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## 1. DISTRICT PROFILE

Bungoma District is one of 8 districts of the Western Province of Kenya.

### 1.1. Demographic Characteristics

<b>District Population by Sex</b>	<b>Male</b>	<b>Female</b>	<b>Total</b>
	425,957	450,534	876,491
<b>Total District Population Aged 18 years &amp; Below</b>	260,605	260,469	519,074
<b>Total District Population Aged Above 18 years</b>	165,352	190,065	357,417
<b>Population Density (persons/Km<sup>2</sup>)</b>	424		

### 1.2. Socio-Economic Profile

Bungoma District:

- Is 4<sup>th</sup> most densely populated district in the province;
- Has one of the highest primary school enrolment rates in the province at 86.8%, being ranked 2<sup>nd</sup> in the province and 7 nationally;
- Has one of the highest secondary school enrolment rates in the province at 28.0%, being ranked 3<sup>rd</sup> in the province and 19 nationally;
- Experiences the following main diseases: Malaria, Anaemia, Broncho Pneumonia, Gastro-Enteritis, and Typhoid;
- Has a 21.7% malnourishment rate of children under 5 years of age, being ranked 17<sup>th</sup> of 42 of the nationally ranked districts;
- Has 92 of 1000 of its live babies dying before the 1<sup>st</sup> birthday, being ranked 35<sup>th</sup> of 44 of the nationally ranked districts;
- Has a life expectancy of 55.3 years, being ranked 25<sup>th</sup> of 45 of the nationally ranked districts;
- Has an absolute poverty level of 55.21% being ranked 23 of 46 nationally ranked districts;
- Has a 57.12% food poverty level being ranked 28<sup>th</sup> of 42 nationally ranked districts;
- Has a monthly mean household income of Ksh. 5,526;
- Has an unemployment rate of 29.72%;
- Has 74.30% of its residents accessing clean water; and
- 87.10% of its residents having safe sanitation.

Bungoma district has 5 constituencies: Kimilili, Webuye, Sirisia, Kanduyi, and Bumula Constituencies. The district's 5 MPs, each cover on average an area of 414 Km<sup>2</sup> to reach 175,298 constituents. In the 1997 general election, FORD-K, an opposition political party, won all the parliamentary seats in the district. It won, Kimilili, Webuye, Sirisia, Kanduyi, and Bumula parliamentary seats with 87.96%, 67.73%, 78.76%, 80.88%, and 78.08% valid votes respectively.

## 2. CONSTITUTION MAKING/REVIEW PROCESS

### 2.1. Constituency Constitutional Forums (CCFs)

#### 2.1.1. Philosophy

The Constituency Constitutional Forum (CCF) plays a very significant role in the review of the constitution. It is designated as one of the organs ‘through which the review process shall be conducted’ - (sec. 4(1) of the Constitution of Kenya Review Act, Cap.3A). The importance attached to the CCF arises from the recognition of the need to involve the people fully in the review of the constitution. Only through such participation of the public will the new constitution reflect the preferences, hopes and aspirations of the people. It would also increase people’s knowledge of constitutional issues, and facilitate their familiarity with the provisions of the new constitution. Additionally, the process, enhances the legitimacy of the constitution among Kenyans and their sense of ownership over it. In these ways the proper implementation and safeguarding of the constitution will be facilitated.

#### 2.1.2. Composition and Establishment

The 1997 Review Act had provided for district forums ‘to mobilize communities at the local level for the purpose of civic education in preparation for the Commission’s work and to perform such other duties as the Commission may assign’ - (sec. 12A (6)). The District Forums were to consist of members elected to represent locations, religious organizations, and the disabled, in addition to MPs and members of every local authority in the district. The Act contained several provisions prescribing minimum qualifications for membership and regulating the operations of the District Forums.

The Select Committee of the National Assembly, which reviewed the Act in early 2000, decided to replace the District Forums with Constituency Forums to get views ‘directly from the people in the constituency without necessarily going through the rigours of an election to determine the members of the forum’. It thought that this would provide for a more popular form of participation. It recommended on the simplification of the forum to avoid elections. The Select Committee envisaged the constituency forum as an ‘open forum with no specific structures’, which should be ‘flexible and easy to manage’. Its opinion was that the ‘existing leadership comprising Members of Parliament, councilors, community based organizations, religious groups and individuals should be able to present views and opinions directly from the grassroots’ ( *The Report of the Parliamentary Select Committee Reviewing the Constitution of Kenya Review Act, 1997*, April 2000). It removed the regulatory powers of the Commission over the forum, its role being confined to the ‘facilitation’ of the forum. It also changed the function of the forum from the facilitation of civic education to also include facilitation and the collection of the views of the public on proposals to alter the constitution.

In view of the limited role of the CKRC in the establishment of the CCF’s, the CKRC prepared and gazetted Guidelines for the operationalization of the constituency constitutional forums. The Guidelines stipulated that all the residents of a constituency would constitute the CCF. The CCF is described as one of the organs ‘through which the review process shall be conducted’ - (sec.4(1)). The CCF was thus one of the principal ways in which the views of the public were to be obtained.

In order to coordinate and facilitate the activities of the CCF, a Constituency Constitutional Committee (CCC) was to be established. The Guidelines proposed its membership to consist of 10 persons, of which three would be ex-officio: the local MP, the chair of the County Council in which the constituency is located, and the District Coordinator. The Guidelines stated that the membership would be as broad and representative of the people of the constituency as possible and recommended that at least a third of the committee should be women.

### 2.1.3. **Functions of CCF**

- Facilitation of collection of the views of the public at the constituency level on proposals to alter the constitution; and
- Debate and discussion of the views of the members of the public on proposals to alter the constitution.

In performance of these functions, the CKRC was required to visit all constituencies (Sec.18 (1)(a)).

### 2.1.4. **Functions of CCC**

- The functions of the CCC were mainly facilitative and advisory, the primary aim being to enhance the effective participation in the ownership of the constitution review process by the people at the constituency level;
- The CCC was also mandated to promote, facilitate and monitor civic education at the constituency level in collaboration with the District Coordinator and civic education providers;
- Additionally, the CCC had to ensure that the constituency had access to all information relevant to the review process in coordination with District Documentation centers; and
- Finally, the CCC was also mandated with the task of dissemination of the report of the CKRC. It was to be assisted in this by the District Coordinator, who was also its accounting officer, in relation to funds that were made available to it by CKRC.

It is important to emphasize that the Guidelines were advisory, and the local community was free to modify them to suit local circumstances. For example, the size of the CCC could be increased when and if adequate representation and diversity required it.

### 2.1.5. **Date of Commencement of Work**

The Constituency Constitutional Forum (CCF) was to run for an initial period commencing November 2001 up to September 2002. Accordingly, each Constituency Constitutional Committee (CCC) should have been constituted at the very latest by the end of November 2001. The Constituency Constitutional Forum was to be operational by that time.

## 2.2. **District Coordinators**

### 2.2.1. **Mandate/Terms of Reference**

- Be the local grass root representative;
- Perform the generalization activities in the district;

- Be in charge of the documentation center/s in the district, facilitate its/their respective management, ensuring they are stocked and are easily accessible to the public and also organize their safety and security;
- Gathering any relevant local information and materials for the purpose of constitution making;
- Facilitate the identification, classification and organization of the physical and electronic retrieval and dissemination of information and materials for constitution making;
- Supply such information needed by local constituency forums and committees;
- Liaise with other documentation centers nearby and others for information;
- In collaboration with constituency committees, identify and arrange venues for public hearing whenever the CKRC visits the constituencies in their area;
- Facilitate regular meetings of the constituency committees and involve local people as much as possible in discussing constitutional issues;
- Source and identify other key personnel that the CKRC may wish to consult or engage in its work;
- Identify and arrange for simultaneous local translations, sign language users, procurement and hiring of public address systems, transport and communication facilities for CKRC's meetings in the district;
- Monitor the implementation of civic education by civic education providers in the district;
- Facilitate the formation of constituency committees with guidance and assistance of CKRC; and
- Perform any other tasks as directed by CKRC.

### 2.2.2. **Criteria for Appointment**

- Diversity in the composition, taking into account ethnicity, age, religion and professional or occupational background; and
- Appointees had at least attained Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education **or its equivalent.**

## 3. **CIVIC EDUCATION**

Civic education in the constitution was carried out between 25<sup>th</sup> February 2002 and 9<sup>th</sup> April 2002

### 3.1. **Phases and areas covered in civic education**

Stage 1 is the only phase that has been covered. This is the stage preceding collection of views. This stage dealt with information, knowledge, skills and virtues that enabled Kenyans have an informed choice and present their views on constitutional review.

### 3.2. **Issues and areas covered:**

- Constitution
- Constitution making process
- The constitution of Kenya
- Emerging issues
- Structures and systems of government

#### 4. CONSTITUENCY PUBLIC HEARINGS.

##### 4.1. Logistical Details

1. **Date and Number of Days for Public Hearings**
  - a) Date(s)
  - b) Total Number of Days:
2. **Venue**
  - a) Number of Venues:
  - b) Venue(s):
3. **Panels**

#### 4.2. Attendance Details

Category	Details	Number
<b>Number of People Who Presented</b>		146
<b>Sex</b>	Male	105
	Female	14
	Not Stated	37
<b>Presenter Type</b>	Individual	98
	Institutions	11
	Not Stated	37
<b>Educational Background</b>	Primary Level	18
	Secondary/High School Level	75
	College	0
	University	15
	None	0
	Not Stated	37
	Other (Adult Education/Vernacular/Madrassa/Informal Education)	0
<b>Form of Presentation</b>	Memoranda	10
	Oral	73
	Written	27
	Oral + Memoranda	0
	Oral + Written	35
	Not Stated	0

#### 4.3. Concerns and Recommendations

The following are the recommendations made by the presenters in Sirisia Constituency. The recommendations were collated around 43 areas of concern, from the Preamble to National integrity/identity. Only areas where recommendations were made in the constituency are covered. The numbers in parentheses represent the number of times the recommendation (bulleted) was made, either orally or through written memoranda. Each count on a specific recommendation was picked from an individual, a group or an organization. Where a presenter made different recommendations on the same area of concern, each recommendation was counted separately. Where no number appears in parentheses, the recommendation was made only once.

