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1. DISTRICT PROFILE

Nyaribari Masaba is a constituency in Kisii District. Kisii District is one of 12 districts of the Nyanza Province of Kenya.

1.1 Demographic Characteristics

8F			
District Deposits in Long Com-	Male	Female	Total
District Population by Sex	234,448	257,338	491,786
Total District Population Aged 18 years & Below	139,830	140,640	280,470
Total District Population Aged Above 18 years	94,618	116,698	211,316
Population Density (persons/Km²)		758	

1.2 Socio-Economic Profile

Kisii District:

- Is the most densely populated district in the province;
- Has a primary school enrolment rate of 74.5% being ranked 6th in the province and 28th nationally;
- Has one of the highest secondary school enrolment rates in the province at 31.7%, being ranked 2^{nd} in the province and 12 nationally;
- Experiences the following main diseases: malaria, anaemia, gastro-enteritis, broncho pneumonia, and tuberculosis;
- Has a 22.9% malnourishment rate of children under 5 years of age, being ranked 22nd of 42 of the nationally ranked districts;
- Has 62 of 1000 of its live babies dying before the 1st birthday, being ranked 22nd of 44 of the nationally ranked districts;
- Has a life expectancy of 52.1 years, being ranked 33 of 45 of the nationally ranked districts;
- Has an absolute poverty level of 57.22% being ranked 28th of 46 nationally ranked districts;
- Has a 46.82% food poverty level being ranked 19th of 42 nationally ranked districts;
- Has an unemployment rte of 5.07%;
- Has a monthly mean income of Ksh. 6,367;
- Has 57.10% of its residents accessing clean drinking water; and
- 87.40% of its residents having safe sanitation.

Kisii district has 5 constituencies: Bonchari, Bomachoge, Nyaribari Masaba, Nyaribari Chache, and Kitutu Chache Constituencies. The district's 5 MPs, each cover on average an area of 130 Km² to reach 98,357 constituents. The ruling party, KANU, won all the parliamentary seats in the 1997 general election. It won Bonchari, Bomachoge, Nyaribari Masaba, Nyaribari Chache, and Kitutu Chache Constituencies with 54.57%, 49.75%, 62.09%, 83.33%, and 75.25% valid votes respectively.

2. **CONSTITUENCY PROFILE**

2.1 Demographic Characteristics

Constituency	Population	by	Total	Area Km ²	Density (persons/Km ²)
Sex			105,926	161.50	655.9

2.2 Socio-Economic Profile

One of the economic activities the locals are engaged in is tea production.

2.3 Electioneering and Political Information

KANU and the opposition have hotly contested for the constituency's parliamentary seat. In the 1992 and 1997 general elections, KANU won the seat with 49.72% and 62.09% valid votes respectively. In 2002, FORD People won the seat.

2.4 1992 General Election Results

1992 TOTAL REGIS	38,997		
CANDIDATE	PARTY	VOTES	% VALID VOTES
Hezron Manduku	KANU	9,606	49.72
James Nyamweya	DP	9,365	48.48
Isaac Nyamwange	FORD-K	348	1.80
Total Valid Votes	<u> </u>	19,319	100.00
Rejected Votes		428	
Total Votes Cast		19,747	
% Turnout		50.64	
% Rejected/Cast		2.17	

2.5 1997 General Election Results

1997 TOTAL REGIST	38,075								
CANDIDATE	PARTY	VOTES	% VALID VOTES						
Samson K. Ongeri	KANU	14,935	62.09						
Davidson A. Mairura	DP	2,336	9.71						
Charles M. Ayieni	FORD-K	272	1.13						
Charles M. Bagwasi	NDP	692	2.88						
Zablon R. Ouko	SDP	5,820	24.19						

Total Valid Votes	24,055	100.00
Rejected Votes	732	
Total Votes Cast	24,787	
% Turnout	65.47	
% Rejected/Cast	2.95	

2.6 Main Problems

- Mismanagement of the tea factories found in the area; and
- Clashes along the Kisii-Maasai border.

3. CONSTITUTION MAKING/REVIEW PROCESS

3.1. Constituency Constitutional Forums (CCFs)

3.1.1. **Philosophy**

The Constitutional Forum (CCF) plays a very significant role in the review of the constitution. It is designated as one of the organs 'through which the review process shall be conducted' - (sec. 4(1) of the Constitution of Kenya Review Act, Cap.3A). The importance attached to the CCF arises from the recognition of the need to involve the people fully in the review of the constitution. Only through such participation of the public will the new constitution reflect the preferences, hopes and aspirations of the people. It would also increase people's knowledge of constitutional issues, and facilitate their familiarity with the provisions of the new constitution. Additionally, the process, enhances the legitimacy of the constitution among Kenyans and their sense of ownership over it. In these ways the proper implementation and safeguarding of the constitution will be facilitated.

3.1.2. Composition and Establishment

The 1997 Review Act had provided for district forums 'to mobilize communities at the local level for the purpose of civic education in preparation for the Commission's work and to perform such other duties as the Commission may assign' - (sec. 12A (6). The District Forums were to consist of members elected to represent locations, religious organizations, and the disabled, in addition to MPs and members of every local authority in the district. The Act contained several provisions prescribing minimum qualifications for membership and regulating the operations of the District Forums.

The Select Committee of the National Assembly, which reviewed the Act in early 2000, decided to replace the District Forums with Constituency Forums to get views 'directly from the people in the constituency without necessarily going through the rigours of an election to determine the members of the forum'. It thought that this would provide for a more popular form of participation. It recommended on the simplification of the forum to avoid elections. The Select Committee envisaged the constituency forum as and 'open forum with no specific structures', which should be 'flexible and easy to manage'. Its opinion was that the 'existing leadership comprising Members of Parliament, councilors, community based organizations, religious groups and individuals should be able to present views and opinions directly from the grassroots' (The

Report of the Parliamentary Select Committee Reviewing the Constitution of Kenya Review Act, 1997, April 2000). It removed the regulatory powers of the Commission over the forum, its role being confined to the 'facilitation' of the forum. It also changed the function of the forum from the facilitation of civic education to also include facilitation and the collection of the views of the public on proposals to alter the constitution.

In view of the limited role of the CKRC in the establishment of the CCF's, the CKRC prepared and gazetted Guidelines for the operationalization of the constituency constitutional forums. The Guidelines stipulated that all the residents of a constituency would constitute the CCF. The CCF is described as one of the organs 'through which the review process shall be conducted' - (sec.4(1)). The CCF was thus one of the principal ways in which the views of the public were to be obtained.

In order to coordinate and facilitate the activities of the CCF, a Constituency Constitutional Committee (CCC) was to be established. The Guidelines proposed its membership to consist of 10 persons, of which three would be ex-officio: the local MP, the chair of the County Council in which the constituency is located, and the District Coordinator. The Guidelines stated that the membership would be as broad and representative of the people of the constituency as possible and recommended that at least a third of the committee should be women.

3.1.3. Functions of CCF

- Facilitation of collection of the views of the public at the constituency level on proposals to alter the constitution; and
- Debate and discussion of the views of the members of the public on proposals to alter the constitution.

In performance of these functions, the CKRC was required to visit all constituencies (Sec. 18 (1)(a)).

3.1.4. Functions of CCC

- The functions of the CCC were mainly facilitative and advisory, the primary aim being to enhance the effective participation in the ownership of the constitution review process by the people at the constituency level;
- The CCC was also mandated to promote, facilitate and monitor civic education at the constituency level in collaboration with the District Coordinator and civic education providers;
- Additionally, the CCC had to ensure that the constituency had access to all information relevant to the review process in coordination with District Documentation centers; and
- Finally, the CCC was also mandated with the task of dissemination of the report of the CKRC. It was to be assisted in this by the District Coordinator, who was also its accounting officer, in relation to funds that were made available to it by CKRC.

It is important to emphasize that the Guidelines were advisory, and the local community was free to modify them to suit local circumstances. For example, the size of the CCC could be increased when and if adequate representation and diversity required it.

3.1.5. Date of Commencement of Work

The Constituency Constitutional Forum (CCF) was to run for an initial period commencing November 2001 up to September 2002. Accordingly, each Constituency Constitutional Committee (CCC) should have been constituted at the very latest by the end of November 2001. The Constituency Constitutional Forum was to be operational by that time.

3.2. **District Coordinators**

3.2.1. Mandate/Terms of Reference

- Be the local grass root representative;
- Perform the generalization activities in the district;
- Be in charge of the documentation center/s in the district, facilitate its/their respective management, ensuring they are stocked and are easily accessible to the public and also organize their safety and security;
- Gathering any relevant local information and materials for the purpose of constitution making;
- Facilitate the identification, classification and organization of the physical and electronic retrieval and dissemination of information and materials for constitution making;
- Supply such information needed by local constituency forums and committees;
- Liaise with other documentation centers nearby and others for information;
- In collaboration with constituency committees, identify and arrange venues for public hearing whenever the CKRC visits the constituencies in their area;
- Facilitate regular meetings of the constituency committees and involve local people as much as possible in discussing constitutional issues;
- Source and identify other key personnel that the CKRC may wish to consult or engage in its work;
- Identify and arrange for simultaneous local translations, sign language users, procurement and hiring of public address systems, transport and communication facilities for CKRC's meetings in the district;
- Monitor the implementation of civic education by civic education providers in the district;
- Facilitate the formation of constituency committees with guidance and assistance of CKRC; and
- Perform any other tasks as directed by CKRC.

3.2.2. Criteria for Appointment

- Diversity in the composition, taking into account ethnicity, age, religion and professional or occupational background; and
- Appointees had at least attained Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education or its equivalent.

4. CIVIC EDUCATION.

Civic education in the constitution was carried out between 25th January 2002 and 28th May 2002

4.1. Phases in civic education

Stage 1 is the only phase that has been covered. This is the stage preceding collection of views. This stage dealt with information, knowledge, skills and virtues that enabled Kenyans have an informed choice and present their views on constitutional review.

4.2. Issues and areas covered

- Constitution and need for review
- Constitution making process
- Issues and questions

5. **CONSTITUENCY PUBLIC HEARINGS.**

5.1. **Logical Details**

5.1.1. Date and Number of Days for Public Hearings

- a) Date(s): 18th and 19th June 2002
- a) Total Number of Days: 2

5.1.2. **Venue**

- a) Number of Venues: 2
- a) Venue(s):
 - 1. Ibacho Primary School
 - 2. Masimba Primary School

5.1.3. **Panels**

- a. Commissioners
 - 1.Com. Charles Maranga
 - 2.Com. Alice Yano
 - 3.Com. Keriako Tobiko

b. Secretariat

- 1.Maimuna Mwidau Programme Officer
- 2.Dominic Osoro Assistant Programme Officer
- 3.Emma Kamunga Verbatim Recorder

5.2. Attendance Details

Category	Details	Number
Number of People Who Presented		152
	Male	139
Sex	Female	13
	Not Stated	0
	Individual	149
Presenter Type	Institutions	3
	Not Stated	0
	Primary Level	35
	Secondary/High School Level	90
	College	7
Educational	University	17
Background	None	0
	Not Stated	3
	Other (Adult Education/Vernacular/Madrasa/Informal Education)	0
	Memoranda	0
	Oral	119
Form of	Written	1
Presentation	Oral + Memoranda	27
	Oral + Written	1
	Not Stated	4

5.3. Concerns and Recommendations

The following are the recommendations made by the presenters in Nyaribari Masaba Constituency. The recommendations were collated around 43 areas of concern, from the Preamble to National integrity/identity. Only areas where recommendations were made in the constituency are covered. The numbers in parentheses represent the number of times the recommendation (bulleted) was made, either orally or through written memoranda. Each count on a specific recommendation was picked from an individual, a group or an organization. Where a presenter made different recommendations on the same area of concern, each recommendation was counted separately. Where no number appears in parentheses, the recommendation was made only once.

5.3.1 PREAMBLE

- The constitution should have a preamble. (10)
- The constitution should have a preamble that shall contain principles of good governance to produce peace, love and unity, common experiences of Kenyans, respect of law and stability and prosperity as well as important values and democracy and summarize philosophies that govern our nation.
- The constitution should have a preamble containing Kenyan historical background, people
 's supreme authority, will of the people, and abhor corruption and misappropriation of
 funds.
- The constitution should have a preamble with a defined set of values.

The preamble should set out a national vision.

The constitution should provide that the Kenyan national vision should be able to enjoy good governance, production, peace, love and unity.

The preamble should reflect unity of all Kenyans.

The preamble should state that Kenya belongs to all Kenyans.

The preamble should reflect the common experiences of Kenyans such as the struggle for independence.

5.3.2 DIRECTIVE PRINCIPLES OF STATE POLICY

The constitution should provide for nationalism and Kenyaism as guiding principles of sate policy.

The constitution should provide for statements capturing national philosophy and guiding principles. (2)

The constitution should provide for the rights and obligations of all citizens without prejudice and shall replace the motto Nyayo with Harambee.

The preamble should identify Kenyans and diversity of culture of the different communities.

The constitution should be based on the principles of love, peace, unity, equality, democracy, freedom progress and social justice. (2)

The constitution should provide that the three arms of government should be independent from each other. (2)

The constitution of Kenya should be for Kenyans by Kenyans.

The constitution should provide that Kenya should be a democratic state. (2)

The constitution should provide that Kenya should be a democratic state, based on the rule by the people through representatives, by popular vote founded on a people driven constitution.

