TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Prefa	ace	i
1.	Dist	rict Context	1
	1.1. 1.2.	Demographic characteristics Socio-economic Profile	1 1
2.	Cons	stituency Profile	1
	 2.1. 2.2. 2.3. 2.4. 2.5. 2.6. 	Demographic characteristics Socio-economic Profile Electioneering and Political Information 1992 Election Results 1997 Election Results Main problems	1 1 2 2 2 2 2
3.	Cons	stitution Making/Review Process	3
	3.1. 3.2.	Constituency Constitutional Forums (CCFs) District Coordinators	3 5
4.	Civi	e Education	6
	4.1. 4.2.	Phases covered in Civic Education Issues and Areas Covered	6 6
5.	Cons	stituency Public Hearings	7
	5.1. 5.2. 5.3.	Logistical Details Attendants Details Concerns and Recommendations	7 7 8
Aj	opend	lices	31

1. DISTRICT CONTEXT

Siakago constituency is one of the two constituencies in Mbeere District. Mbeere District is one of 13 districts of the Eastern Province of Kenya.

1.1Demographic Characteristics

District Denviotion by Som	Male	Female	Total
District Population by Sex	81,885	89,068	170,953
Total District Population Aged 18 years & Below	47,677	47,143	94,820
Total District Population Aged Above 18 years	34,208	41,925	76,133
Population Density (persons/Km ²)		82	

1.2 Socio-Economic Profile

Mbeere District:

- Is the 7th most densely populated district in the province;
- Has a primary school enrolment rate of 72.1%, being ranked 6th in the province and 35th nationally;
- Has a secondary school enrolment rate of 23.5%, being ranked 7th in the province and 23rd nationally;
- Experiences the following main diseases: Malaria, respiratory tract infections, skin diseases and infections, diarrhoea diseases, and intestinal worms; and
- Has an absolute poverty incidence of 51%, being ranked 18th of the 47 districts ranked in the country.

Mbeere district has 2 constituencies: Gachoka and Siakago. Each of the 2 district's MPs covers on average an area of 1,047 Km² to reach an average of 85,477 constituents. Currently, KANU hold both the parliamentary seats.

2. CONSTITUENCY PROFILE

2.1 Demographic Characteristics

Osnatitus an an Danulatian	Total	Area Km ²	Density (persons/Km ²)
Constituency Population	71,171	777.30	91.6

2.2 Socio-Economic profile

Siakago constituency is in an arid and semiarid region whose mainstay of the economy are coffee, tobacco, millet, maize and other cereals. There is also a good number of traditional livestock such as goats, sheep and cattle.

2.3 Electioneering and Political Information

Clanism plays a major role in Siakago elections and candidates have all along been voted on a clan basis.

2.4 1992 General Election Results

1992 TOTAL REGISTE	18,675							
CANDIDATE	PARTY	VOTES	% VALID VOTES					
Gideon Ireri Ndwiga	KNC	3,926	29.03					
Elton Njue Njeru	DP	3,440	25.43					
Francis Kago	FORD-A	2,836	20.97					
Silvester Mate	FORD-K	1,672	12.36					
John M'Mukira	KANU	1,652	12.21					
Total Valid Votes		13,526	100.00					
Total Votes Cast		13,526						
% Turnout		72.42						

2.5 1995 BY-Election Results

1995 TOTAL REGISTE	18,675							
CANDIDATE	PARTY	VOTES	% VALID VOTES					
Gideon Ireri Ndwiga	KANU	5,852	78.35					
Elton Njue Njeru	DP	1,561	20.90					
Beatrice	KNC	56	0.75					
Total Valid Votes		7,469	100.00					
Rejected Votes		143						
Total Votes Cast		7,612						
% Turnout		40.76						
% Rejected/Cast		1.88						

2.6 1997 General Election Results

1997 TOTAL REGISTERED VOTERS23,209					
CANDIDATE	PARTY	VOTES	% VALID VOTES		
Silas M. Ita	DP	9,764	52.27		

Justin M. Njoka	KANU	8,617	46.13
Vincent Ngari Njoka	SDP	244	1.31
Francis Njue Kago	LPK	55	0.29
Total Valid Votes	-	18,680	100.00
Rejected Votes		140	
Total Votes Cast		18,820	
% Turnout		81.09	
% Rejected/Cast		0.74	*

2.7 Main Problems

The constituency has relatively poor infrastructure. It has no tarmac roads and facilities like piped water and electricity are only to be found at Siakago and along the Kanyuambora-Isiara road, the only all weather road in the area.

3. CONSTITUTION MAKING/REVIEW PROCESS

3.1. Constituency Constitutional Forums (CCFs)

3.1.1. Philosophy

The Constituency Constitutional Forum (CCF) plays a very significant role in the review of the constitution. It is designated as one of the organs 'through which the review process shall be conducted' - (sec. 4(1) of the Constitution of Kenya Review Act, Cap.3A). The importance attached to the CCF arises from the recognition of the need to involve the people fully in the review of the constitution. Only through such participation of the public will the new constitution reflect the preferences, hopes and aspirations of the people. It would also increase people's knowledge of constitutional issues, and facilitate their familiarity with the provisions of the new constitution. Additionally, the process enhances the legitimacy of the constitution among Kenyans and their sense of ownership over it. In these ways the proper implementation and safeguarding of the constitution will be facilitated.

3.1.2. Composition and Establishment

The 1997 Review Act had provided for district forums 'to mobilize communities at the local level for the purpose of civic education in preparation for the Commission's work and to perform such other duties as the Commission may assign' - (sec. 12A (6). The District Forums were to consist of members elected to represent locations, religious organizations, and the disabled, in addition to MPs and members of every local authority in the district. The Act contained several provisions prescribing minimum qualifications for membership and regulating the operations of the District Forums.

The Select Committee of the National Assembly, which reviewed the Act in early 2000, decided to replace the District Forums with Constituency Forums to get views ' directly from the people in the constituency without necessarily going through the rigors of an election to determine the

members of the forum'. It thought that this would provide for a more popular form of participation. It recommended on the simplification of the forum to avoid elections. The Select Committee envisaged the constituency forum as and 'open forum with no specific structures', which should be ' flexible and easy to manage'. Its opinion was that the 'existing leadership comprising Members of Parliament, councilors, community based organizations, religious groups and individuals should be able to present views and opinions directly from the grassroots' (*The Report of the Parliamentary Select Committee Reviewing the Constitution of Kenya Review Act*, 1997, April 2000). It removed the regulatory powers of the Commission over the forum, its role being confined to the 'facilitation' of the forum. It also changed the function of the views of the public on proposals to alter the constitution.

In view of the limited role of the CKRC in the establishment of the CCF's, the CKRC prepared and gazetted Guidelines for the operationalization of the constituency constitutional forums. The Guidelines stipulated that all the residents of a constituency would constitute the CCF. The CCF is described as one of the organs ' through which the review process shall be conducted' - (sec.4(1)). The CCF was thus one of the principal ways in which the views of the public were to be obtained.

In order to coordinate and facilitate the activities of the CCF, a Constituency Constitutional Committee (CCC) was to be established. The Guidelines proposed its membership to consist of 10 persons, of which three would be ex-officio: the local MP, the chair of the County Council in which the constituency is located, and the District Coordinator. The Guidelines stated that the membership would be as broad and representative of the people of the constituency as possible and recommended that at least a third of the committee should be women.

3.1.3. Functions of CCF

- Facilitation of collection of the views of the public at the constituency level on proposals to alter the constitution; and
- Debate and discussion of the views of the members of the public on proposals to alter the constitution.

In performance of these functions, the CKRC was required to visit all constituencies (Sec.18 (1)(a)).

3.1.4. Functions of CCC

- The functions of the CCC were mainly facilitative and advisory, the primary aim being to enhance the effective participation in the ownership of the constitution review process by the people at the constituency level;
- The CCC was also mandated to promote, facilitate and monitor civic education at the constituency level in collaboration with the District Coordinator and civic education providers;
- Additionally, the CCC had to ensure that the constituency had access to all information relevant to the review process in coordination with District Documentation centers; and
- Finally, the CCC was also mandated with the task of dissemination of the report of the CKRC. It was to be assisted in this by the District Coordinator, who was also its accounting

officer, in relation to funds that were made available to it by CKRC.

It is important to emphasize that the Guidelines were advisory, and the local community was free to modify them to suit local circumstances. For example, the size of the CCC could be increased when and if adequate representation and diversity required it.

3.1.5. Date of Commencement of Work

The Constituency Constitutional Forum (CCF) was to run for an initial period commencing November 2001 up to September 2002. Accordingly, each Constituency Constitutional Committee (CCC) should have been constituted at the very latest by the end of November 2001. The Constituency Constitutional Forum was to be operational by that time.

3.2. District Coordinators

3.2.1. Mandate/Terms of Reference

- Be the local grass root representative;
- Perform the generalization activities in the district;
- Be in charge of the documentation center/s in the district, facilitate its/their respective management, ensuring they are stocked and are easily accessible to the public and also organize their safety and security;
- Gathering any relevant local information and materials for the purpose of constitution making;
- Facilitate the identification, classification and organization of the physical and electronic retrieval and dissemination of information and materials for constitution making;
- Supply such information needed by local constituency forums and committees;
- Liaise with other documentation centers nearby and others for information;
- In collaboration with constituency committees, identify and arrange venues for public hearing whenever the CKRC visits the constituencies in their area;
- Facilitate regular meetings of the constituency committees and involve local people as much as possible in discussing constitutional issues;
- Source and identify other key personnel that the CKRC may wish to consult or engage in its work;
- Identify and arrange for simultaneous local translations, sign language users, procurement and hiring of public address systems, transport and communication facilities for CKRC's meetings in the district;
- Monitor the implementation of civic education by civic education providers in the district;
- Facilitate the formation of constituency committees with guidance and assistance of CKRC; and
- Perform any other tasks as directed by CKRC.

3.2.2. Criteria for Appointment

- Diversity in the composition, taking into account ethnicity, age, religion and professional or occupational background; and
- Appointees had at least attained Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education **or its equivalent.**

4. CIVIC EDUCATION

Civic Education in the constituency was carried out between 19th February, 2002 and 17th May, 2002.

4.1. Phases in Civic Education

Stage one:- Is the only phase that was covered. This is the stage preceding the collection of views. This stage dealt with information, knowledge, skills and virtues that enabled Kenyans have an informed choice and present their views on constitutional review.

