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1. DISTRICT PROFILE

Kiharu constituency falls within Murang'a district of Central province of Kenya

1.1 Demographic Characteristics

District Population by Sex	Male	Female	Total
	164,670	183,634	348,304
Total District Population Aged 18 years & Below	92,239	90,371	182,610
Total District Population Aged Above 19 years	72,431	93,263	165,694
Population Density (persons/Km ²)	375		

1.2 Socio-economic Profile

- Murang'a district has the fifth lowest absolute poverty level in central at 39% ranking it 10th in Kenya
- Its food poverty level is 32.5% ranking it fourth in central province and 8th in the country.
- Murang'a has the highest monthly mean household income in central province of Ksh. 5,116
- 97.5% of Murang'a residents have safe sanitation, ranking it third countrywide, however only 23.7% have safe drinking water
- The district has an Infant Mortality rate of 29 deaths per 1000 live births. This is quite high
- Life expectancy in the district is about 64 years on average
- The districts ranks number 20 in overall child malnutrition in the country
- Major diseases in the district include RTI, Malaria, Skin diseases and Infections, Intestinal worms and Eye infections

Muranga district has three parliamentary constituencies. Two of the constituencies are represented by Members of Parliament (MPs) from the Ford-P party and one from Safina party. The constituencies cover an area 310Km² and each MP represents approximately 116, 101 constituents.

2. CONSTITUENCY PROFILE

Kiharu constituency comprises of Mbiri , Gaturi ,Muran'ga municipality and Gikindu locations of Kiharu division ,Mukirandia , Weithaga , Mugoiri and Kahuhia locations of Kahuro division of Murang'a district.

2.1 Demographic characteristics

Constituency Population by sex	Male	Female	Total	Area Km ²	Density/per sons per Km ²
	78,270	85,644	163,914	326	502

2.2 Socio - economic profile

Small and large scale tea and coffee farming are the main socio-economic activities

2.3 Election and political activity

Since the introduction of multi - party politics, Kiharu has remained an opposition stronghold with different parties taking over the 1992 and 1997 seats respectively. In 2002, the National Rainbow Coalition took the seat.

2.4 1992 General Election Results

1992 TOTAL REGISTERED VOTERS			69,282
CANDIDATE	PARTY	VOTES	% VALID VOTES
Kenneth Matiba	FORD-A	57,000	97.64
William Mbote	KANU	784	1.36
Total Valid Votes		57,784	100.00
Rejected Votes		299	
Total Votes Cast		58,083	
% Voter Turnout		83.84	
% Rejected/Votes Cast		0.51 %	

2.5 1997 General Election Results

1997 TOTAL REGISTERED VOTERS			67,381
CANDIDATE	PARTY	VOTES	% VALID VOTES
Ignatius Ngenye Kariuki	SAFINA	27,369	72.38
Julius Gikonyo Kiano	KANU	5,666	14.98
John Gocho Kimani	DP	2,929	7.75
Kihoro Cerere	SDP	1,438	3.80
William Ngara Mwangi	LPK	411	1.09
Total Valid Votes		37,813	100.00
Rejected Votes		813	
Total Votes Cast		38,626	
% Turnout		57.32	
% Rejected/Cast		2.10	

2.6 Main problems facing constituents

Farmers have been faced with a prolonged dispute over payment for their tea and coffee by the

government.

3. CONSTITUTION MAKING/REVIEW PROCESS

3.1. Constituency Constitutional Forums (CCFs)

3.1.1. Philosophy

The Constituency Constitutional Forum (CCF) plays a very significant role in the review of the constitution. It is designated as one of the organs ‘through which the review process shall be conducted’ - (sec. 4(1) of the Constitution of Kenya Review Act, Cap.3A). The importance attached to the CCF arises from the recognition of the need to involve the people fully in the review of the constitution. Only through such participation of the public will the new constitution reflect the preferences, hopes and aspirations of the people. It would also increase people’s knowledge of constitutional issues, and facilitate their familiarity with the provisions of the new constitution. Additionally, the process, enhances the legitimacy of the constitution among Kenyans and their sense of ownership over it. In these ways the proper implementation and safeguarding of the constitution will be facilitated.

