish mechanisms, which would reduce that gap between the rich, and the poor. (2)

The constitution should ensure that the government tarmac roads in towns.

5.3.26. NATIONAL OTHER

The constitution should protect the people living with HIV/AIDS to provide for their participation in the national development.

The constitution should not allow any form of torture.

The constitution should not allow bias arrest of culprits by policemen.

The constitution should restrain the police from harassing the public.

The constitution should provide that corrupt public officers be prosecuted.

5.3.27. **SECTORAL**

The constitution should ensure that the government should provide inputs to the farmers and should be paid fairly. (2)

The constitution should provide that farmers head the chamber commerce.

The constitution should ensure that the government support farmers by finding market for their produce. (3

The constitution should abolish taxes on farm inputs and products.

The constitution should compel the government to guarantee livestock farmers their dues for their products.

The constitution should provide for the privatization of the Kenya Tea Development Authority.

The constitution should ensure that the government regulates farm produce.

The constitution should provide for a cooperative union to market their produce. (2)

The constitution should provide that for the farm produce be subsidized to motivate farmers.

The constitution should provide that farmers are promptly paid for their produce.

The constitution should provide that farmers get subsidies for production.

The constitution should provide that the government should protect local industries.

The constitution should adopt sign language be adopted and taught in all public schools.

The constitution should ensure that the government employs sufficient teachers.

The constitution should ensure that the government guarantees employment for teachers.

The constitution should provide that primary teachers be employed by the Teachers Service Commission.

The constitution should protect the education sector from being interfered with by politicians.

The constitution should provide learning equipment be supplied to students with special needs.

The constitution should provide that the education system should not be changed regularly since it is an expensive exercise.

The constitution should provide for reduced primary and secondary school fees.

The constitution should have a provision that law should be taught at primary schools.

The constitution should abolish corporal punishment in schools.

The constitution should not provide for mixed schools in Kenya.

The constitution should guarantee that salaries for teachers be increased as well as sufficient housing and transport facilities.

The constitution should provide that nursery school teachers be employed by the government.

The constitution should guarantee that schools have adequate physical facilities for the children.

The constitution should abolish parallel programme system in public universities

The constitution should provide that all Kenyans irrespective of their ethnic or racial background be subject to taxation.

The constitution should provide that imported good be heavily taxed.

The constitution should have a provision for taxation of idle land.

The constitution should provide that all learning material be tax-free.

The constitution should ease citizen's tax burden.

The constitution should provide that there is heavy taxation of goods imported that is

found in Kenya.

The constitution should recognize herbal medicine as a provision for health care.

The constitution should provide that the national insurance fund pay for total health care bills incurred by the disabled.

The constitution should ensure that there is a provision to assist the poor with their medical bills.

The constitution should abolish cost sharing in hospitals. (2)

The constitution should ensure all hospitals are full stocked with drugs.

The constitution should provide that the jua kali sector be given more opportunities to market their ware.

The constitution should guarantee that small scale businessmen are not harassed by the local councils.

The constitution should ensure that the local people should benefit from the revenue collected from parks and game reserves.

5.3.28. LEGAL SYSTEM

The constitution should outlaw abortion

The constitution should legitimize local brews. (3

The constitution should prescribe life imprisonment for defilement offences

- The constitution should provide that rapist be jailed for life. The constitution should abolish capital punishment The constitution should abolish martial courts
- The constitution should outlaw child labor.
- The constitution should provide for stiff penalties for those who mismanage public funds.
- The constitution should outlaw partaking of alcohol for persons under 30 years.
- The constitution should provide stiff penalties for offences committed by the provincial administrators.
- The constitution should entrench stiff penalties for rapists. (2)

5.3.29. GENERAL AND CROSS CUTTING THEMES

• The constitution should guarantee gender equity. The constitution should uphold the equality of all without regarding their economic or social standing.

The constitution should guarantee equality of the sexes in inheritance.