#### 4.3.1. **PREAMBLE**

- ? The constitution should have a preamble (14)
- ? The new preamble should recognize God as the head;
- ? The preamble should be simple and clear;
- ? The preamble should respect the dignity and sanctity of life.
- ? The preamble should express the patriotism and nationalism of all Kenyans.
- ? National vision should be set in the constitution (3)
- ? National vision set the constitution should be life;
- ? Constitution should state that it is made by the people and should tenant of human dignity;
- ? There should be provision to enhance national vision in terms of good governance, democracy, respect of diversity etc;
- ? The national vision should include enhancing national unity;
- ? That men and women have equal undeniable right to life, liberty and pursuit of happiness;
- ? The preamble should capture our history;
- ? Common experiences that should be reflected in the constitution should include: how we related to each other during pre-colonial times; struggle for independence (4); diverse culture and unity; the role of the almighty for the peace and stability;

#### 4.3.2. **DIRECTIVE PRINCIPLES OF STATE POLICY**

- ? The people of the Kenya supreme and powers should be held in trust of the people (2);
- ? There should be statement of our national philosophy and guiding principle contained in our constitution (5);
- ? The people of Kenya are sovereign;
- ? Democratic principle of truth, justice, liberty, equality, freedom should be included in the constitution (2);
- ? There should be checks and balances and separation of powers in the arms of the government (4);
- ? The constitution should guarantee multi party democracy (2);
- ? The constitution should provide for the responsiveness of the government of the day to the needs of the Kenyans;
- ? Value of hard work, moral and ethical decency, generosity, openness, gender equality and sensitivity should be reflected in the constitution;
- ? Values like social justice, mutual responsibility, and human dignity should be captured in the constitution;
- ? Democratic principles should be enforced in law (4);
- ? The constitution should provide that the law should apply in a non-discriminatory manner to all Kenyans.

#### 4.3.3. **CONSTITUTIONAL SUPREMACY**

- ? The constitution should be amended by the 75% majority votes in the parliament (8);
- ? The constitution should retain the 65% votes required to amend the constitution (2);
- ? The parliament should require 85% votes to amend the constitution;

- ? Amendment of the constitution should require unanimous support in the national assembly;
- ? Parliament power to amend the constitution should be limited (4);
- ? Parliament should only have power for minor amendment;
- ? Parts like the life of the parliament, security, Mps salaries and public funds should be beyond amending power of the parliament;
- ? Separation of powers within the organ of the government, fundamental rights, executive powers should be beyond the amending powers of the parliament (2);
- ? There should be public referendum to amend the constitution (12);
- ? AG and the representative from all sector of the government should conduct the national referendum;
- ? Electoral commission should conduct the referendum;
- ? Referendum should be conducted by the chairman of ECK, speaker of the national assembly, Chief justice, Attorney general, cleric, employers, workers, representative of LSk and head of the public service;
- ? The Kenya constitution review commission should conduct by the public referendum;

#### 4.3.4. **CITIZENSHIP**

- Person born of both Kenyan parents should be automatic citizen (6);
- All person born in Kenya should be regarded as automatic citizen;
- The constitution should retain the current provision for citizenship;
- The constitution should specify that all people are equal;
- Citizenship could be acquired through naturalization or registration (5);
- Spouses of Kenyan citizens should be regarded automatic citizens (8);
- Child born of one Kenyan parents should be regarded citizen only if the Kenyan parent is a father;
- Child born of Kenyan parents should be taken as automatic citizen (6);
- Child born of Kenyan parents should be taken as automatic citizen if the child is born in Kenya;
- Citizen should be involved in national building;
- Citizens have right to protection by the law;
- Citizens should be patriotic;
- Citizen should abide by the law and enjoy political, economical and social right;
- Citizens should have access to basic needs;
- Citizens should have right to acquire national identity cards;
- Dual citizenship should not be allowed (6);
- Dual citizen should be allowed (6);
- National identity cards, birth certificates and passport should be used as a proof of citizenship (6);

#### 4.3.5. **DEFENSE AND NATIONAL SECURITY**

- Discipline forces should be established in the constitution (8);
- Police should be adequately framed to deliver good services (2);
- An independent armed force service commission should discipline the forces;
- Court martial should discipline the armed forces (2);
- President should be the commander in chief of armed forces (11);
- The president should not have the executive power to declare war (2);

- Executive should have the power to declare war conjunction with the parliament;
- Parliament should have exclusive power to declare war;
- The constitution should permit the use of extra ordinary powers during emergencies (3);
- Parliament should have authority to invoke emergency powers (4);
- President should invoke emergency powers in consultation with the parliament (2);
- The head of the executive should have powers to declare emergency wars;
- Parliament should have powers to control the movement of the armed forces and invoking emergency powers (2);
- Armed forces should be involved in building and maintaining infrastructures;

#### 4.3.6. **POLITICAL PARTIES**

- Political parties should work towards uniting Kenyans;
- Political parties should work on the issues of development agendas (4);
- Political parties should build schools, bridges, hospital and supply clean water;
- Political parties should discourage government from favoring politically correct areas;
- Constitution should regulate formation, management and conduct of the political parties (15);
- Number of the political parties should be limited to three (7);
- Political parties should be limited to four (3);
- Political parties should be limited to five (4);
- Political parties should be limited to two;
- There should be no limit to the number of the political party;
- Political parties should be funded by the government (3);
- Political parties should have private sponsor;
- Political parties should have to finance its own operation (2);
- Political parties should be financed from the consolidated funds (2);
- Political parties should be financed from the public funds (10);
- Political parties should have good national outlook and leadership vision to be financed;
- Political parties should have current sitting 10 Mps to be financed;
- Only non tribal political parties which have 30% women representation should be financed;
- The political party should be more than three years old with good record to be financed;
- Financing of the political parties should be subject to audit (2);
- Only those parties which is regulated and managed by the state should be financed;
- Political parties should consult on national issues (3);
- President should not be partisan (2);
- State television coverage for all the political parties;
- State should adopt warm reception to the ruling and the opposition Mps;
- State and political parties should consult in the matters of security and defense;
- There should be distinction between the state and the political parties (2);
- ? The constitution should provide for a clause that restricts the number of political parties.

#### 4.3.7. **STRUCTURES AND SYSTEMS OF GOVERNMENT**

- Retain the presidential system of the government (7);

- Adopt parliamentary system of the government (11);
- Prime minister office should be established (4);
- Prime minister should be elected by the political parties;
- Prime minister should be appointed by the president;
- Prime minister should be the head of the government (7);
- ? President should be head of the state (6);
- ? The president should have executive powers;
- ? The president should be ceremonial (3);
- ? The prime minister should appoint ministers;
- ? Duties of the prime minister should be specified in the constitution;
- ? Unitary system of the government should be retained (2);
- ? We should adopt federal system of government (15);
- ? We should not adopt federal system of government;
- ? Recitation on developments should be taken to local levels;
- ? Constituency should manage their own affairs;
- ? DDC should be run by the elected representative;
- ? Powers should be decentralized to the lower levels like chiefs and assistant chiefs;
- ? There should be regional devolution of powers (2);
- ? Judiciary, police and the essential services should be decentralized;
- ? Powers should be distributed to the local authorities for better service;
- ? Vice president should not be an Mp or minister;
- ? Vice president should be elected;
- ? Vice president should be president's running mate (4);
- ? The function of the vice president should be well defined in the constitution;
- ? Presidential candidate should have two running mate;
- ? The attorney general should be appointed by the parliament (2);
- ? The office of the AG should be established in the constitution;
- ? President should appoint the attorney general;
- ? AG should be the legal government advisor and should not be an MP;

#### 4.3.8. **THE LEGISLATURE**

- Appointment of the chief justice should be vetted by the parliament;
- Appointment of ministers should be vetted by the parliament (3);
- Appointment of chairman of parastatal bodies should be vetted by the parliament;
- Appointment of judges, and police chiefs should be vetted by the parliament;
- Appointment of electoral commissioners should be vetted by the parliament;
- Appointment of Controller and auditor general should be vetted by the parliament;
- Appointment of presidential nominees should be vetted by the parliament;
- Parliament should appoint all the commission;
- Parliament should determine the salaries of the civil service;
- Parliament should approve funding of the political parties;
- Parliament should approve creation of new districts (2);
- The constitution should provide that parliament should authorize fund appropriation of public finances and not the executive
- Parliament should approve for foreign aid borrowing;
- Function of parliament should be expanded (2);
- Parliament should be independent (2);

- Mps should be allowed to vote electronically
- Parliament should have its own calendar (5);
- Parliament should control its own affairs (6);
- Limited the procedure of the parliament;
- Being MPs should be full time occupation (12);
- Voting age should be 18 years;
- Parliamentary candidate should be 25 years old (3);
- Parliamentary candidate should be 21 years old
- Parliamentary candidate should be 21-75 years old
- Parliamentary candidate should be 30 years old
- Presidential candidate should be above 35 years
- Presidential candidate should be above 30 years (2)
- Presidential candidate should be 35-75 years (2)
- Presidential candidate should be 50 years
- Presidential candidate should be 40 years (2)
- Presidential candidate should be 36 years
- Presidential candidate should be above 45 years (2)
- Presidential candidate should be 45-85 years
- Presidential candidate should be 35-80 years
- ? The Presidential candidate should be above 35 years
- ? Parliamentary candidates should undergo language test (4)
- ? Parliamentary candidate should be high school leaver (4)
- ? Parliamentary candidate should be a graduate (2)
- ? Parliamentary candidates should have moral and ethical qualification (9);
- ? Parliamentary candidate should serve for two terms only;
- ? Parliamentary candidate should have recommendation letter from the a religious society;
- ? Electorate should have right to recall non performing member of parliament (18);
- ? Mps should ct on the conscience and instruction from the constituents (12);
- ? An independent commission should determine the salaries of the MPs (7);
- ? The constitutional courts should determine the salaries of an MP;
- ? MPs salaries should be determined by the public;
- ? Legislative service commission should determine the salaries of the MPs;
- ? Mps salaries should be reduced;
- ? Former MPs should be pensionable;
- ? Mps should not have power to determine their salaries;
- ? The constitution should provide that MPs should decide their own salaries.
- ? MPs should be given salaries according to their qualification;
- ? The concept of the nominated Mps should be retained;
- ? The seats of the nominated Mps should be given to the vulnerable groups and special interest groups (8)
- ? The concept of the nominated Mps should be abolished;
- ? Nomination of MPs should be reduced to six;
- ? Women should have equal representation in parliament (2);
- ? There should be a woman minister;
- ? 30% of the MPs should be women;
- ? At least a women should be in parliament from each district;
- ? Eight seats should be reserved for women in parliament;

- ? There should be no special measures to increase women representation in parliament;
- ? Fighting and use of abusive language should be avoided;
- ? The constitution should allow coalition government (15);
- ? Present rule of dominant party forming the government should be retained;
- ? Kenya should have multi party representation both at legislature and executive (4);
- ? There should be multi party representation at legislature;
- ? The parliament should have upper and lower house (8)
- ? Constitution should provide for a bicameral parliament with an upper and a lower house where the powers of the executive and minority groups be secured in the lower house (3).
- ? Parliament should be given power to impeach the president (2);
- ? Parliament should remove the executive through vote of no confidence (3);
- ? President should have power to veto parliament legislation (7);
- ? Parliament should have power to override presidential veto (6);
- ? The president should have powers to prorogue the parliament (5);
- ? The president should not have power to dissolve the parliament (7);
- ? Parliamentary election should be staggered (2);
- ? Life of the parliament should be five years;
- ? Mps should have offices in their constituency (7);
- ? The constitution should provide that those who absent themselves for 2 sessions should be severely discipline and if need be should lose their seats.