4.2. Issues and Areas covered

- Colonial constitution, sovereignty of the Constitution
- Human Rights and Freedoms
- Cultural and Civil Rights
- Nationhood and Nation Building
- Ethics and Moral values
- Emerging Constitutional issues
- Review process, Executive and Separation of powers
- Organs and Levels of Government
- Land and Property rights

5. CONSTITUENCY PUBLIC HEARINGS

5.1. Logistical Details

- 5.1.1. Date and Number of Days for Public Hearings
 - Date(s): 1) 17/05/2002 2) 23/05/2002
 - b) Total Number of Days: 2

5.1.2. **Venue**

a)

- c) Number of Venues: 2
- d) Venue(s): St.Peters Boarding Primary- Ishiara
 - Siakago Girls Secondary School

5.1.3. **Panels**

5.2. Attendance Details

A total of 146 presenters made substantive submissions to the Commission. Most of the presenters were individuals making personal submissions. However, groups and organizations also made presentations.

5.3. Concerns and Recommendations

The following are the recommendations made by the presenters in Siakago Constituency. The recommendations were collated around 43 areas of concern, from the Preamble to National integrity/identity. Only areas where recommendations were made in the constituency are covered. The numbers in parentheses represent the number of times the recommendation (bulleted) was made, either orally or through written memoranda. Each count on a specific recommendation was picked from an individual, a group or an organization. Where a presenter made different recommendations on the same area of concern, each recommendation was counted separately. Where no number appears in parentheses, the recommendation was made only once.

5.3.1 PREAMBLE TO THE CONSTITUTION

- The constitution should have a preamble. (5)
- The constitution should set out the national vision. (3)
- The constitution should capture the struggle for independence.

5.3.2 DIRECTIVE PRINCIPLES OF STATE POLICY.

- The constitution should have statements capturing the philosophy and guiding principles. (2)
- The constitution should include democratic principles. (2)
- The constitution should declare that Kenya be a multi party state.
- The constitution should enforce the rule of law

5.3.3 CONSTITUTIONAL SUPREMACY.

- All constitutional amendments should require a 90% majority vote in parliament. (2)
- The constitution should not retain the 65% majority vote required for constitutional amendments.
- The constitution should retain the 70% majority vote required for constitutional amendments.
- The constitution should provide that a constitutional amendment should only be through a public referendum. (6)
- The church leaders should head a national referendum.
- The constitution should provide that an independent body set up by an act of parliament conducts national referendums.
- The constitution should provide that the Electoral Commission conducts referendums.
- The constitution should provide that public referendums be conducted by a commission appointed by registered churches.

5.3.4 CITIZENSHIP.

- The constitution should provide that those born in Kenya by independence time should acquire automatic citizenship.
- The constitution should provide that those born in Kenya of Kenyan parents be automatic citizens. (2)
- The constitution should confer automatic citizenship to anyone born in Kenya.
- Citizenship should be easily attainable by all Kenyans.
- The constitution should provide that foreigners who have lived in Kenya for at least 10 years be conferred citizenship.
- The constitution should provide that Spouses of Kenyan citizens regardless of gender are entitled to confer citizenship.
- The constitution should provide that Spouses of Kenyan men be conferred citizenship.
- The constitution should provide for children born of Kenyan parents regardless of the parent's residence to be entitled to automatic citizenship. (4)
- The constitution should provide that a child born of a Kenyan male be granted automatic citizenship. (2)
- The constitution should not encourage dual citizenship. (2)
- The constitution should allow for dual citizenship. (4)
- The national identity card should be the document of evidence of citizenship. (2)
- The constitution should allow for the passport to be used as the basic of identification

5.3.5 DEFENSE AND NATIONAL SECURITY.

- The constitution should provide for the Armed Forces be based on qualification and not through nepotism.
- The constitution should provide that recruitment procedures for armed forces be specified in the constitution.
- The constitution should establish the military, paramilitary, police and the prisons.
- The constitution should provide limited tenure to police officers
- The constitution should overhaul the police act
- The constitution should provide that family approval must be sought before conscription to military duties
- The constitution should provide that military responsibility should be ensured within military cadres and high military ethics maintained

- The constitution should provide that a police officer should not stay in the same station for over three months. (2)
- The constitution should punish corrupt police officers. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the armed forces be fully armed to ensure adequate security.
- The constitution should provide that the police officers be well trained and promoted purely on merit.
- The constitution should establish an independent body to investigate and punish armed forces.
- The constitution should provide that the president should not be the commander in chief of the armed forces.
- The constitution should provide that the president should be the commander in chief of the armed forces. (6)
- The constitution should provide that the president should not have power to declare war. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the president should have power to declare war.
- The constitution should provide that parliament should have a role on invoking emergency powers.

5.3.6 POLITICAL PARTIES.

- The constitution should provide that political parties be involved in development programmes for the interest of the whole nation. (2)
- The constitution should provide that political parties be involved in economy recovery and development.
- The constitution should provide that political parties should participate fully in supervising states appropriation of public finances.
- The constitution should provide broad guidelines for the formation, management and conduct of political parties. (2)
- The constitution should provide that political parties ensure that 1/3 of political leaders be women.
- The constitution should provide that political parties bank Kshs. 250 million in a local bank before it is registered.
- The constitution should provide for the Plurality of parties should be upheld.
- The constitution should make Kenya a non-party state
- The constitution should limit the number of political parties in the country to 2. (2)
- The constitution should limit the number of political parties to 3. (3)
- The constitution should provide for a maximum of 25 political parties.
- The constitution should provide that political parties should finance their operations.
- The constitution should provide that political parties be financed by their members.
- The constitution should provide for state funding of political parties. (4)
- There should be no funding of political parties.
- The constitution should provide that political parties have a fully formed party, approved by the Attorney General for it to be financed by the government.
- The constitution should provide that political parties have a national outlook and be concerned with women so as to be financed by government. (2)
- The constitution should empower political parties to participate in the auditing of state accounts.
- The constitution should not permit political parties in power to use its position to

undermine other political parties. (2)

- The constitution should provide that the president should be above party politics.
- The constitution should provide that a political parties be given equal airtime in all media houses.
- The constitution should provide that the relationship between the state and political parties be mutual.
- The constitution should enact laws that should delink the state from political parties to avoid misuse of state resources by some political parties.

5.3.7 STRUCTURES AND SYSTEMS OF GOVERNMENT.

- The constitution should retain the presidential system of government.
- A parliamentary system of government headed by a prime minister should be established. (7)
- The constitution should provide that the prime minister be the head of government. (5)
- The constitution should provide that the president be the head of state. (3)
- The constitution should adopt the hybrid system of government where power is shared between the prime minister and the president. (4)
- The constitution should adopt a unitary system of government. (6)
- There should be a federal system of government with regional governors and parliament.
- The constitution should provide that executive powers be devolved to district levels.
- The constitution should provide for equal power distribution from the central to the local government
- The constitution should provide that the vice president be elected by the people. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the vice president be the running mate of the president. (4)
- The constitution should provide that the vice president be elected from any party represented in parliament to be in-charge of internal security. He/she could be removed from office through a vote of no confidence.
- The constitution should provide that the vice president be a minister.
- The constitution should provide that the president and vice president be of different sexes and from different areas
- The constitution should split the office of the attorney general into two, a legal and prosecutions department respectively
- The constitution should provide that the AG be appointed by the government.
- The constitution should provide that the Attorney General be appointed by parliament.
- The constitution should provide that the Attorney General be appointed by all political parties and should enjoy security of tenure.

5.3.8 THE LEGISLATURE

- The constitution should provide that all presidential appointments be vetted by parliament. (3)
- The constitution should provide that appointments of ministers, chief justice, high court judges, permanent secretaries and PC's be vetted by parliament. (2)
- The constitution should provide that appointment of electoral commissioners, land commissioners and judges be vetted by parliament.
- The constitution should confer upon parliament the power to appoint all senior public appointments. (3)
- The constitution should make parliament supreme

- The constitution should provide that the speaker shall not be an MP
- The constitution should empower parliament to uphold the rule of law if repercussions would be detrimental to national interests.
- The constitution should provide that parliament should have powers to appoint members of existing commissions.
- The constitution should expand functions of parliament to include those of defense and national security.
- The constitution should provide that parliament should take up functions of the president.
- The constitution should provide that the creation of a ministry be the responsibility of parliament.
- The constitution should provide that parliament should determine the number of ministers and their assistants.
- The constitution should give power to parliament to appoint the chief justice.
- The constitution should expand functions of parliament to include those of constituting commissions.
- The constitution should ensure that parliament has its own calendar. (2)
- The constitution should provide that parliament should have unlimited powers of its own procedures. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the speaker of the national assembly should sing laws passed by parliament.
- The constitution should make legislature a part time occupation and payment be made per the number of sittings. (2)
- The constitution should provide that parliament sits for five days in a week.
- The constitution should provide that the presidential, candidate be between 45 to 70 years. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the presidential, candidate be over 40 years.
- The constitution should provide that the presidential, candidate be over 35 years. (2)
- The constitution should provide that an MP have a bachelors degree. (3)
- The constitution should provide that an MP have at least a diploma certificate.
- The constitution should provide that an MP have an O'level certificate. (2)
- The constitution should provide that an MP be a person of high integrity and of good reputation.
- The constitution should introduce moral and ethical qualifications for parliamentary candidates.
- The constitution should empower the electorate to recall non-performing MPs. (13)
- The constitution should provide that MPs serve for a 5-year term.
- The constitution should provide that MPs serve for 2 terms of 5 years each. (2)
- The constitution should provide for an independent body to regulate MPs salaries. (2)
- The constitution should provide that MPs be paid sitting allowance not salary.
- The constitution should provide that salaries of MPs be determined by a committee consisting of the permanent secretary in the ministry of finance and the Attorney General.
- The constitution should provide that salaries of MPs be reduced.
- The constitution should abolish nomination of MPs. (3)
- The constitution should retain the concept of nominated MPs. (3)
- The constitution should reserve nominated seats for women.
- The constitution should provide that local people have the power to propose nominees to be nominated.
- The constitution should reserve 30% of parliamentary seats for women. (2))

- The constitution should reserve seats for 8 disabled women in parliament.
- The constitution should provide that the number of women in parliament be increased to 1/3.
- The constitution should provide for a coalition government. (5)
- The constitution should continue with the multi-party system in legislature and executive. (2)
- The constitution should provide for two chambers in parliament with each province having three senators. The senate should see that the lower house is rightly run.
- The constitution should provide for a 2-chamber parliament, House of Representatives and the senate.
- The constitution should provide that parliament have 2 chambers of parliament: parliamentarians sit in the lower house while the upper house be composed of district representatives. (3)
- The constitution should empower parliament to impeach the president.
- The constitution should empower parliament to pass a vote of no confidence. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the president should have power to veto legislation in parliament when such legislation is not in the interest of Kenyans.
- The constitution should provide that the president should not have powers to veto legislation passed by parliament.
- The constitution should provide that parliament should have power to override the president's veto.
- The constitution should provide that the president should not have power to dissolve parliament (2)
- The constitution should provide that MPs have offices in their constituencies. (4)

