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1. DISTRICT PROFILE

Rangwe is a constituency in Homa Bay District. Homa Bay District is one of 12 districts of the Nyanza Province of Kenya.

1.1. Demographic Characteristics

District Demodetics by Con-	Male	Female	Total
District Population by Sex	136,728	151,812	288,540
Total District Population Aged 18 years & Below	82,824	81,575	164,399
Total District Population Aged Above 18 years	53,904	70,237	124,141
Population Density (persons/Km²)		249	

1.2. Socio-Economic Profile

Homa Bay District:

- Is one of the least densely populated districts in the province, being ranked 9th of the 12 districts;
- Has a primary school enrolment rate of 75.5%, being ranked 5th in the province and 25 nationally;
- Has one of the least secondary school enrolment rates in the province at 15.7%, being ranked 10th in the province and 42nd nationally;
- Experiences the following main diseases: Malaria, Respiratory Tract Infections, Skin Diseases and Infections, Diarrhoea diseases, and intestinal worms;
- Has a 27.5% malnourishment rate of children under 5 years of age, being ranked 31st of 42 of the nationally ranked districts;
- Has a life expectancy of 46.5 years being ranked 39 of the 45 nationally ranked districts;
- Has an absolute poverty level of 77.49% being ranked 46th of 46 nationally ranked districts;
- Has a 62.78% food poverty level being ranked 36th of 42 nationally ranked districts;
- Has a monthly mean income of Ksh. 3,852;
- Has a 20.28% unemployment rate;
- Has 34.90% of its residents accessing clean drinking water; and
- 40.00% of its residents having safe sanitation.

Homa Bay district has 2 constituencies: Rangwe, and Ndhiwa Constituencies. The district's 2 MPs, each cover on average an area of 580 Km² to reach 144,270 constituents. This is an opposition stronghold. In the 1997 general elections, NDP won all the parliamentary seats. It won Rangwe and Ndhiwa constituencies with 71.68% and 93.26% valid votes respectively.

2. **CONSTITUENCY PROFILE**

Rangwe Constituency is comprised of Rangwe and Asego divisions of Homa Bay District.

2.1. Electioneering and Political Information

This is a stronghold for the opposition. In 1992 and 1997 general elections FORD-K and NDP won the parliamentary seat with 95.41% and 71.68% valid votes respectively. In 2002, the National Rainbow Coalition won the seat.

2.2. 1992 General Election Results

1992 TOTAL REGISTE	45,640		
CANDIDATE	PARTY	VOTES	% VALID VOTES
Joseph M. Ouma	FORD-K	31,852	95.41
Dan K. Okundi	KANU	1,531	4.59
Joseph P. Nyimbai	DP	-	0.00
Total Valid Votes		33,383	100.00
Rejected Votes		-	
Total Votes Cast		33,383	
% Turnout		73.14	
% Rejected/Cast		0.00	

2.3. **1997 General Election Results**

1997 TOTAL REGISTE	52,656		
CANDIDATE	PARTY	VOTES	% VALID VOTES
Shem O. Ochuodho	NDP	26,030	71.68
Phelgona O. Okundi	KANU	7,561	20.82
Joseph Ouma Muga	FORD-K	1,542	4.25
Francis O. Kagoro	SDP	1,061	2.92
Tom Mboya Oloo	LPK	118	0.32
Total Valid Votes	<u> </u>	36,312	100.00
Rejected Votes		766	
Total Votes Cast		37,078	
% Turnout		70.42	
% Rejected/Cast		2.07	

2.4. Main Problems

This is a dry constituency lacking infrastructure, basic facilities such as clean water and health centers.

3. CONSTITUTION MAKING/REVIEW PROCESS

3.1. Constituency Constitutional Forums (CCFs)

3.1.1. Philosophy

The Constitutional Forum (CCF) plays a very significant role in the review of the constitution. It is designated as one of the organs 'through which the review process shall be conducted' - (sec. 4(1) of the Constitution of Kenya Review Act, Cap.3A). The importance attached to the CCF arises from the recognition of the need to involve the people fully in the review of the constitution. Only through such participation of the public will the new constitution reflect the preferences, hopes and aspirations of the people. It would also increase people's knowledge of constitutional issues, and facilitate their familiarity with the provisions of the new constitution. Additionally, the process, enhances the legitimacy of the constitution among Kenyans and their sense of ownership over it. In these ways the proper implementation and safeguarding of the constitution will be facilitated.

3.1.2. Composition and Establishment

The 1997 Review Act had provided for district forums 'to mobilize communities at the local level for the purpose of civic education in preparation for the Commission's work and to perform such other duties as the Commission may assign' - (sec. 12A (6). The District Forums were to consist of members elected to represent locations, religious organizations, and the disabled, in addition to MPs and members of every local authority in the district. The Act contained several provisions prescribing minimum qualifications for membership and regulating the operations of the District Forums.

The Select Committee of the National Assembly, which reviewed the Act in early 2000, decided to replace the District Forums with Constituency Forums to get views 'directly from the people in the constituency without necessarily going through the rigours of an election to determine the members of the forum'. It thought that this would provide for a more popular form of participation. It recommended on the simplification of the forum to avoid elections. The Select Committee envisaged the constituency forum as and 'open forum with no specific structures', which should be 'flexible and easy to manage'. Its opinion was that the 'existing leadership comprising Members of Parliament, councilors, community based organizations, religious groups and individuals should be able to present views and opinions directly from the grassroots' (The Report of the Parliamentary Select Committee Reviewing the Constitution of Kenya Review Act, 1997, April 2000). It removed the regulatory powers of the Commission over the forum, its role being confined to the 'facilitation' of the forum. It also changed the function of the forum from the facilitation of civic education to also include facilitation and the collection of the views of the public on proposals to alter the constitution.

In view of the limited role of the CKRC in the establishment of the CCF's, the CKRC prepared and gazetted Guidelines for the operationalization of the constituency constitutional forums. The Guidelines stipulated that all the residents of a constituency would constitute the CCF. The CCF is described as one of the organs 'through which the review process shall be conducted' - (sec.4(1)). The CCF was thus one of the principal ways in which the views of the public were to be obtained.

In order to coordinate and facilitate the activities of the CCF, a Constituency Constitutional Committee (CCC) was to be established. The Guidelines proposed its membership to consist of 10 persons, of which three would be ex-officio: the local MP, the chair of the County Council in which the constituency is located, and the District Coordinator. The Guidelines stated that the membership would be as broad and representative of the people of the constituency as possible and recommended that at least a third of the committee should be women.

3.1.3. Functions of CCF

- Facilitation of collection of the views of the public at the constituency level on proposals to alter the constitution; and
- Debate and discussion of the views of the members of the public on proposals to alter the constitution.

In performance of these functions, the CKRC was required to visit all constituencies (Sec. 18 (1)(a)).

3.1.4. Functions of CCC

- The functions of the CCC were mainly facilitative and advisory, the primary aim being to enhance the effective participation in the ownership of the constitution review process by the people at the constituency level;
- The CCC was also mandated to promote, facilitate and monitor civic education at the constituency level in collaboration with the District Coordinator and civic education providers;
- Additionally, the CCC had to ensure that the constituency had access to all information relevant to the review process in coordination with District Documentation centers; and
- Finally, the CCC was also mandated with the task of dissemination of the report of the CKRC. It was to be assisted in this by the District Coordinator, who was also its accounting officer, in relation to funds that were made available to it by CKRC.

It is important to emphasize that the Guidelines were advisory, and the local community was free to modify them to suit local circumstances. For example, the size of the CCC could be increased when and if adequate representation and diversity required it.

3.1.5. Date of Commencement of Work

The Constituency Constitutional Forum (CCF) was to run for an initial period commencing November 2001 up to September 2002. Accordingly, each Constituency Constitutional Committee (CCC) should have been constituted at the very latest by the end of November 2001. The Constituency Constitutional Forum was to be operational by that time.

3.2. **District Coordinators**

3.2.1. Mandate/Terms of Reference

- Be the local grass root representative;
- Perform the generalization activities in the district;
- Be in charge of the documentation center/s in the district, facilitate its/their respective management, ensuring they are stocked and are easily accessible to the public and also organize their safety and security;
- Gathering any relevant local information and materials for the purpose of constitution making;
- Facilitate the identification, classification and organization of the physical and electronic retrieval and dissemination of information and materials for constitution making;
- Supply such information needed by local constituency forums and committees;
- Liaise with other documentation centers nearby and others for information;
- In collaboration with constituency committees, identify and arrange venues for public hearing whenever the CKRC visits the constituencies in their area;
- Facilitate regular meetings of the constituency committees and involve local people as much as possible in discussing constitutional issues;
- Source and identify other key personnel that the CKRC may wish to consult or engage in its work;
- Identify and arrange for simultaneous local translations, sign language users, procurement and hiring of public address systems, transport and communication facilities for CKRC's meetings in the district;
- Monitor the implementation of civic education by civic education providers in the district;
- Facilitate the formation of constituency committees with guidance and assistance of CKRC;
 and
- Perform any other tasks as directed by CKRC.