The constitution should promote values such as honesty, handwork, diligence, humanism, respect and sobriety.

5.3.3 CONSTITUTIONAL SUPREMACY

- The constitution should be amended by 80% majority vote.
- The constitution should emphasize that constitutional amendment shall be done by

- referendum or by 2/3 of parliament. (6)
- The constitution should provide a constitutional amendment shall be done by parliament and that it shall be limited.
- The constitution should provide that Parliament should have powers to amend the constitution.
- The constitution should provide that Parliament should have limited powers to amend the constitution.
- The constitution should emphasize that parliament shall have the power to amend only a small portion of the constitution.
- The constitution should provide that it shall be as stable as possible to avoid numerous amendments and its provisions be respected and strictly observed.
- The constitution should be recognized as the supreme law in Kenya. (2)
- The constitution should provide that a constitutional amendment should only be through a public referendum. (7)
- The constitution should provide that the constitution review commission should conduct the public referendums. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the AG and the chief justice should conduct the public referendums.

5.3.4 CITIZENSHIP

- The constitution should confer to all persons born of Kenyan parent's automatic citizenship. (3)
- The constitution should confer to all persons born in Kenyan automatic citizenship. (7)
- The constitution should confer to all persons born in Kenyan after independence automatic citizenship.
- The constitution should provide that Kenyan citizenship could also be acquired by marriage, adoption or regulation.
- The constitution should provide that Kenyan citizenship could also be acquired by registration after staying in Kenya for 3 years.
- The constitution should provide that Kenyan citizenship could also be acquired through naturalization and registration.
- The constitution should provide that spouses of Kenyan citizens, regardless of gender, should be entitled automatic citizenship. (5)
- The constitution should provide that a child born of one Kenyan parent regardless of gender should be an automatic citizen. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the rights and obligations of citizens should not depend on the manner in which citizenship is acquired. (2)
- The constitution should provide for dual citizenship. (2)
- The constitution should not provide for dual citizenship. (3)
- The constitution should provide for automatic citizenship to persons who have lived in Kenya for 5 years consecutively.
- The constitution should provide that issuing of passports should pass through assistant chiefs for security reasons.
- The constitution should provide that Kenyans should carry ID's, birth certificates and passports as proof of citizenship.
- The constitution should provide that Kenyans should carry ID's, or passports as proof of

citizenship. (2)

- The constitution should make provision for issuance of ID's to Kenyans who have attained 15 years of age. (2)
- The constitution should make provision for issuance of ID's to Kenyans who have attained 14 years of age.
- The constitution should make provision for issuance of ID's to Kenyans who have attained 18 years of age.
- The constitution should provide that all documents proofing citizenship should contain a photo, signature, thumbprint, employment card, voter's card, passport, NSSF card and birth certificate.
- The constitution should provide that the ID's and passports should be acquired cheaply.

5.3.5 DEFENCE AND NATIONAL SECURITY

The disciplined forces should be established in the constitution. (6)

The constitution should establish police posts in every sub-location and ensure there is adequate staff.

- The constitution should define the role of the armed forces.
- The constitution should provide for creation of an armed forces commission to deal with their welfare.

The constitution should provide that the discipline forces should be under the police service commission and the armed service commission should control the army and navy.

The constitution should provide that the discipline of the armed forces should be done by procedure and rules of each force.

The constitution should provide that the armed forces should adhere to a strict code of conduct.

The constitution should provide that the police force should be under tight rules and regulations that do not allow torture or any other cruel and inhuman behaviour against citizens.

The constitution should provide for the President to be Commander in Chief of the Armed Forces. (7)

The constitution should provide that the President should not be Commander in Chief of the Armed Forces. (2)

The constitution should provide that the executive should have powers to declare war. (2)

The constitution should provide that the executive should not have powers to declare war.

The constitution should provide that parliament should have powers to declare war.

The constitution should provide that parliament and the executive should have powers to declare war. (2)

The constitution should provide that parliament should have powers to declare war.

The constitution should provide that parliament should have powers to declare war with 65% majority votes.

The constitution should permit the use of extra ordinary powers in terms of emergency such as war. (3)

The constitution should provide that parliament should have the authority to invoke emergency powers.

The constitution should provide that the president should not have the authority to invoke emergency powers.

The constitution should provide that the president should have a role in effecting emergency powers.

The constitution should provide that parliament should have the collective responsibility of allowing the president to effect emergency powers.

5.3.6 POLITICAL PARTIES

- The constitution should provide that Political parties should be formed on ideological concepts.
- The constitution should provide that Political parties should have a national outlook and not a tribal one.
- The constitution should provide that Political parties funds should be scrutinized during elections.
- The constitution should provide that Political parties should be involved in initiating development projects. (3)
- The constitution should provide that Political parties should be involved in economic, education and social growth.
- The constitution should regulate the formation, management and conduct of political parties. (2)
- The constitution should provide that Political parties should be governed by the own party constitution.
 - The constitution should provide that Political parties should be allowed to operate freely in any part of the country.
 - The constitution should provide that a member of a political party should not ask for a post under it unless he has been in the party for at least three years.
- The constitution should provide for a Multi-Party system of government.
- The constitution should provide that there should be a maximum of 10 political parties.
- The constitution should provide that there should be a maximum of 5 political parties.
- The constitution should provide that there should be a maximum of 3 political parties. (19)
- The constitution should provide that there should be a maximum of 4 political parties.
- The constitution should provide for 3 or 5 political parties.
- The constitution should provide for a maximum of 3 self funded political parties.
- The constitution should provide that political parties should not be limited.
 - The constitution should provide for public funding of political parties from the public coffers. (14)
 - The constitution should provide that political parties should finance themselves. (2)
 - The constitution should provide that members and friends of the party should finance political parties.
 - The constitution should provide that a political party should have over a million followers to be financed by the state.
 - The constitution should provide that political parties should have access to equal airtime. (2)
 - The constitution should provide that a political party should promote equality and have a national outlook to be financed by the state.
- The constitution should provide for a maximum of three political parties that shall be registered and financed by the government if they have a membership of 5 million members.

• The constitution should provide that the number of political parties shall not be checked and that they shall have equal airtime over the state radio.

The constitution should provide that the executive should not use state resources during campaigns.

5.3.7 STRUCTURES AND SYSTEMS OF GOVERNMENT

The constitution should retain the presidential system of government. (8)

The constitution should provide for a parliamentary system of government with a Prime Minister as the head of government and a ceremonial President.

The constitution should provide for the post of the prime minister. (6)

The constitution should provide that the president should be the head of state. (6)

The constitution should provide for a parliamentary system of government. (4)

- The constitution should not provide for a parliamentary system of government.
- The constitution should provide for election of Prime Minister by public.
- The constitution should provide that an elected Prime Minister should control cabinet.

The constitution should not provide for a hybrid system of government.

The constitution should not provide for a Majimbo system of government with a jimbo retaining 70% of its revenue collected.

The constitution should not provide for a Majimbo system of government. (6)

The constitution should provide for a Majimbo system of government.

The constitution should provide for a unitary system of government. (9)

The constitution should provide that the vice- president should be the president's running mate during general elections. (3)

The constitution should provide that the vice- president should succeed the president if the office of the president falls vacant.

The constitution should provide that the vice- president should be a member of the opposition.

The constitution should provide that the vice- president should be elected by parliament. (4)

The constitution should provide that the vice- president should be elected by parliament and enjoy a security of tenure for 5 years.

The constitution should provide that the vice- president should carry out presidential duties when the president is unwell, on holiday or dead.

The constitution should provide for direct election of the Vice-President. (5)

The constitution should provide that the AG should be the chief government advisor on legal matters.

The constitution should provide that the AG should enjoy the security of tenure.

The constitution should provide that the AG should be appointed by parliament.

The constitution should provide that the president should appoint the AG, and he should not be an MP. The AG should serve for a maximum of 2 terms of 5 years.

The constitution should provide that the office of the attorney general should be separated from that of the director of public prosecutions and independent from each other.

The constitution should provide that the AG should be appointed directly by the people, who should be in turn appoint the Chief justice and judges.

5.3.8 THE LEGISLATURE

- The constitution should give Parliament power to vet all senior government officials' appointments. (13)
- The constitution should give Parliament power to appoint the chief justice.
- The constitution should give parliament powers to appoint the speaker of the national assembly and the sergeant at arms.
- The constitution should give parliament powers to summon questions and dissolve ministries, set up commissions of inquiry, enact laws and cabinet ministers should be answerable to parliament. (2)
- The constitution should provide for parliament to consult in matters of retrenchment.
- The constitution should give Parliament power to appoint the permanent secretaries and ambassadors.
- The constitution should provide that parliament should be the Supreme law making body.
- The constitution should provide for parliament to have unlimited control over its own procedures. (5)
- The constitution should provide for parliament to have its own calendar. (2)
- The constitution should provide for a Parliamentary Service commission that shall be responsible for parliaments' affairs and timetable.
- The constitution should provide that being an MP should be a full time occupation. (3)
- The constitution should provide that being an MP should be a part time occupation. (2)
- The constitution should provide that MP's should attend parliament once per week.
- The constitution should provide that MPs should be 35 years and above. (2)
- The constitution should provide that presidential candidates should be 35 years and above. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the presidential candidates should be between 35-70 years old.
- The constitution should provide that MPs should be between 21-30 years old.
- The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate should be between 40-70 years old.
- The constitution should provide that MPs should be between 35-50 years old.
- The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate should be between 55-65 years old.
- The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate should be between 50-80 years old.
- The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate should be over 45 years old. MP's should 35 years old while all voters should be 18 years old.
- The constitution should provide that MPs should have achieved at a form four certificate of education. (2)
- The constitution should provide that an MP must be a holder of university degree.
- The constitution should provide that the language tests are sufficient for parliamentary seats aspirants. (3)
- The constitution should introduce moral and ethical qualifications for MP's. (4)
- The constitution should give voters the right to recall non-performing MP's. (13)
- The constitution should provide that MP's should act on the basis of instructions from their constituents. (5)
- The constitution should provide that MP's should serve for a term of 5 years.
- The constitution should provide that MP's should serve for two terms of 5 years each. (2)

- The constitution should provide that MP's should not serve for more than two terms.
- The constitution should not provide for a limit on MP's term in office.
- The constitution should retain the concept of nominated MP's to represent women and the disabled.
- The constitution should retain the concept of nominated MP's to represent the marginalized groups.
- The constitution should retain the concept of nominated MP's with 213 of nominated MP's being women.
- The constitution should retain the concept of nominated MP's to represent representatives of religious organizations.
- The constitution should retain the concept of nominated MP's.
- The constitution should not provide for nomination of MPs. (7)
- The constitution should provide for special measures to increase women's participation in parliament. (4)
- The constitution should not provide for special measures to increase women's participation in parliament.
- The constitution should provide for rules and regulations to govern the conduct of MP's in a multi-party system.
- The constitution should provide for the MPs salaries to be determined by independent commission consisting of church leaders, judicial retirees, and other responsible citizens.
- The constitution should provide for the MPs salaries to be determined by independent commission. (4)
- The constitution should provide for the MPs salaries to be determined by the public service commission.
- The constitution should provide for the MPs salaries to be determined by the electoral service commission.
- The constitution should provide for the MPs salaries to be determined by the ministry of labour.
- The constitution should provide that salaries of MP's should be reduced by half.
- The constitution should provide that MPs salaries should be reduced to Ksh. 250,000.
- The constitution should provide that salaries of MP's should be reduced by 200 %.
- The constitution should provide that MP's should be pensionable.
- The constitution should provide for dissolution of parliament by majority vote.
- The constitution should provide for MPs to have offices in their constituencies for weekend meetings.
- The constitution should provide for reduction of MPs salaries by 200%.
- The constitution should provide for a two-chamber parliament. (4)
- The constitution should provide for a one-chamber parliament. (3)
- The constitution should provide for broadcasting of parliamentary proceedings.
- The constitution should provide that MP's should be people of integrity.
- The constitution should provide that a parliamentary seat aspirant should not have any previous conviction.
- The constitution should provide that nominated MPs should not be Ministers.
- The constitution should provide that a dominant party should form government. (3)
- The constitution should provide for a coalition Government. (8)
- The constitution should provide for multi-party representation in both the executive and legislature. (2)
- The constitution should guarantee that ¼ of all nominated MPs shall be women.