- The constitution should ensure that both men and women have equal rights.
- The constitution should provide for compensation for victims who have suffered actions of human rights violation. (2)
- The constitution should have provisions for transparency and accountability at all levels.
- The constitution should allow parents to discipline their children.
- The constitution should guarantee social justice for all Kenyans.
- The constitution should ensure that all people be equal before the law. (2)

APPENDICES:

Appendix 1: Members of the Constituency Constitutional Committee

- 1. Hon. Antonny Kimeto
- 2. Kenneth Cheruiyot
- 3. David Cheruiyot
- 4. Cllr. Alfred Charangoi
- 5. David Siele
- 6. Rev. Samuel Tonui
- 7. Juliana Towett
- 8. Alice Chepkirui
- 9. Mary Ng'eno
- 10. Wilson Keter
- 11. Joseph Koros
- 12. Cllr. Joel Siele
- 13. Cllr. Joel Korir
- 14. Joseah Ngeno

Appendix 2: Civic education providers (CEPs)

- 1. Kogos youth group
- 2. ECEP
- 3. District coordinator
- 4. Constitutional constituency committee

MP DC (Bureti) DC (Bomet)

Appendix 3: Persons presenting memoranda and/or making oral submissions.

10024OBSRV	Anna Koech	СВО	Memorandum	Manaret Women Group
200220BSRV		СВО		
	Christine Chelangat		Memorandum	Kerundut Women Group
30010OBSRV	David K Chelule	СВО	Memorandum	Rongera Location Kaplesembe Sub
400090BSRV	David Rotich	СВО	Memorandum	Location
500020BSRV	Denis Pusienei	СВО	Written	kaplong Ward Residents
30002003110			Whiteh	Mothers Union St
60020OBSRV	Eddah Biegon	СВО	Written	Francis
700230BSRV	Edward Maritim	СВО	Memorandum	Kinioso Community
800130BSRV	Loice Rono	СВО	Written	kapajit Womwn Group
				St Peter's Mothers
90008OBSRV	Mary Langat	СВО	Written	Union - K
1000070BSRV	Mary Ngeno	СВО	Written	Kipkewa Women group
110006OBSRV	Matayo/Tiriyta	СВО	Written	KIPSAMAEK Clan
1200120BSRV	Rachael Masonik	СВО	Written	Yaganek Women group
				Sotik Division Disabled
1300050BSRV	Samuel Kirui	СВО	Written	Grou
				Kenya Women Political
1400030BSRV	Susan Rutto	СВО	Written	caucus
				Umar Herbal Health car
150004OBSRV	Umar Langat	СВО	Written	Serv
160005IBSRV	Albine Kiprono Rotich		Written	
170114IBSRV	Alfred K Teter	Individual	Oral - Public he	
180084IBSRV	Alfred Kibet Rono	Individual	Written	
190082IBSRV	Alfred Terer	Individual	Written	
200027IBSRV	Alice Chepkurus	Individual	Oral - Public he	
210128IBSRV	Alice Rotich	Individual	Oral - Public he	
220106IBSRV	Annah Maritim	Individual	Oral - Public he	
230007IBSRV	Anne Chebet	Individual	Written	
240076IBSRV	Augustine Chelule C	Individual	Written	
250006IBSRV	Augustine Kimutahi	Individual	Written	
260147IBSRV	Augustine Rotich	Individual	Oral - Public he	
270046IBSRV	Bel Kipbel Mibei	Individual	Oral - Public he	
280083IBSRV	Benson G Sang	Individual	Written	
290137IBSRV	Brigid C Langat	Individual	Oral - Public he	
300104IBSRV	Catherine Keino	Individual	Oral - Public he	
310001IBSRV	Charles Koskei	Individual	Written	
320034IBSRV	Chelile Ruto	Individual	Oral - Public he	
330074IBSRV	Chepkorir Koech	Individual	Written	
340077IBSRV	Chepkwony Keneth	Individual	Written	
350052IBSRV	Christine Koske	Individual	Oral - Public he	
360131IBSRV	Christopher Kigen	Individual	Oral - Public he	
370022IBSRV	Christopher Maritim	Individual	Written	
380132IBSRV	Christopher Mosonik	Individual	Oral - Public he	
390088IBSRV	Christophr K Kigen	Individual	Written	
400103IBSRV	Cllr David K	Individual	Oral - Public he	
410018IBSRV	Chepkwony Cllr Samuel Korir	Individual Individual	Memorandum	
410010105KV	Daniel Kiserian Ole			
420062IBSRV	Mor	Individual	Oral - Public he	
430013IBSRV	Daniel Koskei	Individual	Memorandum	
440003IBSRV	David Chepkwony	Individual	Written	
450009IBSRV	David Cheruiyot	Individual	Written	
460148IBSRV	David K Chir Chir	Individual	Oral - Public he	
				ļ