3.2.2. Criteria for Appointment

- Diversity in the composition, taking into account ethnicity, age, religion and professional or occupational background; and
- Appointees had at least attained Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education or its equivalent.

4. CIVIC EDUCATION.

Civic education in the constitution was carried out between 27th January 2002 and 13th May 2002

4.1. Phases in civic education

Stage 1 is the only phase that has been covered. This is the stage preceding collection of views. This stage dealt with information, knowledge, skills and virtues that enabled Kenyans have an informed choice and present their views on constitutional review.

4.2. Issues and areas covered

- Constitution
- Constitution making process
- The constitution of Kenya
- Emerging issues

5 CONSTITUENCY PUBLIC HEARINGS

5.1. Logistical Details

1. Date and Number of Days for Public Hearings

- a) Date(s): 12th and 13th June 2002
- a) Total Number of Days: 2

1. **Venue**

- a) Number of Venues: 2
- a) Venue(s):
 - 1. Ndiru Chief's Office
 - 2. Imbo Market

1. Panels

- a) Commissioners
 - 1.Com. Mutakha Kangu
 - 2.Com. Issac Lenaola
 - 3.Com. Prof. Wanjiku Kabira
 - 4.Com. Ibrahim Lethome
- a) Secretariat
 - 1.Collins Mukewa
- Programme Officer
- 3.Rosalinda Nduati
- Assistant Programme Officer
- 4.Flora Wafula
- Verbatim Recorder

5.2. Attendance Details

Category	Details	Number	
Number of People Who Presented		89	
	Male	73	
Sex	Female	15	
	Not Stated	1	
	Individual	59	
Presenter Type	Institutions	28	
	Not Stated	2	
	Primary Level	17	
	Secondary/High School Level	54	
	College	9	
Educational	University	6	
Background	None	0	
	Not Stated	3	
	Other (Adult Education/Vernacular/Madrasa/Informal Education)	0	
	Memoranda	4	
	Oral	53	
Form of	Written	17	
Presentation	Oral + Memoranda	0	
	Oral + Written	12	
		3	

5.3. Concerns and Recommendations

The following are the recommendations made by the presenters in Rangwe Constituency. The recommendations were collated around 43 areas of concern, from the Preamble to National integrity/identity. Only areas where recommendations were made in the constituency are covered. The numbers in parentheses represent the number of times the recommendation (bulleted) was made, either orally or through written memoranda. Each count on a specific recommendation was picked from an individual, a group or an organization. Where a presenter made different recommendations on the same area of concern, each recommendation was counted separately. Where no number appears in parentheses, the recommendation was made only once.

5.3.1. **PREAMBLE**

- The preamble should be simple and clear.
- The preamble should state that Kenya is a God fearing nation without stating a state religion.
- The preamble should provide that all citizens should consider Kenya like a family community.
- The preamble shall ascertain wish of the majority.
- The preamble should state that all Kenyans are equal before the laws of the land.
- The preamble should express Kenyans visions.
- The preamble should embrace constitutional revolution since 1963.
- There is need for a preamble in the constitution. (5)
- A national vision should be set out in the preamble.

5.3.2. **DIRECTIVE PRINCIPLES OF STATE POLICY**

- The constitution should provide that national values should include sovereignty of the state and rights of citizens.
- The constitution should capture national principles like liberty, social justice and respect of law.
- The constitution should include statements capturing the national philosophy and guiding principles in the preamble.
- The constitution should provide that Kenya is God fearing state without a state religion.
- Democratic principles should be included in the constitution.
- The principles should be enforceable by law.

5.3.3. **CONSTITUTIONAL SUPREMACY**

- The constitution should provide for its supremacy over all other laws in the country.
- The constitution should provide that there should be mechanisms to ensure that the government of the day provides for all basic rights.
- The constitution should provide that the constitution should be amended by 65% majority vote.
- The constitution should provide that the constitution should be amended by 75% majority vote.
- The constitution should provide that the constitution should be amended by 65% majority of the lower house and 85% of the higher house.
- The constitution should provide that parliaments power to amend constitution should be limited.
- The constitution should provide that parliaments power to amend constitution should not be limited.
- No part of the constitution should be beyond the amending power of parliament.
- Fundamental rights and individual freedom should be above the amending power of the parliament.
- The constitution should provide for separation of power for 3 arms of government.
- The constitution should provide that a constitutional amendment should only be through a public referendum. (3)
- The constitution should provide that independent bodies should conduct the public

referendums.

- The constitution should provide that the constitution review commission of Kenya should conduct the public referendums.
- The constitution should emphasize that parliament shall have the power to amend only a small portion of the constitution.

5.3.4. **CITIZENSHIP**

The constitution should confer to all persons born of Kenyan parent's automatic citizenship.

The constitution should confer to all persons born of Kenyan parent's in Kenya automatic citizenship. (2)

The constitution should confer to all persons born in Kenyan automatic citizenship.

The constitution should provide that anyone registered in Kenya should be an automatic citizen.

The constitution should provide that girls should be given IDs only after marriage.

The constitution should provide that spouses of Kenyan female citizens should not acquire automatic citizenship.

The constitution should provide that spouses of Kenyan citizens should not acquire automatic citizenship.

The constitution should provide for dual citizenship.

The constitution should not provide for dual citizenship.

The constitution should confer automatic citizenship to all persons legally married to a Kenyan citizen irrespective of gender.

The constitution should confer automatic citizenship to all children born to one Kenyan citizen irrespective of gender. (2)

The constitution should provide that the right of the citizen should be to own an ancestral land and have a free registration without scrutiny.

The constitution should provide for dual citizenship. (3)

The constitution should not provide for dual citizenship.

The constitution should provide that Kenyans should carry national ID's as proof of citizenship. (2)

The constitution should provide that Kenyans should carry passports as proof of citizenship.

5.3.5. **DEFENCE AND NATIONAL SECURITY**

- The constitution should provide that the president should be the commander in chief of the armed forces. (3)
- The disciplined forces should be established in the constitution. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the commissioner of police should enjoy the security of tenure.
- The constitution should provide that traffic policemen should be removed from the roads to curb corruption.
- The constitution should disband administration police and incorporate them to regular police.
- The constitution should provide that the prime minister should be fully in charge of defense.

- The constitution should constitutionalize discipline of armed forces.
- The constitution should provide that no decisions affecting national policy on defense including declaration of war should be made without the approval of parliament.
- The constitution should provide that the executive should have exclusive powers to declare war.
- The constitution should provide that parliament should have exclusive powers to declare war. (2)
- The constitution should provide that parliament should have a role in invoking emergency powers.

5.3.6. **POLITICAL PARTIES**

- The constitution should provide broad guidelines for the formation, management and conduct of political parties. (4)
- The constitution should provide for unlimited number of political parties to advance democracy but they shall fund themselves.
- The constitution should provide that politicians should be allowed to change-to-change parties freely.
- The constitution should provide that MPs should be fined Kshs 500,000 for defecting from one party.
- The constitution should provide that there should be only two political parties. (2)
- The constitution should provide that there should be only three political parties.
- The constitution should provide that there should be less than five political parties.
- The constitution should provide that there should be only two political parties, one forming the government and the other acting as a watchdog.
- The constitution should provide that political parties should be registered under a separate Act different from Societies Act.
- The constitution should provide that outside funding for political parties should be approved by parliament.
- The constitution should provide that the state should fund political parties. (3)
- The constitution should provide that political parties should not be funded from the public coffers.
- The constitution should provide that the government should fund political party's campaign.
- The constitution should provide that political parties should play roles such as advisor to the ruling party.
- The constitution should provide that Kenya should remain a multiparty state.
- The constitution should provide that political parties should initiate sustainable projects.
- The constitution should provide that political parties should initiate development projects as well as play the role of mobilization.
- The constitution should provide that political parties should be regulated.
- The constitution should provide for public funding of political parties after they have reached a defined limit numerically.
- The constitution should provide that all political parties should form the cabinet.
- The constitution should provide for a maximum of 3-4 political parties.
- The constitution should provide for unlimited number of political parties.
- The constitution should provide that political parties should give political mobilization and civic education to the public.

• The constitution should provide that the president should be non-partisan.

5.3.7. STRUCTURES AND SYSTEMS OF GOVERNMENT

- The constitution should provide that the head of government should be different from the head of state.
- The constitution should not provide for federal government, for it is expensive. (2)
- The constitution should provide for a presidential system of government. (2)
- The constitution should abolish the presidential system of government.
- The constitution should provide for a parliamentary system of government. (6)
- The constitution should provide for a parliamentary system of government in which the National Assembly chooses the Prime Minister.
- The constitution should provide that the prime minister should be the head of government. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the prime minister should be the executive.
- The constitution should provide that the president should be the head of state. (4)
- The constitution should not allow for a hybrid system of government.
- The constitution should provide for a Majimbo system of government. (8)
- The constitution should provide for a Majimbo system of government, with eight regions each headed by a prime minister/governor and one central parliament.
- The constitution should provide for a unitary system of government. (2)
- The constitution should provide that prime minister should be given some of the president's power.
- The constitution should provide for a federal government as drawn during Lancaster house meeting.
- The constitution should provide that powers should be devolved to the lower levels of government.
- The constitution should provide that the Vice-president should be elected directly by the people. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the Vice-president should be empowered.
- The constitution should provide that the Attorney General should enjoy the security of tenure.