#### 4.3.9. **THE EXECUTIVE**

- Presidential qualification should be specified in the constitution;
- President should be graduate and nationalist (11);
- President should be Kenyan citizen by birth and stably married (3);
- President should have high moral standing and free from corruption (2);
- The president should serve two terms of five years (18);
- The constitution should set limit for the term of the president;
- The presidential functions should be defined in the constitution (5);
- Appointment of the permanent secretaries and attorney General should be the function of the president;
- Presidential powers should be reduced (4);
- Presidential powers should be limited (15);
- President should not be above the law (4);
- President should be impeached by the parliament for misconduct (15);
- The president should address the parliament if told to do so;
- President should open the parliamentary session and prorogue it (2);
- President should not be an MP (14);
- President should be an MP (2);
- Members of the provincial administration should be elected by the people (8);
- DCs and PCs should be abolished (2);
- Chiefs should be retained;
- Chiefs should be elected by the people (8);
- Provincial administration should be retained (5);
- PCs and DCs should be appointed through the public service;
- Provincial Administration should be reduced;

- Post of DOs and assistant chiefs should be abolished;
- People should have power to elect village elders;
- The village elders should be in government payroll (2);
- Provincial administration should be abolished (6);
- The number of cabinet ministers should correspond to the number of ministries;
- Government should have twenty ministries;
- Government should have 16 ministries;
- There should be ministry of gender with a department for the disabled;
- Various department under office of the president should be de-linked;
- The constitution should specify the number of ministries;
- There should be ministry of culture, social and religious ideology;
- There should be ministry of women affairs established in the constitution;
- ? The constitution should provide that the number of ministries should be limited to 5 and that the citizens should elect ministers.
- ? The constitution should provide that the number of ministries should be between 15-19 with only one assistant minister per ministry.

#### 4.3.10. **THE JUDICIARY**

- The present structure of the judiciary is not adequate;
- Trial by jury as opposed to assessors in all capital cases should be strengthened (2);
- Land claim court should be established;
- Judiciary should be independent (6);
- There should be customary court to cater for customary issues (2);
- The constitution should be clear on the administrative functions of the chief justice and the registrar (2);
- Anti corruption court should be constituted;
- A supreme court should be established (12);
- There is no need for supreme court;
- There should be constitutional court (10);
- Parliament should appoint the judicial officers;
- There should be parliamentary judicial committee to vet judicial officers appointment;
- Judicial commission should appoint the judicial officers (10);
- Judicial officers should be appointed by the president;
- Judicial officers should have at least diploma in law;
- Judicial officers should have degree in law (3);
- Judicial officers should have security of tenure;
- Judges should retire at the age of 70 while magistrate at 60 years;
- Tenure of judicial officers should be 50-70 years;
- Judicial officers should retire at the age of 65 years;
- Tenure of the judicial officers should be two terms for four years;
- Misbehaved judges should be punished;
- Judicial officers should be disciplined through a tribunal;
- Judicial service commission should discipline judicial officers;
- Chief kadhi should be restricted to the judicial work;
- Chief kadhi should have similar qualification as other judicial officers (4);
- Parliament should appoint the khadi;
- Muslim people should appoint kadhi;
- Council of imams should appoint the chief kadhi;

- Kadhi's office should deal with the matters of marriage, divorce and succession (2);
- Kadhi's court should not have appellate jurisdiction;
- Kadhi's court should have appellate jurisdiction (2);
- State judicial power should not be exclusively be invested in courts (2);
- Judicial powers should be exclusively vested in courts;
- Constitution should guarantee all Kenyans access to court (3);
- Courts should be established at all divisions;
- Court cases should be determined within reasonable time;
- There should be reduction of the court fees;
- Courts should be established at the location level;
- Suspect right to habeas corpus should be guaranteed under the court system;
- Kenyan should have constitutional right to legal aid (4);
- Poor should be given legal aid (2);
- Judiciary should review law by the legislature;
- We should have council of elders to solve customary issues;
- Council of elders should have access to court;
- Local elders should handle inheritance;

#### 4.3.11. **LOCAL GOVERNMENT**

- Mayors and council chairperson should be elected by the people (16);
- Mayors and council should serve for five years (9);
- Mayors and council chairmen should serve for two terms of five years;
- Council should be autonomous (6);
- Council should continue to work under the central government;
- Councilors should have minimum qualification of 'o' level (13);
- Language test should be given to the candidates of local authority seats (6);
- There should be moral and ethical qualification for the civic seats (9);
- People should have right to recall non-performing councilors (11);
- 1500 votes should be sufficient to recall a councilor;
- ECK should determine the remuneration of a councilor (2);
- Constitutional court should determine the salaries of the councilors;
- Treasury should determine the salaries of the councilor;
- Legislative service commission should determine the salaries of the councilors;
- Ex chief and the council committee should determine should determine the salaries for the councilors;
- National remuneration committee should determine the salaries of the councilors;
- We should retain the concept of nominated councilors (7);
- We should not retain the concept of nominated councilors (4);
- Nominated civic seats should be given to vulnerable groups like the disabled, women etc;
- Councilors should act on the basis of instruction from their electorate;
- Councilors should be non partisan when delivering services;
- Councilors should be transparent and accountable;
- There should be a multi -party standard code of conduct for the councilors;
- Councilors in multi party should practice harmony, loyalty etc;
- Councilors who defect should not be allowed to contest on different party;
- Local government minister should have power to dissolve the council due to management (3);

- The president should have power to dissolve the council due to mismanagement (3);
- Neither the president or the minister for the local government should have power to dissolve the council (3);
- Council should have powers to run hospitals, schools, roads and security machines;
- Council should be have power to enforce environmental laws and;
- Local government should determine their budgets and collect revenues;

#### 4.3.12. **THE ELECTORAL SYSTEM AND PROCESS**

- Election should be done through secret ballot (3);
- We should adopt a mixed electoral system;
- Representative electoral system should be practiced;
- Constitution should give provision for the proportional representation electoral process (2);
- Retain simple majority rule as a basis of winning an election (8);
- The electoral process should not be designed to increase participation;
- Electoral process should be designed to increase the participation of women;
- 40% seats should be reserved for women;
- Civic, parliamentary and presidential candidate should garner 50% of the total votes cast to be declared a winner (3);
- The president should have 52% votes of the popular votes to be declared a winner (8);
- A wining presidential candidate should have 24% of the total votes;
- Candidate who failed to be nominated from one party should not seek nomination from another party (3);
- Candidate who failed to be nominated from one party should seek nomination from another party (2);
- Defecting Mps should seek fresh mandate from the electorate;
- No defection until the term of the Mp is over;
- Parties crossing floor should be dismissed and by election held;
- Defected person should remain party less until another general election;
- Presidential candidate should garner 35 % representation in 5 provinces;
- Presidential candidate should garner 25% in the 5 provinces;
- 25% representation in the 5 province should be abolished (3);
- 25% representation should be garner in all 8 provinces;
- 25% should be garnered at least in ½ of the total province;
- Some seats in the parliament should be reserved for women (2);
- Seats should be reserved for the disabled (4)
- No seats in the parliament should be reserved for any body (2);
- Current geographical constituency demarcation is not adequate and should not be retained (3);
- Retain current geographical constituency demarcation (4);
- Geographical constituency should be based on the population density (11);
- Civic, parliamentary and presidential election should be held on the same date (6);
- Parliamentary election should be done separately from presidential and civic;
- Civic, parliamentary and presidential election should be done separately (8);
- Ballot boxes should be transparent (3);
- Independent candidate should be allowed to vie for elective post (3);
- Symbols should be abolished in election as it confuses voters (3);
- There should be polling station in every stations;

- Voter registration should be continuous (2);
- Disabled voters should be encouraged to vote;
- Election should be computerized;
- Election should be verified and announced by the ECK and constitutional court;
- There should be limit on the expenditure of politician (6);
- Election date should be specified in the constitution (17);
- President should be elected directly by the people (16);
- There should be no rigging and violence;
- Election should be free and fair;
- Voting should commence at the same time in all polling stations;
- The electoral commissioners should have at least form four and above level (2);
- Electoral commissioners should have degree in law (2);
- Electoral commissioners should have working experience;
- Electoral commissioners should be appointed by the parliament (8);
- Electoral commissioners should be appointed by the public service commission (2);
- Electoral commissioners should be appointed by the interest group;
- Electoral commissioners should have tenure of 5 years (2);
- The electoral commissioners should be 4 years
- Electoral commissioners should have tenure of 2-5 years
- Electoral commission should have security of tenure (2);
- Electoral commissioners should only serve during elections (2);
- Electoral commission should be independent;
- Electoral commissioners should be removed from the office due to misconduct;
- ECK should be funded from the consolidated funds (5);
- Electoral commission should be funded by the government;
- 8 commissioners and a chairman should be elected;
- There should be 22 commissioners (2);
- There should be 25 electoral commissioner;
- There should be 13 electoral commissioners;
- There should be 11 electoral commissioners (2);
- Electoral commissioners should be 16;
- Ballots should be counted at the polling station (8);
- ECK should handle election offences and have powers to prosecute;
- ECK should handle civic education;
- Powers of creating wards should vested in ECK;
- Bribery during election should be criminalized;
- Election violence and thugery should be condemned;
- There should be clear procedure of handling election offences;
- ? Vacant and the runner up who garnered most votes in the previous election should replace him immediately.

#### 4.3.13. **BASIC RIGHTS**

- Constitution provision for fundamental right is not adequate (5);
- Bill of right should contain right of movement, assembly, conscience and speech (4);
- The constitution should include economic, social and political right (2);
- The constitution should protect all aspect of human right;
- Freedom of worship of worship (6);

- New religion should be vetted before registration (2);
- The government should regulate registration of groups;
- Death penalty should be abolished in the constitution (8);
- Retain death penalty code (3);
- The right to life should be guaranteed in the constitution;
- The constitution should protect healthcare, food, shelter, security, water, education, and employment as basic human right (7);
- The constitution should allow freedom to pursue happiness;
- Parliament should ensure enjoyment of basic right by all (4);
- Security should be guaranteed to all by the constitution (6);
- Government should provide free medical services to all Kenyans (19);
- The constitution should provide for clean water to all the citizens (4);
- The constitution should provide for free education to all Kenyans (11);
- Pre-primary teachers should be employed by the government;
- The constitution should make education accessible for the disabled;
- The constitution should guarantee shelter to all the Kenyans (3);
- The constitution should guarantee food security to every Kenyans (5);
- All Kenyans should have employment opportunities (8);
- Retired peoples should not be re-appointed to hold public office (2);
- One man one job policy should be enforced (4);
- Retire age should be reduced to 50 years;
- The unemployed, aged and disadvantaged should be provided with social security (2);
- NSSF contribution should be made compulsory;
- The constitution should guarantee right to social security;
- The constitution should provide for free primary education (7)
- Constitution should provide free education up to secondary level (6);
- The constitution should provide free education up to university (6);
- Kenyan should have right to information in possession of the state (5);
- Commission of inquiry findings should be made public (2);
- Government should provide civic education to Kenyans;
- The constitution should guarantee that all workers have right to trade union representation (11);
- There should be free electricity supply to homes;
- The constitution should protect individual from slavery, servitude and forced labour;
- The constitution should guarantee recreational facilities;
- ? The constitution should provide that the police should not torture suspects.
- ? The constitution should provide that the police should not put someone in a cell until proven guilty.