5.3.9 THE EXECUTIVE

- The constitution should provide a minimum qualification of a university degree for a presidential candidate.
- The constitution should provide that the president must have high integrity, be responsible and between 35 and 70 years
- The constitution should provide that the president should be a Kenyan citizen. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the president should have a degree in law.
- The constitution should provide that president should be married and living with the family.
- The constitution should provide that the president be a Bantu or nilote.
- The constitution should provide that the president be well educated, morally upright, economically stable and a person of good morals and integrity. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the presidential candidate be of sound mind, Kenyan citizen, married and fluent in English and Kiswahili.
- The constitution should provide that the president should serve a maximum two five-year terms. (6)
- The constitution should provide that the president serves for 10 years. (2)
- The constitution should provide for supreme the authority of the president.
- The constitution should define the duties of the president. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the president appoints public officers. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the president should be subject to the law. (15)
- The constitution should reduce the powers of the president. (8)
- The constitution should provide for the impeachment of the president for misconduct. (5)

- The constitution should empower the citizens to pass a vote of no confidence in the president.
- The constitution should provide that the president and parliament be independent of each other. (4)
- The constitution should provide that the president and ministers should not be sitting MPs.
- The constitution should provide that the president be an MP
- The constitution should provide that the president should not be an elected MP and a member of any party. (4)
- The constitution should ensure that the chief's act is scrapped. (2)
- The constitution should scrap the provincial administration. (9)
- The constitution should recognize and remunerate council of elders
- The constitution should provide that council of elders be elected by the people
- The constitution should entrench the DDC. (2)
- The constitution should empower chiefs to arrest and prosecute lawbreakers.
- The constitution should provide that chiefs be elected by the people. (5)
- The constitution should provide that DC's be replaced by district council chairmen but district officers and chiefs continue with their administrative duties.
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of Mbreere District so as to serve as many people.
- The constitution should provide that chiefs be paid charitable allowances to enable them meet the harambee demands from their seniors.
- The constitution should provide that chiefs be transferable occasionally. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the provincial administration be responsible for implementation of the central government's policies.
- The constitution should provide that the post of PC's be scrapped as it serves no useful purpose.
- The constitution should replace the DCs office with the District Council chairman.
- The constitution should regulate the number of ministries
- The constitution should provide that there be only one ministry only.
- The constitution should provide that the number of ministries should not be more that 20.
- The constitution should provide clear guidelines for the creation of ministries

5.3.10 THE JUDICIARY.

- The constitution should provide for the independence of the judiciary. (9)
- The constitution should provide for the death sentence to all convicted of murder.
- The constitution should provide for efficiency in the court system
- The constitution should provide that judicial appointments be vetted by judiciary, and other stakeholders
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of a women's court to handle cases of rape, defilement and other violent crimes against women. (2)
- The constitution should provide for mobile courts
- The constitution should provide that judicial officers stay in the station for two years
- The constitution should provide that those arrested in respect to civil matters should not be put in police custody
- The constitution should enact laws that minimize corruption in law courts
- The constitution should ensure that there are well defined systems of punishment.
- The constitution should provide that judicial officers work on Saturdays.

- The constitution should scrap bonds since they increase crimes.
- The constitution should provide that magistrates be subordinated to the chief justice.
- The constitution should provide that the legal language be simplified.
- The constitution should provide that court cases should not take more than 3 years and there should be mobile magistrates.
- The constitution should establish a supreme court. (2)
- The constitution should establish a constitutional court. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the chief justice and judges of the high court be appointed by parliament. (2)
- The constitution should provide that judicial officers be appointed by a judicial panel.
- The constitution should provide that judicial officers be appointed by an independent body. (2)
- The constitution should provide that judicial officers be appointed by the judicial service commission. (3)
- The constitution should provide for a commission to appoint judges.
- The constitution should provide that judicial officers enjoy security of tenure.
- The constitution should provide that judicial officers retire at the age of 70 years.
- The constitution should provide that corrupt judicial officers be tried by a parliamentary commission.
- The constitution should provide that Kadhis be well educated in both secular and Islamic law.
- The constitution should provide that the Kadhis court have appellate jurisdiction.
- The constitution should allow people to take people directly to courts.
- The constitution should provide that cases be heard immediately they are filled in court.
- The constitution should guarantee constitutional right to legal aid. (7)
- The constitution should have a provision for judicial review of laws made by the legislature.
- The constitution should provide that village elders handle customary and cultural disputes. (20)
- The constitution should provide that village elders be paid by the government. (5)
- The constitution should provide that a council of elders be established at every division, sub-location and district levels.

5.3.11 LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

- The constitution should provide that all elective positions in the local government, including the position of the mayor and the chair of the County Council, be filled by direct popular elections. (14)
- The constitution should provide that mayors and council chairmen serve for a term of 2 $^{1\!\!/_2}$ years.
- The constitution should provide that mayors and council chairmen serve for a term of 2 years.
- The constitution should provide that mayors and council chairmen serve for a term of 2 terms of five years.
- The constitution should provide that mayors and council chairmen serve for a term of 5 years. (2)
- The constitution should provide that mayors and council chairmen serve for 7 years.
- The constitution should abolish local authorities and have their functions taken over by central government.
- The constitution should provide for the independence of local authorities from the ministry

and they should be accountable to the electorate.

- The constitution should ensure that the local government be independent from the central government. (2)
- The constitution should ensure that the local government continues working ender the central government. (5)
- The constitution should provide that the minimum education qualification of councilors be secondary certificate. (9)
- The constitution should provide that the minimum education qualification of councilors be KCPE certificate. (2)
- The constitution should introduce moral and ethical qualifications for local authority seats. (3)
- The constitution should provide that people have the power to recall councilors. (7)
- The constitution should provide that allowances and salaries of councilors be revised.
- The constitution should provide that remuneration of councilors be determined by an independent commission/body. (3)
- The constitution should provide that remuneration of councilors be determined by the central government.
- The constitution should provide that nominated councilors be women.
- The constitution should retain the concept of nominated councilors. (4)
- The constitution should not retain the concept of nominated councilors.
- The constitution should retain the concept of nominated councilors for specific interest groups.
- The constitution should provide that president and minister for local government should not have powers to dissolve councils. (2)
- The constitution should provide that licensing be affordable for small businesses by local councils. (3)
- The constitution should provide that local brews be licensed by the Kenya Bureau of Standards.
- The constitution should provide that people with disabilities are exempted from paying license fees.
- The constitution should provide that local councils have powers to plan their own towns.
- The constitution should provide that city councils have same status as the district councils.
- The constitution should empower local authorities to come up with their own development policies, taking regard to the needs of the people
- The constitution should provide that rural farms which are distanced from towns should not attract local authority physical planning levies
- The constitution should ensure that local governments provide better services

5.3.12 THE ELECTORAL SYSTEM AND PROCESS

- The constitution should retain the representative electoral system
- The constitution should provide that voting be done by secret ballot. (7)
- The constitution should provide for queue voting. (2)
- The constitution should retain the simple majority rule as a basis of winning the elections. (5)
- The constitution should provide that in case no simple majority is attained i.e. a tie in presidential elections a rerun should be called.
- The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate should garner 30% of the total votes cast.

- The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate should garner 2/3 of the total votes cast to be declared a winner.
- The constitution should provide that candidates who fail to be nominated by one party should not be allowed to switch over to another party party. (2)
- The constitution should provide that defecting MPs should not participate in the by-election that follows. (3)
- The constitution should discourage defections such that one who wishes should seek mandate from the electorate.
- The constitution should provide that a defecting MP should wait until his/her tem ends to vie for the re-elections.
- The constitution should retain the 25% representation in at least 5 provinces for presidential elections.
- The constitution should replace the 25% representation in 5 provinces with 30% representation in 4 provinces for presidential elections.
- The constitution should provide that 1/8 of seats in parliament be reserved for the disabled.
- The constitution should provide that 30% of civic seats be reserved for women.
- The constitution should provide that seats be reserved for women, children, disabled and marginalized groups.
- The constitution should provide that all constituencies should have an equal number of voters. (2)
- The constitution should provide that a constituency should have a population density of 3000 to 50,000 registered voters while a ward should have 5,000 to 10,000 voters.
- The constitution should provide that presidential, parliamentary and civic elections be held separately. (11)
- The constitution should provide that presidential, parliamentary and civic elections be held simultaneously.
- The constitution should provide that ballot boxes be transparent. (3)
- The constitution should provide that civic education be a continuous process.
- The constitution should allow for independent candidates. (6)
- The constitution should provide for a continuous voter registration.
- The constitution should introduce extra constitutional qualifications like charisma during elections
- The constitution should allow civil servants run for parliamentary seats without resigning.
- The constitution should provide that ballot boxes should not be transparent.
- The constitution should provide for a code of ethics which must be met by all parliamentary and presidential candidates
- The constitution should provide for computerization of vote counting
- The constitution should introduce moral and ethical qualifications for all election candidates
- The constitution should provide that all candidates vying for electoral positions be at least form four leavers.
- The constitution should limit election expenditure by each candidate.
- The constitution should specify the election date. (5)
- The constitution should provide that elections be held between August and December.
- The constitution should provide that presidential elections be done directly by the people. (10)
- The constitution should provide that presidential elections be done by elected MPs.

- The constitution should provide that ECK commissioners be persons of high integrity.
- The constitution should provide that 1/3 of the electoral commissioners be women.
- The constitution should provide that 1/8 of the electoral commissioners be women.
- The constitution should provide that 1/4 of the electoral commissioners be disabled persons.
- The constitution should empower parliament to appoint the Electoral commissioners. (5)
- The constitution should provide that electoral commissioners enjoy security of tenure. (2)
- The constitution should provide that electoral commissioners be removed from office if found guilty of misuse of office and misconduct.
- The constitution should provide for an independent electoral commission. (2)
- The constitution should provide that vote counting be done at the polling station. (6)
- The constitution should specify penalties for those involved in elections malpractices.
- The constitution should provide that its an election offence to intimidate one to vote for particular party.
- The constitution should provide that rigging be a punishable offence.
- The constitution should provide that transportation of voters be an election offence.
- The constitution should provide that any election petitions should be heard before elections results are announced.