5.3.8. THE LEGISLATURE

- The constitution should provide that MPs should be given compulsory times when he/she is required to visit his/her constituency.
- The constitution should retain the concept of nominated MPs and four positions should be retained for disabled women.
- The constitution should retain the concept of nominated MPs for the special interests groups.
- The constitution should provide that nominated MPs should be experts with responsibilities to perform.
- The constitution should abolish the concept of nominated MPs. (3)
- The constitution should provide for measures to increase women's participation in parliament. (2)
- The constitution should provide for rules that govern the conduct of parliamentarians.
- The constitution should provide that the speaker of the general assembly should have powers to declare a seat vacant if an MP misses two consecutive sessions.

- The constitution should provide for a coalition government.
- The constitution should provide that parliament shall be autonomous and that it shall have power to distribute resources.
- The constitution should provide that once MP is in parliament, they should shed their political affiliation.
- The constitution should give Parliament power to vet all constitutional appointments of senior civil servants. (2)
- The constitution should provide that parliament should have power to vet the appointments of the cabinet.
- The constitution should provide that parliament should have power to approve executive decisions.
- The constitution should provide that the minimum age requirement for voting should be 18 years. The minimum age for contesting parliamentary seats should be 21 years. The minimum age for contesting presidential elections should be 35 years.
- The constitution should provide that the minimum age requirement for presidential elections should be 35-70 years. The current age requirement for parliamentary candidates should be retained.
- The constitution should provide that MP's should be university graduates.
- The constitution should provide that MP's should be form four leavers.
- The constitution should introduce moral and ethical qualifications for parliamentary candidates. (2)
- The constitution should debar MPs from legislating their own remuneration.
- The constitution should provide for an independent commission to decide on the salaries of MPs. (3)
- The constitution should provide for an independent salary commission to decide on the salaries of MPs.
- The constitution should provide for a public service commission to decide on the salaries of MPs.
- The constitution should give voters the right to recall non-performing MPs. (8)
- The constitution should give voters the right to recall non-performing MPs by way of petition, referendum or collection of a required number of signatures from the MPs constituency.
- The constitution should provide that MPs have public offices in their constituencies.
- The constitution should provide that all MPs should ensure proper use of public funds.
- The constitution should provide that parliament should appoint ministers.
- The constitution should provide for a government of National Unity composed of all parliamentary political parties.
- The constitution should provide that parliament should have unlimited powers to control its own procedures through standing orders.
- The constitution should provide that being an MP should be a full time occupation. (3)
- The constitution should provide that MP's should act on the basis of instructions from their constituencies. (3)
- The constitution should provide for a legislature assembly and a regional assembly.
- The constitution should give powers to parliament to remove the president through a vote of no confidence.
- The constitution should provide the president should have veto powers over legislation in parliament.
- The constitution should provide that the legislature should have powers to override the

- president's veto when the president introduces unpopular policies. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the president should have the powers to dissolve parliament. (2)
- The constitution should provide that MPs should be pensionable if they serve for two terms.

5.3.9. **THE EXECUTIVE**

The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate should be a university graduate.

The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate should be a form four leaver.

- The constitution should provide for a president who shall not belong to any political party.
- The constitution should provide for election of Prime Minister by public.
- The constitution should provide that president age should 50-70 years.
- The constitution should provide for a maximum of 2 terms of 5 years for president. (2)
- The constitution should provide that village elders should be uniformed and salaried.
- The constitution should provide that an elected Prime Minister should control cabinet.
- The constitution should provide provincial administration to be elected for 5 years.
- The constitution should provide that minimum education of 'O' level for chiefs and their assistants.
- The constitution should provide for appointment of cabinet to be based on professionalism.
- The constitution should provide for popular election of both president and the vice president.
- The constitution should provide that the president should not be above the law. (3)
- The constitution should limit the powers of the president. (2)
- The constitution should give the president powers to appoint the ambassadors, university vice-chancellors and permanent secretaries.
- The constitution should provide that the president should not have the power to dissolve parliament.
- The constitution should provide for the impeachment of the president. (3)
- The constitution should provide that all presidential appointments be vetted by parliament.
- The constitution should provide a minimum qualification of a university degree for a presidential candidate.
- The constitution should provide that the president should also be an elected M.P.
- The constitution should provide that the president should not be an elected MP. (4)
- The constitution should provide for appointment to the cabinet through merit.
- The constitution should provide that provincial administration officers be elected by popular vote.
- The constitution should provide that provincial administration officers be elected by popular vote for three years.
- The constitution should provide that chiefs shall stop the brewing and taking of elicit brew.
- The constitution should provide that chiefs act should be retained.
- The constitution should provide that chiefs act should be abolished. (2)
- The constitution should provide that age limit for presidential candidate shall be 35-70 years.
- The constitution should provide that chiefs should be housed in chief's camp.
- The constitution should provide that chiefs should be transferable so as to gain

- experience.
- The constitution should abolish the post of D.O's.
- The constitution should provide that chiefs should go for paramilitary and paralegal training.
- The constitution should provide that presidential candidates should garner 25% in 5 provinces.
- The constitution should provide that the president should hold office for one term only.
- The constitution should provide that police should not arrest without chief's permission.
- The constitution should provide that the prime minister or president should have power to assent to legislation passed by parliament.
- The constitution should provide that parliament and the executive should be independent of each other.
- The constitution should provide for a ministry for the youths.

5.3.10. THE JUDICIARY

- The constitution should provide for the independence of the judiciary.
- The Kenyan judiciary needs an overhaul, and each administrative division should have a magistrate's court.
- The constitution should provide that CJ and AG should not sit in the judicial service commission as they are linked to the president.
- The constitution should provide for an independent constitutional court.
- The constitution should provide for an independent supreme court. (3)
- The constitution should provide that judges should be appointed by an executive council whose members shall be drawn from all political parties.
- The constitution should provide that the judicial officers should be appointed by the judicial service commission.
- The constitution should provide that the judicial officers should be appointed by the president.
- The constitution should provide that the chief justice should be elected directly by the judges from the different courts.
- The constitution should provide that parliament should appoint the chief justice and high court judges.
- The constitution should provide that the ombudsman should discipline judges.
- The constitution should provide for security of tenure for judges.
- The constitution should discourage delays in dispensation of law by judges.

5.3.11. LOCAL GOVERNMENT

The constitution should provide that all-elective positions in the local government, including the position of the mayor and the chair of the Country Council, be filled by direct popular elections. (7)

The constitution should provide for mayors to be elected for a term of 5 years. (2)

The constitution should provide for mayors to be elected for a term of 2 years.

The constitution should provide for mayors to be elected for a term of 2 and $\frac{1}{2}$ years.

The constitution should provide that councillors should have a minimum of O-level certificate of education. (6)

The constitution should provide payment of local authority workers from the consolidated

fund.

The constitution should provide for retention of language tests before councilor's interviews.

The constitution should provide that language tests required for councillors are not sufficient.

The constitution should introduce moral and ethical qualifications for local authority seats aspirants. (3)

The constitution should provide that people should have a right to re-call their councillors. (4)

The constitution should abolish the concept of nominated councilors. (2)

The constitution should provide for retention of nomination of councilors.

The constitution should provide for the funding of Local authorities by the central government.

The constitution should provide that the central government should determine the remuneration of councillors.

The constitution should provide that parliament should decide councilors salaries.

The constitution should provide that an independent commission should determine the remuneration of councillors. (2)

The constitution should limit the power of the Ministry of local government to dissolve local councils.

The constitution should provide that councils should continue to operate under local government. (2)

The constitution should abolish nomination of councilors, as they do not serve people's interest.

The constitution should provide that 30% of resources generated by the councils shall be ploughed back to keep them autonomous.

The constitution should provide that removal of mayors and chairpersons should require 2/3-majority vote of the councilors.

The constitution should provide for dissolution of local authorities by the local government with approval of the parliament.

The constitution should provide that councilors should be given compulsory times when they have to visit their wards.

The constitution should provide that local government should build teachers house and schools.

The constitution should stop collection of market tax.

The constitution should provide for retention of nomination of councilors.

The constitution should abolish county councils, as they do not grow.

- The constitution should provide that local authorities should begin at urban councils.
- The constitution should provide that councilors should be pensionable if they serve for two terms.
- The constitution should provide that the council should tax the rich more and the poor

The constitution should provide that the minister for local government or the president should have powers to dissolve councils. (2)

The constitution should abolish the local authorities and its functions integrated into the public service commission.