- The constitution should give power to parliament to remove the executive through a vote of no confidence. (6)
- The constitution should give power to parliament to remove the executive through a vote of no confidence by 75% majority vote.
- The constitution should provide that the president should have veto powers over legislation in parliament. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the president should not have veto powers over legislation in parliament.
- The constitution should provide that parliament should only be allowed to override the president's veto if it does not serve the wider interests of Kenyans. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the president should have powers to dissolve parliament. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the president should not have powers to dissolve parliament. (5)
- The constitution should not provide for staggering of parliamentary elections. (2)
- The constitution should provide that MP's should have constituency offices. (2)

5.3.9 THE EXECUTIVE

- The constitution should provide that president should be a registered voter.
- The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate should be a person of integrity and good character.
- The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate should be a professional with a record of good governance.
- The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate should be a Kenyan citizen with an ID, be nominated by a party with good qualities of governance.
- The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate should have a nationalistic characteristic, post experience in public office; good conduct and be a university graduate.
- The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate should be a university graduate with leadership qualities.
- The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate should be a degree holder in either development management, strategic planning or international economics and relations, must have good grasp of English and Kiswahili, financially stable and must have acquired at least a c+ in "O" levels.
- The constitution should provide a minimum education qualification of a university degree for a presidential candidate.
- The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate should be a Kenyan, university graduate, registered voter and without any criminal record.
- The constitution should provide that the president shall be elected from National Parties and be an experienced person.
- The constitution should provide for the president to have a running mate.
- The constitution should fix the presidential term.
- The constitution should provide for a maximum of 2 terms of 5 years each for the president. (12)
- The constitution should provide for a maximum of 2 terms of 4 years each for the president.
- The constitution should not fix the presidential term. (3)

- The functions of the president should be clearly defined in the constitution. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the president should be the guarantor of sovereignty.
- The constitution should provide that the president should not be above the law. (13)
- The constitution should provide that president should be the chancellor of the public universities.
- The constitution should provide that president should not be the chancellor of the public universities.
- The constitution should provide that the president should be subject to the law.
- The constitution should limit the powers of the president. (15)
- The constitution should provide that the presidential foreign trips should be limited.
- The constitution should provide for the removal of the president due to misconduct. (11)
- The constitution should provide that parliament should be independent from the executive. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the president should be an M.P. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the president should not be an M.P. (4)
- The constitution should provide that the chiefs and their assistants be transferable. (9)
- The constitution should provide that the village elders should be paid. (3)
- The constitution should provide for gender sensitivity in the Provincial Administration.
- The constitution should provide for reduction of reduction of the provincial administration powers.
- The constitution should provide that village elders should be uniformed and salaried.
- The constitution should provide for an election of Provincial Administrators, chiefs and their assistants. (13)
- The constitution should provide for scrapping of the Provincial administration. (10)
- The constitution should provide that the Provincial Administration should play a greater role in security. The government should pay the clan elders.
- The constitution should provide that chiefs and their assistant chiefs should have at least a form four certificate of education.
- The constitution should provide that the Provincial Administration be fair and corruption free.
- The constitution should provide for chiefs to be elected for 5 years.
- The constitution should provide for a commission to interview chiefs.
- The constitution should provide that there should not be misuse of state resources and Provincial Administration.
- The constitution should provide for amendment of hiring and firing Ministers.
- The constitution should reduce the number of ministries.

5.3.10 THE JUDICIARY.

- The constitution should provide for the independence of the judiciary. (10) The constitution should provide that the structure of the judiciary should be more efficient and transparent.
 - The constitution should provide for availability of courts at divisional headquarters.
 - The constitution should define the maximum number of days that a case in court should take before a verdict is passed.
- The constitution should provide that suspects should be produced in courts as soon as possible to avoid being in police cells for long.

The constitution should provide that mobile small courts should be established. (2)

The constitution should provide that title deeds given, as sureties for bonds should be released immediately the accused complies with court conditions.

The constitution should initiate measures to curb corruption in courts.

The constitution should provide that court proceedings should take 3 to 4 months.

- The constitution should provide that the structure of the judiciary should consist of the chief justice, judges and magistrates.
- The constitution should make provisions for magistrates to be placed in all divisions.

The constitution should provide for Supreme Court. (5)

The constitution should provide for Supreme Court to check the activities of the court of appeal.

The constitution should provide for a permanent constitutional court. (4)

The constitution should provide that the judicial service commission should appoint judicial officers. (5)

The constitution should provide that the chief justice should be appointed by parliament.

The constitution should provide that a tribunal should appoint judicial officers.

The constitution should provide that the president should appoint the judicial officers after the recommendations from the judicial service commission.

The constitution should provide that qualifications for judges should be Court of Appeal 15 years, High Court 10 years.

The constitution should provide that if the AG is a male the chief justice should be a woman.

The constitution should provide that the judicial officers should at least have a degree in law. (3)

The constitution should provide that the tenure of judicial officers should be 64 years old.

The constitution should provide that the judicial officers should enjoy security of tenure. (2)

The constitution should provide that the judicial officers should enjoy security of tenure and one should be appointed to retirement.

The constitution should provide that the judicial officers should enjoy security of tenure and retire at 70 years of age.

The constitution should provide that the judicial service commission should be in charge of disciplinary measures of the judicial officers. (2)

The constitution should provide that judicial officers found guilty of corruption should be imprisoned for 15 years.

The constitution should provide that the Muslims themselves should design the qualifications of Kadhis.

The constitution should provide that the court charges should be limited in order to make courts more accessible to all Kenyans. (2)

The constitution should provide for a levy- free access to judicial service.

The constitution should provide that the village elders should handle the cultural affairs.

The constitution should provide that the state judicial powers should be vested exclusively in the courts.

The constitution should give a right to legal aid for Kenyans with criminal cases such as assault, robbery, and rape.

The constitution should provide for a constitutional right to legal aid for all Kenyans.

- The constitution should provide for a judicial review of the laws made by the legislature. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the village elders, chiefs, their assistants and district

officers should handle land disputes.

The constitution should provide that the village elders should settle land disputes. (5) The constitution should provide that the village elders should be elected directly by the people.

5.3.11 LOCAL GOVERNMENT

- The constitution should provide mayors and council chairmen should be elected directly by the people. (16)
- The constitution should provide that mayors and council chairmen should serve for 5 years. (6)
- The constitution should provide that mayors and council chairmen should serve for 2 years. (2)
- The constitution should provide that mayors to serve a maximum of 4 years.
- The constitution should provide that the local authorities should continue operating under the central government. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the local authorities should be independent from the central government. (7)
- The constitution should provide that the local authorities should be independent from the central government and given more powers to hire and fire their staff.
- The constitution should provide that power should be devolved to local authorities to enable them deliver services.
- The constitution should provide for councilors to be at least form 4 leavers. (10)
- The constitution should provide that councillors should be at least standard eight graduates.
- The constitution should provide for councilors to be 45 years.
- The constitution should provide that councillors should be well versed in English and Kiswahili.
- Language tests required for local seats candidates are adequate. (2)
- The constitution should introduce moral and ethical qualifications for local authority seats. (2)
- The constitution should provide that councillors should be married and morally upright.
 (3)
- The constitution should provide that councillors should not have any criminal record.
- The constitution should provide for councilors to pass a vote of no confidence on mayors.
- The constitution should provide for councilors to be recalled in case of misconduct.
- The constitution should provide for a commission, which will determine misconduct and recommend disciplinary action against councilors.
- The constitution should provide that people should have a right to recall their non-performing councillors. (5)
- The constitution should provide that people should have a right to recall their non-performing councillors through a referendum. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the ministry of local government should determine the salaries and benefits of councillors.
- The constitution should provide that parliament should determine the remuneration of councillors.
- The constitution should provide that the central government should determine the

remuneration of councillors. (10)

- The constitution should provide that the local government commission should determine the remuneration of councillors.
- The constitution should provide that councillors' salaries should be increased.
- The constitution should retain the concept of nominated councilors and should comprise of the special interests groups.
- The constitution should retain the concept of nominated councilors to represent women and the disabled persons.
- The constitution should not provide for nomination of councilors. (4)
- The constitution should provide that the president or minister in charge of local government should have the powers to dissolve councils.
- The constitution should provide that the president or minister in charge of local government should not have the powers to dissolve councils. (3)
- The constitution should empower parliament to dissolve councils instead of the president or the minister of local government.
- The constitution should empower parliament to dissolve councils with proper advice from the minister of local government.
- The constitution should provide for women participation in the management of councils.
- The constitution should provide for reduction for levies by the councils.
- The constitution should provide for reduction in charges on licensing of small businesses.
- The constitution should provide that councilors should be provided with vehicles to assist them in their work.

5.3.12 THE ELECTORAL SYSTEM AND PROCESS

The constitution should retain the representative electoral system. (3)

The constitution should provide that elections should be conducted by mlolongo system. (3)

The constitution should retain the simple majority rule as the basis of winning an election. (3)

The constitution should design measures to increase the participation of women in parliament. (2)

The constitution should not design measures to increase the participation of women in parliament. (3)

The constitution should provide that women should compete equally with men for political seats on merit basis.

The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate should garner at least 50% of the total votes cast to be declared a winner. (3)

The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate should garner at least 51% of the total votes cast to be declared a winner.

The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate should garner at least 52% of the total votes cast to be declared a winner.

The constitution should provide that candidates who fail to seek nomination from one party should be allowed to seek nomination from another party. (2)

The constitution should provide that nominees who have lost should stay for 3 months before defecting.

The constitution should provide that seeking nominations from other parties should be abolished. (3)

The constitution should allow for defections in a multiparty state.

The constitution should not allow an MP to defect before the end of his her term.

The constitution should provide that if an MP defects from the party that sponsored him/her to parliament he/she should resign and seek fresh mandate from the electorate.

The constitution should provide that defectors should not be allowed to contest until after a period of 10 years.

The constitution should provide that defection between political parties should be reduced.

The constitution should retain the 25 % representation in five provinces for presidential elections. (8)

The constitution should provide that 1/3 of parliamentary seats should be reserved for women and the others for trade unionists and the disabled.

The constitution should provide that some seats should be reserved for specific interests groups. (2)

The constitution should retain the current geographical constituency system. (3)

The constitution should provide that demarcation of wards should be on the basis of population density.

The constitution should provide that a ward should have a maximum of 3,000 voters.

The constitution should provide that a constituency should have 30,000 people.

The constitution should provide that a constituency should have 100,000 people.

The constitution should provide that Presidential and Parliamentary elections be held on separate dates. (2)

The constitution should provide that Presidential elections should be conducted separately from civic and parliamentary elections. (3)

The constitution should provide that the Presidential, parliamentary and civic elections should be held separately. (3)

The constitution should provide that Presidential elections should be held 10 days before parliamentary and civic elections.

The constitution should provide for free and fair elections.

The constitution should provide for use of transparent ballot boxes. (4)

The constitution should provide that ballot papers be equal the number of registered voters.

The constitution should allow independent candidates to contest.

The constitution should provide that voting should begin at 7 am and end at 5 pm.

The constitution should provide that all vote booklets should be accounted for and counter signed by the presiding officers.

The constitution should provide that the election results should be declared 2 days after voting.

The constitution should provide for government funding to the MPs during campaign.

The constitution should provide for a limit on election expenditure by each candidate. (3)

The constitution should specify the election date. (8)

The constitution should specify the date of election and they be held after every 5 years.

(2)

The constitution should provide that the presidential elections should be conducted directly. (11)

The constitution should provide that parliament should set the qualifications of the electoral commissioners.

The constitution should provide that the electoral commissioners should be above 18 years old with at least a form four certificate and with good morals.

The constitution should provide that the electoral commissioners should be university graduates.

The constitution should provide that the electoral commissioners should be appointed by parliament. (4)

The constitution should provide that the president should appoint the electoral commissioners. (2)

The constitution should provide that political parties, civil societies and parliament should appoint the electoral commissioners.

The constitution should provide that the AG in conjunction with religious experts should appoint electoral commissioners. But politicians should not be appointed to the electoral commission.

The constitution should provide that the electoral commissioners should serve for five years. (2)

The constitution should provide that the electoral commissioners should serve for ten years. (6)

The constitution should provide that the electoral commissioners should enjoy the security of tenure. (4)

The constitution should provide that the electoral commissioners should retire immediately after elections.

- The constitution should provide that the electoral commission should be funded by the central government. (4)
- The constitution should provide for the Electoral Commission to be funded by the Government, and that the tenure of the chairman shall be 3 terms of 5 years.

The constitution should provide for nine electoral commissioners. (2)

The constitution should provide for 15 electoral commissioners.

The constitution should provide that the number of electoral commissioners should tally with the number of tribes in Kenya that is a member should be from every tribe.

The constitution should provide that votes be counted at the polling station. (5)

The constitution should enforce laws on election violence against women.

The constitution should provide that polling stations should be manned by police incase of election violence.