5.3.13 BASIC RIGHTS

- The constitutional provisions for fundamental rights are not adequate. (2)
- The constitution should provide that all Kenyans be equally entitled to civil, political, social and cultural rights.
- The constitution should guarantee the protection of the human rights of all Kenyans.
- The constitution should safeguard and guarantee basic right for all citizens
- The constitution should provide for freedom of expression. (2)
- The constitution should outlaw all forms of discrimination
- The constitution should guarantee the freedom of association
- The constitution should ensure that there is justice to all
- The constitution should provide for freedom of worship. (6)
- The constitution should provide the freedom of movement.
- The constitution should provide for the removal of fees on all essential services eg health.
- The constitution should guarantee freedom of speech.
- The constitution should abolish the death sentence.
- The constitution should protect the right of life. (2)
- The constitution should replace the death penalty with life sentence. (2)
- The constitution should protect security, health care, education, food and employment as basic rights for all Kenyans. (8)
- The constitution should guarantee adequate security for all people
- The constitution should provide security for all.
- The constitution should guarantee security for disabled women.
- The constitution should allow Kenyans to own arms.
- The constitution should provide for free medical services. (20)
- The constitution should guarantee free medical services in all public hospitals.
- The constitution should ensure that water is supplied to Kenyans. (8)
- The constitution should guarantee water points at Mbeere district.
- The constitution should guarantee free water for all Kenyans.
- The constitution should guarantee free education for all. (6)
- The constitution should guarantee free primary and secondary education. (2)

- The constitution should guarantee easy accessibility to education facilities.
- The constitution should guarantee free university education. (2)
- The constitution should guarantee free primary education.
- The constitution should provide that women have a right to education.
- The constitution should guarantee that the government does a thorough inspection of food coming from outside Kenya.
- The constitution should guarantee for continuous food supply through ensuring good storage facilities. (2)
- The constitution should stop retired people from taking up employment
- The constitution should provide for a one person-one job policy. (2)
- The constitution should provide for employment opportunities to all Kenyans. (4)
- The constitution should create an employment policy for unemployed youth.
- The constitution should guarantee employment opportunities for the disabled. (2)
- The constitution should provide that women be consulted when their husbands are being transferred.
- The constitution should provide that retirement age be 65 years for men and 55 years for women.
- The constitution should provide that the quota system be used when distributing employment opportunities. (2)
- The constitution should guarantee all educated Kenyans jobs. (5)
- The constitution should provide that the government should not retrench workers. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the unemployed be given welfare allowances. (4)
- The constitution should provide welfare allowance for the disabled. (2)
- The constitution should provide for an increment of retirement benefits. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the government provides for single mothers. (2)
- The constitution should provide that pensions be paid promptly.
- The constitution should guarantee free and compulsory education for all children. (2)
- The constitution should guarantee free and compulsory education for all children at primary and secondary schools. (8)
- The constitution should guarantee free and compulsory education primary education. (5)
- The constitution should guarantee free and compulsory education up to university level.
- The constitution should guarantee free and compulsory education at all levels.
- The constitution should guarantee free and compulsory education at at primary level. (5)
- The constitution should be written in both English and Kiswahili.
- The constitution should be written in a simple language.
- The constitution should provide for continuous civic education.
- The constitution should provide that Kenyans have the right to information in the hands of the state. (4)
- The constitution should provide that all workers have the right to trade union representation. (8)
- The constitution should protect workers against exploitation.

5.3.14 THE RIGHTS OF VULNERABLE GROUPS

- The constitution should fully guarantee the rights of women.
- The constitution should provide that women be compensated for the housework they do. (2)
- The constitution should guarantee and protect women rights.
- The constitution should provide for representation of women and disabled in parliament.
- The constitution does not fully take care of the interests of the disabled. (7)
- The constitution should provide for governments care for the disabled.
- The constitution should provide that the disabled get free training skills.
- The constitution should provide that the disabled enjoy their basic rights.
- The constitution should facilitate for the construction of disabled schools.
- The constitution should provide for protection of the disabled against discrimination
- The constitution should provide for free education for the disabled.
- The constitution should introduce a quota system to carter for the disabled.
- The constitution should guarantee that the disabled get access to special education.
- The constitution should provide that public utilities be accessible to the disabled.
- The constitution should protect the disabled against rape. (2)
- The constitution should provide for suitable health facilities for the disabled.
- The constitution should protect and guarantee children's rights. (8)
- The constitution should protect children from child Labor. (3)
- The constitution should provide for children representation in parliament
- The constitution should protect children against disease, hunger and natural calamities
- The constitution should protect young girls against sexual harassment
- The constitution should provide that those who impregnate young girls should be compelled to take care of the child. (2)
- The constitution should ensure that the government protects street children and provide them with basic needs. (2)
- The constitution should provide that every child have a right to a family.
- The constitution should provide for equal inheritance rights for both sexes.
- The constitution should provide that street children be taken care of by the government.
- The constitution should provide that children have a right to be heard and make their own decisions.
- The constitution should provide that there be a children's home funded by the government.
- The constitution should provide that children be allowed to take alcohol or smoke.
- The constitution should provide that the government set aside funds to support the education of children from poor backgrounds.
- The constitution should protect the elderly. (5)
- The constitution should recognize and protect freedom fighters.
- The constitution should provide for the protection of widows.
- The constitution should protect for the poor and destitute since they are vulnerable.
- The constitution should have provisions for affirmative action for women and vulnerable groups. (4)
- The constitution should embrace affirmative action and gender equality.
- The constitution should provide that prisoners be given free health care.
- The constitution should provide that suspects should not be put in remand.
- The constitution should provide that persons held in custody should be tried immediately.
- The constitution should provide that people should not be detained without a trial in court

of law.

• The constitution should provide that prisons be rehabilitation centres.

5.3.15 LAND AND PROPERTY RIGHTS

- The constitution should grant the government ultimate ownership of trust land
- The constitution should uphold individual land ownership rights.(4)
- The constitution should provide that land ownership be vested on the local authorities
- The constitution should provide that the local people should have ultimate ownership of land. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the state have ultimate ownership land.
- The constitution should provide that the government have power to compulsorily acquire private land. (5)
- The constitution should provide that the government should not have power to compulsorily acquire private land. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the state, government or local authority should have power to control use of land. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the government tax idle land. (2)
- The constitution should provide that non-Christians take a traditional oath in land cases
- The constitution should provide that a land board dealing with land cases be set up at the district commissioners office
- The constitution should provide that 1/3 of land tribunal members be elected members
- The constitution should require that land sale procedures be completed before the chief and the local surveyor
- The constitution should ensure that land forcibly taken away is returned
- The constitution should empower elders to deal with land cases
- The constitution should ensure that title deed ownership is a right.
- The constitution should put no payment for a title deed transferred to inheritor.
- The constitution should put lease holding to a maximum of 10 years
- The constitution should provide that a person who has occupied land for 10 years should be declared the owner of that land
- The constitution should ensure that appeals on land cases shall be allowed within three months and not the usual 14 days.
- The constitution should provide for proper allocation of land to avoid cases of double allocations
- The constitution should ensure that land selling shall take place in the presence of all parties The constitution should provide for the computerization of land records and title deeds. (2)
- The constitution should provide that if one stays or utilizes someone's shamba for more that 12 years he/she should not have a right to own that land.
- The constitution should provide that the Kiambeere culture be used to deal with land disputes through taking of oaths. (3)
- The constitution should provide that land surveyors be accurate to avoid land maps and boundary disputes.
- The constitution should provide that land cases be handled by village elders of that particular areas. (2)
- The constitution should stipulate proper laws governing the allocation of land.
- The constitution should provide that illegally acquired land should be relocated back to the rightful owners.

- The constitution should provide that land cases be solved by land tribunals where as land title deeds charges should be fixed and issued to the rightful owners.
- The constitution should provide that all family members be consulted before a family land is sold. (2)
- The constitution should provide that commercial plots should be gazetted at district levels.
- The constitution should protect against land grabbing.
- The constitution should provide that no person should be permitted to transfer his land in the absence of his adjoining neighbors.
- The constitution should provide that the government protect the poor from losing their land to the rich and the powerful. (2)
- The constitution should provide that there should a maximum size of land to be owned by one person. (5
- The constitution should provide that an individual should own a maximum of 200 acres of land.
- The constitution should provide that an individual should own a maximum of 50 acres of land.
- The constitution should provide that an individual should own a maximum of 100 acres of land. (2)
- The constitution should not provide for a ceiling of land owned by an individual.
- The constitution should remove all costs on land succession
- The constitution should provide that title deeds be processed to avoid corruption.
- The constitution should provide that land surveying charges be affordable. (2)
- The constitution should provide that all land cases should not take more than 6 months.
- The constitution should guarantee the right of any Kenyan to own land in any part of the country.
- The constitution should provide that land transfer procedures should be simplified. (2)
- The constitution should provide that matrimonial property shall be registered jointly. (7)
- The constitution should provide for equal inheritance rights for both males and females to be guaranteed by the law.
- The constitution should provide that men and women have equal access to land. (9)
- The constitution should retain pre-independence treaties.
- The constitution should allow Kenyans to own land anywhere in the country. (2)
- The constitution should guarantee that no Kenyan shall be landless.(4)
- The constitution should guarantee every Kenyan access to land. (9)
- The constitution should provide that all government/trust land lying idle should be distributed to the landless. (2)
- The constitution should protect the Trust Land Act.
- The constitution should provide that all trust land should be strictly for public utility.

5.3.16 CULTURAL, ETHNIC, REGIONAL DIVERSITY AND COMMUNAL RIGHTS

- The constitution should provide that Kenya's ethnic and cultural diversity should contribute to our national culture. (2)
- The constitution should recognize customary marriages
- Customary law and practices should be recognized and protected by the constitution. (2)
- The constitution should enshrine traditional dowry in the law
- The constitution should provide that every Kenyan should have a right to retain his own culture which others should not be interfered with.
- The constitution should provide that cultural values on family matters be protected by the

constitution.

- The constitution should allow and protect traditional African brew.
- The constitution should protect and promote cultural and ethnic diversity. (21)
- The constitution should allow female genital mutilation for girls between 14-17 years in the Kimbeere community.
- The constitution should provide for setting up of social halls where cultural lessons can be taught
- The constitution should provide that elders work with the electoral commission of Kenya .
- The constitution should abolish racial and traditional groupings.
- The constitution should discourage clanism. (2)
- The constitution should get rid of traditional practices that are harmful to people. (2)
- The constitution should abolish the practice of Female Genital Mutilation. (9)
- The constitution should provide for English and Kiswahili as the national languages. (3)
- The constitution should uphold Kiswahili as the national language.
- The constitution should recognize and promote indigenous languages. (3)

5.3.17 MANAGEMENT AND USE OF NATIONAL RESOURCES

- The constitution should not retain the executive's power to raise and distribute national resources.
- The constitution should retain parliament's power to approve government expenditure.
- The constitution should provide that parliament should come up with strict laws for the management of scarce national resources.
- The constitution should provide for equitable distribution of national resources. (5)
- The constitution should abolish the cost sharing system
- The constitution should provide that 65% of employees in a district be locals.
- The constitution should provide that 50% of council levies should remain in the council for development.
- The constitution should provide that the government apportions benefits from resources between the central government and communities where such resources are found. (5)
- The constitution should provide that the controller and auditor general be appointed by parliament.
- The constitution should provide that the controller and auditor general be appointed by a commission.
- The constitution should provide that donor funds be accounted by parliament.
- The constitution should prohibit ministers from being MPs. (4)
- The constitution should provide that ministers have professional qualifications in the particular field they run. (3)
- The constitution should provide that only qualified Kenyans should be employed to work in the public service.
- The constitution should provide that Kenyans be given proper salary packages/allowances so as to attract them to the public sector.
- The constitution should provide that civil servants and members of the armed forces be elected by the local community
- The constitution should provide for government scrutiny on all payments made in public offices
- The constitution should provide that members of the PSC be appointed by parliament. (2)
- The constitution should provide that holders of government offices should not run businesses.