3.1.2. Composition and Establishment

The 1997 Review Act had provided for district forums ‘to mobilize communities at the local level for the purpose of civic education in preparation for the Commission’s work and to perform such other duties as the Commission may assign’ - (sec. 12A (6)). The District Forums were to consist of members elected to represent locations, religious organizations, and the disabled, in addition to MPs and members of every local authority in the district. The Act contained several provisions prescribing minimum qualifications for membership and regulating the operations of the District Forums.

The Select Committee of the National Assembly, which reviewed the Act in early 2000, decided to replace the District Forums with Constituency Forums to get views ‘directly from the people in the constituency without necessarily going through the rigours of an election to determine the members of the forum’. It thought that this would provide for a more popular form of participation. It recommended on the simplification of the forum to avoid elections. The Select Committee envisaged the constituency forum as and ‘open forum with no specific structures’, which should be ‘flexible and easy to manage’. Its opinion was that the ‘existing leadership comprising Members of Parliament, councilors, community based organizations, religious groups and individuals should be able to present views and opinions directly from the grassroots’ (*The Report of the Parliamentary Select Committee Reviewing the Constitution of Kenya Review Act, 1997*, April 2000). It removed the regulatory powers of the Commission over the forum, its role being confined to the ‘facilitation’ of the forum. It also changed the function of the forum from the facilitation of civic education to also include facilitation and the collection of the views of the public on proposals to alter the constitution.

In view of the limited role of the CKRC in the establishment of the CCF’s, the CKRC prepared and gazetted Guidelines for the operationalization of the constituency constitutional forums. The Guidelines stipulated that all the residents of a constituency would constitute the CCF. The CCF is described as one of the organs ‘through which the review process shall be conducted’ - (sec.4(1)). The CCF was thus one of the principal ways in which the views of the public were to be obtained.

In order to coordinate and facilitate the activities of the CCF, a Constituency Constitutional Committee (CCC) was to be established. The Guidelines proposed its membership to consist of 10 persons, of which three would be ex-officio: the local MP, the chair of the County Council in which the constituency is located, and the District Coordinator. The Guidelines stated that the membership would be as broad and representative of the people of the constituency as possible and recommended that at least a third of the committee should be women.

3.1.3. **Functions of CCF**

- Facilitation of collection of the views of the public at the constituency level on proposals to alter the constitution; and
- Debate and discussion of the views of the members of the public on proposals to alter the constitution.

In performance of these functions, the CKRC was required to visit all constituencies (Sec.18 (1)(a)).

3.1.4. **Functions of CCC**

- The functions of the CCC were mainly facilitative and advisory, the primary aim being to enhance the effective participation in the ownership of the constitution review process by the people at the constituency level;
- The CCC was also mandated to promote, facilitate and monitor civic education at the constituency level in collaboration with the District Coordinator and civic education providers;
- Additionally, the CCC had to ensure that the constituency had access to all information relevant to the review process in coordination with District Documentation centers; and
- Finally, the CCC was also mandated with the task of dissemination of the report of the CKRC. It was to be assisted in this by the District Coordinator, who was also its accounting officer, in relation to funds that were made available to it by CKRC.

It is important to emphasize that the Guidelines were advisory, and the local community was free to modify them to suit local circumstances. For example, the size of the CCC could be increased when and if adequate representation and diversity required it.

3.1.5. **Date of Commencement of Work**

The Constituency Constitutional Forum (CCF) was to run for an initial period commencing November 2001 up to September 2002. Accordingly, each Constituency Constitutional Committee (CCC) should have been constituted at the very latest by the end of November 2001. The Constituency Constitutional Forum was to be operational by that time.

3.2. **District Coordinators**

3.2.1. **Mandate/Terms of Reference**

Be the local grass root representative;

Perform the generalization activities in the district;

Be in charge of the documentation center/s in the district, facilitate its/their respective management, ensuring they are stocked and are easily accessible to the public and also organize their safety and security;

Gathering any relevant local information and materials for the purpose of constitution making;

Facilitate the identification, classification and organization of the physical and electronic retrieval and dissemination of information and materials for constitution making;

Supply such information needed by local constituency forums and committees;

Liaise with other documentation centers nearby and others for information;

In collaboration with constituency committees, identify and arrange venues for public hearing whenever the CKRC visits the constituencies in their area;

Facilitate regular meetings of the constituency committees and involve local people as much as possible in discussing constitutional issues;

Source and identify other key personnel that the CKRC may wish to consult or engage in its work;

Identify and arrange for simultaneous local translations, sign language users, procurement and hiring of public address systems, transport and communication facilities for CKRC's meetings in the district;

Monitor the implementation of civic education by civic education providers in the district;

Facilitate the formation of constituency committees with guidance and assistance of CKRC; and

Perform any other tasks as directed by CKRC.