#### 4.3.14. **THE RIGHTS OF VULNERABLE GROUPS**

- Women's rights should be fully guaranteed in the constitution (2);
- Women should be economically empowered;
- The constitution should protect the right of people with disabilities (8);
- Disabled children should be given free education even up to university level (2);
- The disabled should be represented in the parliament;
- Government should provide wheel chair to the disabled;
- Social amenities and building should be made accessible to the disabled persons (3);
- Government should provide brail for the blind;

- The constitution should provide for a welfare system for the for the disabled person;
- Equipment for the disabled person should be imported free duty;
- Disabled should not be discriminated against;
- Boys and girls should enjoy equal education opportunities (2);
- The constitution should protect right of the girl child (4);
- The constitution should not allow child labour;
- The elderly should be provided with welfare and taken care of by the government (2);
- The freedom fighters and the refugees should be considered vulnerable;
- ? The constitution should make provision for sign language services for the deaf in all public places including parliament.
- ? The constitution should provide that school fees for the disabled should be reduced by 50%.
- ? The constitution should provide that the disabled should participate in sports.
- ? The constitution should provide that loan programmes and other schemes be promulgated for the disabled to help them be self-reliant.
- ? The constitution should protect Child rights especially the right not to be forced into an early marriage.
- ? The constitution should provide that nomination seats should be reserved for vulnerable groups.
- 
- The plight of the orphans should be addressed y the constitution (2);
- ? The constitution should provide for government rehabilitation of street children.
- Youths right should be protected in the constitution;
- The constitution should provide for the affirmative action for the disadvantaged group like the minority, women, disabled elderly etc (15);
- Prisoners should work in large farms like the coffee and sugar cane;

#### 4.3.15. **LAND AND PROPERTY RIGHTS**

- Ultimate land ownership should be given to the community (3);
- The state should own the land (3);
- Individual should be the ultimate land owner (3);
- The family should be ultimate land owner (2);
- The people of Kenya should be the ultimate land owner;
- Government should acquire private land for public use but subject to compensation (4);
- Government should acquire private land which was irregularly obtained;
- Private land owner should enjoy security of tenure;
- The state should control the use of land;
- Idle land should be heavily taxed;
- Local authorities should have the control of the use of land;
- Both government or the local authority should have power to control use of land (4)
- The local community should have power to control the use of land;
- Government should put into use fallow land;
- Both boys and girls should inherit land and other property (3);
- Constitution should harmonized traditional inheritance and land policies issues;
- Female girl should not have right to inherit family property;
- Married woman should not have right to inherit ancestral lands;
- Parental or ancestral should not be shared with the children due to scarcity of land;

- Un married girls should have the right to family property inheritance (2);
- Family or clans should have a say regarding family land transfer;
- An individual should own a maximum of 50 acres of land (2);
- Individual land ownership should have a ceiling (8);
- An individual should not be allowed to own land more than 100 acres (3);
- An individual should not be allowed to own land more than 200 acres (3);
- Non citizen should not own land (5);
- Title deeds should be issued without cost (4);
- Land issues should be handled at district level by district land board (4);
- Local community should handle land transfer issues (2);
- Land laws should be streamlined;
- Regional district and divisional land board should be established;
- Title deeds should have the name of the wife and the husband;
- Title deed should be reviewed after 55 years;
- Men and women should not have equal access to land;
- Constitution should ensure fair distribution of land among men and women (8);
- Pre-independence land treaties involving communities like maasai, Mazrui should be returned (3);
- Kenyans should be free to own land any where in the country (7);
- The constitution should guarantee access to land for every Kenyan (10);
- Large farms should be subdivided for the landless;
- Communal land rights should be retained;
- Communities should own the trust land;
- Trust land should be subdivided for the individuals;
- Trust lands should be held under customary tenure;
- Trust lands should be government land (2);

#### 4.3.16. **CULTURAL, ETHNIC, REGIONAL DIVERSITY AND COMMUNAL RIGHTS**

- Kenyan's cultural diversity contributes to national culture (3);
- Ethnic and cultural diversity has contributed to tribalism;
- Cultural practices and values should be protected by the constitution (17);
- The constitution should capture cultural values, identity, harmony and proper ways of dressing;
- Cultural and customary values which are consistent with democratic rights should be included in the constitution of Kenya;
- The need of the Bukusu community should be addressed in the constitution;
- The constitution should allow the sect of the dini ya Msambwa to be practiced in the country (2);
- Constitution should protect people from the discriminatory aspect of culture (4)
- The constitution should protect women from circumcision (3);
- The constitution should protect girls fro early marriages;
- Cow dung smearing of boys should be stopped among the Bukusu;
- Wife inheritance should be stopped (2);
- Kiswahili should be our national language (2);
- English and Kiswahili should be our national language (5);
- Sign language should be made national language;
- Constitution should provide for the national language;
- There should be two official languages;

- The constitution should recognize, promote and protect indigenous languages (6);

#### 4.3.17. **MANAGEMENT AND USE OF NATIONAL RESOURCES**

- The management and use of the natural resources should be controlled by the legislature (4);
- The executive should retain power to raise and distribute financial resources (2);
- Parliament should retain the powers to authorize the raising and appropriation of the public finance (5);
- Internal loans and investment should be alternative to taxation;
- Public investment like ADC farm should be revived;
- National resources should be shares equally (14);
- Quota system should be applied when sharing national cake;
- Presidential seats should be rotational;
- There should be de-localization of industries in rural areas;
- Revenues generation from the natural resources should be used to develop the areas where the resources is found (10);
- Auditor general should be independent and have power to prosecute;
- Office of the Auditor general should be constitutionally established (2);
- Auditor general should make their reports public every three months (4);
- Auditor general should be appointed by parliament (7);
- Auditor general should be appointed by the permanent constitutional commission;
- Only parliament should have authority to manage public finances;
- Parliament should audit reports from public finance;
- Auditor general should be answerable to the parliament;
- Commission on funds should be set up by parliament to monitor allocation of public resources;
- Cabinet minister should be appointed on qualification (3);
- Employment should be on merits;
- Government should absorb more qualified persons into public service;
- Public servants should be paid well;
- Public servants should be independent;
- Expertise in civil service should be rewarded;
- Public service commission should be should be empowered (2);
- Public service commission should discipline errant public servants;
- The parliament should appoint the public service heads (5);
- Public servants should non partisan;
- Code of conducts should be established for the public service in the constitution (6);
- Civil servants should not be involved in business (2);
- Public officers should declare their wealth (7);
- ? The constitution should provide for compensation arising from professional negligence.
- ? The constitution should provide for the full participation of MPs in the preparation of the national budget at all stages.
- ? The constitution should provide for the establishment of a committee to analyze the budget before it is passed.
- ? The constitution should provide that the Public Service Commission should appoint Permanent Secretaries.

- ? The constitution should provide that public officers convicted of corruption be also made to repay the full amount of monies embezzled.
- ? The constitution should provide for the abolishment of harambee.
- ? The constitution should provide for a policy of one union one employer.
- ? The constitution should recognize the role of Central Bank.
- ? The constitution should provide that the government treasury should be decentralized.
- ? The constitution should provide that the farmers themselves should elect the chairmen of coffee societies.

#### 4.3.18. **ENVIRONMENTAL AND NATURAL RESOURCES**

- Air pollution, water pollution, destruction of forest should be included in the constitution (3);
- The environment should be protected by the constitution (2);
- The constitution should protect bio diversity by placing ceiling on the forest excision (3);
- The constitution should protect wetlands, swamps and river banks;
- There should be provision to protect endangered species;
- Local authorities should have power to enforce environmental laws (2);
- State should have power to enforce environmental laws (2);
- Local community should have power to enforce environmental laws;
- Parliament should enforce the environmental laws;
- Local authorities should own the natural resources (4);
- State should own the natural resources (2);
- Local community should own the natural resources (2);
- Local communities should manage and protect the environment (5);
- Rivers, lakes, springs, wells, forests, minerals, wildlife, water, air, public parks, road reserves and natural parks should be protected by the constitution (6);
- State should have the responsibility of managing and protecting the natural resources (3);
- Local authorities should have the power to protect the natural resource (2);
- Protection of the natural resource should be the responsibility of the individual;
- Special committee on natural resources should protect the natural resources;
- Law should enacted to protect the environment;
- Tree planting day should be established to encourage afforestation (2);
- Law should determine minimum percentage of and under forest cover;
- Natural resource should be protected by the law from pollution;
- Research should be done to enhance the natural resources;

#### 4.3.19. **PARTICIPATORY GOVERNANCE**

- NGOs and other organized groups should have advisory role in the governance (4);
- Churches should be represented in local council and cabinet;
- NGOs should create employment and initiate development activities;
- NGOs should be useless if government sectors are competent;
- Civil society should be involved in decision making and governance;
- Media should be free (2);
- State should regulate the conduct of the civil service;
- The state should not regulate the civil society (4);

- Religious sect should be regulated;
- The government should institutionalize the role of the civil organization (2);
- The government should give more attention to the vulnerable group;
- Women should be involved in decision making;
- Disabled person should be involved in governance;
- Minority groups should be involved in governance too;

#### 4.3.20. **INTERNATIONAL RELATION**

- Conduct of the foreign affairs should be the role of the executive;
- Parliament should conduct the role of the foreign affairs (3);
- The executive, parliament and the people should conduct the role of the foreign affairs;
- Any conduct of the foreign affair should be approved by the government including those of the appointments (3);
- Parliament should formulate laws concerning the conduct of the foreign affairs;
- The Executive should implement foreign policies vetted and passed by the parliament;
- International treaties and convention should not have automatic effect on the domestic law (4);
- Parliament should consult with the judiciary to adjust laws that might affect Kenya's relation to other states;
- Parliament should adopt such international conventions if Kenya is a signatory and the interest of Kenya is not violated (3);
- Law and regulation by the regional organization should have automatic domestic effect;