5.3.12. THE ELECTORAL SYSTEM AND PROCESS

- The constitution should provide that election campaigns shall be free and fair and that they shall be regulated.
- The constitution should retain the simple majority rule as the basis for winning an election.
- The constitution should provide that some seats should be retained for widows.
- The constitution should provide that some seats should be retained for the clergy and lawyers.
- The constitution should provide that some seats should be retained for the disabled.
- The constitution should provide that some seats should be retained for women.
- The constitution should allow candidates who fail to be nominated by one party should be allowed to seek nomination from another party.
- The constitution should provide that voters should be allowed to cast their votes from anywhere.
- The constitution should provide that ECK should be appointed by political parties.
- The constitution should provide that the chairman of ECK should be appointed by parliament.
- The constitution should provide that the electoral commission should enjoy the security of tenure.
- The constitution should provide that any candidate who bribes the electorate should be disqualified.
- The constitution should provide that defectors should not seek elections until after 2 years to organize the parties.
- The constitution should provide that defectors should seek fresh mandate from the people.
- The constitution should provide that the 25% representation in 5 provinces for presidential elections should be retained.
- The constitution should provide that professionals who loose elections should be allowed to go back to their previous jobs.
- The constitution should provide allowance of 3 months for professionals wishing to vie for civic seats.
- The constitution should provide that constitutional review should be de-linked from elections.
- The constitution should provide that the 2002 elections should be conducted under the new constitution.
- The constitution should abolish queue voting by political parties as it perpetuates violence.
- The constitution should provide that the process of voter registration should be continuous. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the election process should be simplified.
- The constitution should provide that ECK shall work with the registrar of persons and that the process of voter registration shall be continuous.
- The constitution should reduce voting age to 15 years.
- The constitution should provide that vote counting should be done in polling station.
- The constitution should provide that ID, title deeds and birth certificate should be enough to acquire voters' cards.
- The constitution should provide that presidential elections should be done separately with parliamentary and civic elections. (2)
- The constitution should provide that presidential elections should be held after the parliamentary and civic elections.

- The constitution should provide that the president should be elected directly by the people. (2)
- The constitution should provide that Rangwe should be divided into two constituencies.
- The constitution should provide that division of constituencies should cater for population. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the election date should consider the Sabbath day of various religions.
- The constitution should provide that votes be counted at the polling station.
- The constitution should provide that voting be done by secret ballot.
- The constitution should clearly stipulate the election date of general elections. (2)
- The constitution should provide for the autonomy of the Electoral Commission.
- The constitution should provide that Commissioners appointed to the Electoral Commission be nominated by, and be representative of all-political parties.
- The constitution should provide that ECK should control the election expenditure. (2)

5.3.13. BASIC RIGHTS

- The constitution should guarantee the protection of the human rights of all Kenyans.
- The constitution should guarantee right to life for all Kenyans. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the death penalty should be abolished.
- The constitution should guarantee freedom to work anywhere.
- The constitution should guarantee freedom of movement.
- The constitution should guarantee free clean water for all.
- The constitution should guarantee issuance of ID at birth.
- Civic education should be entrenched in the constitution and should be a continuous process.
- The constitution should protect all Kenyans against domestic violence.
- The constitution should guarantee the freedom of worship to all Kenyans. (4)
- The constitution should guarantee the freedom of worship to all Kenyans and exclude upcoming religions and denominations. People should have the freedom to worship and no voting on Saturdays. (3)
- The constitution should provide for the freedom of expression and association.
- The constitution should provide for fundamental rights such as social, economic and cultural rights.
- The constitution should provide for subsidized building materials and cheap means of transport.
- The government should ensure high food storage facilities.
- The constitution should promote the policy of one-man one job. (3)
- The constitution should guarantee every Kenyan a right to equal employment opportunities.
- The constitution should provide that retrenchment should not be constitutionalized. The constitution should extended retirement age to 60 years.
- The constitution should provide that retrenchment age should be raised so that people can continue working until their children finish school but retirement age should be 60 years. Teachers should be employed as soon as they complete training.
- The constitution should provide for the protection of all Kenyans from torture and intimidation.
- The constitution should provide for free and compulsory formal education up to

- university level.
- The constitution should provide for free and compulsory primary education. (3)
- The constitution should provide for free and compulsory education. (2)
- The constitution should provide for free education for all Kenyans. (3)
- The constitution should provide for free basic health care for all in both rural and urban areas.
- The constitution should guarantee every Kenyan, basic food, clothing and shelter.
- The constitution should protect security, healthcare, education, shelter, food and employment as basic rights for all Kenyans.
- The constitution should guarantee security for all Kenyans.
- The constitution should guarantee free healthcare services for all Kenyans. (2)
- The constitution should guarantee all Kenyans the right to information.
- The constitution should guarantee all Kenyan workers a right to trade union representation. (2)
- The constitution should guarantee that NHIF cards should cover other relatives other than family members only.
- The constitution should protect the right of prisoners.
- The constitution should guarantee mixing of students in schools from all parts of the country to enhance integration.
- The constitution should guarantee that employment should be a right of every Kenyan.

The constitution should guarantee Adventist freedom to observe their Sabbath.

The constitution should provide for the employment of all university graduates.

The constitution should provide that spouses of pensioners should get pension even after the death of the pensioner.

The constitution should provide for regional establishment of factories to create employment.

The constitution should provide that currency should be engraved in Braille.

The constitution should provide social security fund to support families that are unable to cater for themselves.

The constitution should provide that professors should earn Kshs. 500, 000 and their deputies Kshs. 300, 000.

The constitution should provide measures to curb brain drain.

The constitution should provide protection for trade unions.

5.3.14. THE RIGHTS OF VULNERABLE GROUPS

- The constitution should provide for government rehabilitation of street children.
- The constitution should guarantee that women should not be employed, as they shall take maternity leave disrupting work.
- The constitution should guarantee that parents should not conceal children with disabilities.
- The constitution should guarantee that there should be 2 nominated MPs with disabilities.
- The constitution should guarantee that women should head financial sectors to ensure efficiency.
- The constitution should abolish taking of young girls to replace their dead sisters.
- The constitution should ban girl circumcision. (2)
- The constitution should guarantee that aged people without children should be given welfare.

- The constitution should guarantee medical care for old people.
- The constitution should guarantee that blind persons should be represented in the examination board.
- The constitution should guarantee integration of persons with disabilities in all decision-making organs.
- The constitution should guarantee that disabled should be allowed to join ordinary schools.
- The constitution should guarantee that district development boards should have a disabled person as a member.
- The constitution should guarantee that women should be educated up to form 4 and not up to university.
- The constitution should abolish affirmative action for vulnerable groups.
- The constitution should guarantee criminalization of impregnating schoolgirl.
- The constitution should guarantee jobs for those trained and given loans by government when in public universities.
- The constitution should guarantee that women should be protected from violent husbands.
- The constitution should guarantee special assistance by the government to widows and widowers.
- The constitution should guarantee that disabled persons should be given special amenities such as separate jails and their own hospitals.
- The constitution should make provision for sign language services for the deaf in all public places including parliament.
- The constitution should guarantee that girls should not be discontinued from school because they are pregnant.
- The constitution should guarantee that girls should not be allowed to marry until dowry is paid.
- The constitution should guarantee adequate budget for youth by the government.
- The constitution should guarantee that women should compete for elective posts just like men.
- The constitution should provide affirmative action in favor of the disabled in all public facilities.
- The constitution should provide affirmative action in favor of women. (2)
- The constitution should provide for free health care services and guarantee training for the disabled in addition to special latrines and clothing.
- The constitution should provide for protection to people with disabilities, they should be given special treatment, and public means of transport should cater for the disabled.
- The constitution should provide for government buildings structurally sensitive to the needs of the disabled.
- The constitution should guarantee employment for the disabled.
- The constitution should guarantee that women shall not be issued with IDs but her name shall be in her husband's ID.
- The constitution should provide for non-discrimination of women in inheritance matters.
- The constitution should provide for protection of unmarried women against all forms of gender abuse.
- The constitution should protect Child rights especially the right not to be forced into an early marriage.
- The constitution should guarantee and protect children's rights.

- The constitution should provide that the disabled children should have a right to education. (2)
- The constitution should provide that child labour should be discouraged. (2)
- The constitution should protect the education of the Girl child.
- The constitution should guarantee bursary to the needy children.
- The constitution should guarantee old age allowance for the aged.
- The constitution should guarantee entrenchment of affirmative action in the constitution.
- The constitution should guarantee rehabilitation of street children.
- The constitution should guarantee that the widows should go for HIV test first before inheritance.
- The constitution should guarantee representation of the poor in the parliament.

5.3.15. LAND AND PROPERTY RIGHTS

The constitution should guarantee the right of any Kenyan to own land in any part of the country.

The constitution should guarantee simplification of land inheritance.

The constitution should provide that the land transfer fee should be reduced.

The constitution should provide that the land transfer matters should be settled by the local chief, assistant chief, clan elders and the local community. (2)

The constitution should provide that the land transfer matters should be handled by the family members or local community.

The constitution should provide that the land title deeds should be issued effectively and land officers should be effective in their work.

The constitution should guarantee leaving land issues to men only.

The constitution should guarantee ultimate ownership of land to the government.