3.2.2. **Criteria for Appointment**

- Diversity in the composition, taking into account ethnicity, age, religion and professional or occupational background; and
- Appointees had at least attained Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education or its equivalent.

4. CIVIC EDUCATION

Civic education in the constituency was carried out between 10th February 2002 and 26th March 2002.

4.1. Phases in Civil Education

Stage 1 - Is the only phase that has adequately been covered. This is the stage preceding the collection of views. This stage dealt with information, knowledge, skills and virtues than enabled Kenyans make informed choices and present their views on constitutional review.

4.2. Issues and Areas Covered

- Good governance
- Judiciary
- Gender equity
- Basic rights
- Nation formation
- The parliament
- Systems and levels of government

5. CONSTITUENCY PUBLIC HEARINGS.

5.1. Logistical Details

1. Date and Number of Days for Public Hearings

- a) Date(s):
 - 1) 17th April 2002
 - 2) 18th April 2002
- b) Total Number of Days: 2

2. Venue

- a) Number of Venues: 2
- b) Venue(s):
 - 1) Murang'a Town Hall
 - 2) Kahuro Trading Centre

3. Panels

- a) Commissioners
 1. Com. Mr. John M. Kangu
 2. Com. Salome Muigai
 3. Domiziano Ratanya
- b) Secretariat
 1. Solomon Anampio -Programme Officer
 2. Gilbert Amoke -Assistant Programme Officer
 3. Grace Gitu -Verbatim Reporter
 4. Daniel Muturi -Sign Language Interpreter

5.2. Attendance Details

Category	Details	Number
Number of People		123
Sex	Males	101
	Females	18
	Not Stated	4
Individual/Institution	Individual	83
	Institutions	33
	Not Stated	7
Educational Background	Primary Level	24
	Secondary/High School Level	71
	College	8
	University	9
	None	1
	Not Stated	10
	Other (Adult Education/Vernacular)	0
Number of Memoranda/Oral/written Presentations	Memoranda	4
	Oral	29
	Written	56
	Oral + Memoranda	4
	Oral + Written	30
	Not Stated	0

5.3. Concerns and Recommendations

The following are the recommendations made by the presenters in Kiharu Constituency. The recommendations were collated around 43 areas of concern, from the Preamble to National integrity/identity. Only areas where recommendations were made in the constituency are covered. The numbers in parentheses represent the number of times the recommendation (bulleted) was made, either orally or through written memoranda. Each count on a specific recommendation was picked from an individual, a group or an organization. Where a presenter made different recommendations on the same area of concern, each recommendation was counted separately. Where no number appears in parentheses, the recommendation was made

only once.

5.3.1 PREAMBLE TO THE CONSTITUTION

- There is need for a preamble in our constitution. (11)
- The preamble should state the constitution is made by and belongs to the people of Kenya
- The preamble should state that the constitution is a social contract and a property of the people
- The preamble should state 'we the people of Kenya trust that there is God who made this beautiful country and its people.
- The constitution should spell out a vision for enhancing equality for all citizens with equal opportunities.
- The constitution should strive to culture a national culture to protect our generation from external influence, which leads to imperial subjugation.
- The constitution should spell out a vision for enhancing equality for all citizens with equal opportunities.
- The preamble should state that Kenya is a God fearing country.
- The constitution should state that the Nation's vision and deeds of the people should be accountable to and dependent on God.
- The national vision to be set out in the preamble should be unity in diversity, individual freedom, basic rights to all and equal treatment before the law. (2)
- The constitution should state our common history as people who have joined hands to struggle for their freedom. (4)
- The constitution should provide that there should be a vision of justice, culture and promotion of morals.
- The constitution should set out a national vision of equality constitutionalism and rule of law. (2)
- The constitution should state that Kenyans have common experiences; struggle for independence and cultural diversity which can be harnessed to forge a strong, united, sovereign and democratic Nation. (2)
- The preamble should express the Sovereignty of all Kenyans.
- The preamble should state that Kenya should always be a democratic state.
- The preamble should spell out the broad socio-economic values of the Kenyan state.