- The constitution should ensure that public servants are individuals of high moral standards.
- The constitution should provide that public service office bearers should respect and serve public members without discrimination.
- The constitution should provide that all ministers who fail to perform should be sacked.
- The constitution should provide that non-performers in the civil service should be forced to retire early.
- The constitution should stipulate a code of conduct for holders of public offices.
- The constitution should provide that corrupt public officers be punished. (8)
- The constitution should provide that civil servants should not be involved in politics.(2)
- The constitution should provide that civil servants retire at the age of 55 years.
- The constitution should provide that development be initiated by the people and supported by the government.
- The constitution should ensure that Kenyans do not invest abroad.
- The constitution should provide that all people holding public office should declare their wealth. (3)
- The constitution should provide that all political aspirants should declare their wealth

5.3.18 ENVIRONMENTAL AND NATURAL RESOURCES

- The constitution should prevent deforestation through setting up policies. (2)
- The constitution should encourage afforestation. (2)
- The constitution should safeguard forests.
- Environmental protection issues should be addressed in the constitution.
- The constitution should provide that the local people manage natural resources.
- The constitution should abolish license requirement charged on lumbering one's trees
- The constitution should empower local authorities to erect beacons around forests under its trusteeship for the sake of public convenience
- The constitution should provide that the government have power to enforce environmental protection laws.
- The constitution should provide that the Kenyan citizens should own land. (2)
- The constitution should provide that local communities own natural resources.
- The constitution should provide that the state should own natural resources.
- The constitution should provide that communities be given first preference in managing local natural resources. (4)
- The constitution should provide that natural resources be used to benefit the local people.
- The constitution should protect natural resources. (3)
- The constitution should protect water catchment areas.
- The constitution should provide that the county council manages natural resources.
- The constitution should provide that the government taxes proceeds from a natural resource on a piece of land owned by an individual
- The constitution should provide for laws against pollution.
- The constitution should stipulate laws governing conservation of our forests.
- The constitution should ensure that one tenth of benefits from natural resources should remain with local authorities while nine tenth goes to central government

5.3.19 PARTICIPATORY GOVERNANCE

• The constitution should provide that NGO's be involved together with research institutes in governance.

- The constitution should provide that civil society organizations be involved in governance. (2)
- The constitution should protect the rights of civil societies.
- The constitution should provide that church leaders choose leaders so that individuals do not impose themselves.
- The constitution should provide that disabled bodies be funded by the government.
- The constitution should provide that the state prevent operation of civil society organizations, which advocate tribalism, racism and political discrimination.
- The constitution should provide for the independence of the of media.
- The constitution should provide that churches be scrutinized before being registered.
- The constitution should provide that NGO's have official order from the government so that they can operate.
- The constitution should monitor activities of NGOs
- The constitution should regulate churches.
- The constitution should give women the opportunity to participate in governance. (3)
- The constitution should provide that women take part in matters of national identity.
- The constitution should provide that persons with disabilities take part in governance.(2)

5.3.20 INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

- The constitution should provide that parliament should have a role to play in international conventions.
- The constitution should provide for domestication of international conventions to which Kenya is a signatory e.g. CEDAW (3)

5.3.21 CONSTITUTIONAL COMMISSIONS, INSTITUTIONS AND OFFICES

- The constitution should provide for constitutional commissions, institutions and offices. (2)
- The constitution should provide for a commission to listen to the peoples views before they are sent to parliament.
- The constitution should retain the teachers service commission and disband KNUT
- The constitution should create the office of an ombudsman. (5)
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of a human rights commission. (3)
- The constitution should provide for a gender commission. (2)
- The constitution should establish an anti-corruption commission. (5)
- The constitution should set up anti corruption units at divisional level
- The constitution should establish a lands commission.
- The constitution should establish the Public Service Commission.
- The constitution should establish an environmental protection commission.
- The constitution should provide for a salaries commission. (2)
- The constitution should provide for a religious commission.
- The constitution should provide for a truth and reconciliation commission.
- The constitution should provide for a national resources commission.
- The constitution should provide for a special commission to do key appointments.
- The constitution should establish a religious commission.
- The constitution should provide that the national resources commission should advertise all employment opportunities and recruit personnel from all the country.
- The constitution should provide that the human rights commissioners have security of tenure.
- The constitution should provide that the environmental protection and development

commission should manage natural resources.

- The constitution should provide that the salary commission review salaries of all workers.
- The constitution should provide that the land commission serves for 3 years.
- The constitution should provide that the truth and reconciliation commission should look into causes and effects of clanism and tribalism and how they affect Kenyans.
- The constitution should establish a ministry of constitutional affairs

5.3.22 SUCCESSION AND TRANSFER OF POWER.

- The constitution should provide that during elections the speaker of the national assembly should assume executive powers. (3)
- The constitution should provide that during presidential elections the outgoing should assume executive powers.
- The constitution should provide that the incoming president should assume office 31 days after being declared the winner.
- The constitution should provide that the former president receives normal retirement benefits without any special privileges.
- The constitution should provide that the former president be pensionable after completion of 2 terms in office served continuously.
- The constitution should not grant the president immunity from prosecution
- The constitution should provide that the former president should retire from the chairmanship of his party.
- The constitution should provide for when the president can leave for office when severely sick or through death.

5.3.23 WOMEN'S RIGHTS

- The constitution should provide that the rights of women be constitutionalised.
- The constitution should reintroduce affiliation act
- The constitution should ensure that women are given equal rights.
- The constitution should provide that women have the right to their husband's property.
- The constitution should provide that women should have the right to own property. (8)
- The constitution should provide that women should have the right to inheritance and succession. (11)
- The constitution should provide that unmarried women should have the right to inherit their father's property.
- The constitution should harmonize marriage laws. (4)
- The constitution should respect and recognize traditional/customary marriages. (3)
- The constitution should provide that polygamy be allowed to take care of mistresses and single mothers. (3)
- The constitution should specify the amount of dowry to be paid. (3)
- The constitution should discourage "come we stay marriages".(2)
- The constitution should provide that dowry should not be taken as payment for the wife rather as a token of appreciation.
- The constitution should respect marriages between the disabled and the abled persons.
- The constitution should compel men who impregnate girls to marry them.
- The constitution should provide that fathers ensure women child support and maintenance. (16)
- The constitution should prohibit domestic violence. (11)

5.3.24 DOMESTIC TRADE ISSUES

- The constitution should provide that the disabled should be assisted to find local market for their goods.
- The constitution should provide principles that will help fight corruption

5.3.25 ECONOMIC LIBERALIZATION.

- The constitution should lay strict laws to restrict the importation of commodities from outside Kenya.
- The constitution should regulate local commodity prices. (3)

5.3.26 INDUSTRIALIZATION

- The constitution should facilitate for the revival of the cotton industry.
- The constitution should allow citizens to break the monopoly of KPLC by erecting mini stations on numerous waterfalls.

5.3.27 PHYSICAL, ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL INFRASTRUCTURE

- The constitution should provide that the government should ensure that all regions of the country have electricity. (2)
- The constitution should provide for good transport system by constructing roads and electricity.
- The constitution should provide that people living in areas where electricity is being generated should be provided with electricity,
- The constitution should restrict roads being constructed next to riverbanks.
- The constitution should ensure that roads are user friendly for the disabled.
- The constitution should guarantee that feeder roads in eastern province are constructed and main roads be repaired.
- The constitution should provide that telephone services reach the public.

5.3.28 HIV AIDS

- The constitution should provide for compulsory HIV-AIDS test for all Kenyans and positive status be made public.
- The constitution should provide that the government takes care of HIV/AIDS orphans. (2)
- The constitution should abolish traditional beer and drug abuse so as to eradicate spread of HIV/AIDS.
- The constitution should provide that the spread of HIV/AIDS be prevented by making unfaithfulness a criminal offence.
- The constitution should provide that disabled persons living with AIDS be taken care of by the government.
- The constitution should provide that AIDS awareness be encouraged.

5.3.29 PUBLIC SAFETY

- The constitution should provide that the police should always have their identification when arresting members of the public for ease of identification.
- The constitution should provide for the involvement of the public in matters of security.
- The constitution should provide that any interrogation be done by the police.
- The constitution should criminalize police harassment and brutality
- The constitution should provide that the police should not harass the public.
- The constitution should protect citizens against police harassment and arbitrary arrests
- The constitution should guarantee that the police department be well managed.

5.3.30 CORRUPTION

- The constitution should eradicate corruption. (2)
- The constitution should punish anyone found guilty of corruption.
- The constitution should provide principles that will help fight corruption
- The constitution should provide checks for corruption in the police and judiciary.
- The constitution should provide for an anti-corruption unit in every location.

5.3.31 POPULATION ISSUES

• The constitution should provide for the government have policies in place to ensure population control.

5.3.32 AGRICULTURE

- The constitution should provide that farmers be given loans with favorable terms of payment depending on the harvest.
- The constitution should provide that the government ensures more water pipe lines to be used for irrigation. (2)
- The constitution should provide for abolition of taxes on agricultural produce
- The constitution should provide that the Kiambeere community be encouraged and supported to grow cotton.
- The constitution should ensure that the government provides for reliable market for Kenyan agricultural products.
- The constitution should protect the interests of the farmers.
- The constitution should provide that livestock farmers should not be forced to take cattle to public cattle dips.
- The constitution should provide that the agriculture sector be improved.
- The constitution should provide that agricultural extension officers effectively carry out their work.
- The constitution should provide that the government come up with a national policy on utilization of irrigation.
- The constitution should provide that farmers be educated on better farming methods for food production, storage and preparation.
- The constitution should provide that farmers be encouraged through realistic and good prices for agricultural produce.
- The constitution should require that arid areas be irrigated by the government
- The constitution should provide that every Kenyan be introduced to compulsory farming.

5.3.33 EDUCATION

- The constitution should provide that secondary and college education should be accessible and affordable for all. (2)
- The constitution should revive adult education.
- The constitution should facilitate for qualified teachers and equipment to all schools. (5)
- The constitution should provide that the university intake be fair in all districts.
- The constitution should provide that needy students be automatically given loans. (3)
- The constitution should provide that district education board members be committee members of schools and they should be O level certificate education.
- The constitution should re-introduce the Kenya schools equipment scheme. (4)
- The constitution should provide that canning be done by the discipline master in the

school.