5.3.13 BASIC RIGHTS

- The constitution should guarantee the protection of the human rights of all Kenyans.
- The constitution should guarantee social, economic or cultural rights for all Kenyans. (5)
- The constitution should guarantee freedom of movement.
- The constitution should guarantee the freedom of expression, religion, assembly and right to privacy. (2)
- The constitution should guarantee the supply of electricity should be treated as a basic

- right. (3)
- The constitution should provide that people should have the right not to be held without being charged for more than 24 hours. Kenyans should have a right to live and work anywhere without discrimination.
- The constitution should provide that all Kenyans should be protected from slavery, torture and inhuman treatment. Kenyans should have a right to privacy, freedom of expression, assembly and movement.
- The constitution should guarantee the freedom of expression, assembly and association. (3)
- The constitution should guarantee the freedom of expression.
- The constitution should guarantee the freedom of worship to all Kenyans. (6)
- The constitution should guarantee the freedom of worship to all Kenyans and should be checked to curb sects.
- The constitution should abolish death penalty. (2)
- The constitution should substitute death penalty with life imprisonment.
- The constitution should protect security, healthcare, water, education, shelter, food and employment as basic rights for all Kenyans. (8)
- The government should have the responsibility of ensuring that all Kenyans enjoy their basic rights. (2)
- The constitution should guarantee security for both persons and property. (8)
- The constitution should guarantee healthcare services for all Kenyans. (3)
- The constitution should guarantee free healthcare services for all Kenyans. (5)
- The constitution should guarantee clean and sufficient water as a basic right for all Kenyans. (8)
- The constitution should guarantee education as a basic right for all Kenyans. (3)
- The constitution should guarantee free education for all Kenyans. (10)
- The government should ensure food is available to every Kenyan.
- The constitution should make provision for a 4-month maternity leave for working mothers.
- The constitution should make provision for a 3-month paternity leave working fathers.
- The constitution should encourage education by employing all graduates.
- The constitution should provide for a one person-one job policy. (6)
- The constitution should guarantee equal job opportunities for every Kenyan. (5)
- The constitution should guarantee equal job opportunities for both men and women.
- The constitution should provide for the official time for starting work to be 8.00 am.
- The constitution should make provision for the increase of policemen and teachers salaries.
- The constitution should provide that retirement age should be 65 years. (2)
- The constitution should provide that retirement age should be 55 years.
- The constitution should provide that retirement age should be 45 years for civil servants.
- There should be no previous job experience as a condition for employment.
- The constitution should make provision for the extension of maternity leave from three months. (2)
- The constitution should ensure that employment and promotions should be done on the basis of merit and not on political grounds.
- The constitution should provide for the employment of all university graduates. (5)
- The constitution should provide for the proper distribution of employment opportunities amongst all the ethnic groups in Kenya. (2)

- There should be no quota system in the distribution of employment opportunities.
- The constitution should provide that retirees should not be re-appointed. (3)
- The constitution should provide that all Kenyans above 18 years old should have the right to work.
- The constitution should provide for salary standardization and minimum salary shall be Kshs. 10,000.
- The constitution should provide for teachers' salary to be Kshs. 20,000 or minimum Kshs. 10,000 while the maximum should be Kshs. 50, 000.
- The constitution should provide that all professionals who are unemployed should receive at least Kshs. 20,000 per month.
- The constitution should provide that all those who are 75 years and above should be awarded Kshs. 2,000 per month.
- The constitution should provide that social security should be guaranteed to the elderly whether they are formerly employed or not.
- The constitution should provide that social security be guaranteed to Kenyans of 65 years old and above whether they are formerly employed or not.
- The constitution should provide that social security be guaranteed to Kenyans of 70 years and above whether they are formerly employed or not.
- The constitution should provide that the government should provide for the old from 65 years old and above.
- The constitution should provide for sustenance allowance to citizens by the government.
- The constitution should provide for free and compulsory education. (7)
- The constitution should provide for free and compulsory basic education. (6)
- The constitution should provide for free and compulsory formal education up to the secondary school level. (8)
- The constitution should provide for free education up to the university level. (3)
- The constitution should provide for free and compulsory formal education up to university level. (4)
- The constitution should be written in a simple language.
- The constitution should be made available to all Kenyans.
- The constitution should provide for civic education for all Kenyans. (4)
- The constitution should provide that Kenyans should have a right to information in the hands of the state. (2)
- The constitution should provide that findings of commissions should be made public. (5)
- The constitution should provide for a right to trade unions for all workers. (6)
- The constitution should recognize Saturday as a Sabbath day for the SDAs. (2)

5.3.14 THE RIGHTS OF VULNERABLE GROUPS

- Women rights should be guaranteed in the constitution. (2)
- The constitution should provide for the disabled rights and employment without discrimination. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the disabled businesses should not be taxed.
- The constitution should make provisions in the budget for the disabled persons.
- The constitution should provide that the disabled should be assisted to vote according their choice.
- The government should uplift the living standards of the disabled.

- The constitution should provide that persons with disabilities should be given free education, healthcare and employment.
- The constitution should provide that persons with disabilities should be provided with special training in well-equipped special schools.
- The constitution should guarantee and protect children's rights. (3)
- The constitution should abolish child labour and abuse.
- The constitution should provide that parents should have a right to determine their children's destiny.
- The constitution should provide for funds to assist the orphans. (3)
- The constitution should provide equal rights for children.
- The constitution should provide for unmarried girls to inherit parental property.

The constitution should provide for a right to inherit property for both sons and daughters. The constitution should provide that secondary school students should have a union to champion their grievances to quell unrest in schools.

The constitution should provide for street children to be involved in some productive work.

The government should take care of the elderly. (4)

The government should take care of the elderly for those who are 70 years and above.

The constitution should provide for the home for the old.

The constitution should make provisions for affirmative action in favour of women such that women hold 1/3 of all administrative positions. (2)

The constitution should make provisions for affirmative action in favour of the disabled persons. (4)

The constitution should make provisions for affirmative action in favour of women. (5)

The constitution should make provisions for affirmative action in favour of the disadvantage groups.

The constitution should guarantee that there should be no police torture.

The constitution should provide that those arrested should be informed of their rights.

The constitution should provide that prisons should be more habitable with extra windows, blankets and functioning toilets.

5.3.15 LAND AND PROPERTY RIGHTS

- The constitution should provide that the state should have the ultimate ownership of land.
- The constitution should provide that the individual should have the ultimate ownership of land.
- The constitution should provide that the government should have the power to compulsorily acquire private land that is underdeveloped.
- The constitution should provide that the government should have the power to compulsorily acquire private land but the owners should be adequately compensated. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the government should have the power to compulsorily acquire private land that was illegally acquired. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the state, government or local authority should not control the use of land by the owners. (2)
- The constitution should provide for taxing of any idle land.
- The constitution should provide for productive use of all land.
- The constitution should provide that land boards should consist of women, local government, LSK etc.
- The constitution should make a provision for cemetery land to be set aside.

- The constitution should provide that sub-division of inherited land shall not be taxed.
- The constitution should provide that the council of elders should solve land disputes.
- The constitution should provide that the wife and children should be consulted before sale of family land. (2)
- The constitution should provide that there should be a ceiling on land ownership. (5)
- The constitution should provide that an individual should own a maximum of 5 acres of land.
- The constitution should provide that an individual should own a maximum of 10 acres of land.
- The constitution should provide that an individual should own a maximum of 20 acres of land.
- The constitution should provide that an individual should own a maximum of 25 acres of land.
- The constitution should provide that an individual should own a maximum of 50 acres of land.
- The constitution should provide that an individual should own a maximum of 100 acres of land. (6)
- The constitution should provide that an individual should own a maximum of 500 acres of land.
- The constitution should provide that an individual should own a maximum of 1000 acres of land. (2)
- The constitution should provide that an individual should own a maximum of 3000 acres of land.
- The constitution should provide that non-citizens should not have a right to own land. (2)
- The constitution should provide that non- citizens should not have a right to own land expect those who have lived in Kenya since the colonial rule.
- The constitution should provide that non- citizens should not have a right to own land; they should only be allowed to lease the land.
- The constitution should provide for the simplification of land transfers and levies be scrapped.
- The constitution should simplify the procedures of land transfer. (3)
- The constitution should simplify the procedures of issuing title deeds. (5)
- The constitution should provide that title deeds should be issued free of charge.
- The constitution should provide that land adjudication process should be free.
- The constitution should provide that land adjudication process should be simplified.
- The constitution should provide that unmarried female offspring's should be allowed to inherit land.
- The constitution should provide that land title deeds should bear the names of both spouses. (6)
- The constitution should provide that children of either sex should be able to inherit their parent's land.
- The constitution should provide for equal access to land for both men and women. (4)
- The constitution should not provide for equal access to land for both men and women. (3)
- The constitution should retain the pre-independence land treaties and agreements involving certain communities such as the Mazrui, Maasai and the coastal strip.
- The constitution should guarantee the right of any Kenyan to own land in any part of the country. (17)
- The constitution should guarantee access to land for every Kenyan. (17)

- The constitution should provide that the Government should provide land for the landless.
- The constitution should provide that the local authorities should be in charge of managing and direction of trust land.

5.3.16 CULTURAL, ETHNIC, REGIONAL DIVERSITY AND COMMUNAL RIGHTS

- Kenya's ethnic and cultural diversity does not contribute to a national culture. Cultural and ethnic diversity should be protected and promoted in the constitution. (10) The constitution should provide for respect of customs.
- The constitution should protect the Abagusii custom of circumcision. (2)
- The constitution should protect the custom of female circumcision.

The constitution should recognize our cultural and ethical values that form our collective experience such as respect for elders, women, payment of dowry, land boundaries and social life values.

The constitution should provide that clothing should be worn according to cultural laws and not westernized ideas.

The government should cater for freedom fighters.

Tribalism should be outlawed with the promotion of intermarriages.

The election of leaders should not be based on tribe and ethnicity.

Female circumcision should be outlawed. (6)

Forced wife inheritance should be outlawed.

The constitution should provide for protection from discriminatory aspects of culture. (3)

The constitution should provide that early marriages should be stopped.

The constitution should provide for one national language, Kiswahili. (2)

The constitution should adopt sign language and Braille as national languages.

The constitution should provide for two national languages i.e. English and Kiswahili. (4)

The constitution should recognize and promote indigenous languages. (4)

The constitution should not recognize and promote indigenous languages.

5.3.17 MANAGEMENT AND USE OF NATIONAL RESOURCES

The constitution should provide that parliament should assume the power to raise and distribute financial resources and management of human resources.

The constitution should provide that the executive should retain the power to raise and distribute financial resources and management of human resources.

The constitution should provide that parliament and the executive should share powers to raise and distribute financial resources and management of human resources.

The constitution should provide that parliament should retain the powers of raising and appropriation of public finances. (2)

- The constitution should provide for equitable distribution of national resources. (9)
- The constitution should provide that national resources be shared equally and fairly amongst all tribes in Kenya according to their population density.
- The constitution should provide that national resources be shared equally and fairly amongst all provinces and government offices.
- The constitution should provide for a national development authority to balance the use of national resources for the benefit of all regions.
- The constitution should provide that all government services and facilities are accessible to

all Kenyans without discrimination.

• The constitution should provide for fair distribution of all resources.

The constitution should provide that the auditor general should present reports to parliament on the use of public finance.

The constitution should provide that the president should appoint the auditor general after being approved by parliament. (2)

The constitution should provide that parliament should appoint the auditor general.

The constitution should provide that parliament should supervise all public investments.

There should be checks and balances from the treasury to control the management of finances.

The constitution should provide that members of the bodies concerned should elect heads of parastatals.

The constitution should provide that more professionals should be attracted to the public sector by offering attractive salaries. (4)

The constitution should provide that ministerial posts should be accorded to professionals. (5)

The constitution should provide that appointments to the public service should be on merit. (3)

The constitution should provide that civil servants be paid a minimum of Kshs. 10,000 and a maximum of Kshs. 100,000 per month plus medical allowances; Promotions should be done on merit.

The Public service commission should not allow corrupt and incompetent people to take jobs.

The constitution should provide for nine PSC members who should serve for a term of 5 years, and membership should be staggered so that in every 2 years three members retire. The constitution should provide that corrupt individuals should not be given the chance to man public offices.

The constitution should provide that parliament should approve the appointment of members of the public service commission.

The constitution should provide that the president should appoint the PSC members.

The constitution should provide for a code of ethics for holders public office. (5)

The constitution should provide that civil servants should be non- partisan.

The constitution should provide that civil servants should swear the oath of office.

The constitution should provide that any public officer including MPs found guilty of misconduct or corrupt practices should be dismissed indefinitely.

The constitution should provide that all presidential candidates declare the source of their wealth.

- The constitution should provide that all public officers should declare their wealth before assuming office. (4)
- The constitution should provide that MPs and civil servants should declare their wealth. The constitution should provide that civil servants should not resign first before he/she vies for any elective post.
- The constitution should provide for civil to take their work seriously and work on time.
- The constitution should provide for disciplined officers to run the agricultural sectors.
- The constitution should provide that use of government cars for personal use by the officers should not be allowed.

5.3.18 ENVIRONMENTAL AND NATURAL RESOURCES

- The constitution should provide that there should not be water pollution.
- The constitution should provide for a natural resource commission, which should have the power to enforce laws on the protection of the environment.
- The constitution should provide for a law regulating the chipping of trees and timber so that the earth is not left bare.
- The constitution should provide that the state should own natural resources.
- The constitution should provide that the local communities should supplement the efforts of the government to manage and protect natural resources.
- The government should encourage the local communities to take care of forests by planting trees.
- The constitution should protect land, water catchments areas, forests and national parks as our main natural resources. (2)
- The constitution should protect minerals, forests and national zone reserves.
- The constitution should provide that the natural resources should be managed by the central government.
- There should be strict specifications on how to manage natural resources and breakers be punished severely.

5.3.19 PARTICIPATORY GOVERNANCE

The constitution should provide that non- governmental organizations and other organized groups should supplement the government role in governance.

The constitution should provide that non-governmental organizations and other organized groups should support income generating and development projects.

The constitution should provide that non-governmental organizations and other organized groups should help the government in providing civic education.

The constitution should provide that the state should regulate the conduct of civil society organizations including the media. (2)

The constitution should provide for scrutiny of religious activities. (2)

The constitution should institutionalize the role of civil society organizations.

The constitution should provide for free participation of women in politics.

The constitution should allow women to be recruited as police officers and DOs.

The constitution should provide that the youth should be involved in decision making at all levels of government.

The constitution should not provide for women participation in governance.

Women should be allowed representation at all levels of decision-making and a women's desk should be established to monitor their progress.

• The constitution should provide that each tribe should be given a chance to lead the nation in turns.

The constitution should put in place mechanisms to ensure maximum participation in governance by the vulnerable groups.