#### 4.3.21. **CONSTITUTIONAL COMMISSIONS, INSTITUTIONS AND OFFICES**

- Parliamentary committee should be established in the constitution;
- Office of the director of prosecution should be established constitutionally;
- Constitutional commission for religion should be established;
- There is need for permanent constitution commission (4);
- There should be public service commission;
- Office of the ombudsman should be established (13);
- There should be human right commission (3);
- There should be gender commission (2)
- There should be Anti corruption authority (3)
- National land commission should be established in the constitution (5);
- Truth and reconciliation commission should be established;
- Peace commission should be established;
- Police service commission should be established;
- National disaster commission and;
- Natural resource commission should be established;
- The purpose of such commission should be creating gender balance, natural resource utilization, allocating land, etc;
- The office of the attorney general and the director of the prosecution should be separated,
- Minister for justice should be constitutionally established and made independent (5);
- There is no need for the minister of justice since justice lie in the jurisdiction of the law;

#### 4.3.22. **SUCCESSION AND TRANSFER OF POWER**

- Speaker of the national assembly should have the executive power during the presidential election (5);
- Chief justice should have the executive power during the presidential election;
- The constitution should specify who should assume the executive office during the presidential election;
- Presidential election should be declared at every polling stations;
- Chief justice should declare the presidential election;
- In coming president should resume office after the results are announced;
- Incoming president should resume office after 14<sup>th</sup> day of the result announcement;
- The incoming president should assume office after one month (2);
- The incoming president should resume office after two months;
- Chief justice should swear the incoming president (5);
- Out going president should handle over the powers during the swearing ceremony (3);
- The chief justice and the constitutional court should witness the power transfer;
- Security should be guaranteed to the former president (5);
- Former president should be offered welfare (4);
- There should be no welfare for the former president;
- President should not enjoy immunity from the legal process (2);
- President should vacate office after attaining 75 years of age;

#### 4.3.23. **WOMEN'S RIGHTS**

- Women should have right to own property (3);
- Women should have right to inherit (7);
- Girls should have right to inherit (4);
- The constitution should abolish dowry and bride price;
- Customary marriage should be registered;
- Dowry should be set at 10,000;
- Father should ensure women of the child support (2);
- Domestic violence should be criminalized (6);

#### 4.3.24. **NATIONAL ECONOMIC**

- Government should control prices of the commodity;
- Government should regulate importation of commodities;
- Rivers should be adequately utilized in the generation of electricity;
- Poverty eradication should be addressed through proper agricultural policies;
- Government should revamp the economy;
- Government should ensure all roads are tarmacked;
- Security personnel should be armed with fire arms;
- Police harassment should be limited (2);
- Special police should be recruited to curb corruption;
- Severe penalty should be imposed on corrupt officers;
- Constitution should put in place mechanism to curb corruption;

#### 4.3.25. **SECTORAL**

- Government should guarantee market for the agricultural product;
- Farmers should be compensated for crop failure;
- Government should provide loans to the farmers;
- Kenya farmers association should be removed;
- Constitution should regulate production of the cash crop;
- Constitution should subsidize farm input;
- Farmers should be supported through loans;
- Effective agricultural policies should be put in place;
- Farming should be mechanised through out Kenya;
- Government should reduce cost of the farm input;
- Universities should be established in all areas;
- The 7-4-2-3 system of education should be reinstated (9);
- Polytechnic and technical institution should be under ministry of education at the district level;
- Secondary education should be affordable and loans should be made available to universities;
- Parliament should determine university entry requirement;
- There should be quota system of admitting students to university;
- School system should have two terms;
- People with disabilities require lower grade to be admitted to university;
- Constitution should be taught at schools;
- Corporal punishment should be introduced in schools;
- Kenya schools equipment scheme should be introduced;
- Village elders should be powered to give bursary;
- Government should hire more teachers;
- Government should exempt disabled people from paying taxes;
- Percentage of deposit with commercial banks should be loaned to farmers;
- Poll tax should be reintroduced;
- Land should not be used as collateral;
- Kenya currency should not bear portrait of the president (4);
- Donde bill should be adopted;
- Doctors in government hospitals should not own private clinics (2);
- Health implication should be considered when undergoing cultural practices;
- Presidential candidate should have access to public media;
- Political parties should have equal access to the media;
- Disables should be provided with soft loans to start small business;
- Constitution should guarantee the disabled proper means of transport;
- There should be good roads (2);
- Touts should be removed from the bus park;
- Any loss of life through wildlife should be compensated (4);
- Cost sharing in hospitals should be abolished;
- National capitals should be decentralized;
- The number of public holidays should be reduced;
- Town planning should be done properly;
- The use of the customary law should be recognised;

#### 4.3.26. **STATUTORY LAW**

- Patient should have right to see doctor;
- Local brews should be legalized (11);
- Rapist should be jailed for seven years;
- Law to protect the disabled should be enforced;
- Laws relating to land should be consolidated;
- Abortion should be outlawed;
- Police officers should not house search without warrant;
- Leaders who make inflammatory statement should be prosecuted;
- Child defilement should be criminalized;

#### 4.3.27. **COMMON GOOD**

- We should establish god fearing nation through religion;
- There should be no change of parastatal names;

#### 4.3.28. **GENDER EQUITY**

- Women should remain under men as per the law of God;
- Constitution should ensure gender equity;

#### 4.3.29. **TRANSPARENCY/ACCOUNTABILITY;**

- Funds for specific projects should be well utilize;
- Leaders should be accountable every where;
- Government should introduce code of transparency;

#### 4.3.30. **NATURAL JUSTICE OF LAW**

- Criminal suspect should not be put in cell for long;
- All Kenyans should be equal before law (3);

#### 4.3.31. **NATIONAL INTEGRITY/IDENTITY**

- National flags should be distributed to all institution freely

#### 4.3.32. **LEGAL SYSTEM**

- ? The constitution should guarantee every Kenyan, equal and non-discriminative treatment by the law irrespective of gender, ethnic or racial background.
- ? The constitution should provide for stricter penalties for rapists.
- ? The constitution should provide for the legalization of local drinks.

## **APPENDICES:**

### **Appendix 1: Members of the Constituency Constitutional Committee**

- |                          |           |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| 1. Hon. John Munyasia    | MP        |
| 2. Wabwoba M. Walinywa   | DC        |
| 3. Chrisantus Kimingichi | Chairman  |
| 4. Wasilwa Barasa        | Secretary |
| 5. Cllr. J. Bakasa       |           |
| 6. Felisti Makokha       |           |
| 7. Horace Waliuba        |           |
| 8. Leah Simiyu           |           |
| 9. James Wasilwa         |           |
| 10. Kituyi Mwalakha      |           |

### **Appendix 2: Civic education providers (CEPs)**

1. Bungoma Family Development Programme
2. Maendeleo ya Wanawake
3. Mwatikho
4. Wabone
5. Western Kenya Human Rights Watch
6. CREADIS
7. Western Kenya Legal Aid Center
8. Bungoma Family Helper Project
9. Western Women Network
10. BDPG
11. Anglican Church of Kenya
12. Zion TACASS
13. Social Mobilization Progress
14. Bungoma Organization of Women Empowerment
15. Catholic Justice and Peace Commission
16. Mwamko
17. Bukusu Elders Group
18. Bungoma Disabled Group

**Appendix 3: Persons presenting memoranda and/or making oral submissions.**

1	0022OBSWE	Alice Maoka	CBO	Written	Bungoma Disabled Group
2	0005OBSWE	Alice Mulongo	CBO	Written	Kimilili Intergrated Dev. Ed
3	0072ibswe	Alice Tumwa	CBO	Oral - Public he	
4	0020OBSWE	Cllr.John Kilwake Masom	CBO	Memorandum	Malakisi Town Council
5	0019OBSWE	Cllr.Joseph Kunikina	CBO	Written	Sirisia Town Council
6	0028OBSWE	Cyrus Mayamba	CBO	Memorandum	Bukusu Elders Group
7	0012OBSWE	Francis Ekissa	CBO	Written	Chwele Division
8	0011OBSWE	Gerishom Walubengo	CBO	Written	Bukusu Elders Group
9	0065ibswe	Isaac Wekesa	CBO	Oral - Public he	
10	0002OBSWE	Jackline Wamalwa	CBO	Memorandum	Western Region Peace Committ
11	0064ibswe	Jonstone Nyongesa	CBO	Oral - Public he	
12	0029OBSWE	Joseph M Makokha	CBO	Memorandum	Bukusu Elders Group
13	0027OBSWE	Joseph Masasabi	CBO	Written	Retired Teachers Namwala
14	0003OBSWE	Kenneth K. Nalimae	CBO	Memorandum	Farmer Protection Group
15	0024OBSWE	Martin Nyongesa	CBO	Written	Mafungo Self-Help Group
16	0010OBSWE	Moses s Lusano	CBO	Memorandum	Musambwa Group
17	0062ibswe	Nahashon Masaai	CBO	Oral - Public he	
18	0015OBSWE	Richard Wakoli	CBO	Memorandum	Sirisia Intergrated Developm
19	0083ibswe	Richard Wasike	CBO	Oral - Public he	
20	0026OBSWE	Wafula N Benson	CBO	Written	Sirisia Division Self-Help g
21	0025OBSWE	Wasilwa H W Barasa	CBO	Memorandum	Bukusu Heritage
22	0009OBSWE	Wilfred Kisuya	CBO	Written	Association of phisically ha
23	0016OBSWE	Zipporah N.Maghas	CBO	Written	Saboat Community
24	0094ibswe	Albert N Simiyu	Individual	Oral - Public he	
25	0068ibswe	Alfred Maunda	Individual	Oral - Public he	
26	0079ibswe	Alfred Mlongo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
27	0118IBSWE	Anonymous	Individual	Written	
28	0119IBSWE	Beatrice N Muniafu	Individual	Written	
29	0101IBSWE	Belinda L. Barasa	Individual	Written	
30	0045IBSWE	Benard Wawire	Individual	Written	
31	0073ibswe	Benson Maunda	Individual	Oral - Public he	
32	0091ibswe	Bineah Murunga	Individual	Oral - Public he	
33	0069ibswe	Cassim Mungasa	Individual	Oral - Public he	
34	0044IBSWE	Charles Wanjala	Individual	Written	
35	0036IBSWE	Chris G Mutacho	Individual	Written	
36	0027IBSWE	Cleophas W Kasimbili	Individual	Oral - Public he	
37	0040IBSWE	Cleophas Wanyongo	Individual	Written	
38	0115IBSWE	Cosmas Masinde	Individual	Memorandum	
39	0110IBSWE	Crispus Barasa	Individual	Written	
40	0015IBSWE	David W Makokha	Individual	Oral - Public he	
41	0004IBSWE	Dismas Mayende	Individual	Memorandum	
42	0012IBSWE	Edward Bulimo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
43	0096ibswe	Eliud Wafula	Individual	Oral - Public he	
44	0049IBSWE	Erick Masumbai	Individual	Written	
45	0099IBSWE	Evans J Masinde	Individual	Written	
46	0055ibswe	Ezekiel Khaemba	Individual	Oral - Public he	
47	0117IBSWE	F W Wanyera Lukorito	Individual	Written	
48	0076ibswe	Fancis W. Maratani	Individual	Oral - Public he	