- The constitution should provide that the 7-4-2-3 education system be re-introduced. (2)
- The constitution should abolish the parallel degree programme.
- The constitution should provide that teachers should not administer punishment to pupils.
- The constitution should provide that fees be subsidized.
- The constitution should abolish the 8-4-4 education system. (2)
- The constitution should abolish the joint admissions board and provide that individual universities admit students directly from high school.
- The constitution should provide for mobile schools for pastoralists.
- The constitution should provide for the reestablishment of Kenya school equipment scheme
- The constitution should scrap the 8-4-4 system of education and replace it with 7-4-2-3 system
- The constitution should provide for changes in the education system to cater for the needs of all peoples. Frequent changes in syllabi and the commercialization of the education system should be stopped
- The constitution should provide that the cut-off points for pastoralists be lowered.
- The constitution should provide that teachers from pastoral areas be given scholarships to persue further education.
- The constitution should provide that if a boy impregnates a girl in school, both of them should be sent away from school.
- The constitution should provide that religious and civic education be taught in schools.
- The constitution should strengthen early childhood and adult education.
- The constitution should provide for the increase of schools to cater for the needs of the disabled. (2)
- The constitution should provide that university admissions be after the KCSE exams.
- The constitution should provide for the increase of teachers salaries.
- The constitution should provide that HELB be given loans to assist civil servants further in university education.
- The constitution should provide that school libraries be equipped
- The constitution should facilitate for the re-introduction of the milk programme.
- The constitution should provide that the quota system be introduced.
- The constitution should provide that girls be allowed to continue with their education after delivering.
- The constitution should provide that school head teachers be held responsible for the mismanagement of funds.
- The constitution should provide that the government supports children from poor background.
- The constitution should abolish the board of governors and retain parents teachers association. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the government educates bright students.
- The constitution should provide for more university chances for those who have cleared form four.
- The constitution should empower Auditors to investigate school funds
- The constitution should provide that nursery school teachers get better pay from the government.

5.3.34 PUBLIC FINANCE (FISCAL POLICY)

- The constitution should provide that the authority to incur expenditure should be removed from the district commissioner's office.
- The constitution should exempt women from paying taxes.
- The constitution should direct that money in foreign banks be brought back to Kenya
- The constitution should regulate interest rates so that banks do not exploit customers. (2)
- The constitution should provide that taxes be lowered for civil servants.

5.3.35 MONETARY POLICY

• The constitution should restrict Kenyans from depositing money in foreign banks.

5.3.36 HEALTH

- The constitution should provide that government hospitals be equipped.
- The constitution should provide that health centers be decentralized. (3)
- The constitution should provide that government health officers should not have private clinics.
- The constitution should provide that all health centers have provisions for maternity wards.
- The constitution should provide that the government rehabilitates mortuaries.
- The constitution should provide that the government monitor health care facilities.
- The constitution should recognize African traditional medicine.
- The constitution should provide that P3 forms be availed in hospitals.
- The constitution should provide that government doctors should not own private clinics. (2)
- The constitution should provide that Kenyans get free mortuary services. (2)
- The constitution should provide that doctors should be posted at all divisional levels and be issued with vehicles to ease transportation.
- The constitution should provide that only provincial and national hospitals have free services. (2)
- The constitution should provide that those who die while under going treatment should not be required to pay hospital fees.

5.3.37 SMALL ENTERPRISE DEVELOPMENT

- The constitution should provide that the government avails business premises and loan to jua kali artisans.
- The constitution should provide that the jua kali sector be protected and promoted. (2)
- The constitution should exempt small-scale enterprises from paying taxes.

5.3.38 TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS

- The constitution should provide that matatu touts have certificate of good conduct.
- The constitution should provide that there be telephone services in all regions of the country.
- The constitution should ensure that telephone telecommunication facilities shall be installed in Ishiara.
- The constitution should provide that the government repair roads in Embu. (2)

5.3.40 CUSTOMARY LAW

- The constitution should provide that incase of separation the dowry should be taken back to the man's parents by the lady's parents.
- The constitution should provide that the customary law be made superior to the common

law.

• The constitution should uphold and respect customary law. (2)

5.3.41 STATUTORY LAW

- The constitution should provide that anyone found guilty of grabbing public utility should be sentenced to 10 years without a fine.
- The constitution should legalize and tax local brews.
- The constitution should abolish illegal brews.
- The constitution should abolish drug abuse.
- The constitution should provide that rapists punished severely by law.
- The constitution should provide that rapists be castrated.
- The constitution should provide for a law to punish those who indulge in homosexuality and rape.
- The constitution should abolish pornographic videos and magazines to control the high rate of prostitution.
- The constitution should provide that rapists be sentenced for 10 years with heavy punishment.
- The constitution should provide that it be illegal for school going children to be found in discos.
- The constitution should provide that anyone who makes a girl pregnant should be made to pay a he-goat.
- The constitution should provide for laws to deal with thieves.

5.3.42 GENDER EQUITY

- The constitution should provide for gender balance in leadership. (2_
- The constitution should provide for gender equity. (2)

5.3.43 ECONOMIC/SOCIAL JUSTICE

- The constitution should provide for compensation for wrongful detention. (2)
- The constitution should provide that people be compensated for their loss of livestock through road accidents.

5.3.44 NATURAL JUSTICE/RULE OF LAW

- The constitution should provide for equality in justice for both men and women.
- The constitution should provide that people be governed according through the rule of law.
- The constitution should provide that justice be applied without discrimination.

5.3.45 NATIONAL INTEGRITY/IDENTITY

- The constitution should provide that national institutions and utilities should not be named after the president in power.
- The constitution should provide for a freedom fighters day on 20th October, Uhuru day on 12th December and Labor Day to be on 1st May.
- The constitution should provide for a dressing code for Kenyans

APPENDICES:

Appendix 1: Members of the Constituency Constitutional Committee

- 1. Hon. Justin B. Muturi
- 2. Antony N. Muverethi
- 3. Cyprian M. Simba
- 4. Mrs. Onoratta I. Mwake
- 5. Cllr. Isa Ireri Ngunia
- 6. Justa K. Nthiga
- 7. Newton M. Nathan
- 8. Benard N. Mathuko
- 9. Ephantus Njuki
- 10. Victoria Ndegi

Appendix 2: Civic Education Providers CEPs

- 1. Benson Ndumo
- 2. Eustace Mituki
- 3. Erastus Njue
- 4. Godfrey N. Mbogo
- 5. Pierre Mbugua
- 6. Fr. James N. Gatiti
- 7. Nancy N. Kaumuthu
- 8. Gladys W. Njiru
- 9. Ignatius Ndovu
- 10. Mathew Mugo

MP DC Chairman Secretary

Appendix 3: Persons presenting memoranda and/or making oral submissions.

100170MKEA	Anonymous	СВО	Written	Karii Women Group
20013omkea		СВО	Written	Kamarindi Sub-location
300110MKEA	Anonymous Benson Ndumo	СВО	Written	Karo Europe Development
400160MKEA	Edward E. Nderi	СВО	Written	Kayuambora Dev. Group
500080MKEA	Edward E. Nderi Evans Ndathi	СВО	Memorandum	Karambari Sub Location
600070MKEA	Mbaka Francis	СВО		Riandu Sub-Location
			Memorandum	
700150MKEA	Namu Ndereba	CBO	Written	Wendani Men Group
800120MKEA	Njeru Njiru	CBO	Written	Kianjeru Group
900100MKEA	Silvius Kithuki Njuki	СВО	Written	Siakago Sub Location
100051IMKEA	Angelina Njura	Individual	Written	
110073IMKEA	Antonina Ngithi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
120106IMKEA	Antony Makinda	Individual	Oral - Public he	
130063IMKEA	Augustine Njiru	Individual	Oral - Public he	
140090IMKEA	Beatrice Wanja	Individual	Written	
150042IMKEA	Ben M. Kanyenji	Individual	Written	
160085IMKEA	Benjamin Thagana	Individual	Written	
170007IMKEA	Benson Ndumo	Individual	Written	
180039IBSWE	Benson Oriena	Individual	Written	
190033IMKEA	Bernard K. Nyaga.	Individual	Written	
200045IMKEA	Bernard M. Mathuko	Individual	Written	
21 0020IMKEA	Bernard Marondo	Individual	Written	
220100IMKEA	,	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	Boniface Mwangario			
230015IMKEA	Gita	Individual	Memorandum	
240058IMKEA	Charles Njue	Individual	Oral - Public he	
250038IMKEA	Christine Nyaga	Individual	Written	
260031IMKEA	Christopher Ngai I.	Individual	Written	
270014IMKEA	Ciprian Njagi	Individual	Written	
280001IMKEA	Cllr. S. M. Kithumbu	Individual	Written	
290108IMKEA	Cllr.G.J.M. Ireri	Individual	Oral - Public he	
300064IMKEA	Damaris Njura	Individual	Oral - Public he	
310126IMKEA	Daniel Nguu Kanyenyeo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
320121IMKEA	Daniel Njagi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
330096IMKEA	David N. Namu	Individual	Written	
340013IMKEA	David Nyaga Namu	Individual	Memorandum	
350119IMKEA	Dionisio Njeru Njagi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
360070IMKEA	Duncan Gitau	Individual	Oral - Public he	
370092imkea	E. N. Mituki	Individual	Written	
380059IMKEA	Edward Mwaniki	Individual	Oral - Public he	
390028IMKEA	Elias Waeni Njuki	Individual	Written	
400082IMKEA	Elizabeth Kambura	Individual	Written	
410002IMKEA		Individual	Memorandum	
420008IMKEA	Emmanuel Makengo N.	Individual	Written	
4300030MKEA	Enest Kiandiko Njue	Individual	Memorandum	Kanyua Mbora men Group
440009IMKEA	Enos Ngai Karanga	Individual	Written	· · · · · · ·
450048IMKEA	Ephantus Njuki	Individual	Written	
460043IMKEA	Esther Ireri	Individual	Written	
470130IMKEA	Eustace M. Njeru	Individual	Oral - Public he	
480077IMKEA	Eustace Mituki	Individual	Written	
490003IMKEA	F. Njeru Mbaka	Individual	Written	
500025IMKEA	Faustino N. Njoka	Individual	Written	
510095IMKEA	Felister Mbura N.	Individual	Written	
520041IMKEA	Felix Njue	Individual	Written	
JZUU4 HIVINEA		וויוטויוטעמו	vvnillen	Į