5.3.2 DIRECTIVE PRINCIPLES OF STATE POLICY

- The constitution should provide for the strict observation of the doctrine of separation of power by the government of the day.
- The constitution should provide statement capturing national philosophy and guiding principles on gender equality, state development and protection of vulnerable groups. (2)
- The constitution should enforce handwork and enforcement of cultural values as statements capturing national philosophy and guiding principles.
- The constitution should be based on Christian principles because our nation is founded on Christianity.
- The constitution should promote values such as harmony, tolerance, cohesiveness, compatibility, truth and self- definability.
- The constitution should be geared at promoting social co- existence and harmony among members of the society.

- The constitution should provide for guiding principles such as that, ‘we the people of Kenya recognize the poverty, corruption and poor governance as present evils in our society, resolve to pursue justice, economic prosperity, good governance, unity, peace, liberty, and equality’.
- The constitution should provide statements capturing national philosophy and guiding principles.
- Democratic principles should be included in the constitution. (2)
- The constitution should provide that Kenyans are determined to establish and sustain a democratically elected government based on principles of unity, equality, freedom, social justice, peace and prosperity.
- The constitution should provide that people are governed through their will and consent. (2)
- The constitution should provide statements capturing national philosophy and guiding principles as all citizens to be treated equally, protection, and promotion of the minority groups in society. (2)

5.3.3 **CONSTITUTIONAL SUPREMACY**

- The constitution should provide for its supremacy over all other laws in the country.
- The constitution should provide that a constitutional amendment should only be through a public referendum. (19)
- The constitution should provide that an independent body should conduct the public referendum. (3)
- The constitution should provide that an independent electoral commission should conduct the public referendum. (3)
- The constitution should be amended subject to approval of 90% parliamentarians.
- The constitution should be amended subject to approval of 65% parliamentarians.
- The constitution should be amended subject to approval of 80% parliamentarians.
- The constitution should be amended subject to approval of 70% parliamentarians.
- The constitution should be amended subject to approval of 70% of all Kenyans.
- The constitution should provide that a majority of 75% of the citizenry support constitutional amendment in order to preserve the sovereignty of the Kenyan people. (6)

5.3.4 **CITIZENSHIP**

- The constitution should confer to all persons born of Kenyan parents to be automatic citizenship. (8)
- The constitution should confer to all persons born in Kenya to be automatic citizenship. (2)
- The constitution should confer to all persons born on Kenyan soil, airspace, airplane or ship after 12th December 1963 to be automatic citizenship.
- The constitution should provide that citizenship be acquired through naturalization.
- The constitution should provide that the rights and obligations of the citizens should not depend in the manner in which citizenship is acquired.
- The constitution should provide that citizenship be acquired through application.
- The constitution should not provide for dual citizenship. (6)
- The constitution should not provide for dual citizenship. (3)
- The constitution should not provide for men and women to acquire citizenship on the same conditions.
- The constitution should provide that a child born of one Kenyan parent regardless of gender should be entitled to automatic citizenship. (4)

- The constitution should confer automatic citizenship to all persons legally married to a Kenyan citizen irrespective of gender. (4)
- The constitution should provide that a wife's of a Kenyan citizen should acquire automatic citizenship.
- The constitution should provide that every Kenyan should be given an ID as proof of citizenship. (5)
- The constitution should provide that a non-Kenyan child adopted by a Kenyan citizen should automatically qualify for Kenyan citizenship.
- The constitution should provide that proof of citizenship be by way of National identification cards, birth certificates and passports. (4)