49	0010IBSWE	Ferdinand Masinde.	Individual	Written	
50	0043IBSWE	Fred Muhongo	Individual	Written	
51	0104IBSWE	Fred Sichangi	Individual	Written	
52	0042IBSWE	Fredrick Wasike	Individual	Written	
53	0018IBSWE	Fredrick Wesi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
54	0001IBSWE	Gabriel Charles Nyonges	Individual	Memorandum	
55	0121IBSWE	Gaitano W Opillo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
56	0035IBSWE	George S Wekesa	Individual	Written	
57	0081ibswe	George Wanambisi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
58	0124IBSWE	Gideon Musebera	Individual	Oral - Public he	
59	0097IBWE	Godfrey Simiyu	Individual	Written	
60	0059ibswe	Godfrey W Murunga	Individual	Oral - Public he	
61	0046IBSWE	Henry Wakwabubi	Individual	Written	
62	0089ibswe	Henry Wanasamba	Individual	Oral - Public he	
63	0054ibswe	Hosea Bikala	Individual	Oral - Public he	
64	0105IBSWE	Hosea Kisebe	Individual	Written	
65	0095ibswe	Ibrahim Simiyu	Individual	Oral - Public he	
66	0107IBSWE	Iddi Juma O M	Individual	Memorandum	
67	0057ibswe	Isaac Mutoro	Individual	Oral - Public he	
68	0084ibswe	Jackim Wamalwa	Individual	Oral - Public he	
69	0071ibswe	Jennifer Mamai	Individual	Oral - Public he	
70	0016IBSWE	John Barasa Munyasia	Individual	Oral - Public he	
71	0075IBSWE	John Maratani	Individual	Oral - Public he	
72	0109IBSWE	John Saisi	Individual	Memorandum	
73	0087ibswe	John W Mechi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
74	0078ibswe	John W Wanyimbi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
75	0005IBSWE	John Wekesa Khaoya	Individual	Memorandum	
76	0063ibswe	Jonathan Muhandia	Individual	Oral - Public he	
77	0086ibswe	Joseph Kimakuti	Individual	Oral - Public he	
78	0113IBSWE	Joseph M Makokha	Individual	Memorandum	
79	0067ibswe	Joseph Mutaki	Individual	Oral - Public he	
80	0025IBSWE	Josephat Muhuana	Individual	Oral - Public he	
81	0033IBSWE	Josephat Wangila	Individual	Oral - Public he	
82	0112IBSWE	Julius Molongo	Individual	Written	
83	0050IBSWE	Justus N Nabisaw	Individual	Oral - Public he	
84	0077ibswe	Kimunai Matifari	Individual	Oral - Public he	
85	0006IBSWE	Kitui Wanyonyi Wabunga.	Individual	Written	
86	0092ibswe	Laban Makali	Individual	Oral - Public he	
87	0120IBSWE	Leah Simiyu	Individual	Oral - Public he	
88	0100IBSWE	Leah Simiyu	Individual	Written	
89	0116IBSWE	Leonard Nasikungu	Individual	Written	
90	0013IBSWE	Leonard Wamalwa Ndieyir	Individual	Oral - Public he	
91	0129IBSWE	Lorna Nachari	Individual	Oral - Public he	
92	0030IBSWE	Margaret Wanjala	Individual	Oral - Public he	
93	0122IBSWE	Mark Wafula Wekesa	Individual	Oral - Public he	
94	0032IBSWE	Mark Wanjala	Individual	Oral - Public he	
95	0131IBSWE	Martin Wasilwa	Individual	Oral - Public he	
96	0070ibswe	Mary Khisa	Individual	Oral - Public he	
97	0031IBSWE	Mary Nafula	Individual	Oral - Public he	
98	0093ibswe	Moses Barasa K	Individual	Oral - Public he	
99	0088ibswe	Moses Kimakuti	Individual	Oral - Public he	
100	0019IBSWE	Moses W Khaemba	Individual	Oral - Public he	
101	0024IBSWE	Moses Wahungu	Individual	Oral - Public he	

102	0011	IBSWE	Nashon Wanunda	Individual	Oral - Public he	
103	0130	IBSWE	Nazar W Sudi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
104	0128	IBSWE	Nick Lutukai Sahuna	Individual	Oral - Public he	
105	0002	IBSWE	Nyongesa Wanjala	Individual	Written	
106	0014	IBSWE	Pamela Mangoli	Individual	Oral - Public he	
107	0003	IBSWE	Patrick G S Nandolo	Individual	Written	
108	0020	IBSWE	Patrick Nyongesa	Individual	Written	
109	0052	ibsw	Patrick W Sikochi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
110	0007	IBSWE	Patrick W Simuyu.	Individual	Written	
111	0037	IBSWE	Patrick Wambilianga	Individual	Written	
112	0102	IBSWE	Paul Ochieng	Individual	Written	
113	0021	IBSWE	Peninah Abuko	Individual	Oral - Public he	
114	0056	ibsw	Pepela Watila	Individual	Oral - Public he	
115	0041	IBSWE	Peter W Chapesa	Individual	Written	
116	0085	ibsw	Peter Wenani	Individual	Oral - Public he	
117	0108	IBSWE	Philemon Simiyu	Individual	Written	
118	0009	IBSWE	Preston W. Obutete	Individual	Written	
119	0029	IBSWE	Protas B Wasike	Individual	Oral - Public he	
120	0106	IBSWE	Rachael Nabifu	Individual	Written	
121	0082	ibsw	Reuben Wanyama	Individual	Oral - Public he	
122	0123	IBSWE	Rev.James Mabele	Individual	Oral - Public he	
123	0080	ibsw	Robert N Nakitale	Individual	Oral - Public he	
124	0098	IBSWE	Ronald Sitati	Individual	Written	
125	0026	IBSWE	Samson Barasa	Individual	Oral - Public he	
126	0114	IBSWE	Shadrack S Kiboret	Individual	Written	
127	0051	ibsw	Shadrack Watima	Individual	Oral - Public he	
128	0127	IBSWE	Sheikh P W Ndala	Individual	Oral - Public he	
129	0047	IBSWE	Silus Wafula	Individual	Written	
130	0038	IBSWE	Timothy Wamunykoli	Individual	Written	
131	0022	IBSWE	Tom O Mayaka	Individual	Oral - Public he	
132	0060	ibsw	Victoria Muyekho	Individual	Oral - Public he	
133	0017	IBSWE	Vincent M Muhongo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
134	0048	IBSWE	Vincent Sitoko	Individual	Written	
135	0028	IBSWE	Wachiye Macheche	Individual	Oral - Public he	
136	0023	IBSWE	Wakoli Kevin	Individual	Oral - Public he	
137	0125	IBSWE	Wanyonyi Buteyo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
138	0008	IBSWE	Watamba Benedict	Individual	Written	
139	0111	IBSWE	Wayangela Abuyeka	Individual	Written	
140	0103	IBSWE	William Khisa	Individual	Written	
141	0066	ibsw	Wycliffe s. Kisuya	Individual	Oral - Public he	
142	0030	OBSWE	David Murakwa	NGO	Memorandum	Kenya Land Alliance
143	0007	OBSWE	Godfrey Wekesa	Other Institutions	Written	Mabanga High School
144	0006	OBSWE	Stella Wanyonyi	Other Institutions	Written	Mabanga High School
145	0053	ibsw	Carline Onchooka	Political Party	Oral - Public he	
146	0058	ibsw	Henry W. Munyore	Political Party	Oral - Public he	
147	0017	OBSWE	Hon Moses Wetangulah	Political Party	Memorandum	KANU
148	0074	ibsw	Joseph Wafula	Political Party	Oral - Public he	
149	0061	ibsw	Irene Walubengo	Private Sector Organisa	Oral - Public he	Eldoret polytechnic
150	0021	OBSWE	Annah Wambisi	Religious Organisation	Written	Tulienge ACK
151	0014	OBSWE	Cptn.Moses Ndatu	Religious Organisation	Written	Salvation Army
152	0013	OBSWE	Fr.David Etyang	Religious Organisation	Memorandum	Catholic Diocese of Bungoma
153	0018	OBSWE	George P. Manyasi	Religious Organisation	Memorandum	Dini ya Musambwa
154	0001	OBSWE	Jackline Wamalwa	Religious Organisation	Written	Catholic Diocese of Bungoma

155	0008OBSWE	Patrick N Malaba	Religious Organisation	Written	Catholic Justice and Peace
156	0023OBSWE	Peter Omoit	Religious Organisation	Written	Salvation Army
157	0004OBSWE	Rev.Lucas Mwaniki	Religious Organisation	Memorandum	PCEA Bungoma Parish
158	0090ibsw	Richard Simiyu	Religious Organisation	Oral - Public he	
159	0126IBSWE	Bramwel M Wafula		Oral - Public he	