The constitution should guarantee ultimate ownership of land to the individuals

The constitution should provide that the government should have powers to compulsory acquire private land for any purposes but they should be compensated.

The constitution should provide that the state, government or local community should have powers to control use of land by the owners.

The constitution should provide that the state, government or local community should not have powers to control use of land by the owners.

The constitution should provide that the state should have the powers to control use of land by the owners. (2)

The constitution should guarantee proper protection of land.

The constitution should give either partner in a marriage the right to inherit property belonging to their spouse.

The constitution should provide that the title deeds should bear the names of both spouses. (4)

The constitution should provide that boys alone should have the right to inheritance.

The constitution should give unmarried girls the right to inherit parental land.

The constitution should provide that unmarried girl should be given land to till but not a title deed.

The constitution should provide that girls should inherit property from their parents just like their brothers.

The constitution should provide that chiefs and elders should handle succession matter.

The constitution should control utilization of land so that land is not left to a waste.

The constitution should provide that family members should settle land issues.

The constitution should provide that ladies should be prohibited to inherit land because this will create prostitution hence AIDS.

The constitution should provide for equitable distribution of land.

The constitution should provide that women shall inherit land from their husbands and that they shall only inherit from their father if there's a clear proof that they are not married.

The constitution should provide that the land tribunal should have the highest appellate jurisdiction.

The constitution should provide that all land should belong to the state to ensure equitable distribution.

The constitution should provide that there should be a ceiling on land owned by an individual. (2)

The constitution should provide that an individual should own a maximum of 10 acres of land.

The constitution should provide that non-citizens should only own land on lease contract, which should not exceed 20 years.

The constitution should provide that men and women should have equal access to land ownership and inheritance. (2)

The constitution should allow Kenyans to own land anywhere in the country.

The constitution should retain the Trust Land Act.

5.3.16. CULTURAL, ETHNIC AND REGIONAL DIVERSITY AND COMMUNAL RIGHTS

- The constitution should provide for the freedom of ethnic practices as long as they are not repugnant to morality and natural justice.
- The constitution should provide that a woman shall be forced to agree to be inherited but she shall be allowed to choose the man who has to go for a medical check up.
- The constitution should provide that constitution should provide protection from discriminating aspects of culture.
- The constitution should provide that all workingwomen should work close to their husbands.
- The constitution should provide for harmonization of traditional medicine with conventional medicine.
- The constitution should guarantee intact cultural values.
- The constitution should guarantee that wife inheritance should be voluntary.
- Cultural and ethnic diversity should be protected and promoted in the constitution.
- The constitution should consider the orphans, widows and widowers as a distinct social group whose interests should be protected in the constitution.
- The constitution should provide for protection against the discriminatory aspects of culture. (3)
- The constitution should provide for one national language and one official language.
- The constitution should provide for English as an official language.
- The constitution should recognize and promote indigenous languages.

5.3.17. MANAGEMENT AND USE OF NATIONAL RESOURCES

• The constitution should provide for equitable distribution of national resources.

- The constitution should provide that executive should retain the powers of managing and controlling national resources.
- The constitution should provide that executive should not retain the powers of managing and controlling national resources.
- The constitution should provide that parliament should retain the powers to raise and appropriate public funds.
- The constitution should provide that parliament should not retain the powers to raise and appropriate public funds.
- The constitution should provide that the government should initiate other income generating activities.
- The constitution should provide that development projects and funds should be equally distributed.
- The constitution should provide for a ceiling on the amount of wealth an individual can own.
- The government should be required to apportion benefits between the central government and local communities where such resources are found. (2)
- The Controller and Auditor General should have the security of tenure.
- The constitution should provide that all government services and facilities are accessible to all Kenyans without discrimination.
- The constitution should discourage external investors.
- The constitution should provide that public officers convicted of corruption should be sacked.
- The constitution should provide that all appointments to civil service must be based on merit.

The constitution should provide for strict enforcement of employment on merit in all public institutions.

The constitution should provide for allocation of resources to rural areas for their development.

The constitution should provide that civil servants should be given good salaries so that they do not leave the country to work abroad. Brain drain should be discouraged.

The constitution should provide that civil servants should be promoted to the next grades after a period of time to avoid the crisis of salary disputes between the government and the employees so that everyone gets improved salaries.

The constitution should provide that the appointments should be based on merit.

The constitution should provide that the appointments of public service commissioners should have a security of tenure.

The constitution should provide that the appointments of public service commissioners should be non-political.

The constitution should provide that civil servants should reveal their wealth to prevent corruption.

The constitution should provide that raw materials should be processed in the areas where they are found to develop that particular area.

The constitution should set minimum and maximum salaries to bridge the gap between the rich and poor.

The constitution should provide that telecommunication systems and other infrastructures should be developed in all regions of the country.

The constitution should provide that parastatal jobs should be divided equally amongst the districts.

5.3.18. ENVIRONMENTAL AND NATURAL RESOURCES

- The constitution should provide that communities be given first preference in benefiting from local natural resources.
- The constitution should provide that game reserves shall be distributed to the landless if they are fertile and that only dry areas should be made national parks.
- The constitution should protect the natural resources. (2)
- Forestation should be included in the environmental protection issues.

5.3.19. PARTICIPATORY GOVERNANCE

The constitution should provide that the opposition and pressure groups shall be part of the government and the government shall be made to seek their views.

The constitution should empower the church and give it full authority over its members, its institutions and those it co-sponsors.

The constitution should study the existing churches and establish their origin, doctrines and statistics of followers. Those found not serving moral and spiritual needs should be abolished. Mainstream churches should be maintained.

The constitution should provide that women should be allowed to participate fully in governance. (2)

The constitution should provide that the youth should be allowed to participate fully in governance.

5.3.21 CONSTITUTIONAL COMMISSIONS, INSTITUTIONS AND OFFICES

The constitution should provide for formation of executive council with members drawn from all political parties.

The constitution should provide for a commission to deal with those violating human rights.

The constitution should provide that a judicial service commission be established.

The constitution should provide that an anti-corruption commission be established to deal with corruption and prosecute offenders.

The constitution should provide for creation of commission of disabled rights.

The constitution should establish Ombudsman office.

The constitution should provide for a commission to divide government land among landless.

The constitution should provide for a commission in charge of controlling of finances.

5.3.22 SUCCESSION AND TRANSFER OF POWER

The constitution should provide that the vice president should hold post for 3 months then elections shall be held.

The constitution should provide that the chief justice should be in charge of executive powers during the presidential elections.

The constitution should provide that the attorney general should be in charge of executive powers during the presidential elections.

The constitution should provide that the attorney general should declare the election results after all votes have been counted.

The constitution should provide that the incoming president should assume office seven days after the elections results.

The constitution should provide that the incoming president should assume office three days after the elections results.

The constitution should provide that the chief justice should swear in the president.

The constitution should make provision for security for a former president. (2)

The constitution should make provision for welfare for a former president. (2)

The constitution should provide that the outgoing president should be eligible for prosecution for criminal offences he committed while in office.

5.3.23 **WOMEN'S RIGHTS**

- The constitution should provide that unmarried women should be settled in game reserves.
- Women's rights should be constitutionalized.
- The constitution should provide that women should have a right to inherit their parents' property.
- The constitution should provide that women should have a right to inherit property. (2)
- The constitution should provide that women should have a right to inherit all the property owned by their husbands in case of death and had stayed together for a period of 10 years.
- The constitution should guarantee punishing of women who get children outside marriage.
- The constitution should provide that polygamy should be illegal.
- The constitution should harmonize marriage laws.
- The constitution should prohibit domestic violence against women. (2)
- The constitution should prohibit domestic violence against disabled women.

5.3.24 **INTERNATIONAL POLICY**

• The constitution should provide that IMF and World Bank activities should be regulated.

5.3.26 NATIONAL ECONOMIC POLICY

The constitution should provide for government role in price control to protect local produce. (2)

The constitution should provide that goods that can be made locally should not be imported.

The government should construct, maintain and repair roads.

5.3.27 NATIONAL OTHER POLICY

The constitution should provide that corruption should be a capital offence punishable by death.

The constitution should provide for strong measures to curb corruption through an act of law.

Every individual should be obliged and responsible for stopping and discouraging

corruption.

Any form of family planning, which terminates life after conception should be prohibited.

The government should support herbalists.

The doctors should announce the cause of death to curb widespread of diseases.

• The constitution should provide that there should be no searches by police without search warrant.

There should be no harassment or manhandling of suspects before prosecution.

The government should co-operate with church groups to inform the people about the dangers of HIV/AIDS. People should be sensitized on changing their behaviour in order to reduce the spread of HIV/AIDS.

Research on HIV medicine should be intensified and decentralized. Herbal medicine should be given priority as far as research is concerned.

The police should not be brutal to Kenyans and should not harass people during time of arrest.

5.3.28 **SECTORAL POLICY**

The constitution should provide for affordable healthcare services.

The constitution should provide for affordable education.

• The constitution should provide that all industries should be fixed within areas of their raw materials.

The constitution should provide for the full liberalization of the agricultural sector.