530037IMKEA	Flora Maitha	Individual	Written
540117IMKEA	Florence N. Mwile	Individual	Oral - Public he
550091IMKEA	Fridah W. Njeru	Individual	Written
560032IMKEA	G. Ireri Kiringa	Individual	Written
570066IMKEA	Gabriel Kaburu	Individual	Oral - Public he
580030IMKEA	Genesio Njiru Luka.	Individual	Written
590049IMKEA	Gerald Njiru	Individual	Written
600046IMKEA	Gladys Muthoni	Individual	Written Oral - Public he
610055IMKEA	Godfrey N. Mbogo	Individual	
620012IMKEA	Godfrey N. Mbogo	Individual	Written
630016IMKEA	Headmaster St. Peter's	Individual	Written
640081IMKEA	Henry Njue	Individual	Written
650125IMKEA	Humphrey Njoka	Individual	Oral - Public he
660107IMKEA	Ignatius Ndovu	Individual	Oral - Public he
670057IMKEA	Ireri Njeru	Individual	Oral - Public he
680123IMKEA	Isaack Machaki	Individual	Oral - Public he
690004IMKEA	Issa Ireri Ngunia	Individual	Written
700113IMKEA	Jacob Gitonga	Individual	Oral - Public he
710083IMKEA	James N. Kirathe	Individual	Written
720079IMKEA	James Waweru	Individual	Written
730062IMKEA	Jedidah Iguda	Individual	Oral - Public he
740098IMKEA	John Kinyua Wambugu	Individual	Written
750124IMKEA	John Munyi	Individual	Oral - Public he
760072IMKEA	John N. Ireri	Individual	Oral - Public he
770074IMKEA	John N. Mugucia	Individual	Oral - Public he
780019IMKEA	John Onyiego	Individual	Memorandum
790024IMKEA	Jonathan O. Okello	Individual	Written
800087IMKEA	Joppley M. Nyaga	Individual	Written
810101IMKEA	Joseph Kariuki Karuku	Individual	Oral - Public he
820027IMKEA	Joseph Mashamba	Individual	Written
830080IMKEA	Joseph N. Kabiero	Individual	Written
840120IMKEA	Joseph N. Kireri	Individual	Oral - Public he
850104IMKEA	Joseph R. Musyoki	Individual	Oral - Public he
860086IMKEA	Josiah M. Thiriku	Individual	Written
870021IMKEA	Josphat M. Muvuta	Individual	Written
880052IMKEA	Juliana Ngare	Individual	Written
890047IMKEA	Julius Nyaga	Individual	Written
900127IMKEA	Kibugiru Kanyibia	Individual	Oral - Public he
910076IMKEA	Kinegeni Munyita	Individual	Written
920005IMKEA	Kivinda N. Nicholas	Individual	Memorandum
930078IMKEA	Maguu Mutie	Individual	Memorandum
940132IMKEA	Manasse Ngari	Individual	Oral - Public he
950044imkea	Margaret Mbete	Individual	Written
960069IMKEA	Margaret Ndege	Individual	Oral - Public he
970094IMKEA	Martin Mugo Ngoci	Individual	Written
980075IMKEA	Mathew Mugo	Individual	Memorandum
990023IMKEA	Mburu Wa Nduati	Individual	Written
1000112IMKEA	Michael N. Kamuyu	Individual	Oral - Public he
1010097IMKEA	Michael Nyaga Mate	Individual	Written
1020102IMKEA	Misheck Njoka	Individual	Oral - Public he
1030006IMKEA	Mwari Stephano Njiru	Individual	Memorandum
1040118IMKEA	Mwinyi Muthega	Individual	Oral - Public he
1050109IMKEA	Narman N. Njue	Individual	Oral - Public he
1060084IMKEA	Nathan N. Mucheke	Individual	Written
1070128IMKEA	Ndwiga	Individual	Oral - Public he
1080053IMKEA	Newton Munene	Individual	Written
TOOOOSSIIVINEA			VVIII.GH

10900	067IMKEA	Ngare Machichi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1100	116IMKEA	Njambu R. Eustace	Individual	Oral - Public he	
11100	022IMKEA	Njeru Kimamia	Individual	Written	
1120	110IMKEA	Njeru Mairani	Individual	Oral - Public he	
11300	026IMKEA	Njeru Nyaga Kathenwa	Individual	Written	
1140	114IMKEA	Njue K.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1150	129IMKEA	Njui Thiaka	Individual	Oral - Public he	
11600	099IMKEA	Nyaga G.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
11700	089IMKEA	Nyaga Kinaino	Individual	Written	
11800	029IMKEA	Onoratta I. Mwake	Individual	Written	
11900	011IMKEA	Peter Muchiri	Individual	Memorandum	
12000	035IMKEA	Peterson Ngari	Individual	Written	
121 00	010IMKEA	Pierre Buria	Individual	Written	
12200	056IMKEA	Pierre Mburia	Individual	Oral - Public he	
12300	060IMKEA	Rahab Muthoni	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1240 ²	122IMKEA	Robert Njiiki	Individual	Oral - Public he	
12500	054IMKEA	Samaon G. Njagi	Individual	Written	
12600	018IMKEA	Samuel Murumi	Individual	Written	
12700	039IMKEA	Samuel Murumia	Individual	Written	
12800	071IMKEA	Serafi N. Maguta	Individual	Oral - Public he	
12900	050IMKEA	Seraphino Nyaga	Individual	Written	
13000	017IMKEA	Silvano Kivuvi Ngige	Individual	Written	
13100	061IMKEA	Silvanus Kyamati	Individual	Oral - Public he	
13200	036IMKEA	Silvius Kithusi	Individual	Memorandum	
13300	068IMKEA	Stephen Mwangangi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
1340 ⁻	131IMKEA	Stephen Nyaga	Individual	Oral - Public he	
13500	034IMKEA	Stephen Waweru K.	Individual	Written	
13600	065IMKEA	Victor Ngare	Individual	Oral - Public he	
13700	088IMKEA	Victoria Ndegi	Individual	Written	
13800	040IMKEA	Virgirio Nthiga	Individual	Memorandum	
13900	093IMKEA	Wainaina M. Charles	Individual	Written	
					Maendeleo Ya Wanawake
		Esther M. Ireri	NGO	Written	-Mbeer
		Evangelina Njeru	NGO		MYWO
	006OMKEA	Issa Ireri Ngunia	Other Institutions	Written	Mbeere County Council
14300	004OMKEA	Kennedy Githinji	Other Institutions	Written	Hilside Junior Academy
	014OMKEA	Rose Wangari	Other Institutions	Written	EDDG
	001OMKEA	Father James Gatiti	Religious Organisation	Memorandum	CJPC Embu Diocese
14600	002OMKEA	Fr. James Gatitu	Religious Organisation	Memorandum	CJPC-Embu Diocese

No.	Name	Address	No.	Name	Address
	lCllr. Sospeter Kithumbu	P.O. Box 202, Siakago	130	Michel Rono	P.O. Box 210, Siakago
	2Elikana Muriuki	P.O. Box 7, Kiritiri	131	Evanson Mwangi	P.O. Box 210, Siakago
	Kambuthu O. Geoffrey	P.O. Box 1194, Embu.	132	Caroline Njuki	P.O. Box 210, Siakago
4	Francis N. Mbaka	P.O. Box 880, Siakago	133	John Njeru Nyaga	P.O. Box 101, Siakago
	5Abishagh P.R. Njiru	P.O. Box 102, Kiritiri	134	Eustus Njeru	P.O. Box 116, Siakago
(Cllr. Isa Ireri Ngunia	P.O. Box 202, Siakago	135	Robert Nyaga	P.O. Box 98, Siakago
,	Nicholas N. Kivinda	P.O. Box 117, Kiritiri	136	Vausteno Njiru	P.O. Box 54, Siakago
	Mwari S. Njiru	P.O. Box 41763, Nairobi	137	Bontace Gitari	P.O. Box 37, Siakago
9	Benson Ndumo	P.O. Box 110, Ishiara	138	Stephen N. Mbui	P.O. Box 73, Siakago
10	Mathew Nyaga	P.O. Box 228, Embu	139	James Njeru	P.O. Box 7, Siakago
1	Emmanuel Makengo	P.O. Box 135, Siakago	140	Eliud N. Mitaro	P.O. Box 153, Embu
12	2Mwangi Simba	P.O. Box 103, Siakago	141	Garuko M. Ireri	P.O. Box 76, Siakago
13	Enos Kanga	P.O. Box 431, Siakago	142	Silvano Kiruru	P.O. Box 78, Siakago
14	Pierre Mburia	P.O. Box 58, Kitiri	143	Mbaka Mwangange	N/A
15	Benjamin Ireri	P.O. Box 44, Embu	144	Fivendenga Ngale	P.O. Box 34, Siakago
16	Aloan Njeru Mukumie	P.O. Box 32, Siakago	145	Dr. Eliud I. Ngutu	P.O. Box 102, Kiritiri
17	Beatrice K. Nyaga	P.O. Box 228, Embu	146	Robert D. Mugo	N/A
18	Joseph K. Kabuthi	P.O. Box 181, Embu	147	John Mwaniki Mugo	P.O. Box 73, Siakago
19	Silas Muchiri Ndwiga	P.O. Box 100 Karaba	148	Newton Kariuki	P.O. Box 9132, Nairobi
20	Severino Njeru M.	P.O. Box 238, Siakao	149	Justa Karimi	P.O. Box 73, Siakago
2	Godfrey N. Mbogo	P.O. Box 1663, Siakago	150	Virginia W. Mwaniki	N/A
2	Bernard N. Ngare	P.O. Box 9, Siakago	151	Samuel Murumbi	P.O.Box 65, Siakago
2	Victoria Ndegi	P.O. Box 140, Siakago	152	Jospeter Kuira	P.O.Box 75, Siakago
24	Florence Muthoni	P.O. Box 165, Kiritiri	153	Moses M. Ngari	P.O. Box 181, Embu
24	5 Gladys Ndegi	N/A	154	Christopher I. Ngai	P.O.Box 69, Siakago
20	Faith Mbura	N/A	155	Dickson Njeru	P.O. Box 63, Ndutori
2	7Clement Mbaka	P.O. Box 65, Siakago	156	Njeru Mbiti	P.O.Box 38, Siakago
28	Njoka M. Mbura	P.O. Box 25, Siakago	157	Mbarire Kanji	P.O. Box 71, Siakago
29	Faith Wanjiku	P.O. Box 25, Siakago	158	Ravingi Murekie	P.O. Box 65, Siakago
30	Faustino N. Njoka	P.O. Box 180, Siakago	159	Joseph Pamba	P.O. Box 99, Kiritiri
3.	Mwangi Njoroge	P.O. Box 65, Siakago	160	Joseph N.Mwaniki	P.O. Box 3, Siakago
32	2Severino Njue	P.O. Box 39, Siakago	161	Seraphino Ngari	P.O. Box 131, Siakago
33	Josephat Kiring	P.O. Box 82, Ishiara	162	Laban Njoroge	P.O. Box 701, Thika
34	Nyaga Manunga	N/A	163	Fr. Patrick Njiru	P.O. Box 89, Siakago
35	Mathew Mugo	P.O. Box 42, Ishiara	164	Nahason Nganga Njuki	P.O. Box 1006, Embu
30	Joyce Munyi	P.O. Box 38, Siakago	165	Alex Njagi	P.O. Box 139, Siakago
3	Jerusha M. Ndunda	P.O. Box 25, Siakago	166	N.M Marenga	P.O. Box 804, Embu
38	Peter M. Muchiri	P.O. Box 163, Siakago	167	P.N. M. Duka	N/A
39	Francis Kithinji	N/A	168	S.N. Nyarondia	P.O.Box 99, Siakago
4	George Kairu Mbugua	P.O. Box 217, Siakago		J.M. Njire	P.O.Box 210, Siakago
	Joseph Ngoma	P.O. Box 34, Siakago	170	J.N. Kiamati	P.O. Box 99, Kiritiri
42	2Joseph Machamba	P.O. Box 105, Siakago	171	R. Ngari	P.O. Box 89, Siakago
4	3Onorata Mware	P.O. Box 65, Siakago		P.K. Nzwili	P.O. Box 48, Karaba