470116IBSRV	Dovid Kiplonget Siele	المطنبينطييها	Oral - Public he
	David Kiplangat Siele		
480145IBSRV	David Kirui	Individual	Oral - Public he
490044IBSRV	David Koech	Individual	Oral - Public he
500120IBSRV	David Rono	Individual	Oral - Public he
510065IBSRV		Individual	Written
520041IBSRV	Dickson Matepsoi	Individual	Oral - Public he
530036IBSRV	Elija Kirui	Individual	Oral - Public he
540015IBSRV	Esther Laboso	Individual	Written
550054IBSRV	Esther Matei	Individual	Oral - Public he
560127IBSRV	Esther Towett	Individual	Oral - Public he
570049IBSRV	Father Richard Soi	Individual	Oral - Public he
	Francis Kipsiele		
580119IBSRV	Langat	Individual	Oral - Public he
590135IBSRV	Francis Ngeno	Individual	Oral - Public he
600143IBSRV	Francis Serem	Individual	Oral - Public he
610109IBSRV	Gabriel Bor	Individual	Oral - Public he
620037IBSRV	Gilbert Mabwai	Individual	Oral - Public he
630092IBSRV	,	Individual	Oral - Public he
640058IBSRV		Individual	Oral - Public he
650057IBSRV	Irene Rogony	Individual	Oral - Public he
660042IBSRV	Jackson Bii	Individual	Oral - Public he
670072IBSRV	,	Individual	Written
680004IBSRV	Jeriro Francis	Individual	Written
690026IBSRV	Joel Kibiego Song	Individual	Oral - Public he
700029IBSRV	Joel Makori	Individual	Oral - Public he
710030IBSRV	John arap Musonik	Individual	Oral - Public he
720047IBSRV	John Bor Birir	Individual	Oral - Public he
730118IBSRV	John K kitur	Individual	Oral - Public he
740129IBSRV	John K Rutoh	Individual	Oral - Public he
750014IBSRV	John Keter	Individual	Written
760033IBSRV	John Kilel	Individual	Oral - Public he
770108IBSRV	John Kimutai Koskei	Individual	Written
780021IBSRV	John Laboso Rono	Individual	Written
790039IBSRV	John Tole	Individual	Oral - Public he
	Johnathan Kiplangat		
800101IBSRV	Rut	Individual	Oral - Public he
81 0040IBSRV	Johnathan Soi	Individual	Oral - Public he
820024IBSRV	Johnson Matara	Individual	Memorandum
830122IBSRV	Joseph K Maritim	Individual	Oral - Public he
840050IBSRV	Joseph Kiprop Kirui	Individual	Oral - Public he
850121IBSRV	Joseph Mwei	Individual	Oral - Public he
860035IBSRV	Joseph Simutwa	Individual	Oral - Public he
870059IBSRV	Joseph Terer	Individual	Oral - Public he
880023IBSRV	Julius Kimitai	Individual	Written
890115IBSRV	Julius Kiptonui Soi	Individual	Oral - Public he
900068IBSRV	Julius Tonui	Individual	Written
910099IBSRV	Julliana Towett	Individual	Oral - Public he
920051IBSRV	Justus Cheruiyot	Individual	Oral - Public he
930096IBSRV	K P Kemo	Individual	Oral - Public he
940081IBSRV	Kennedy Maritim	Individual	Written
950017IBSRV	Kimunai arap Soi	Individual	Written
960079IBSRV	Kipkemoi Rono	Individual	Written
970142IBSRV	Kipkobei Mibei	Individual	Oral - Public he
980141IBSRV	Kipkoech Tonui	Individual	Oral - Public he
990105IBSRV		Individual	Oral - Public he
1000073IBSRV		Individual	Written
1000010100101			