## Appendix 4: Persons Attending Constituency Hearings

### ST. ANTONY SECONDARY SCHOOL

No.	Name	Address	No.	Name	Address
1	Godfrey Simiyu	P.O. Box 58, Lwandanyi	24	Wycliff Barasa	P.O. Box 78, Sirisia
2	Ronald Sitati	P.O. Box 18, Sirisia	25	Wafula Benson	P.O. Box 2356, Bungoma
3	Evans Joshua Masinde	P.O. Box 225, Chwele	26	Joseph Masasab	P.O. Box 247, Cheptais
4	Father David Etang	P.O. Box 138, Sirisia	27	Henry Mkokha	P.O. Box 18, Sirisia
5	Capt. Moses Ndafu	P.O. Box 11, Sirisia	28	Hosea Kitembe	P.O. Box 18, Sirisia
6	Richard Wakoli	P.O. Box 31, Sirisia	29	Richard Wakoli	P.O. Box 138, Sirisia
7	George Manyasi	P.O. Box 38, Sirisia	30	Gideon Museseila	P.O. Box 57, Cheptais
8	Zachariah Oriema	P.O. Box 67, Cheptais	31	Cyrus Mayamba	P.O. Box 43, Sirisia
9	Fred Mukhongo	P.O. Box 108, Sirisia	32	Kituyi Mwalakha	P.O. Box 330, Chwele
10	Abednego Muniafu	P.O. Box 33, Sirisia	33	Cllr. Orize K. Kundo	P.O. Box 192, Malakisi
11	Mary Gorretti Juma	P.O. Box 57, Sirisia	34	Mathews Barasa	P.O. Box 140, Malakisi
12	Belinda Lubasi	P.O. Box 8, Sirisia	35	Martin Wasilwa	P.O. Box 88, Sirisia
13	Paul Chenge	P.O. Box 844, Bungoma	36	Benson Mokanda	P.O. Box 334, Bungoma
14	Jepthingah W. Kolia	Namubila	37	O.M. Iddi Juma	P.O. Box 158, Malakisi
15	Peter W. Siunwa	N/A	38	Major Omoiti	P.O. Lwandanyi
16	Gaitano W. Opilo	P.O. Box 787, Bungoma	39	Philip S. Wanjala	P.O. Box 18, Sirisia
17	Horace Waliuba	P.O. Box 4, Lwandanyi	40	Livisingstone Wangwe	P.O. Box 334, Bungoma
18	Leah Simiyu	P.O. Box 32, Sirisia	41	Joseph Kunikina	P.O. Box 18, Sirisia
19	William Kifisa	P.O. Box 73, Cheptais	42	Levi Wafula Cllr.	P.O. Box 18, Sirisia
20	Fred W. Sichangi	P.O. Box 65, Chwele	43	Charles Kamau	P.O. Box 526, Bungoma
21	Martin Nyongesa	P.O. Box 122, Cheptais	44	Joseph Makoboti	P.O. Box 12, Sirisia
22	James Mabele	P.O. Box 18, Sirisia	45	Simeon Karge	P.O. Box 2228, Bungoma
23	Hamston Kukubo	P.O. Box 78, Sirisia	46	Chrisandys Kimingichi	P.O. Box 187, Bungoma
47	Bramweul M. Wafula	P.O. Box 193, Bungoma	70	Eliud Masike	P.O. Box 23, Sirisia
48	Zipporah Makasi	P.O. Box 4, Cheptais	71	Nazir Warwanda	P.O. Box 94, Sirisia
49	John Saisi	P.O. Box 156, Chwele	72	Anna Wambasi	P.O. Box 73, Cheptais
50	Samuel Kisaka Cllr.	P.O. Box 3, Sirisia	73	David Wanyonyi	P.O. Box 27, Sirisia
51	Cllr. Masete Koyola	P.O. Box 18, Sirisia	74	Kellan Awabula	P.O. Box 31, Sirisia
52	Paul Ogolla	P.O. Box 138, Sirisia	75	Lena Wanyama	P.O. Box 57, Sirisia
53	Maurice Ndegu	P.O. Box 23, Bungoma	76	Alice Mauka	P.O. Box 90, Sirisia
54	Mildred Barasa	P.O. Box 6, Lwandanyi	77	Benard Wasika	P.O. Box 31, Sirisia
55	Chrispus Barasa	P.O. Box 23, Bungoma	78	Caroline Achoki	N/A
56	Nathan Barasa	P.O. Box 60, Sirisia	79	Sheikh Abdalla Ndala	P.O. Box 142, Chwele
57	Anthony Wakola	P.O. Box 5, Sirisia	80	Joseph Nalyianya	P.O. Box 18, Sirisia
58	Philemon Simiyu	P.O. Box 24, Sirisia	81	John Kiliwake	P.O. Malakisi
59	Jacob Wakhomele	P.O. Box 10, Sirisia	82	David Wekesa	P.O. Box 31, Sirisia
60	Zablon Mumalsi	P.O. Box 18, Sirisia	83	Noah Sitati	P.O. Box 116, Cheptais
61	George Munialo	P.O. Box 7, Sirisia	84	Robert Wabakaya	P.O. Box 116, Cheptais
62	John Nasiuma	P.O. Box 65, Sirisia	85	Wilson Wabuyaka	P.O. Box 47, Sirisia
63	Hon. Moses Wetangula	P.O. Box 427, Bungoma	86	Julius Wanyonyi	P.O. Box 11, Sirisia
64	Patrick Wakaa	P.O. Bali	87	Timona W. Chenane	P.O. Box 6, Namwacha

65	Sostine Khamala	P.O. Box 155, Malakisi	88	Joseph S. Chenane	P.O. Box 43, Sirisia
66	Grace Wanyonyi	P.O.Box 31, Sirisia	89	Richard Saesi	P.O. Box 297, Sirisia
67	Moses Wakachala	P.O. Box 31, Sirisia	90	Susan Nchari	P.O. Box 5, Sirisia
68	Jim Sikulu	P.O. Box 228, Sirisia	91	Lorna Nachari	N/A
69	Paul Sikulu	P.O. Box 2228, Bungoma	92	Ronald N. Waluke	P.O. Box 14, Sirisia
93	Leonard Simiyu	P.O. Box 227, Malakisi	116	Joel Wakhuna	P.O. Box 70, Sirisia
94	Erick Barasa	P.O. Box 63, Chwele	117	Titus Simiyu	P.O. Box 175, Bungoma
95	Kennedy Kondu	P.O. Box 11, Sirisia	118	David Wandabwa	P.O. Box 50, Bokoli
96	Hassan Wsusa	P.O. Box 18, Sirisia	119	Jairus Barasa	P.O. Box 31, Sirisia
97	Joseph Makokha	P.O. Box 92, Sirisia	120	Julius Mulongo	P.O. Box 193, Bungoma
98	Lutukayi Sakhwa	P.O. Box 175, Bungoma	121	Catherine Matete	P.O. Box 3, Sirisia
99	Nabangi Levy	P.O. Box 222, Lwakisawa	122	David Manyonge	P.O. Box 18, Sirisia
100	Cllr. Jackson Wasike	P.O. Box 18, Sirisia	123	Wayekela Abuka	P.O. Box 74, Sirisia
101	John Wachiye	P.O. Box 41, Sirisia	124	Major Waluke John	P.O. Box 55, Sirisia
102	George Wanjala	P.O. Box 70, Sirisia	125	Job Wabule	P.O. Box 55, Sirisia
103	Benson Wakasiaka	P.O. Box 70, Sirisia	126	Shadrack S. Kiboriti	P.O. Box 114, Chwele
104	John Wekesa	P.O. Box 51, Bungoma	127	Belinda Barsa	P.O. Box 2355, Bungoma
105	Diphas Mauka	P.O. Box 90, Sirisia	128	Rachael Nabifufo	P.O. Box 18, Sirisia
106	Hamisi Simonde	P.O. Box 22, Lwakhala	129	Collins Wasike	P.O. Box 72, Sirisia
107	Elia Lsialo	P.O. Box 40, Lwandanyi	130	Timothy Wanyonyi	P.O. Box 96, Bungoma
108	Maurice Wekesa	P.O. Box 18, Sirisia	131	Henry Marisa	P.O. Box 11, Sirisia
109	Richard Wafula	P.O. Box 70, Sirisia	132	Richard Nyongesa	P.O. Box 43, Sirisia
110	Maurice Nalyianya	P.O. Box 25, Sirisia	133	David Murala	P.O. Box 119, Chptais
111	Justus Wacimbwa	P.O. Box 54, Sirisia	134	Jackson Kifisa	P.O. Box 24, Bungoma
112	Joseph Munialo	P.O. Box 42, Sirisia	135	Manyonge Kisiangani	P.O. Box 18, Sirisia
113	Wafula Nabiswa	P.O. Box 31, Sirisia	136	Christopher Wakhisi	P.O. Box 55, Sirisia
114	Joseph Juma	P.O. Box 94, Sirisia	137	Ambrose Fwamba	P.O. Box 15, Sirisia
115	Bentrh Namasaka	P.O. Box 43, Sirisia	138	Samuel Khwitota	P.O. Box 3, Sirisia
139	John Wopicho	P.O. Box 138, Sirisia	146	Kusienya Rodrick	P.O. Box 264, Chwele
140	Mary Kwayesa	P.O. Box 138, Sirisia	147	Shadrack Kibaba	P.O. Box 264, Chwele
141	Cosmas Makasi	P.O. Box 165, Malakisi	148	George Werunga	P.O. Box 11, Sirisia
142	Elias Wanyama	P.O. Box 82, Bungoma	149	Lucas Wanjala	P.O. Box 18, Sirisia
143	Mark Wafula Wekesa	P.O. Box 31, Sirisia	150	Khisa Nasikungu	P.O. Box 96, Sirisia
144	Wanyonyi Buteyo	P.O. Box 30412, Nairobi	151	Nixon Wanyonyi	P.O. Box 51, Cheptais
145	Timothy Weswa	P.O. Box 44, Sirisia	152	Simiyu Namanda	P.O. Box 11, Sirisia

## ACK CHURCH CHWELE

No.	Name	Address	No.	Name	Address
1	George Sitati Wekesa	P.O. Box 184, Chwele	109	Rose Wanyonyi	P.O. Box 76, Chwele
2	Wilfred Kisuya	P.O. Box 463, Chwele	110	Godfrey W. Murunga	P.O.Box 98, Chwele
3	Moses Simiyu Lusano	P.O. Box 192, Chwele	111	Enock Chonge	P.O. Box 16, Chwele
4	Justus Wabuire Nabiswa	P.O. Box 192, Chwele	112	Godngutai Muyekho	P.O. Box 25, Chwele
5	Shdrack Watima	P.O. Box 147, Chwele	113	Cleophas Wayongo	P.O. Box 307, Bungoma
6	Chris Mutacho	P.O. Box 21, Chwele	114	Amos Nadasaba	P.O. Box 62, Bokoli
7	Cerishom Walubengo	P.O. Box 16, Chwele	115	Mukhandia Khamusini	P.O. Box 11, Chwele
8	Patrick Wanyonyi S.	P.O. Box 99, Chwele	116	Wanguto George	P.O. Box 141, Chwele
9	Patrick Wambilianga	P.O. Box 21, Chwele	117	Moses Maroti Masolo	P.O. Box 7, Chwele
10	Hosea Bikala W.	P.O. Box 164, Chwele	118	Moses Weni	P.O. Box 477, Chwele
11	Ezekial Khaemba	P.O. Box 140, Chwele	119	Peter Wenani	P.O. Box 299, Chwele
12	Pepela Watila	P.O. Box 223, Chwele	120	Joseph mwalakha Kituyi	P.O. Box 380, Chwele
13	Fr. Francis Ekissa	P.O. Box 21, Chwele	121	Chrisandus Kimingiufi	P.O. Box 187, Bungoma
14	Isaac Mutoro	P.O. Box 71, Chwele	122	Wycliff Kisuya	P.O. Box 65, Chwele
15	William Makona	P.O. Box 35, Chwele	123	Wycliff Tembula	P.O. Box 340, Chwele
16	Richard W. Wanasamba	P.O. Box 51, Chwele	124	Wycliff Sitati	P.O. Box 16, Chwele
17	Oriama Benson	P.O. Box 16, Chwele	125	Paul Munyasia	P.O. Chwele
18	Benson Maunda	P.O. Box 78, Chwele	126	John Wesonga	P.O. Box 16, Chwele
19	Abert abarasa	P.O. Box 11, Chwele	127	Cornelius Warubengo	P.O. Box 16, Chwele
20	Vincent Wanyonyi	P.O. Box 98, Chwele	128	Edward Mungoba	P.O. Box 292, Chwele
21	Peter Wanyonyi	P.O. Box 38, Chwele	129	Mamai J.B.	P.O. Box 292, Chwele
22	Henry Munyole	P.O. Box 327, Chwele	130	Peter Wasike C.	P.O. Box 21, Chwele
23	Isaac Wekesa	P.O. Box 50, Chwele	131	Leonard W. Ndeiyila	P.O. Box 44, Bungoma
24	Emmanuel W. Namukosi	P.O. Box 4, Chwele	132	Ben Wangila	P.O. Box 16, Chwele
25	Joseph Kakai	P.O. Box 83, Chwele	133	Fred Mukhongo	P.O. Box 327, Chwele
26	AyubWakapisi	P.O. Box 226, Chwele	134	Thomas Mulati	P.O. Box 327, Chwele
27	Joseph Mutaki	P.O. Box 44, Bungoma	135	Henry Wanyonyi M.	P.O. Box 182, Chwele
28	Moses Maruti	P.O. Box 17, Chwele	136	Amos Kundu	P.O. Box 264, Chwele
29	Alfred Maunda	P.O. Box 78, Chwele	137	David Namasake	P.O. Box 226, Chwele
30	C. Assim Mungasa	P.O. Box 177, Chwele	138	Hadson Musungu	P.O. Box 545, Chwele
31	Patrick Sibuda	P.O. Box 51, Chwele	139	Gladys Namalwa W.	P.O. Box 163, Bungoma
32	Patrick Wamalwa W.	P.O. Box 51, Chwele	140	Charles Wanjala	P.O. Box 358, Chwele
33	Rashid Kitoyi	P.O. Box 99, Chwele	141	Joab W.Khaemba	P.O. Box 99, Chwele
34	Caleb Kakai	P.O. Box 71, Sikow	142	Patrick Walubengo	P.O. Box 299, Chwele
35	Isaac Kitoyi	P.O. Box 99, Chwele	143	Wamunyokoli Timothy	P.O. ox 51, Chwele
36	Estar Nanjala M.	P.O. Box 20, Chwele	144	Bernard Juma	P.O. Box 141, Chwele
37	Joash Wangila	P.O. Box 71, Kimilili	145	Fred Munyola	P.O. Box 30, Chwele
38	John Mwanja	P.O. Box 456, Chwele	146	James Wanyimbi	P.O. Box 366, Chwele
39	Joseph Wafula	P.O. Box 36, Bungoma	147	Emmah Mukhebi	P.O. Box 284, Kimilili
40	Fredrick W. Mutoto	P.O. Box 338, Bungoma	148	Muliro Kunikina	P.O. Box 44, Chwele
41	Johnstone Nyongesa	P.O. Box 2091, Bungoma	149	Robert Wafula	P.O. Bungoma