The constitution should put in place mechanisms to ensure maximum participation in

governance by women, persons with disabilities, the youth and orphans.

The constitution should put in place mechanisms to ensure maximum participation in governance by the marginalized groups.

5.3.20 INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

The constitution should provide that the conduct of foreign affairs should be the exclusive responsibility of the executive. (3)

The constitution should provide that the president should have the power to negotiate and sign international treaties.

The constitution should provide that parliament should approve all the treaties signed by the president.

The constitution should provide that parliament should assist the president in conducting foreign affairs.

The constitution should provide that international treaties and conventions and regional and bilateral treaties should not have automatic effect in domestic law. (3)

The constitution should provide that laws on human rights should have an automatic effect in domestic law.

5.3.21 CONSTITUTIONAL COMMISSIONS, INSTITUTIONS AND OFFICES

There is need for constitutional commissions, institutions and offices to interpret the constitution. (2)

• The constitution should provide that land board be situated in the divisional headquarters.

The constitution should provide for the creation of an ombudsman office. (2)

The constitution should provide for the creation of an ombudsman office that should ensure that all basic rights are protected.

The constitution should provide for the creation of an ombudsman office to listen to public grievances.

The constitution should provide for the existence of ombudsman's' office in every division.

The constitution should provide for the establishment of a human rights commission. (2)

- The constitution should provide for the establishment of a human rights commission to protect the rights of the minorities.
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of a human rights commission to investigate any breach of fundamental human rights and ethnic conflicts in Kenya.
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of a gender commission. (4)
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of a gender commission to deal with gender related issues. (2)
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of a gender commission to investigate social and cultural issues in order to promote equality.
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of an anti-corruption commission. (2)
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of an anti-corruption commission to deal with corruption. (2)
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of a land commission. (5)
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of an industrial commission to

- monitor industries in Kenya.
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of a judiciary commission comprising of justices from the Supreme Court, court of appeal, high court and other judicial officers. The AG and CJ should be ex-officio members.
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of a local authority service commission.
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of an employment commission.
- The constitution should provide that a salary commission should be established to determine public servants salaries.
- The constitution should provide for a minister of justice who should be in charge of Constitutional affairs and the AG should be in charge of prosecution.

5.3.22 SUCCESSION AND TRANSFER OF POWER

- The constitution should provide for the AG should be in charge of executive powers during transition period. (2)
- The constitution should provide for the chief justice should be in charge of executive powers during the presidential elections.
- The constitution should provide for the chief justice, speaker of the national assembly and church leaders should be in charge of executive powers during the presidential elections.
- The constitution should provide that the presidential elections results should be declared a day after the election by the electoral commission.
- The constitution should provide that the electoral commission should declare the presidential elections results.
- The constitution should provide that the incoming president should assume office 2 months after the announcement of the results.
- The constitution should provide that the incoming president should assume office 30 days after the results have been declared.
- The constitution should provide that the incoming president should assume office 2 months after the elections.
- The constitution should provide for the chief justice should swear –in the incoming president.
- The constitution should provide that the outgoing president should hand over the instruments of power to the incoming president after the swearing in ceremony. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the outgoing president should hand over the instruments of power to the incoming president before the swearing in ceremony.
- The constitution should make provision for a former president in terms of security. (3)
- The constitution should make provision for a former president in terms of welfare. (3)
- The constitution should make provision for a former president in terms of immunity from legal process. (2)
- The constitution should provide that a retiring president should be accorded respect.
- The constitution should provide that a retiring president should be awarded a retirement package. (2)

5.3.23 WOMEN'S RIGHTS

The constitution should guarantee and protect the rights of women in all aspects of

society.

- The constitution should provide for married women to own property. (\$) The constitution should provide for divorced women to own property.
- The constitution should guarantee widows and women property inheritance.
- The constitution should give either partner in a marriage the right to inherit property belonging to their spouse. (6)
- The constitution should give unmarried girls the right to inherit parental land. (5)
- The constitution should provide that women should have the right to inherit land.

The constitution should provide that marriage should be respected and formalized.

The constitution should provide for registration of polygamous marriages. (2)

The constitution should provide that in case of a divorce the woman should be entitled to the children.

The constitution should provide that the courts should handle all divorce cases.

The constitution should provide for issuance of marriage certificates for customary marriages.

The constitution should allow marriage only when boys and girls have cleared form four.

The constitution should provide for renewable marriage contracts. (2)

The constitution should do away with divorce laws.

The constitution should provide for polygamous marriage for men who have large tracts of land.

- The constitution should provide that fathers should ensure women of child support and maintenance. (6)
- The constitution should provide for protection of women from all forms of violence. (3)
- Domestic violence should be abolished.

5.3.24 **INTERNATIONAL POLICY**

Opposition parties should not have the mandate to block external aid, this should be left to the government only.

Kenya should not be given foreign aid.

5.3.25 NATIONAL ECONOMIC POLICY

- The constitution should provide for government role in price control to protect local produce. (5)
- Kenya bureau of standards should be revitalized and expanded to guard against sub-standard goods.
- The constitution should not allow for liberalization.
- The constitution should provide for supply of water and electricity everywhere.
- The government should guarantee the provision of electricity for all Kenyans.
- The government should guarantee the provision of electricity for Nyaribari constituency.
- The government should maintain football stadiums.
- The government should maintain good roads and communication network in the country. (3)
- The government should tarmac roads all over the country.
- The government should improve the state of roads in Kenya. (4)
- The constitution should provide for improvement of infrastructure especially those in

farming areas. (3)

5.3.26 **NATIONAL OTHER POLICY**

In order to curb AIDS scourge, the government should promote awareness campaigns, and aids patients should be given drugs, food and counseling. Anyone known infecting others deliberately with AIDS should be imprisoned.

The Youth wings of political parties should be disbanded because they cause anxiety and frictions among members of the public. (2)

The government should carefully scrutinize the carrying of weapons for personal safety, as they could be a threat to the public.

The constitution should protect Kenyans from police harassment. (5)

The constitution should provide that the assistant chiefs should monitor the retired army officers to curb infiltration of illegal arms and prevent their use in the villages.

The constitution should provide that the Kisii-Transmara border be stabilized and Police posts be placed in every location around the area.

The constitution should provide for traditional armory to guard against cattle rustlers.

The constitution should provide that security officers should be equally distributed.

The constitution should make provisions for the establishment of 4 police posts in each division and each division should be allocated 4 vehicles.

The constitution should provide that people arrested by police should be taken to court.

The constitution should initiate measures to curb corruption. (11)

Bribery should be outlawed and punishable.

Corruption within the police force should be dealt with under stringent measures. (4) Any public servant guilty of corruption should be prosecuted. (3)

5.3.27 **SECTORAL POLICY**

- The constitution should provide for irrigation of marginal areas. (3)
- The government should protect and promote the agriculture sector. (3)
- Farmers should elect chairmen of agricultural parastatals.
- Farmers should create unions to protect them.
- Agriculture sector should be revived so that urban rural policy becomes economically viable.
- Agriculture sector should be promoted.
- KTDA should not be privatized.
- AFC, ADC and KGGCU should be revived.
- Veterinary services should be free.
- Coffee, pyrethrum, tea and horticultural farming should be promoted, as they are the backbone of our economy.
- The constitution should provide that farmers should be provided for especially with regard to price regulation, irrigation.
- The constitution should provide for improvement of farmers welfare.
- The constitution should provide for free farm implements to farmers.
- The constitution should provide for recognition of Farmers trade unions.
- The government should guarantee the establishment industries in all districts in Kenya.
- The constitution should provide for civic education in schools.
- The constitution should provide for creation of a joint admission board for middle level colleges.

- The constitution should provide for teaching of technical subjects in schools.
- The constitution should provide for replacement of the 8-4-4 system of education with the 7-4-2-3system.
- The constitution should provide that admissions to college should be based on merit. KNUT should be done away with.
- The constitution should provide that parents should be empowered in the management of schools.
- Teachers who engage in sexual relationships with students should be severely punished.
- Public universities and national schools should be well distributed all over the country.
- The government should establish a university in Nyanza province.
- Corporal punishment in schools should be re-introduced. (30
- Corporal punishment in schools should be abolished.
- The 8-4-4 system of education should be scrapped. Education policies should be made by experts and not by politicians.
- The 8-4-4 system of education should be scrapped and replaced with the 7-4-2-3 system. (3)
- The old system of education should be re-introduced. (4)
- Native languages should be taught in schools.
- Experts should make education policies. Government should pay nursery school teachers. Specialization of subjects should begin at standard four.
- Specialization of subjects should begin at standard three.
- The government should subsidize secondary schools fees whilst college/university students should enroll in work-study programmes in order to get work experience.
- Higher education loans board should serve every Kenyan joining any university.
- The government should subsidize secondary schools fees.
- The BOG should recruit competent teachers.
- The constitution should provide that teachers shall be transferable and that they shall not teach in their areas.
- The constitution should be taught in schools.
- Value added tax should be abolished.
- The constitution should provide that small-scale traders should not be taxed.
- Kenyans who have banked their money in foreign countries should be forced to withdraw and bank it in Kenya.
- The constitution should provide for Kenyan currency to have a designed symbol.
- The constitution should provide for abolishing of VAT.
- Male and female circumcisers should be well trained.
- Emergency services should be affected in government hospitals.
- The government should make sure that well equipped health facilities are available through out the rural areas.
- Airwaves should be open and licensed unconditionally.
- The government should support the small enterprise sector.
- The government should provide funds for women so that they can start small businesses.
- Small enterprises businessmen and women should not pay taxes.
- Licensing taxes and taxes on spare parts should be abolished in order to make servicing of cars cheaper.
- Licensing taxes of Matatus should be reduced so as to reduce overloading and over speeding.
- National parks and game reserves should be downsized in order to give Kenyans land. (2)

5.3.28 **CUSTOMARY LAW**

The constitution should provide for the retention of customary law.

5.3.29 **STATUTORY LAW**

The constitution should provide that petty criminals should serve their terms in home jail but those who have committed serious crimes should be imprisoned.

A law should be enacted that protects the security of women.

Cattle rustlers should be subjected to a life sentence if found guilty by a court of law.

Traditional brews should be legalized. (4)

Livestock thieves should be imprisoned for life.

Drug traffickers should face serious sentences. Kaguthi findings should be implemented.

It should be illegal to litter anywhere.

Those who are found guilty of stealing should be forced to return the goods.

Robbery with violence should be punishable by death penalty.

5.3.30 **COMMON GOOD**

- The constitution should provide that women should not wear trousers.
- The constitution should provide that women should not dress in provocative manner.
- The constitution should provide that if any animal that an individual is keeping becomes dangerous and harms another person the owner should be held responsible.

5.3.31 **GENDER EQUITY**

The constitution should promote gender equity. (3) The law should provide for gender friendly campaigns.

5.3.32 TRANSPARENCY/ACCOUNTABILITY

The government should be transparent and accountable.

5.3.33 NATURAL JUSTICE/ RULE OF LAW

- The constitution should provide that all Kenyans should be equal before the law.
- The constitution should provide for rule of law for all including the President.

APPENDICES:

Appendix 1: Members of the Constituency Constitutional Committee

- 1. James N. Obare
- 2. Joseph Ratemo Obiero
- 3. Moses H. Maranga
- 4. Pastor Shadrack Aivunda
- 5. Pastor Sospeter Mariera
- 6. Simion Ondimu Ogutu
- 7. Musa Nyandusi Nyanusi
- 8. Charles M. Aencha
- 9. Sereta Mochengo
- 10. Esther Monday Onchangu
- 11. Stephen Bosire
- 12. Jephter Momanyi
- 13. Godfrey Kinanga
- 14. Cllr. Stanley Ondoro
- 15. Nyabwanga Onsongo
- 16. Peter Magwaro
- 17. Mary Onyancha
- 18. Ben Nyamweya Matonda
- 19. Kaunda Osoro
- 20. Jason Momanyi
- 21. John Osano Morua

Appendix 2: Civic education providers (CEPs)

- 1. Catholic justice and peace commission
- 2. Ibacho muungano women group
- 3. Nyamasibi education and development fund
- 4. Riochogu self help group
- 5. Chiriko self help group
- 6. Prof. Ongeri
- 7. Gerare youth group
- 8. Muungano youth group
- 9. Constituency constitutional committee
- 10. Nuru self help group
- 11. chironge sublocation self help group

DC

Appendix 3: Persons presenting memoranda and/or making oral submissions.