1010019IBSRV	Kiprono Siele	Individual	Written	
1020066IBSRV	Kiprotich Bii Samoei	Individual	Written	
1020000100100	Kiprotich Tonui		VIIILEIT	
1030080IBSRV	Edward	Individual	Written	
	Kipyegon Ngeny			
1040061IBSRV	Peter	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1050075IBSRV	Kirui Robert	Individual	Written	
1060102IBSRV	Kiusele A Bon	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1070090IBSRV	Koech Wesley	Individual	Written	
1080113IBSRV	Koitamet	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	Koskei Kipngeno			
1090149IBSRV	John	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1100087IBSRV	Langat K Bismark	Individual	Written	
1110150IBSRV	Langat Kimutai	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1120125IBSRV	Lela Tuei Philiph	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1130094IBSRV	Maritim Serser	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1140110IBSRV	Mark Kinuy	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1150043IBSRV	Mathew K Ngetich	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1160130IBSRV	Mathia Langat	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1170089IBSRV	Mathias Langat	Individual	Written	
1180134IBSRV	Ngeno Francis	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1190063IBSRV	Nicholus Mbiru	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1200031IBSRV	Nyoley Micah	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1210064IBSRV	Paul Kiget	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1220085IBSRV	Paul Koech	Individual	Written	
1230071IBSRV	Paul Korir	Individual	Written	
1240111IBSRV	Paul Kosgei	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1250136IBSRV	Pauline Chelangat	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1260011IBSRV	Peter K Koskei	Individual	Written	
1270020IBSRV	Peter K Rono	Individual	Written	
1280112IBSRV	Petrolima	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1290069IBSRV	Philip Kiplangat Kirui	Individual	Written	
1300045IBSRV	Philip Rono	Individual	Oral - Public he	
131 0098IBSRV	Philiph Kosgei	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1320012IBSRV	Pr Lelei K David	Individual	Written	
1330146IBSRV	Raeli K Soi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1340140IBSRV	Raphael Cheruiyot	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1350139IBSRV	Richard Chumo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	Richard Kimutai			
1360100IBSRV	Kipnget	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1370144IBSRV	Richard Kirui	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1380133IBSRV	Richard Sambu	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1390016IBSRV	Robert Soi	Individual	Written	
1400060IBSRV	Samson K Chirchir	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1410117IBSRV	Samual Kipeono Soi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1420053IBSRV	Samuel Yegon	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1430097IBSRV	Sarah Kenei	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1440107IBSRV	Selin Cheruiyot	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1450123IBSRV	Selina Korir	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	Siele Andrew			
1460067IBSRV	Kipngetich	Individual	Written	
1470038IBSRV	Simon Korir	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1480008IBSRV	Solomon K Manyibei	Individual	Written	
1490151IBSRV	Stanley K Rop	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1500138IBSRV	Stephen K Mutai	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1510070IBSRV	Stephen Ronony	Individual	Written	
1520025IBSRV	Stephen Towet	Individual	Oral - Public he	