The government should train farmers on good farming methods.

Direct markets should be opened to farmers on good farming methods.

The constitution should provide that government should expand industrialization and agricultural sectors to create jobs for youth.

The constitution should provide that students who drop out of school should get certificate showing the class they reached.

• The constitution should provide that school equipments should be equitably distributed to all schools.

The constitution should provide for establishment of libraries in all divisions, stocked with textbooks.

The constitution should provide that the government should waive duties on newsprint to encourage poor people to read.

Girls should not be discontinued from school after giving birth.

There should not be political influence on educational policies, for political gain of individuals. In addition the categorization of schools into national, provincial and district should be scrapped.

Bursaries should be awarded to women and the disabled who want to pursue further studies after class 8.

The 8-4-4 system of education should be scrapped

Civil education should be incorporated into the curriculum.

The 8-4-4 system of education should be scrapped and replaced with the old 7-4-2-3 system.

Corporal punishment should be allowed in schools. Teachers should have the right to discipline students.

There should be enough teachers in schools and the ratio of students to teachers should be looked into. University education should be decentralized to local institutions for easy accessibility.

The disabled should be exempted from paying taxes.

The government should ensure that tax rates especially for women and the poor should be lowered.

There should be a mark in all forms of money to enable blind women identify them.

The constitution should prohibit the use of drugs and taking too much alcohol.

The constitution should protect small-scale entrepreneurs.

5.3.29 **STATUTORY LAW**

The constitution should provide that thieves should be imprisoned and not fined.

All Kenyans should be compelled to have a will. Rape cases should be dealt with severely. The constitution should protect rape victims by providing sense of secrecy and harsh laws on rapists.

Abortion should be made illegal.

Persons who mistreat children and practice child labour should be charged in the court of law.

Parents found not taking their children to school should be prosecuted.

APPENDICES:

Appendix 1: Members of the Constituency Constitutional Committee

Hon Dr Shem Ochuodho
 Maurice Odawo Onduru
 Mrs. Hilda Otieno
 MP
 DC
 Chairlady

4. Olla Mantin Otiona Nasa Aminia

4. Cllr. Martin Otieno Nyan'nginja

5. Cllr. Ogola Kagoro

6. Samuel Adero Nyamburi

7. Gordon Omulo

8. Raphael Odhiambo Owaka

9. Mrs. Phelgona Okundi

10. Rose Okoth

Appendix 2: Civic education providers (CEPs)

- 1. National council of Churches of Kenya
- Anglican Church of Kenya
- 3. Rangwe Development Forum
- 4. Anglican Church of Kenya
- 5. Religion and Development Institute of Research
- 6. Hotusa
- 7. Nakato Theater Group
- 8. Butterfly self help group
- 9. Kadayo Women Group
- 10. Sonbo Organization
- 11. CES- Development
- 12. Maendeleo ya Wanawake
- 13. Kabunde Women Group
- 14. Nyayal Self help group
- 15. Osiepe 'B' SHG
- 16. Wandia Imbo Self Help Group
- 17. Abianga Widows and Orphans Women Group
- 18. Awour Women Group
- 19. Wang Chien Self Help Group
- 20. C-PRWO
- 21. Rioo Transporters Youth Group
- 22. Wandia Imbo Self Help Group
- 23. Catholic Justice and Peace Commission
- 24. Christian Fellowship Churches
- 25. DERRO
- 26. Scientific Ideological Group
- 27. Jeadoflo Women Group
- 28. Uhai Pier
- 29. Zion
- 30. TACASS
- 31. Social Mobilization progress

Appendix 3: Persons presenting memoranda and/or making oral submissions.

10003OHRNY	Anonymous	CBO	Memorandum	Centre for Poverty Reduction
	Daniel Adhiambo			
20015OHRNY	Ogango.	CBO	Memorandum	C-PRWO
30012OHRNY	Isaiah Otieno Omogo.	CBO	Written	Persons with Disabilities-Ra
40008OHRNY	Joseph P. Ouma Oyugi.	CBO	Memorandum	Radir Self Help Project.
50069IHRNY	.Isaac Otieno.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
60031IHRNY	Aloys Nyabola.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
70046IHRNY	Anna Agunga	Individual	Oral - Public he	
80002IHRNY	Arthur Okello Agan.	Individual	Memorandum	
90030IHRNY	Benedict N. Agutu.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
10 0035IHRNY	Benedict Ogola N.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
11 0051IHRNY	Clement Otieno.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
12 0040IHRNY	Cllr. Andrew O. Anuro.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
13 0045IHRNY	Cllr. Daniel Adajo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
14 0014IHRNY	Dalmas Oyomo.	Individual	Written	
15 0029IHRNY	Daniel Bunde Owich.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
160004IHRNY		Individual	Memorandum	
	Dominic Chwanya			
17 0033IHRNY	Amolo.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
18 0032IHRNY	Donald Awonga Ongaro.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
190067IHRNY	Elisapham Wanga.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
20 0055IHRNY	George Deya	Individual	Oral - Public he	
21 0025IHRNY	George O. Mjumbe.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
22 0059IHRNY	Henry Otolo.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
23 0021IHRNY	Hilda A. Otieno	Individual	Oral - Public he	
24 0024IHRNY	Hulda Othoo.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
25 0039IHRNY	Isaiah Okech Bonyo.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
26 0052IHRNY	Jacob Obene.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
27 0063IHRNY		Individual	Oral - Public he	
28 0036IHRNY	Jimbo J. Ochieng'.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
29 0007 IHRNY	John W. Otieno.	Individual	Written	
30 0020IHRNY	Joseph R. Akello.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
31 0056IHRNY	,	Individual	Oral - Public he	
32 0026IHRNY	Judith A. Akello.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
33 0027IHRNY	Julia Aoko Orwa.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
34 0023IHRNY	Kepher Otieno	Individual	Oral - Public he	
35 0001 IHRNY	Lameck Onyango.	Individual	Written	
36 0050IHRNY	Mark M. Aroti	Individual	Oral - Public he	
37 0009 IHRNY	Maurice Adek Ogwang'.		Written	
38 0003IHRNY		Individual	Written	
39 0058 IHRNY	Maurice Phillip Obunga.		Oral - Public he	
40 0028IHRNY	Mical Atieno Adwar.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
41 0019IHRNY	Michael Nyandia O.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
42 0054IHRNY	Monica A. Akira.			
		Individual	Oral - Public he	
43 0011IHRNY		Individual	Memorandum	
44 0012IHRNY	Nick Wanga.	Individual	Written	
45 0068IHRNY	Obonyo A Walter.	Individual	Oral Public he	
46 0022IHRNY	Odiwuor Godfrey	Individual	Oral - Public he	
47 0018IHRNY	Odongo Odula C.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
48 0048IHRNY	Omolo Opiyo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
49 0005IHRNY	Opalla Otieno	Individual	Written	
50 0042IHRNY	Paul O. Obonyo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
51 0047IHRNY	Peterson Oloo	Individual	Oral - Public he	

52	0053IHRNY	Pr. Jeremiah Obonyo.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
53	0066IHRNY	Rev. A.O. Awino.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
54	0010IHRNY	Richard O. Nyigilo.	Individual	Written	
55	0034IHRNY	Richard Okumu	Individual	Oral - Public he	
56	0057IHRNY	Robert Auka.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
57	0049IHRNY	Robert O. Agutu	Individual	Oral - Public he	
58	0044IHRNY	Samson Onyango	Individual	Oral - Public he	
59	0060IHRNY	Samuel Abiero	Individual	Oral - Public he	
60	0064IHRNY	Samuel Adoyo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
61	0037IHRNY	Stanley Ayuo.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
62	0008IHRNY	Stephen Othoo Deya.	Individual	Written	
63	0038IHRNY	Suslia O. Obunga.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
64	0013IHRNY	Sylvanus Odotte	Individual	Written	
65	0016IHRNY	Tom Okuku O.	Individual	Written	
66	0061IHRNY	Tom Okuku O.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
67	0015IHRNY	Valentine Okeyo .	Individual	Written	
68	0065IHRNY	Vincent Otieno Abok.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
69	0041IHRNY	Vitallis Mchelle Omulo.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
70	0043IHRNY	Wahindi O. Nathaniel.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
			International		
			Agencies	Written	Sungu African Herbal Researc
	0013OHRNY	, ,	NGO	Written	MYWO Homa-Bay District.
73		, ,	NGO	Memorandum	MYWO
		Mary Teressa O. Ogutu.		Written	Disabled Women
75	0010OHRNY	Ariya David.	Other Institutions	Memorandum	Teachers of Ombogo Girls Aca
76	0014OHRNY	Fredrick Ober.	Other Institutions	Memorandum	KNUT-H/Bay District.
	0002OHRNY	George Omulo	Politcal Party	Written	SPARK
78	0011OHRNY	Monica Afuodi.	Pressure Groups	Memorandum	Kenya Women's Political Cauc
			Religious		
79	0004OHRNY	Anonymous	Organisation	Written	SDA Church
00		Damard O. Ozzaż	Religious	\\/\sitte_i	C.D.A. Chaumah Cli-a-a-a-
80	0009OHRNY	Bernard O. Orari.	Organisation Religious	Written	S.D.A Church Odienya.
Ω1	0006OHRNY	Canon Eliakim Otieno	Organisation	Written	ACK Church.
01		Carion Lilakiin Cileno	Religious	VVIILLEIT	AON ORUGII.
82	0016OHRNY	Dalmas Nyange	Organisation	Written	Catholic Diocese of H/Bay As