Appendix 4: Persons Attending Constituency Hearings

44 Florence Muite	P.O. Box 112, Ishiara	173 Alison Munyi	P.O. Box 112, Kiritiri
45 Fr. James Nthigah Batiti	P.O. Box 884, Siakago	174Lias Njue	P.O. Box 238, Siakago
46Margaret Mathuki	P.O. Box 24, Kiritiri	175 Dominic Kiathe	P.O.Box 238, Siakago
47 Grace Muthoni	P.O. Box 38, Siakago	176 John Munyi M'Njamiu	P.O.Box 131, Siakago
48Hellen Nguru	P.O. Box 38, Siakago	177Esther M. Ireri	P.O. Box 163, Siakago
49Fasilio Nyaga	P.O. Box 238, Siakago	178Niceta Mbura	P.O. Box 5, Itina
50 Kiminju Kithimi	P.O. Box 238, Siakago	179Duncan I. Mbui	P.O. Box 28467, Nairobi
51 Silvanus Mwangi	N/A	180Niceta M.Mbunyaga	P.O. Box 112, Siakago
52Letisia G. Runji	P.O. Box 65, Siakago	181 Jane Wanthiga	P.O.Box 232, Siakago
53Ann Wanja W.	P.O. Box 55, Siakago	182Ladiya Ngara	P.O. Box 20, Siakago
54Nancy M. Mbogo	P.O. Box 140, Kiritiri	183Ester Njeri	P.O. Box 14, Siakago
55 Cllr. G.J.N. Ireri	P.O. Box 55, Siakago	184Susana Mbya	P.O.Box 65, Siakago
56Bernard Nyaga	N/A	185Peter Nyaga	P.O. Box 20, Siakago
57Francis N. Kago	P.O. Box 102, Siakago	186Julius Nyaga	P.O. Box 14, Siakago
58 Jacob N. Ngoro	P.O. Box 95, Siakago	187 Sabastian Ngari	P.O. Box 14, Siakago
59 S.K. Machamba	P.O. Box 65, Siakago	188 Kariuki Warothe	P.O. Box 16, Ishiara
60 Muwotah	P.O. Box 87, Siakago	189 Andriano Kirangi	P.O. Box 14, Siakago
61 Nguku Sita	P.O. Box 72, Siakago	190 Samuel Kithingi	P.O. Box 987, Embu
62 Abinjam Njiru	P.O. Box 34, Siakago	191 Harun Mugo	P.O. Box 987, Embu
63Edwin Ndathi	P.O. Box 18, Siakago	192Nyaga Kangethe	P.O. Box 65, Siakago
64Hesbon Nithi	P.O. Box 99, Siakago	193Cypriano Njagi	P.O. Box 34, Siakago
65 S. Kithuci	P.O. Siakago	194Enjenia Muturi	P.O. Box 65, Siakago
66C. Mugo	P.O. Box 65, Siakago	195Onyielo G.	P.O. Box 93, Siakago
67 Nthiga	P.O. Box 20, Siakago	196 Andriano Kirang	N/A
68 F. Kuria	P.O. Box 65, Siakago	197 Kabenia Nguru	N/A N/A
69 Aludia Muthoni	P.O. Box 38, Siakago	198 Benjamin Muthuci	P.O. Box 202, Siakago
70 Josphan K. Mwangi	P.O. Box 24, Siakago	199 Kerubo Kimari	P.O. Box 4869, Nairobi
	P.O. Box 14, Siakago		P.O. Box 76, Siakago
71Kathuri Mulungu 72Margaret Mathuri		200 Tarasisio Njagi 201 Exekiel Njeru	
73P.N. Njagi	P.O. Box 24, Kiritiri	201Exekiel Njeru 202Kamau Macharia	P.O. Box 72, Siakago
74Bernard Marondo	P.O. Box 164, Siakago		P.O.Box 99, Siakago
	P.O. Box 198, Siakago	203 Ireri Kiringa Nganga	P.O. Box 62157, Nairob
75Robert Njue	P.O. Box 84, Ishiara	204 Grace Kimingi	P.O. Box 99, Siakago
76Ibrahim N.Njoka	P.O. Box 176, Siakago	205 Ngiri Njaveti	P.O. Box 5, Siakago
77 Josphat Njiru	P.O. Box 75, Siakago	206 V. Murero	P.O. Box 232, Siakago
78Dominic Munyi	P.O. Box 71, Siakago	207B.Mbeti	P.O. Box 232, Siakago
79 Muiruri James Watuna	P.O. Box 1906, Embu	208M.Njuki	P.O. Box 34, Siakago
80 Nicholas Nthathao	P.O. Box 73, Siakago	209 M.Kanini	P.O. Box 887, Embu
81 Peter Kariuki	P.O. Box 65, Siakago	210J. Nyaga	P.O. Box 57, Siakago
82J.N. Nyaga	P.O. Box 87, Siakago	211 Symon Muchungu	Siakago
83 J. Muthoni	N/A	212Nyaga Kangethe	
84N. Mbura	N/A	213 Njuki Mugure	N/A
85Peter Nganga	P.O. Box 57, Siakago	214Ephantus Njoka	P.O. Box 59, Siakago
86 Mary Wanjuki	N/A	215 Peter Nyaga Ndome	P.O. Box 89, Siakago
87 Juliana Cianjuki	P.O. Box 65, Siakago	216Njeru Muthathai	P.O. Box 2, Siakago
88 Ann Ngari	N/A	217Ben Kanyenji	P.O. Box 23, Siakago
89 J.N. Munyi	P.O. Box 70, Siakago	218 Felisiano Ngare	P.O. Box 65, Siakago

90C. Njura	N/A	219 Johnson Nduma	P.O. Box 83, Siakago
91 Ramadhan Swalehe	P.O. Box 223, Embu	220 Alice Mwikali	P.O. Box 58, Siakago
92 Charles Mwathi M.	N/A	221 Jendinda Iguna	P.O. Box 58, Siakago
93 Isa Ireri Ngunia	P.O. Box 202, Siakago	222 Margret Mbete	P.O. Box 58, Siakago
94 Mbaka Francis Njeru	P.O. Box 88, Siakago	223 Norman Ndwiga	P.O. Box 263, Siakago
95Evans Ndathi	P.O. Box 18, Siakago	224 Damaris Njura	P.O. Box 58, Siakago
96B.G. Mwangario	P.O. Box 37, Siakago	225 Samwel Nthiga	P.O. Box 57, Siakago
97Godfrey N. Mbogo	P.O. Box 1663, Siakago	226Peter Nganga	P.O. Box 57, Siakago
98Flora Maina	P.O. Box 71, Siakago	227 Alex Njeru	P.O. Box 58, Siakago
99 Cristine Nyagah	P.O. Box 954, Siakago	228 Augustine Njiru	P.O. Box 67, Siakago
100Pierre Mburia	P.O. Box 934, Siakago	229 Avison Njagi	P.O. Box 87, Siakago
101 Agata Muthoni	N/A	230 John Murithi	P.O. Box 67, Siakago
102Edwin Nyagah	N/A	231 Victor Ngare	P.O. Box 65, Siakago
103 Ireri Njeru	P.O. Box 14, Siakago	232 Gabriel Kaburu	P.O. Box 65, Siakago
104 Charles Njue Nyaga	P.O. Box 62, Siakago	233Ngare Macici	P.O. Box 73, Siakago
105 Mwangi Simba	P.O. Box 103, Siakago	234Gladys Muthoni	P.O. Box 58, KTR.
106 Humfrey Gitonga	P.O. Box 194, Siakago	235 Julius Nyaga	N/A
107 Samuel Murumia	Siakago	236 Mesheck Njue	P.O. Box 658, Riandu
108 Samson Njagi	P.O. Box 91, Siakago	237 Francis Munyaga	P.O. Box 72, Siakago
109 Edward Mwaniki	P.O. Box 55883, Nairobi	238Ephantus Thaiya	P.O. Box 72, Siakago
110Rahab Muthoni	P.O. Box 25, Siakago	239 John Njeru Ireri	P.O. Box 46, Siakago
111 Josphat Kithumbu	P.O. Box 24, Siakago	240 John Gitari	P.O. Box 658, Siakago
112 Antonina Ngithi	N/A	241 Nancy Muchiri	P.O. Box 205, Siakago
113 Silvanas Kyamati	Siakago	242 Susan Kanini	N/A
114Ngiuku Mwangange	Siakago	243 Ephantus Njuki	P.O. Box 25, Siakago
115 Stephen Njiru	Siakago	244 Geland Njiru	P.O. Box 78, Siakago
116Njeru Nyagah	P.O. Box 73, Siakago	245 Sabino Kiura	P.O. Box 14, Siakago
117 Shadrack Too	N/A	246 Nthiga Mwarire	P.O. Box 20, Siakago
118 Vegerina Wamunyi	N/A	247 Elastas Maguta	P.O. Box 14, Siakago
119 Stephen M. Mwangangi	N/A	248 Silas Mwaniki	P.O. Box 71, Siakago
120Beatrice Nduma	N/A	249 James Njiru	P.O. Box 71, Siakago
121 Margret Ndegi	N/A	250 Joseph Ngondi	N/A
122 Linus N. Njuki	P.O. Box 39, Siakago	251 Abishag Njira	P.O. Box 20, Siakago
123Esther M.Ireri	P.O. Box 163, Siakago	252 Sarafino Maguta	P.O.Box 14, Siakago
124 Agata Muthoni	P.O. Box 71, Siakago	253 Juliana Ngai Ngare	P.O. Box 38, Siakago
125 Onorata Njoki	P.O. Box 71, Siakago	254 Faustina M. Ngare	P.O. Box 38, Siakago
126 Duncan Gitau	P.O. Box 24, Siakago	255 Newton Nathan	P.O. Box 58, Siakago
127 Mwita Kavachi	P.O. Box 71, Siakago	256 Bernard Ngare	P.O. Box 9, Siakago
128 Munyi Nyaga	P.O. Box 73, Siakago	257 Harison Ngare	P.O. Box 73, Siakago
129Ngare Muratetu	P.O. Box 73, Siakago	258S. Kithuci Njuki	Siakago
		259 Goeffrey Ngondi	P.O. Box 72, Siakago