	002008010		nding Constituer		
177	0026OBSRV	Ronald Keter	Religious Organisation	Written	Church
170	UUIOUDSKV		Religious Organisation	vvnillen	Sotik Parich (ACK) Kapkesembe ABC
	0017OBSRV 0016OBSRV	Philiph Ngetich Rebecca Laboso	Religious Organisation	Written Written	Peace C
470		Dhiliph Maatiah	Deligious Organia-ti-r		Catholic Justice and
174	0015OBSRV	Pator Gideon Tonui	Religious Organisation	Memorandum	NCCK Bureti District
	0011OBSRV	Seroney	Religious Organisation	Memorandum	SDA
		Pastor Samuel			
172	0025OBSRV	Joseph Koros	Religious Organisation	Memorandum	Catholic Justice & Peace Com
171	0018OBSRV	Mike Kimalel Korir	Politcal Party	Written	KANU - Sotik Branch
	0019OBSRV	Samson K Chirchir	Other Institutions	Written	Uswet Community
	0021OBSRV	Emmie Chepkirui	Other Institutions	Written	Chebaibai Original Music gro
168	0014OBSRV	Andrew Kibet Langat	Other Institutions	Written	Residents
167	0001OBSRV	Wilson Kiter	NGO	Written	Blind Chemagel Location
100					Kenya Unioun for the
	0028IBSRV	Wilson Langat	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	0056IBSRV	Wilson Korir	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	00321BSRV 00931BSRV	Waller Roho William Tobon	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	0078IBSRV	Walter Rono	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	01261BSRV 00781BSRV	Vincent Mutai	Individual	Written	
	0086IBSRV 0126IBSRV	Tuei Rotich Tuei Rotich	Individual Individual	Oral - Public he Oral - Public he	
	0002IBSRV	Thomas Soi	Individual	Written	
	0124IBSRV	Thomas Kamoime	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	0095IBSRV	Thomas K Langat	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	0091IBSRV	Terek Kipkurui	Individual	Written	
	0048IBSRV	Taprandich Too	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	0010IBSRV	Stephene Koech	Individual	Written	
	0055IBSRV	Stephene Kerich	Individual	Oral - Public he	

Appendix 4:Persons Attending Constituency Hearings

No.	Name:	Address: (Sotik)	No.	Name:	Address: (Sotik)
1	Charles Koskei	P.O.Box 392	30	Joseph Tonui	P.O.Box 123
2	William Yegon	P.O.Box 154	31	Anne Chebet	P.O.Box 44
3	Thomas Soy	P.O.Box 115	32	David Yegon	P.O.Box 18
4	Wilson Keter	P.O.Box 511	33	Mike Bosire	P.O.Box 586
5	Stephen Koech	P.O.Box 860	34	Gerald Senkomo	P.O.Box 586
6	Walter Ronoh	P.O.Box 33	35	Wesley Ronoh	P.O.Box 173
7	Mary Ngeno	P.O.Box 207.	36	Susan Ruto	P.O.Box 12984 NBI
8	David Chepkwony	P.O.Box 407	37	Johnstone Koech	P.O.Box 44
9	Dennis Buseinei	P.O.Box 123	38	Philip Ngetich	P.O.Box 844
10	Cllr. Kipsama Korir	P.O.Box 252	39	Wilson Langat	P.O.Box 236
11	Cheriro Francis	P.O.Box 844	40	Solomon Manyibei	P.O.Box 248 LTN
12	David Cheruiyot	P.O.Box 68 Bomet	41	Richard Korir	P.O.Box 204
13	Stephen Towett	P.O.Box 32 Ndanas	42	Omar Langat	P.O.Box 402
14	Joseah Mutai	P.O.Box 32 Ndanas	43	Walter Rotich	P.O.Box 408
15	Johnathan Soy	P.O.Box 236	44	Samuel Korir	P.O.Box 37
16	John Tole	P.O.Box 236	45	David Cheruiyot	P.O.Box 898
17	Mr. Joel Sang	P.O.Box 850	46	Dennis Koech	P.O.Box 79
18	Paul Cheruiyot	P.O.Box 150	47	Joel Yebei	P.O.Box 860
19	Wilson Langat	P.O.Box 751	48	Samwel Kini	P.O.Box 43
20	Albin Rotich	P.O.Box 716	49	Joel Makori	P.O.Box 34
21	Alice Chepkirui	P.O.Box 295	50	Stanley Kirui	P.O.Box 307
22	Agustine Ronoh	P.O.Box 154	51	Peter Rotich	P.O.Box 439