1	0001OKMNY	Abel Mokomba	СВО	Memorandum	Kiamakama Salf Hala Craus
			СВО		Kiamokama Self Help Group
-	0002OKMNY	Jane K Mogire		Memorandum	Nyaribari Masaba Women Group
-	0004OKMNY	Jared Onyiego	CBO	Memorandum	Nyamesocho Agency
-	0003OKMNY	Naomi Bosire	CBO	Memorandum	Nyabiema SDA Women
-	0094IKMNY	Abel Mokomba	Individual	Oral - Public he	
_	0020IKMNY	Abel Suga	Individual	Written	
-	0008IKMNY	Abraham Orure	Individual	Written	
-	0047IKMNY	Akiro Ogaro	Individual	Oral - Public he	
_	0049IKMNY	Alex Kimaiga	Individual	Oral - Public he	
_	0146IKMNY	Andelea Omae	Individual	Oral - Public he	
-	0120IKMNY	Andrew Atandi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
-	0030IKMNY	Andrew Gisiora	Individual	Written	
-	0025IKMNY	Andrew O Maina	Individual	Written	
	0038IKMNY	Anonymous	Individual	Written	
-	0039IKMNY	Anonymous	Individual	Written	
	0043IKMNY	Benjamin Matonda	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	0110IKMNY	Benjamin Nyakoiro	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	0045IKMNY	Bernard Mabera	Individual	Oral - Public he	
-	0074IKMNY	Chared Ombongi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
-	0053IKMNY	Charles Aencha	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	0116IKMNY	Charles Aencha	Individual	Oral - Public he	
_	0085IKMNY	Charles Mirwoba	Individual	Oral - Public he	
_	0114IKMNY	Charles Obisa Onsare	Individual	Oral - Public he	
-	0098IKMNY	Charles Onserio	Individual	Oral - Public he	
-	0029IKMNY	Councillor Omwoyo	Individual	Written	
_	0064IKMNY	Cris Okioma	Individual	Oral - Public he	
-	0128IKMNY	Daniel Mogaka	Individual	Oral - Public he	
-	0056IKMNY	David Makori	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	0150IKMNY	David Mogusu	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	0040IKMNY	David Mokamba	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	0035IKMNY	David Nyaega	Individual	Written	
_	0002IKMNY	Elijah Nyanchoga	Individual	Written	
	0021IKMNY	Elijah Otwori	Individual	Written	
	0062IKMNY	Ester Onchangu	Individual	Oral - Public he	
-	0061IKMNY	Evans Bosire	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	0026IKMNY	Evans Kalulu	Individual	Written	
	0130IKMNY	Evans Machani	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	0089IKMNY	Evans Mose	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	0086IKMNY	Evans Nyamari	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	0032IKMNY	Evans Nyansinga	Individual	Written	
	0044IKMNY	Francis Machuki	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	0118IKMNY	Francis Nyamweya	Individual	Oral - Public he	
-	0060IKMNY	Francis Ochiri	Individual	Oral - Public he	
-	0041IKMNY	Francis Ogutu	Individual	Oral - Public he	
-	0119IKMNY	Francis Omae	Individual	Oral - Public he	
-	0127IKMNY	Fred Omwoyo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	0083IKMNY	Fredrick Ondimu	Individual	Oral - Public he	
-	0093IKMNY	George Ongeri	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	0078IKMNY	Gilbert Rakamba	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	0134IKMNY	Grace Gesare	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	0131IKMNY	Hezekiah Getanda	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	0027IKMNY	Hezekiah Muma	Individual	Written	
53	0109IKMNY	Isack Omwangi	Individual	Oral - Public he	<u> </u>

55 0017IKMNY	Jackson Gichana Jacob Oanda	Individual Individual	Oral - Public he Written
560117IKMNY	James Kinyoina	Individual	Oral - Public he
570055IKMNY	James Mosomi	Individual	Oral - Public he
58 0013 IKMNY	James Mosomi	Individual	Written
590050IKMNY	James Nyakioga	Individual	Oral - Public he
60 0152IKMNY	James Ombagi	Individual	Oral - Public he
61 0066IKMNY	James Ratemo	Individual	Oral - Public he
62 0100IKMNY	Jane K Mogire	Individual	Oral - Public he
630143IKMNY	Jared Onyiego	Individual	Oral - Public he
640104IKMNY	Jason Momanyi	Individual	Oral - Public he
65 0052IKMNY	Jeremiah Nyamosi	Individual	Oral - Public he
66 0009IKMNY	Jeremiah Nyaora	Individual	Written
67 0144IKMNY	Joash Ongeri	Individual	Oral - Public he
68 0071 IKMNY	Joel Mosiera	Individual	Oral - Public he
690112IKMNY	John Mageto	Individual	Oral - Public he
70 0016IKMNY	John V Simiyu	Individual	Written
71 0137IKMNY	Johnson Makori	Individual	Oral - Public he
72 0139IKMNY	Johnson Mwambi	Individual	Oral - Public he
73 0141IKMNY	Johnson Omae	Individual	Oral - Public he
740082IKMNY	Jones Monoa	Individual	Oral - Public he
75 0079IKMNY	Joseph Kerongozi	Individual	Oral - Public he
76 0003 IKMNY	Joseph Ratemo	Individual	Written
77 0006IKMNY	Josephine Okwani	Individual	Written
78 0153IKMNY	Joshuah Manoti	Individual	Oral - Public he
790133IKMNY	Justus Matundura	Individual	Oral - Public he
80 0097IKMNY	Kara Amenya	Individual	Oral - Public he
81 0075IKMNY	Kerima Mobaya	Individual	Oral - Public he
82 0072IKMNY	Lamac Ombati	Individual	Oral - Public he
83 0091 IKMNY	Lawrence Ariri	Individual	Oral - Public he
84 0012IKMNY	Lazarus Omwenga	Individual	Written
85 0069IKMNY	Livingstone Areba	Individual	Oral Public ha
86 0136IKMNY 87 0092IKMNY	Mageto Okioma Magoma Ndege	Individual Individual	Oral - Public he Oral - Public he
88 0076IKMNY	Magutu Mirumbi	Individual	Oral - Public he
890123IKMNY	Maobe Omari	Individual	Oral - Public he
900125IKMNY	Maranga Isoe	Individual	Oral - Public he
91 0081IKMNY	Maranga Matundura	Individual	Oral - Public he
92 0028IKMNY	Mary Mukamo	Individual	Written
93 0096IKMNY	Mary N Onyancha	Individual	Oral - Public he
940101IKMNY	Mathew Tinga	Individual	Oral - Public he
95 0095IKMNY	Mose Getanda	Individual	Oral - Public he
96 0001 IKMNY	Moses Maranga	Individual	Written
97 0051IKMNY	Moses Ndege	Individual	Oral - Public he
98 0059IKMNY	Moses Onyangi	Individual	Oral - Public he
99 0145IKMNY	Mukano Getanda	Individual	Oral - Public he
100 0068IKMNY	Musa Nyandusi	Individual	Oral - Public he
101 0103IKMNY	Naomi Bosire	Individual	Oral - Public he
102 0105IKMNY	Naomi Omenda	Individual	Oral - Public he
103 0011IKMNY	Nelson Aminga	Individual	Written
1040108IKMNY	Nelson Gikenyi	Individual	Oral - Public he
105 0048IKMNY	Nelson Maonga	Individual	Oral - Public he
106 0087IKMNY	Nyabengo Borura	Individual	Oral - Public he
1070147IKMNY	Nyakwara Moibi	Individual	Oral - Public he
	Nyamweya Nyakundi	+	

1100033IKMNY	Obwogo Monayo	Individual	Written
111 0140IKMNY	Ochamba Ondieki	Individual	Oral - Public he
112 0063 IKMNY	Oguku Nyagaka	Individual	Oral - Public he
1130031IKMNY	Ogumbo M Wako	Individual	Written
114 0070IKMNY	Okemwa Maranga	Individual	Oral - Public he
115 0042 IKMNY	Pastor Anunda	Individual	Oral - Public he
116 0037 IKMNY	Pastor Mariera	Individual	Written
1170149IKMNY	Pastor O Ngote	Individual	Oral - Public he
118 0077IKMNY	Patrick Okindo	Individual	Oral - Public he
1190151IKMNY	Paul Nyangenya	Individual	Oral - Public he
120 0124IKMNY	Peter Maranga	Individual	Oral - Public he
121 0099IKMNY	Peter Sure	Individual	Oral - Public he
122 0046IKMNY	Peterson Momanyi	Individual	Oral - Public he
123 0111IKMNY		Individual	Oral - Public he
124 0135IKMNY	Rebecca Ombogi	Individual	Oral - Public he
125 0090IKMNY	Reuben Osiemo	Individual	Oral - Public he
126 0015IKMNY	Richard Ondieki	Individual	Written
127 0084IKMNY	Robert Mokomba	Individual	Oral - Public he
128 0057IKMNY	Rona Nyawaya	Individual	Oral - Public he
129 0121 IKMNY	Sadrack Gesora	Individual	Oral - Public he
130 0102IKMNY	Samwel Mokandu	Individual	Oral - Public he
131 0080IKMNY	Samwel Monda	Individual	Oral - Public he
132 0129IKMNY	Samwel Monyerere	Individual	Oral - Public he
133 0115IKMNY	Samwel Nyasani	Individual	Oral - Public he
134 0107 KMNY	Samwel Otera	Individual	Oral - Public he
135 0126IKMNY	Samwel Sure	Individual	Oral - Public he
136 0058IKMNY	Sarange Nyakundi	Individual	Oral - Public he
137 0106IKMNY	Sarimu Kefa	Individual	Oral - Public he
138 0024 IKMNY	Sereta Mochengo	Individual	Written
1390132IKMNY	Silas Ndisi	Individual	Oral - Public he
140 0138IKMNY	Silas Obwoga	Individual	Oral - Public he
141 0010IKMNY	Silas Oribo	Individual	Written
142 0004 IKMNY		Individual	Memorandum
143 0005 IKMNY	Sospeter Mariera	Individual	Written
144 0022 IKMNY	Stephen Bosire	Individual	Written
145 0088IKMNY	Stephen Moruri	Individual	Oral - Public he
146 0019IKMNY	Thomas Ndege	Individual	Written
147 0067IKMNY	Thomas Nyamweya	Individual	Oral - Public he
148 0034 IKMNY	Tom Mokua	Individual	Written
149 0122 IKMNY	Wicklief Ogoti	Individual	Oral - Public he
150 0065IKMNY	Wilfred Momanyi	Individual	Oral - Public he
151 0014IKMNY	William Gwoma	Individual	Written
152 0113 IKMNY	Wilson Matongori	Individual	Oral - Public he
153 0054IKMNY	Wilson Ontita	Individual	Oral - Public he
154 0007 IKMNY	Zablon Mogere	Individual	Written
155 0142IKMNY	Zaphania Omambia	Individual	Oral - Public he
156 0023 IKMNY	Patrick Ogati		Written

Appendix 4: Persons Attending Constituency Hearings

IBACHO PRIMARY SCHOOL

No.	Name	Address	No.	Name	Address
1	Moses H. Maranga	P.O. Box 705, Kisii	24	Mairura Otiambo	P.O. Box 626, Keroka
2	Elijah Nyanchoga	P.O. Box 478, Keroka	25	Charles Onchiri	P.O. Box 119, Keroka
3	Joseph Ratemo Obiero	P.O. Box 106, Keroka	26	William Aminga	P.O. Box 90, Keroka
4	Simon Makini	P.O. Box 478, Keroka	27	Nathan Ongeri	P.O. Box 95, Keroka
5	Joseck Nyamori	P.O. Box 680, Keroka	28	Getenga Mochache	P.O. Keroka
6	Francis Kiago Ogutu	P.O. Box 243, Keroka	29	Nelson Amunga	P.O. Box 622, Keroka
		P.O. Box 17,			
7	Samwel Arera Ongarigo	Kiamokama	30	Akiro Ogaro	P.O. Box 9, Keroka
8	Simon Ondimu	P.O. Box 108, Keroka	31	Jeptha Momanyi	P.O. Box 14, Keroka
				Albert Onkoba	
9	Pastor Sospeter Mariera	P.O. Box 104, Gesusu	32	Onsare	N/A
				David Otema	
10	Paster S. Anunda	P.O. Box 488, Keroka	33	Mokamba	N/A
				Alfred Gekong	
	Bejanin Matonde	N/A		Mojagi	P.O. Box 148, Keroka
	Josephine Onkwani	P.O. Box 626, Keroka		Alfred Nyambane	P.O. Box 590, Kisii
	Zablon Mogere	P.O. Box 90, Keroka		Omore Magati	P.O. Box 1, Gesusu
14	Dr. Francis Machuki	P.O. Box 559, Keroka	37	Abel Moranga	P.O. Box 127, Keroka
		P.O. Box 3,			
	David Mons	Kiamokamo		James Matundura	P.O. Box 68, Gesusu
	Bernard Mabera	P.O. Box 626, Keroka		Johnson Onguso	P.O. Box 57, Keroka
	· ·	P.O. Box 127, Keroka		Charles Omullugo	P.O. Box 1, Gesusu
18	Abraham Maoza Okure	P.O. Box 590, Kisii		Nelson Masita	P.O. Box 60, Kisii
	Jeremiah Nyaora	P.O. Box 675, Keroka		Alex Kimaigo	P.O. Keroka
20	Onsare Eric	P.O. Box 454, Keroka	43	Ombwori Akungo	P.O. Keroka
		P.O. Box 26,			
	Joel Mosiere	Kepkelion			P.O. Box 429, Kisii
22	Lameck Ombati	P.O. Box 2223, Kisii	45	Jenifer Ongwesi	N/A
				Nelson Onkoba	
		P.O. Box Kiamokamo		Nyaiwe	P.O. Box 3823, Kisii
47	Justus Osoro	P.O. Box 415, Kisii	70	Nyogaka Ogwoka	P.O. Box 476, Keroka
40		P.O. Box 2,	71	T.1. C	
	Charlet Nyanyizawe	Kiamokamo		John Sumati	P.O. Box 8, Masimba
	James Nyakioga	P.O. Box 148, Keroka		Kemunto Nyagwaya	P.O. Box 680, Keroka
	Moses Ndege	P.O. Box 148, Keroka		Sarange Nyakundi	P.O. Box 680, Keroka
-	Kakambo Chweyo	P.O. Box 476, Keroka		Alfred Nyamweya	P.O. Box 68, Gesusu
	Lazarus Omwenga	N/A		Shem Masese	P.O. Box 680, Ibacho
53	Zablon Ombongi	P.O. Box 680, Keroka	76	Benjamin Matonde	P.O. Gesusu
	T 1137	DO D 640 77		Moses Nyangaresi	DO D 07 W 1
	•	P.O. Box 648, Keroka		Onyangi	P.O. Box 95, Keroka
		P.O. Box 148, Keroka		Francis Onchiri	P.O. Box 7, Gesusu
56	Charles M. Aencha	P.O. Box 170, Keroka	79	Samwel Nyakeromba	P.O. Box 374, Keroka