Appendix 4: Persons Attending Constituency Hearings

IMBO MARKET

No Name:	Address:	No	Name:	Address:
1 Jacob Odeny	P.O. Box 264, Homa Bay	25	Monica Akira	P.O.Box Rangwe
2Peterson Oloo	P.O. Box 41, Rodi	26	Moses Odote	P.O. Box 264, Homa Bay
3Canon E. Otieno	P.O. Box 268, Homba Bay	27	Isaya Omogo	P.O. Bor 16, Rangwe
4Mary Teresa Ogutu	P.O. Box 6, Homa Bay	28	Valentine Okeyo	P.O. Box 7, Rodi
5 Omollo Opiyo	P.O. Box 7, Homa Bay	29	George Deya	P.O. Box 4, Homa Bay
6Robert Agutu	P.O. Box 20, Rangwe	30	Philip Odero	P.O. Box 119, Rangwe
7Richard Apiyo	P.O. Box 41, Rodi	31	Joseph O. Agonga	P.O. Box 7, Rodi
8Mark Arot	P.O. Box 80, Homa Bay	32	Isaya O. Odipo	P.O. Box 123, Rangwe
9Michael O. Odote	P.O. Box 20, Rangwe	33	Chief Joshua Odero	P.O. Box 449, Homa Bay
10 Clement Ayoo Otieno	P.O. Box 20, Rangwe	34	Joseph O. Omeny	P.O. Box 20 Rangwe
11 Joseph Ouma	P.O. Box 45, Homa Bay	35	Michael Otieno	P.O. Box 20 Rangwe
12 Phelgona O. Kudi	P.O. Box 661, Homa Bay	36	Solomon Ogembo	P.O. Box 41, Rodi
13 Benard O. Rari	P.O. Box 431, Homa Bay	37	Maurice Oliech	P.O. Box 264, Homa Bay
14David Ariya	P.O. Box 661, Homa Bay	38	John Odero	P.O. Box 70, Rodi-Kopany
15 Philemon Angila	P.O. Box 661, Homa Bay	39	Emmanuel Obech	P.O. Box 264, Homa Bay
16Phlip N. Ochando	P.O. Box 62, Rangwe	40	David Owiti	P.O. Box 23, Rodi
17 Monica A. Afuodi	P.O. Box 78, Homa Bay	41	Richard Ochogo	P.O. Box 41, Rodi
18 Filida A. Odeny	P.O. Box 426, Homa Bay	42	Daniel Chwanya	P.O. Box 47, Rangwe
19 Charles Omongo	P.O. Box 264, Homa Bay	43	Afred Ogira	P.O. Box 264, Homa Bay
20 Nick Wanga	P.O. Box 119, Rangwe	44	John Lala	P.O. Box 264, Homa Bay
21 Dalmas Oyomo	P.O. Box 264, Homa Bay	45	LAwrence Owuor	P.O. Box 65, Rangwe
22 Chief John Omamo	P.O. Box 57, Rodi	46	Oyier Omeny	P.O. Box Rangwe
23 Lucas Odera	P.O. Box 41, Rodi	47	John Nyambok	P.O. Box 264, Homa Bay
24 Rose Owiti	P.O. Box 23. Rodi	48	Michael Issa	P.O. Box 16, Rangwe
49 Johnson Omuga	P.O. Box 264, Homa Bay	73	Alex Otieno	P.O. Box 66, Rangwe
50 Henry Otolo	P.O. Box 551, Homa Bay	74	Jackton Oloo	P.O. Box 18, Rodi
51 Joyce Ong'eng'a	P.O.Box 245, Homa Bay	75	Karilus Gogo	P.O. Box 28, Rangwe
52 Joseph Juma	P.O. Box 264, Homa Bay	76	Raphael Oyugi	P.O. Box 34, Rodi
53 Samwel Illa	P.O. Box 264, Homa Bay	77	Robert Auka	P.O. Box 34, Rodi
54 Peter Majiwa	P.O. Box 264, Homa Bay	78	Samwel Adoyo	P.O. Box 90, Rodi
55 Benedict Aoko	P.O. Box 264, Homa Bay	79	Grison Abonyo	P.O. Box 41, Rodi
56 Julias Juma	P.O. Box 264, Homa Bay	80	Jeremia Obonyo	P.O. Box 18, Rodi
57 Tom Okuku	P.O. Box 120, Homa Bay	81	Stephen Omuga	P.O. Box 7, Rodi
58 Erick Ogaga	P.O. Box 268, Homa Bay	82	Rose Omuga	P.O. Box 41, Rodi
59 Eunice Anyango	P.O. Box 41, Rodi	83	Sylvanus Gondi	P.O. Box 20, Rangwe
60 Sadrack Okeyo	P.O. Box 41, Rodi	84	Odeny F. O.	P.O. Box 264, Homa Bay
61 Gersoro Terri	P.O. Box 41, Rodi	85	Evans Ouma Kowuo	P.O. Box 45, Rodi-Kopany
Cllr. Philister Akeyo	D 0 D 01 D 1 ==	_		DO D
62 Okech	P.O. Box 34, Roda Kopany	1	Michael Onjwang'	P.O. Box 41, Rodi
63 David Odhiambo	P.O.Box 720, Homa Bay		Siprianus Ndhiwa	P.O. Box 41, Rodi
64 Philip Awiti	None	88	Ben O. Nyambok	P.O. Box 264, Homa Bay

Daniel Adhiambo	Ī		
65 Ogango	P.O. Box 72, Rodi	89 Roseline J. okoth	P.O. Box 264, Homa Bay
		Jacob Odero	
66 Patric Limumba	P.O. Box 72, Rodi	90 Nyatama	P.O. Box 109, Rangwe
Bishop Christopher 67 Kayando	P.O. Box 510, Homa Bay	Rev. Asalia O. 91 Awino	P.O. Box 217, Homa Bay
68 Ochola Omollo	P.O. Box 268, Homa Bay	92 Rose Adhiambo	P.O. Box 23, Rodi
69 Maurice Otunga	P.O. Box 119, Rangwe	93 Eunice Anyango	None
			P.O. Box Kisii
70 Philip Ochieng'	P.O. Box 20, Rangwe	94 Dalmas Nyage	
71 Peter Towe	P.O. Box 135, Rangwe	95 Nyanamba Joseph	P.O. Box 20, Rangwe
72 Elsa A. Okuku	P.O. Box 527, Homa Bay	96 Rose Odote	P.O. Box 20, Rangwe
97 Philimon Odote	P.O. Box 23, Rodi	151 Benard Ogur	P.O. Box 41, Rodi
98 Fredrick Ober	P.O. Box 97, Homa Bay	152 Johson Ochieng'	P.O. Box 41, Rodi
99 Mary Omongo	P.O. Box 264, Homa Bay	153 Maculate Okullo	P.O. Box 23, Rodi
100 Maurice P.Ombunga	P.O. Box 149, Rangwe	154 Mika Odipo	P.O. Box 41, Rodi
101 Vitalis Mchelle	P.O. Box 82, Nyangweso	155 Edward Okello	P.O. Box 16, Rangwe
102 Hon shem Ochuodho	None	156 Elisaphan Wanga	P.O. Box 16, Rangwe
103 Maurice Ogwang'	P.O. Box 58, Nyangweso	157 Tobias O. Ndege	P.O. Box 23, Rodi
104 Paul Obonyo	P.O. Box 64, Nyagweso	158 Walter A. Obonyo	P.O. Box 7, Rodi-Kopany
105 Wahindi O. Nathaniel	P.O. Box 362, Homa Bay	159 Phily Yambo	GEM EAST
106 Cllr. Daniel Adoyo	P.O. Box 53, Homa Bay	160 John M. Nyaila	P.O. Box 41, Rodi-Kopany
107 Afred O. Aloyce	P.O. Box 53, Homa Bay	161 Mather O. Ogutu	P.O. Box 41, Rodi-Kopany
108 Samson Onyango	Ndiru	162 Eunice Atieno	P.O. Box 41, Rodi-Kopany
109 Joseph Konunda	P.O. Box 48709, Nairobi	163 Teresa A. Asete	P.O. Box 7, Rodi-Kopany
Francis Angwen			
110 Ogwan'g	P.O. Box 52, Nyagweso	164 Joseph Oyugi	P.O. Box 57, Rodi
111 Richard Nyigilo	P.O. Box 64, Nyagweso	164 George Omena	P.O. Box 41, Rodi
1127 1 0 01	D O D 141 D	Mary Achieng'	DO D 41 D 1
112 Polycarp O. Okoyo	P.O. Box 141, Rangwe	165 Odhiambo	P.O. Box 41, Rodi
113 Peter A. Nyagara	P.O. Box 21, Nyangweso	166 Jacob Lul	P.O. Box 475, Homa Bay
114 Philemon A. Okul	P.O. Box 43, Kibay	167 Richard A. Omuga	P.O. Box 41, Rodi
145 Isaiah Okech Obonyo	P.O. Box 526, Oyugis	168 Moses O Ogindo	P.O. Box 475, Homa Bay
146 Turphena Opiti	P.O. Box 661, Homa Bay	169 John Okoko Ouma	P.O. Box 14, Rodi
147 Suslia Obunga	P.O. Box 58, Nyangweso	170 Domnic Awuor	P.O. Box 264, Homa Bay
148 Milicent Achiando	P.O. Box 21, Nyangweso	171 KENNEDY Orwa	P.O. B+F69ox 51, Rangwe
140 41 : 4 75 1	DO D MI	Issac Otieno	NY.
149 Aloice A. Bunde	P.O. Box Ndiru	172 Onyango	None
150 Vincent Abok	P.O. Box 41, Rodi		