23	Henry Kerich	P.O.Box 99	52	Mr. Daniel Ngetich	P.O.Box 860
23 24	Atkins Kipkemoi	P.O.Box 38	52 53	Mrs Esther Labosso	P.O.Box 52
24 25			53 54		
25 26	Cllr. Samwel Korir David Rotich	P.O.Box 207.	54 55	Shadrack oros	P.O.Box 207. P.O.Box 236
20	Alexander Kiprotich	P.O.Box 770	55	Philip ChePkwony	P.U.DUX 230
27	Mutai	P.O.Box 770	56	Joseph Yegon	P.O.Box 81
28	Paul Kiget	P.O.Box 144	50 57	John Mosonik	P.O.Box 28
20 29	Mike Korir	P.O.Box 206	57 58	Mathayo Tiritai	P.O.Box 265
	Micah Nyolei	P.O.Box 43	94	Simon Korir	P.O.Box 506
60	Peter Koskei	P.O.Box 248 LTN	95	David Koskei	P.O.Box 751
61	John Kilel	P.O.Box 622	96	Agustine Belion	P.O.Box 260
62	Pastor David Leley	P.O.Box 194	97	Andrew Langat	P.O.Box 898
63	Elisa Apollo	P.O.Box 72	98	Cllr. Joel Kiget	P.O.Box 289
63 64	Daniel Koske	P.O.Box 467 Kericho	99	Cllr. Martina Soy	P.O.Box 276
65	Chelule Ruto	P.O.Box 725	100	Wesley Koskei	P.O.Box 238
66 66	Joseph Simotwo	P.O.Box 337	100	Peter Bett	P.O.Box 175
67		P.O.Box 715	102	Jackson Bii	P.O.Box 1
67 68	Christina Sang James Leitich	P.O.Box 715 P.O.Box 8 Mogogo	102	Dickson M. Soy	P.O.Box 166
68 69	Pastor Seroney	P.O.Box 8 Mogogo P.O.Box 962	103	William Turget	P.O.Box 166 P.O.Box 675
69 70	,		104	Philiph Sitienei	P.O.Box 675 P.O.Box 81
70 71	Elijah Kirui Erastus Muva	P.O.Box 416	105		
71 72	Erastus Muya William Yegon	P.O.Box 685 P.O.Box 154	106	John Turget Kimunai Soy	P.O.Box 81 P.O.Box 59
72 73	Julius Mutai				
		P.O.Box 32	108	Jamson Chirchir	P.O.Box 772
74 75	Korin Henry	P.O.Box 205	109	Rael Marusoi	D O D 000
75 70	Samwel Koskei	P.O.Box 182	110	Mike Korir	P.O.Box 206
76 77	Kiplangat Buseinei	P.O.Box 424	111	Edwan kimui	P.O.Box 295
77	John Keter	P.O.Box 320	112	John Mutai	P.O.Box 281
78 70	Silvester Mosonik	P.O.Box 231	113	Agustine Langat	P.O.Box 281
79 22	Benard Terer	P.O.Box 35	114	Cllr. Christopher Maritim	P.O.Box 281
80	James Maritim	P.O.Box 519	115	Kibore Koech	P.O.Box 1
81	Joseph Mwei	P.O.Box 794	116	Philiph Ngeno	P.O.Box 292
82	David Rotich	P.O.Box 319	117	Lawrence Kirui	P.O.Box 120
83	David Chelule	P.O.Box 822		Joseph Maswai	P.O.Box 292
84	Gilbert Mibwai	P.O.Box 705	119	Philiph Ronoh	P.O.Box 770
85	Samwel Ngeno	P.O.Box 416	120	John Cheruiyot	P.O.Box 860
86	Benard Sigei	P.O.Box 154	121	Albina K. Ronoh	P.O.Box 79 LTN
87	Peter Cheruiyot	P.O.Box 286	122	Paul Kirui	P.O.Box 253
88	Father Soy	P.O.Box 90	123	Gideon Tanui	P.O.Box 403
89	Simon Soy	P.O.Box 58 LTN	124	Peter K. Ronoh	P.O.Box 1
90	Recho Mosonik	P.O.Box 545	125	John Korir	P.O.Box 194
91 22	Charles Kirui	P.O.Box 243	126	John Langat	P.O.Box 194
92	Alice Koech	P.O.Box 154	127	Leonard Sigei	P.O.Box 286
93	loyce Ronoh	P.O.Box 154	128	Daniel Chirchir	P.O.Box 174
129	David Koech	P.O.Box 111	162	Esther Mateb	P.O.Box 22
	Mathew Ngetich	P.O.Box 123	163	Stephen Kerich	P.O.Box 49 Nakuru
131	Isaac Lowoi	P.O.Box 111	164	Kibet Ruto	P.O.Box 835
132	Jacob Ronoh	P.O.Box 853	165	Wilson Korir	P.O.Box 650
133	Eli Cheruiyot	P.O.Box 123	166	Abdi Mohamed	P.O.Box 828
	Lipelel Mibei	P.O.Box 231	167	Peter Koech	P.O.Box 828
	Richard Leley	P.O.Box 94 Longosia	168	Albina Rogany	P.O.Box 90
136	Richard Mursi	P.O.Box 860	169	Hon. Anthony Kimeto	P.O.Box 123 Ndanai
137	Francis Osego		170	Joseph Tonui	P.O.Box 260
138	Wilson Soy	P.O.Box 58	171	David Langat	P.O.Box 260
139	Albert Langat	P.O.Box 6	172	Pauline Kerik	P.O.Box 1
	Paul Birir	P.O.Box 51	173	Langat Johnstone	P.O.Box 99
141	Philip Bor	P.O.Box 1	174	Paul Tonui	P.O.Box 77