42	Moses Onguli	P.O. Box 258, Khwisero	150	Maratia Wambuyi	P.O. Box 183, Chwele
43	Joseph Wafula	P.O. Box 61, Chwele	151	Daniel Waloli	P.O. Box 223, Chwele
44	Ibrahim Simiyu	P.O. Box 367, Chwele	152	Henry Nyongesa	P.O. Box 51, Chwele
45	Duncan Walukano	P.O. Box 367, Chwele	153	Wycliff Namunane	P.O. Box 196, Bungoma
46	John Maratawi	P.O. Box 16, Chwele	154	John Kitoyi	P.O. Box 99, Chwele
47	Japheth Werunga	P.O. Box 312, Chwele	155	Elijah Wasola	P.O. Box 481, Chwele
48	Kimnai Matifari	P.O. Box 15, Chwele	156	Eric Masubayi	P.O. Box 220, Chwele
49	Silas Wefula Mukanda	P.O. Box 16, Chwele	157	Wayengela Abuyika	P.O. Box 220, Chwele
50	John Wanyimbi	P.O. Box 366, Chwele	158	Morris Watila	P.O. Box 99, Chwele
51	Aggrey Makari	P.O. Box 546, Chwele	159	Jafred Mauyo	P.O. Box 15, Chwele
52	Steven Nakitare	P.O. Chwele	160	Zachariah Oriama	P.O. Box 67, Cheptais
53	Jestimore Masababi	P.O. Box 234, Chwele	161	Gerishom Wetima	P.O. Box 16, Chwele
54	Wasike S. Henry	P.O. Box 614, Bungoma	162	Meshack Baraza	P.O. Box 124, Chwele
55	Wandabwa David	P.O. Box 50, Bukoli	163	Maurice Kulundu	P.O. Box 11, Chwele
56	Saulo Makona	P.O. Box 141, Chwele	164	Irene Walubengo	P.O. Box 16, Chwele
57	Vincent Stoke	P.O. Box 205, Chwele	165	Elijah Watesi	P.O. Box 7, Chwele
58	John Barasa	P.O. Box 378, Chwele	166	Mark Baraza	P.O. Box 99, Chwele
59	Saulo Khaemba	P.O. Box 16, Chwele	167	Evans Changgalwa	P.O. Box 127, Bungoma
60	Alex Wafula	P.O. Box 88, Chwele	168	Cosmos Wangila	P.O. Box 68, Chwele
61	Edwin Barasa	P.O. Box 654, Bungoma	169	Peter Namasala	P.O. Box 99, Chwele
62	Richard Wanjala	P.O. Box 42, Chwele	170	Zachariah Tenge	P.O. Box 99, Chwele
63	Alfred Mulongo	P.O. Box 85, Chwele	171	Job Marathani	P.O. ox 218, Chwele
64	Steven Mayula	P.O. Box 14, Chwele	172	Reuben Wanyama	P.O. Box 76, Chwele
65	Andrew Barasa	P.O. Box 218, Chwele	173	Boniface Munialo	P.O. Box 217, Chwele
66	Maurice Situma	P.O. Box 262, Chwele	174	Jackim Wamalwa	P.O. Box 262, Chwele
67	James Makokha	P.O. Box 99, Chwele	175	Simeon Okemwa	P.O. Box 36, Chwele
68	Albert Nyongesa	P.O. Box 22, Chwele	176	Joseph Masete	P.O. Box 37, Chwele
69	Gilbert B. Nambafu	P.O. Box 48, Chwele	177	David Mulongo	P.O. Box 11, Chwele
70	Godfrey Simiyu	P.O. Box 32, Chwele	178	Maurice Nakono	P.O. Box 11, Chwele
71	Elijah Nabibie	P.O. Box 141, Chwele	179	Titus Biketi	P.O. Box 299, Chwele
72	Bineah Murunga	P.O. Box 141, Chwele	180	Charles Wasike	P.O. Box 378, Chwele
73	Victoria Muykho	P.O. Box 25, Chwele	181	Calistus Wanyonyi	P.O. Box 456, Chwele
74	Patrick Miluki	P.O. Box 37, Chwele	182	Peter Nabiswa	P.O. Box 142, Chwele
75	Alfred Wafula	P.O. Box 98, Chwele	183	Paul Simiyu	P.O. Box 140, Chwele
76	Richard Wasike	P.O. Box 701, Kimilili	184	Moses Kibweti	P.O. Box 47, Chwele
77	Stephen Makata	P.O. Box 407, Bungoma	185	Eliud Muyekho	P.O. Box 1475, Bungoma
78	Joel N. Musungu	P.O. Box 83, Chwele	186	Kundu Wanyonyi	P.O. Box 99, Chwele
79	Wycliff Makari	P.O. Box 76, Bungoma	187	Moses Chesози	P.O. Box 150, Chwele
80	Fred Khamusini	P.O. Box 28, Chwele	188	Walter Wechuli	P.O. Box 77, Chwele
81	Francis Watila M.	P.O. Box 37, Chwele	189	Nick Wekesa	P.O. Box 114, Bungoma
82	Nathan Simiyu	P.O. Box 37, Chwele	190	Evans Makharu	P.O. Box 122, Bungoma
83	Moses Masika	P.O. Box 124, Chwele	191	Joseph Kimakuti	P.O. Box 182, Chwele
84	Cleophas Wafula	P.O. Box 40, Cheptais	192	Francis Makari	P.O. Box 26, Chwele
85	Nashon Maasai	P.O. Box 210, Chwele	193	Ben Watila	P.O. Box 259, Chwele

86	Byrum Munyasia	P.O. Box 76, Chwele	194	Shadrack Kapuli	P.O. Box 141, Chwele
87	Patrick M. Murefu	P.O. Box 78, Chwele	195	John Mburu	P.O. Box 9, Chwele
88	Moses Kimakuti W.	P.O. Box 41, Chwele	196	Dr. Geofry Kime	P.O. Box 313, Chwele
89	David S. Wepukhulu	P.O. Box 22, Chwele	197	Joseph Waswa	P.O. Box 190, Chwele
90	Mark Simiyu	P.O. Box 283, Chwele	198	Henry Wangwe	P.O. Box 78, Chwele
91	Job Simiyu	P.O. Box 211, Chwele	199	Alice Tumwa	P.O. Box 141, Sawadiki
92	Hilary Maelo	P.O. Box 141, Chwele	200	David Baraza	P.O. Box 396, Chwele
93	Wapagana Mwasamo	P.O. Box 9, Chwele	201	Benard Wesongo	P.O. Box 141, Chwele
94	Robert N. Nakitare	P.O. Box 71, Kimilili	202	John Kimakuti	P.O. Box 41, Chwele
95	Jackson Mecitumo	P.O. Box 16, Chwele	203	John Mechi	P.O. Box 30, Chwele
96	John Wasike	P.O. Box 648, Bungoma	204	Emmanuel Wanyama	P.O. Box 30, Chwele
97	Charles Biketi	P.O. Box 396, Bungoma	205	Julius Kisiangiani	P.O. Box 99, Chwele
98	Robert Wafula	P.O. Box 16, Chwele	206	Solomon Nyongesa	P.O. Box 142, Chwele
99	Wanjala Nyongesa	P.O. Box 648, Kisiwa	207	Eliud Wafula	P.O. Box 78, Chwele
100	Jennifer Mamai	P.O. Box 83, Chwele	208	Laban Makari M.	P.O. Box 38, Chwele
101	Mary Kitisa	P.O. Box 157, Chwele	209	Moses Wekesa	P.O. Box 99, Chwele
102	George Nalyianya	P.O. Box 926, Bungoma	210	Gabriel Sikuku	P.O. Box 275, Chwele
103	Cleophas Makari	P.O. Box 83, Chwele	211	Titus Buteyo	P.O. Box 83, Chwele
104	Alfred Kukali	P.O. Box 41, Chwele	212	Fred Munialo	P.O. Box 25, Chwele
105	Kenton Collins W.	P.O. Box 99, Chwele	213	Wanyonyi John M.	P.O. Box 234, Kapsabet
106	Colnel Simiyu	P.O. Box 457, Chwele	214	Fred Walumbe	P.O. Box 243, Chwele
107	Richard N. Kikwe	P.O. Box 139, Chwele	215	George Wamabisi	P.O. Box 308, Chwele
108	Maurice Wasike	P.O. Box 378, Chwele	216	Benson Wafula	P.O. Box 16, Chwele
			217	Manuel Wekesa	P.O. Box 98, Chwele