		P.O. Box 10,			
57	Isaac Ochenge	Nyangusu	80	Evans Bosire Oeri	P.O. Box 374, Keroka
58	Wilson Makaburi	P.O. Box 650, Ibacho	81	Felix Ondieki	P.O. Box 374, Keroka
		P.O. Box 10,			
59	Doughlas Ochenge	Nyangusu	82	Ogero James	P.O. Box 190, Keroka
60	James Masomi	P.O. Box 1664, Kisii	83	Chris Okioma	P.O. Box 406, Keroka
		P.O. Box 10,			
61	Charles Ochenge	Nyangusu		,	P.O. Box 35, Keroka
62	Peter Osano Okari	P.O. Box 1114, Kisii		Otara Ombati	P.O. Box 6, Gesusu
63	Daudi Makori Chweya	P.O. Box 243, Keroka		Stephen Oigo	P.O. Box 8, Kiamokamo
64	Hezekiah Amoro	P.O. Box 243, Keroka	87	Paul Asiago	P.O. Box 406, Keroka
65	Benson Okingiti	P.O. Box 614, Keroka	88	Marendi Frankson	P.O. Box 406, Keroka
66	Enock M. Keana	P.O. Box 635, Keroka	89	Isaac Bangi	P.O. Box 406, Keroka
67	Simon M. Oendo	P.O. Box 127, Keroka	90	John Osano	P.O. Box 96, Keroka
68	Hezron N. Ochomba	P.O. Box 127, Keroka	91	Oguru Nyagaka	P.O. Box 18, Kiamokamo
69	Naftal Ombaye	P.O. Box 127, Keroka	92	Cllr. Gisioro	P.O. Box 22, Keroka
93	Ben Mogire	P.O. Box 763, Kisii	116	Charles Areba	P.O. Box 90, Keroka
94	Matara Ezekiel	P.O. Box 148, Keroka	117	Musa Nyandusi	P.O. Box 335, Sotik
95	Amos Maranga	P.O. Box 148, Keroka	118	Ebisiba Nyaboke	P.O. Box 32, Keroka
96	Nicolas Metobo	P.O. Box 680, Keroka	119	Ketah Mose	P.O. Box 860, Kisii
97	Kevah Nyokundi	P.O. Box 626, Keroka	120	Johnson Fereni	P.O. Box 476, Keroka
98	Timothy Oenga	P.O. Box 680, Keroka	121	Daudi Manyange	P.O. Box 18, Keroka
99	Alfred Mosota	P.O. Box 680, Keroka	122	Methusela Ondimu	P.O. Box 137, Keroka
100	Pastor John Omwenga	P.O. Box 118, Keroka	123	William Gwoma Obiri	P.O. Box 403, Keroka
	Wilfred Momanyi	P.O. Box 79, Keroka	124	Livingstone Areba	P.O. Box 65, Keroka
102	James Atika	P.O. Box 493, Keroka	125	Msafiri	P.O. Box 95, Keroka
103	Evans Mogaka	P.O. Box 507, Keroka	126	Reuben O. Anyona	P.O. Box 8, Kaimokoma
	Julius Okioma	P.O. Box 10, Keroka		Nelson Ogembo	P.O. Box 449, Keroka
	Albert Omato	P.O. Box 66, Masimba		Ondieki Richard	P.O. Box 148, Keroka
106	Micar Maranga	P.O. Box 50, Keroka	129	Andrew Atika	P.O. Box 454, Keroka
	Dari Proba	P.O. Box 10, Keroka		Kerima Mobara	P.O. Box 454, Keroka
-	Esther Ochengu	P.O. Box 30, KMK		Magutu Mirumbi	P.O. Box 90, Keroka
	Nelson Maroko	P.O. Box 101, Keroka		John Ongeri	P.O. Box 90, Keroka
	Alson Nyakoe	P.O. Box 601, Keroka		Josephat Karimu	P.O. Box 52, Keroka
	Okaku Oyugi	P.O. Box 101, Keroka		Patrick Okindo	P.O. Box 119, Keroka
	Kennedy Nyabogach	P.O. Box 326, Keroka		Mary Nyamori	P.O. Box 590, Kisii
	Lawrence Ochenge	P.O. Box 101, Keroka		Gilbert Rakamba	P.O. Box 476, Keroka
	Jastus Karanga	P.O. Box 101, Keroka		Kefa Ondieki	P.O. Box 682, Keroka
	William Nyakundi	P.O. Box 101, Keroka		Zablon Owoka	P.O. Box 476, Keroka
	Mato	P.O. Box 148, Keroka		Victor Simiyu	P.O. Box 1189, Kitale
	Walter Ombogo	P.O. Box 608, Keroka		Ronald Nyakundi	P.O. Box 626, Keroka
	Joseph Kerongosi	N/A		Milka Meraba	N/A
	Cllr. Samuel Monde	P.O. Box 462, Kisii		Kennedy Omwofo	P.O. Box 148, Keroka
-	Cllr. Charles Merange	P.O. Box 91, KMK		George Ombati	P.O. Box 255, Kisii
-	Olipha Otiembo	P.O. Box 148, Keroka		James Makori	P.O. Box 90, Keroka
	Moses Mogaka	P.O. Box 374, Kisii		Sioche Paul	P.O. Box 478, Keroka
143	1v10oco iviugana	1.0. DOA 3/7, IXISII	100	DIOCHE I aui	1.0. DOX 4/0, IXCIONA

146 Momonyi Otere	P.O. Box 516, Keroka	169 James Osando	P.O. Box 454, Keroka
147 Kepha Kurendi	P.O. Box 281, Keroka	170 Henry Mosese	P.O. Box 454, Keroka
148 Josephat Keranga	P.O. Box 281, Keroka	171 Thomas Keana	P.O. Box 694, Kisii
		Charles Mirwoba	
149 Jones Menoa	P.O. Box 62, Kmk	172 Ayieni	P.O. Box 683, Keroka
150 Rebecca Otiso	P.O. Box 622, Keroka	173 Magoma J. Magoma	P.O. Box 1870, Keroka
151 Loise Omeke	P.O. Box 622, Keroka	174 Johnson Maranga	P.O. Box 1768, Kisii
152 Carren Samwel	P.O. Box 622, Keroka	175 Justine Mirieri	P.O. Box 680, Keroka
153 Frederick Ondimu	P.O. Box 148, Keroka	176 Evans Nyamari	P.O. Box 680, Keroka
154 James Ariri	P.O. Box 675, Keroka	177 Nyambego Borura	P.O. Box 680, Keroka
155 Kennedy Ratemo	P.O. Box 90, Kisii	178 Stephen Maruri	P.O. Box 680, Keroka
	P.O. Box 6873,		
156 Robert Mokomba	Nairobi	179 Mose Monayo	P.O. Box 680, Keroka
157 Godfrey Kinanga	P.O. Box 237, Keroka	180 Haron Samorta	P.O. Box 680, Keroka
158 Sibia Nyallenyanys	P.O. Box 680, Keroka	181 Isaac Rueben	P.O. Box 680, Keroka
159 Edward Onkwani	P.O. Box 680, Keroka	182 Nyamari Botange	P.O. Box 68, Keroka
160 Simion Makori	P.O. Box 78, Keroka	183 Thomas Mose	P.O. Box 148, Keroka
161 Edward Momanyi	P.O. Box 454, Keroka	184 Makori Evans	P.O. Box 68, Keroka
185 Reuben Mogere	P.O. Box 119, Keroka	189 Peter Nyangenya	P.O. Box 99, Keroka
186 Mose Steward	P.O. Box 95, Keroka	190 Lawrence Ariri	P.O. Box 90, Keroka
187 Jerita Arisa	P.O. Box 1057, Kisii	191 Isaac Oenga	P.O. Box 60, Keroka
188 George Morara	P.O. Box 102, Keroka	192 Magoma Ndege	P.O. Box 626, Keroka

MASIMBA DO'S OFFICE

No.	Name	Address	No.	Name	Address
1	GeorgeOngeri	P.O. Box 65, Masimba	159	Cllr. Soe Makandu	P.O. Box 1, Masimba
2	Jacob Oanda	P.O. Box 524, Keroka	160	Stanley Kebwaro	P.O. Box 3, Masimba
3	Abel Mokomba	P.O. Box 1, Masimba	161	Pastor Anunda	P.O. Kiamokama
4	Nelson Gkenyi	P.O. Box 57, Masimba	162	Pastor Daniel Ongei	P.O. Box 170, Masimba
5	Obed Onyancha	P.O. Box 24, Masimba	163	Naom Bosire	P.O. Box 517, Keroka
6	Diecoke Nyaoko	P.O. Box 22, Masimba	164	Godfrey Kinanga	P.O. Box 237, Keroka
7	Getanda Mose	P.O. Box 422, Keroka	165	Jason Momanyi	P.O. Box 68, Ramasha
8	William Ombeche	P.O. Box 5021 Keroka	166	Naom Omenda	P.O. Masimba
ç	Abel Suga	P.O. Box 566 Keroka	167	Mochengo Sereta	P.O. Box 203, Gesusu
10	Mary Onyancha	P.O.Box 524 Masimba	168	Salim Kefa	P.O. Box 163, Gesusu
11	Moses Maranga	P.O.Box 705 Kisii	169	Samwel Kotera	P.O. Box 566, Keroka
12	Joseph R. Obiero	P.O Box 106 Keroka	170	Zablon Nyangau	P.O. Box 82, Keroka
13	Kennedy Momanyi	P.O. Box 8 Masimba	171	Onwange Isaca	P.O. Box 36, Masimba
14	Elijah Otwori	P.O Box 20 Gesusu	172	Reuben Nelson Nyakeriga	P.O. Box 46, Masimba
15	Stephen Bosire	P. O. Box 79 Keroka	173	Kemunto Okongo	P.O. Masimba
16	Kaara Amenya	P. O. Box 3 Masimba	174	Benjamin Nyakoiro	P.O. Box 3, Masimba
17	Ogati Patrick	P.O Box 106 Keroka	175	Prof. Sam Ongeri	P.O. Nyaribari
18	Charles Omwoyo	P.O Box 170 Keroka	176	John Mageto	P.O. Box 289, Keroka
19	William Mainya	P.O . Box 108 Gesusu	177	John Nyayiewo	P.O. Box 5, Keroka
20	Andrew Maina	P.O. Box 426 Keroka	178	Wilson Matongori	P.O. Box 106, Keroka
21	Peter Sure	P.O.Box 1 Masimba		Joseph Kiboma	P.O. Box 69, Keroka
22	Jane Mogire	P.O. Box 32 Keroka	180	Charles Ogise	P.O. Box 82, Keroka
23	Cllr Mathew Tinga	P.O Box 1 Masimba	181	Edward Nyagaka	P.O. Box 82, Keroka
24	Samwel Mataya	P.O. Box 82, Masimba	182	Wycliffe Oguti	P.O. Box 87, Gesusu
25	Samwel Nyajani	P.O. Box 38, Masimba	183	Basiln Bwoma	P.O. Box 43, Keroka
26	Charles Aencha	P.O. Box 170, Keroka	184	Nyakundi Isaca	P.O. Box 1103, Masimba
27	Fred Obonyo	P.O. Box 8, Masimba	185	Kevin Omuya	P.O. Box 170, Keroka
28	Evans Kalulu Bonuke	P.O. Box 36, Gesusu	186	Charles Onyieki	P.O. Box 16, Masimba
29	David N. Ongeri	P.O. Box 1, Gesusu	187	John Bosire	N/A
30	Hesekiah Muma	P.O. Box 575, Keroka	188	Jackson Nyameya	P.O. Private Bag
31	Thomas Miroro	P.O. Box 49, Gesusu	189	Maobe Omari	P.O. Box 17, Masimba
32	James Kingoina	P.O. Box 1, Masimba	190	Martin Bosire	P.O. Box 08, Masimba
33	Paul Gesuho	P.O. Box 452, Keroka	191	Matara Meraba	P.O. Masimba
34	Francis Nyamweya	P.O. Box 32, Keroka	192	Sospeter Kebira	P.O. Box 34, Kisii
35	Samwel Monari	P.O. Box 11, Keroka	193	Christopher Bigutu	P.O. Box 64, Masimba
36	Jared Nyabogo	P.O. Box 11, Keroka	194	Reuben Oira	P.O. Box 171, Masimba
37	Michael Nyaseti	P.O. Box 68, Gesusu	195	David Osoro	P.O. Masimba
38	Francis Omae	P.O. Box 71, Masimba	196	Elijah Ongondi	P.O. Box 9, Masimba
39	Andrew Atandi	P.O. Box 25, Keroka	197	Charles Ogero	P.O. Box 20, Kisii
40	Geofrey Kebwaro	P.O. Keroka	198	Charles Onwonga	P.O. Box 46, Masimba
41	Zadrack Gesore	P.O. Box 48, Keroka	199	Mary Mukamo	P.O. Box 176, Masimba
42	Henry Maranga	P.O. Box 93, Gesusu	200	Thomas Ooga	P.O. Box 456, Keroka
43	Joel Makori	P.O. Box 51, Gesusu	201	Nelson Moinde	P.O. Box 64, Masimba