142	Taprandich Too	P.O.Box 403	175	Alfred Kosks	P.O.Box 43
143	Kiprono Siele	P.O.Box 154	176	Francis Lenaso	P.O.Box 201
144	Joseph Barchok	P.O.Box 403	177	Wesley Bii	P.O.Box 815
145	Richard Koske	P.O.Box 319	178	Kenneth Ruto	P.O.Box 491
146	Philiph Kipngeno	P.O.Box 329	179	Johnstone Matara	P.O.Box 389
147	John K. Koech	P.O.Box 123	180	Reuben Sigei	P.O.Box 62
148	Anthony Mibei	P.O.Box 33	181	Joseph Terer	P.O.Box 44
149	Robert Ng`etich	P.O.Box 200	182	Isaac Tele	P.O.Box 44
150	Joseph Kirui	P.O.Box 469	183	Kiprotich Arap Chebioset	P.O.Box 319
151	Kipyegon Ngeny	P.O.Box 204	184	Ambrose Arap Soi	P.O.Box 844
152	David Koech	P.O.Box 320	185	Daniel Kiserian Ole Murgo	P.O.Box 69
153	Daniel Torett	P.O.Box 319 LTN	186	Stephen Koech	P.O.Box 844
154	Christine Koskei	P.O.Box 33	187	Richard Chepkwon	P.O.Box 357
155	Edda Yegon	P.O.Box 33	188	Alfred Korir	P.O.Box 794
156	Justus Cheruiyot	P.O.Box 319	189	David Cheruiyot	P.O.Box 710
157	Ronald Kirui	P.O.Box 319	190	Edward Maritim	P.O.Box 518
158	Joseoh Langat	P.O.Box 596	191	Samwel Ruto	P.O.Box 610
159	Emmy Chebaibai	P.O.Box 518	192	David Koros	P.O.Box 166
160	FrancisMurei	P.O.Box 120 RRT	193	Nicholas Mbirii	P.O.Box 392
161	Michael Keter	P.O.Box 58	194	Joseph Kimeto	P.O.Box 392