NDIRU CHIEF'S CAMP - KAGAN

	Name:	Address:	No	Name:	Address:
	Matha Auma				
1	Onyango	P.O. Box 91, Rangwe	65	Hilda A. Otieno	P.O. Box 5, Rangwe
2	Lamek Onyango	P.O. Box 61, Rangwe	66	Ogolla Kagoro	P.O. Box 20, Homa Bay
3	Arther Okelo Anan	P.O. Box 53, Nyangweso	67	Opalla Otieno	P.O. Box 211, Homa Bay
4	Esdor O. Kijana	P.O. Box 104, Rangwe	68	George O. Mjumbe	P.O. Box 351, Homa Bay
5	Sospeter o. Oyugi	P.O. Box 179, Rangwe	69	Judith A. Akello	P.O. Box 351, Homa Bay
6	Elekia Onyach	P.O. Box 765, Homa Bay	70	Benedict Ogola	P.O. Box 5, Nyangweso
7	Charles O. Adur	P.O. Box 5, Nyangweso	71	Alfred Amach	P.O. Box 53, Nyangweso
8	Joseph O. Obonyo	P.O. Box 64, Nyangweso	72	Samwel Wayumba	P.O. Box 5, Nyangweso
	Peter Odhiambo				
	Ouma	P.O. Box 360, Nyangweso		Daniel Bunde Owich	P.O. Box 5, Nyangweso
10	Tobias Onyango	P.O. Box 65, Nyangweso	74	Tom Mboya Onyango	P.O. Box 52, Nyangweso
11	Odongo Odula Clement	DO Day 204 Hama Day	75	Caaraa Omula	D.O. Day Nyanayyasa
11	Ciciliciii	P.O. Box 394, Homa Bay	/3	George Omulo Victor Ochieng'	P.O. Box Nyangweso
12	Michael Nyandia Okik	P.O. Box 187, Homa Bay	76	Onyango	P.O. Box 5, Nyangweso
	Joseph Owino	P.O. Box 431, Homa Bay		Benedict N. Agutu	P.O. Box 53, Nyangweso
	Maurice Awino	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			, , ,
	Achola	P.O. Box 324, Homa Bay	78	Peter Olang'	P.O. Box 5, Nyangweso
	Nichola Aduka				D 0 D 400 W
		P.O. Box 64, Nyangweso		Jared Anyango	P.O. Box 423, Nyangweso
16	*	P.O. Box 351, Homa Bay	80	Okech Dalmas	Private Bag Ndiru
17	Daniel L. Ouko Bondo	P.O. Box 43, Homa Bay	Q 1	Donald Awuor	P.O. Box 64,Nyangweso
17	Wilred Arogo	1.0. Dox 43, Homa Day	01	Donaid 71wdoi	1.0. Dox 04,11yangweso
18	Ochieng'	P.O. Box 394, Homa Bay	82	John Ondwat	P.O. Box 55, Nyangweso
19	Alex Onyango	P.O. Box 13, Homa Bay	83	Janes Wayumba	Private Bag Ndiru
20	Zakayo Orwa	P.O. Box 13, Homa Bay	84	Aloice Nyabola	P.O. Box 21, Nyangweso
21	John Oyudo	P.O. Box 281, Homa Bay	85	Julia Aoko Orwa	P.O. Box 21, Nyangweso
		,		Dominic Chwanya	
22	Michael Bando	P.O. Box 43, Homa Bay	86	Amolo	P.O. Box 5, Nyangweso
22	John Otieno	DO D 5 N	07	7337 1. A 1	DO D 21 N
	Odhiambo	P.O. Box 5, Nyangweso			P.O. Box 21, Nyangweso
	Raphael Owaka	P.O.Box 264, Homa Bay			P.O. Box 5, Nyangweso
	Peter Abuya	None		Nancy Najuma	
	Benard Juma	Achego Secondary School		Samwel Ouma	Achengo Secondary School
	Steve Paul	Achego Secondary School		Okello Enock	Achengo Secondary School
	Chrisphine Otieno	Achego Secondary School		Otieno Erick	Achengo Secondary School
	Opiyo Stephen	Achego Secondary School		Otieno Paul	Achengo Secondary School
	Amach Evance	Achego Secondary School		Otieno Danish	Achengo Secondary School
	Ajuoga Benard	Achego Secondary School		Adika Nathaniel	Achengo Secondary School
	Abuka Simeon	Achego Secondary School		Abeti George	Achengo Secondary School
	Anne Ogilo	Achego Secondary School		Omondi Job	Achengo Secondary School
34	Naomi Aluoch	Achego Secondary School	98	Otieno A. Peter	Achengo Secondary School
35	Auma Linet	Achego Secondary School	99	Auma Everline	Achengo Secondary School
36	Adongo Naomi	Achego Secondary School	100	Victor O. Adek	Achengo Secondary School

37 Okuku Beatrice	Achego Secondary School	101 Yongo O. Daniel	Achengo Secondary School
38 Achieng' Lencer	Achego Secondary School	102 Benard Konunda	Achengo Secondary School
39 Achieng' Subiri	Achego Secondary School	103 Stephen Otieno	Achengo Secondary School
40 Beatrice Achieng	Achego Secondary School	104 John Paul	Achengo Secondary School
41 Akatch Elsa	Achego Secondary School	105 Adajo Helen A.	Achengo Secondary School
42 Nancu Wangare	Achego Secondary School	106 Achieng' Serphine	Achengo Secondary School
43 Kepher Sunga	Achego Secondary School	107 Ombori O. Geophrey	Achengo Secondary School
44 Fredrick Odhiambo	Achego Secondary School	108 Odero A. Pheobe	Achengo Secondary School
45 Anyngo Lucy	Achego Secondary School	109 Naomi Okuta	Achengo Secondary School
46 Ongaro Chrisphine	Achego Secondary School	110 akoth Larry	Achengo Secondary School
47 Othoo Huldan	Achego Secondary School	111 Joy Dorcas	Achengo Secondary School
48 Maurine Adek	Achego Secondary School	112 Omondi Aron	Achengo Secondary School
49 Adoyo Shenna	Achego Secondary School	113 Ogolla Kagoro	P.O. Box 20, Homa Bay
50 Evance Angwen	Achego Secondary School	114 Stephen O. Deya	P.O. Box 53, Nyangweso
51 Adhiambo Susan	Achego Secondary School	115 Otieno Anuro	P.O. Box 91, Rangwe
52 Owuor James	Achego Secondary School	116John Uyoma	Nyandu School, Homa Bay
53 Otieno Calvince	Achego Secondary School	117 Dominic Ondwat	Ndiru, Homa Bay
54 Oluoch Kagalo	Achego Secondary School	118 Anaa Agunga	P.O. Box 453, Homa Bay
55 Ongaro Geofrey	Achego Secondary School	119 Evans Ongaro	P.O. Ndiru
56 Ben Bella Odhiambo	Achego Secondary School	120 Kenneth Odhiambo	Achego Sec. School
57 Ojwang' Linus	Achego Secondary School	121 Nicholas Mboya	Achego Sec. School
58 Karume Dan	Achego Secondary School	122 Awich Phelix	Achego Secondary School
59 Wahindi Lilian	Achego Secondary School	123 Hilda Otieno	P.O. Box 5, Rangwe
60 Philine Adhiambo	Achego Secondary School	124 Jimbo J. Ochieng'	P.O. Box 53, Rangwe
61 Prisca Ogola	Achego Secondary School	125 Stanley Ayuo Ogembo	P.O.Box 374, Homa Bay
62 John Kogo	Achego Secondary School	126 John W. Otieno	P.O. Box 281, Hom Bay
63 Akinyi Angeline	Achego Secondary School	127 Hesbon J. Ongidu	P.O. Box 53, Nyangweso
64Olal Kennedy	Achego Secondary School	128 Aloise O. Oyuo	P.O. Box 244, Homa Bay
		129 Mical Adwar	P.O. Box 207, Homba Bay