44 Andrew Onkoba	P.O. Box 142, Nyasike	202 Pastor Bosire Robinson	P.O. Box 128, Gesusu
45 Pius Ondigi	N/A	203 Joel Juma	P.O. Box 128, Gesusu
46Omanga Njore	P.O. Box 440, Keroka	204 Samwel Matagaro	P.O. Box 75, Gesusu
47 Richard Omweyo	N/A	205 Maeba Ismath	P.O. Box 510, Kisii
48 Samwel Manyibe	Private Bag	206 Daniel Nyagaka	P.O. Box 82, Keroka
49 Zon Arasa	Private Bag	207 William Momanyi	P.O. Box 106, Kisii
50 Rebecah Ndege	N/A	208 Omondi	N/A
51 Tabesh Nyagwesi	P.O. Box 1, Gesusu	209 Robinah Moraa	P.O. Box 336, Keroka
52 Jane K. Mogire	P.O. Box 7, Gesusu	210 Nyaboke	P.O. Box 46, Masimba
53 Samwel Osoro	N/A	211 Hellen	P.O. Masimba
54 Charles Ochungo	N/A	212 Nyanchera	P.O. Keroka
55 Caleb Intabo	N/A	213 Kemunto	P.O. Box 1819, Keroka
56Peter Maranga	P.O. Box 2, Masimba	214 John Maranga	P.O. Box 78, Gesusus
57 Moses Nyangonesi	P.O. Box 2, Masimba	215 Ouko Nyangwara	P.O. Box 899, Masimba
58 Joseph Mabira	Private Bag	216 Henry Moranga	P.O. Box 264, Keroka
59 Caleb Ntabo	P.O. Box 203, Keroka	217 Evans Mbaka	P.O. Box 105, Keroka
60 Anginesi	N/A	218 Samwel Monyerera	P.O. Box 79, Keroka
61 Nyangweso	N/A	219 Stephen Nyagaka	P.O. Box 82, Keroka
62 Maranga Isoe	P.O. Box 26, Keroka	220 Yabesa Maangi	P.O. Box 283, Keroka
63 Samwel Sure	P.O. Box 195, Kisii	221 Zablon Waro	N/A
64 Joseph Makori	P.O. Box 26, Keroka	222 Charles Ongeri	N/A
65 Omwoyo Ondieki	P.O. Box 75, Gesusu	223 Evans Machani	P.O. Box 3, Masimba
66 Cllr. Gisiora Andrew	P.O. Box 22, Keroka	224 David Kerage	N/A
67 Thomas Matoka	P.O. Box 87, Masimba	225 Nyakeyo Onwonga	N/A
68 Joseph Mose	P.O. Box 102, Gesusu	226 Annah Nyanduko	N/A
69 Joseph N. Obongo	P.O. Box 590, Kisii	227 Moraa Ototo	Private Bag
70 Mary Oboi	N/A	228 Thomas Nyabwango	P.O. Box 16, Masimba
71 Agnes Omar	N/A	229 Grace Gesare	P.O. Box 72, Soser
72 Moko Orioki	N/A	230 Ogumbo M. Gwako	P.O. Box 99, Masimba
73 Osumo Nyanchawa	N/A	231 EvansNyasinga	P.O. Box 170, Keroka
74 Oboso Aputi	P.O. Box 225, Keroka	232 Julius Okioma	P.O. Box 101, Keroka
75 Omai Mogere	P.O. Box 106, Masimba	233 Rebecca Ombongi	N/A
76 Joseph Mogire	P.O. Box 106, Masimba	234 Samwel Ongeri	P.O. Box 20, Keroka
77 Charles Machoni	P.O. Box 20, Gesusu	235 Amos Mose	P.O. Box 39, Keroka
78 Nyarunda Okemwa	P.O. Box 3, Masimba	236 Zedekiah Gwaro	N/A
79 Jremiah Nyachoti	P.O. Box 3, Masimba	237 Charles Nyamweya	P.O. Box 11, Gesusu
80 Hezikiah Getanda	P.O. Box 3, Masimba	238 Joseph Onsanigo	P.O. Masimba
81 James Mogote	N/A	239 Stanely Kerage	N/A
82 Machoki Aruba	N/A	240 Omari Onsoti	P.O. Box 64, Masimba
83 Kennedy Makomba	N/A	241 Samason Nyotaya	N/A
84 Evans Mokomba	N/A	242 Richard Oira	N/A
85 Moses Mirioba	P.O. Box 87, Masimba	243 Fredrick Oira	P.O. Box 11, Masimba
86 Johnson Oguto	P.O. Box 87, Masimba	244 David Omurwa	N/A
87 David Ondieki	N/A	245 Joseph M. Nyangwa	P.O. Box 70, Gesusu
88 Sereveta Atembe	P.O. Box 192, Keroka	246 Kiophas Osebe	P.O. Box 19, Kisii
89 Henry Mosota	P.O. Masimba	247 Isaboke Onjiri	P.O. Box 18, Masimba

90 Ndizi Mayienda	N/A	248 Osando Mangero	P.O. Box 6, Kisii
91 Jastus Matuwaura	P.O. Box 93, Masimba	249 Robert Makori	P.O.Box 20, Masimba
92 Domnic Maeba	P.O. Box 14, Keroka	250 Ratemo Nyakonu	N/A
93 Charles Ondieki	P.O. Box 68, Masimba	251 Peter Nyamwanu	P.O. Box 75, Gesusu
94 Mageto Okioma	P.O. Box 95, Keroka	252 Jerusa Bosibori	P.O. Box 85, Keroka
95 Johnson Makori	P.O. Box 3084, Kisii	253 Sabina Moraa	N/A
96 Simion Maeto	P.O. Box 25, Gesusu	254 Joswa Omari	P.O. Box 5, Keroka
97 Hezekiah Ochwangi	P.O. Box 64, Masimba	255 Mary Isaboke	P.O. Box 79, Keroka
98 Masese Somon	P.O. Box 46, Masimba	256 Onchomba Ondieki	P.O. Box 75, Gesusu
99 Adson Omwoyo	P.O. Box 266, Keroka	257 Shem Onkoba Ogeda	P.O. Box 172, Gesusu
100 Vincent Nyogaka	P.O. Box 266, Keroka	258 Abel Michira	N/A
101 Cyprus Obwoge	P.O. Box 264, Keroka	259 Omare Magati	N/A
102 Adrosi Mise	P.O. Box 79, Keroka	260 Bokoro Godfrey	N/A
103 Zablon Boraya	N/A	261 Julius Makana	P.O. Box 20, Kisii
104 Johnson Mwangi	P.O. Box 14, Masimba	262 Nyakund Patrick	N/A
105 Jackson Bundi	P.O. Box 5, Matuu	263 John Mokua	P.O. Box 218, Kisii
106 Asusi Ongeri	N/A	264 Isac Ondieki	N/A
107 Mogire Ondiek	N/A	265 Bilia Bosibori	N/A
108 Zablon Mosuna	N/A	266 Nicodemus Bibika	N/A
109 James Mosese	P.O. Box 105, Keroka	267 Obwogo Monayo	P.O. Box 2798, Kisii
110 David Michira	P.O. Box 82, Keroka	268 Mogaka Sorenson	P.O. Box 58, Masimba
111 Mary	N/A	269 Peter Nyamwanu	P.O. Box 41, Masimba
112 Joseph Moturi	P.O. Box 39, Masimba	270 Bosobori Ondieki	N/A
113 Isack Mogire	P.O. Box 78, Masimba	271 Isicah Michira	N/A
114 Kenedy Ndege	P.O. Box 78, Masimba	272 Johnson Nyamweya	P.O. Box 75, Gesusu
115 Kifomuma Mose	P.O. Box 78, Masimba	273 Benson Miyogo	P.O. Box 46, Masimba
116 Joseph Matoka	P.O. Box 170, Keroka	274 David Nyaega	P.O. Box 50, Keroka
117 Fred Obaga	P.O. Box 153, Gesusu	275 Cyprus Marita	P.O. Box 454, Keroka
118 Evans Nyarango	P.O. Box 35, Masimba	276 Charles Ombongi	P.O. Box 148, Keroka
119 Onkoba Onsare	P.O. Box 4, Masimba	277 Charles Orota	P.O. Box 16, Masimba
120 Sibia Kwansole	N/A	278 Jared Onyiego	P.O. Box 35, Gesusus
121 Omambla Nyangonda	P.O. Box 68, Keroka	279 Jastus Boraya	P.O. Box 46, Masimba
122 Zablon Nyangwono	N/A	280 Stephen Motiri	P.O. Box 3, Masimba
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124 Cllr. Richard Onsarigo	P.O. Box 14, Gesusu	282 Joash Ongeri	P.O. Box 17, Masimba
125 Rateno Maomba	P.O. Box 321, Keroka	283 Jared Ongeri	P.O. Box 75, Gesusu
126 Zadrack Mogire	P.O. Box 68, Keroka	284 Julius Omari	P.O. Box 75, Gesusu
127 Abel Mwamba	P.O. Box 68, Keroka	285 Cllr. Getenga	P.O. Box 476, Keroka
128 Sharnely Obenda	P.O. Box 20, Keroka	286 Nyamunga	P.O. Box 476, Keroka
129 George Millon Nyaipo	P.O. Box 89, Masimba	287 Paul Okongo	P.O. Box 290, Kisii
130 Kennedy	P.O. Box 454, Keroka	288 Ombui Oyagi	P.O. Box 699, Kisii
131 David Omato	P.O. Box 20, Kisii	289 Samson Ogero	P.O. Box 20, Gesusu
132 Robin Gisemba	P.O. Box 216, Homa Bay	290 Yocabeth Kemonto	P.O. Box 63, Keroka
133 Ben Mirriaba	P.O. Box 2418, Migori	291 Miriam Nyangau	P.O. Box 28, Masimba
134 Johnson Onchando	P.O. Box 200, Keroka	292 Lawrence Aburi	P.O. Box 28, Masimba
135 Thomas Onchando	P.O. Box 98, Sotik	293 Bernard Nyandego	P.O. Box 554, Keroka

136 Mogote Koroso	P.O. Box 26, Kisii	294 Mokano Getanda	P.O. Box 221, Keroka
137 Tom Nyakonu	P.O. Box 30, Keroka	295 Anderea Omae	P.O. Box 19, Keroka
138 Francis Orosi	P.O. Box 4, Masimba	296 Zedekiah Ondieki	P.O. Box 75, Gesusu
139 Yvuenal Siocha	P.O. Box 454, Keroka	297 Samwel Omwenga	P.O. Box 82, Keroka
140 Baca Orora	P.O. Box 3, Masimba	298 Nyakwara Moibi	P.O. Box 68, Gesusu
141 King'oma Samwel	P.O. Box 4, Gesusu	299 Kennedy John Nyatangi	P.O. Box 476, Keroka
142 Peter Ongarore	P.O. Box 113, Keroka	300 Omoso Tumbo	P.O. Box 454, Keroka
143 Kennedy Mogime	P.O. Box 55, Masimba	301 James Mbeche	P.O. Box 454, Keroka
144 Josper Songoro	P.O. Box 82, Masimba	302 Esther Morumbasi	P.O. Box 82, Keroka
145 Jobes Matundara	P.O. Box 682, Keroka	303 Jattason Matundora	P.O. Box 39, Masimba
146 Benjamin Yaroko	P.O. Box 454, Keroka	304 Paul Nyangeya	P.O. Box 3, Masimba
147 JaredBonuko	P.O. Box 2, Gesusu	305 Evans Arisa	P.O. Box 20, Gesusu
148 John Bosire	P.O. Box 404, Keroka	306 Stephen Omenda	P.O. Box 3, Masimba
149 Jefferson Onduso	P.O. Box 1, Gesusu	307 Nyagaka Nyosinya	P.O. Box 8, Gesusu
150 Jackson Gichana	P.O. Box 36, Keroka	308 James Mogaka	P.O. Box 163, Gesusu
151 Pastor Mariera	P.O. Box 104, Gesusu	309 Shem Onkabo	P.O. Box 3, Masimyo
152 Pastor Thomas Ongote	P.O. Box 2211, Kisii	310 James Nyakaramba	P.O. Box 3, Masimba
153 Everyline Kemonto	P.O. Box 111, Kilgoris	311 Joshua Manoti	N/A
154 Samwel P. Momanyi	P.O. Box 87, Masimba	312Ben Nyagaka	P.O. Box 213, Kisumu
155 David K. Mogusu	P.O. Box 68, Keroka	313 Chief Momanyi	P.O. Box 454, Keroka
156 Fred Nyakwana	P.O. Box 75, Masimba	314 David Ongeri	N/A
157 Oira Songoro	P.O. Box 16, Masimba	315 George Makori	P.O. Box 170, Keroka
158 Sabisa Maeta	P.O. Box 3, Keroka		