5.3.5 DEFENCE AND NATIONAL SECURITY

- The constitution should provide that security forces will be disciplined or subjected to disciplinary action incase of error. (2)
- The constitution should establish the disciplined forces, the military, prisons, and paramilitary police. (7)
- The constitution should provide that the national defense forces and the president have emergency powers only with the consent of a national security committee.
- The constitution should provide that all military and police officers be trained for one year not 6 months.
- The constitution should provide that armed forces be disciplined by the military in the court Marshall.
- The constitution should provide that police officers who have served for five years be replaced.
- The constitution should provide for mechanisms of disciplining members of the security forces.
- The constitution should provide that constitutional powers of the police commissioners be limited.
- The constitution should provide the administration police be merged with the regular police.
- The constitution should permit the use of extra-ordinary powers in emergency situations such as war, external aggression, insurgency or natural disasters. (2)
- The constitution should empower the president to invoke extra-ordinary powers. (2)
- The constitution should empower the president to invoke extra-ordinary powers for only 90 days.
- The constitution should empower the president to invoke extra-ordinary powers but with the approval of parliament. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the president should have powers to declare war upon the approval of parliament. (3)
- The constitution should provide the president should not be the commander- in- chief of the armed forces. (6)
- The constitution should provide that parliament be involved in invoking emergency powers.
- The constitution should provide that military personnel should strictly be confined to military duties.
- The constitution should provide that security forces ensure security for all Kenyans.
- The constitution should provide that Parliament should approve a state of emergency declared by the president.

5.3.6 **POLITICAL PARTIES**

- The constitution should provide broad guidelines for the formation, management and conduct of political parties. (3)
- The constitution should provide that Kenya should be a multi- party state. (2)
- The president should not belong to any political party.
- The constitution should limit the number of political parties in the country to three. (2)
- The constitution should limit the number of political parties in the country to two.
- The constitution should limit the number of political parties in the country to five. (2)
- The constitution should limit the number of political parties in the country to ten.
- The constitution should limit the number of political parties in the country to between 2 and 4.
- The constitution should limit the number of political parties in the country to between 3 and 5.
- The constitution should not limit the number of political parties. (2)
- The constitution should provide that political parties be financed by from the public coffers. (4)
- The constitution should provide broad guidelines requiring that political parties have a national outlook.
- The constitution should provide for public funding of political parties as long as such parties have representation in parliament and have a demonstrable substantial following.
- The constitution should provide broad guidelines requiring that composition, management and policies of political parties are gender sensitive.
- The constitution should provide that at least 1/3 of the leadership in political parties be women.
- The constitution should provide that the president does not belong to any political party. (3)
- The constitution should provide unlimited access to the Kenya Broadcasting Corporation services to all the political parties during parliamentary and civic elections campaign.
- The constitution should provide that the ruling party should not use state machinery during campaigns. (2)

5.3.7 **STRUCTURES AND SYSTEMS OF GOVERNMENT**

- The constitution should provide for a parliamentary system of government. (6)
- The constitution should provide that the prime minister should be the head of government. (8)
- The constitution should provide for a unitary system of government. (4)
- The constitution should not provide for a federal system of government. (4)
- The constitution should provide for a hybrid system of government. (2)
- The constitution should provide for a ceremonial president. (8)
- The constitution should provide that there would be a post of a prime minister who will be chosen from the political party with majority seats in parliament.
- The constitution should provide that there would be a post of a prime minister elected by parliament.
- The constitution should provide that Vice President be elected directly by the people. (5)
- The constitution should provide that Vice President should be the running mate of the president in the presidential elections. (4)
- The constitution should provide that the Vice President be appointed by the president.

- The constitution should provide that if the president is a man the vice-president should be a woman and vice versa.
- The constitution should provide for a split of powers between the executive and the Attorney General.
- The constitution should provide for the election of the Attorney General by the people.
- The constitution should provide that the Attorney General should serve for a maximum of ten years.
- The constitution should provide that the Attorney General prosecutorial powers be devolved and shared with other key centers of public accountability e.g. anti-corruption authority.
- The constitution should provide the office of the AG be made answerable to parliament.
- The constitution should provide for security of tenure for the attorney general. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the Vice-president should be given more powers.

5.3.8 THE LEGISLATURE

- The constitution should provide for a bicameral parliamentary system with an upper house of elected MPs and a lower house composed of representatives of special interest groups and regions. (3)
- The constitution should provide that all Commission appointments made by the president be vetted by the parliament.
- The constitution should give parliament powers to appoint all permanent secretaries and head of parastatals.
- The constitution should give powers to parliament to appoint all civil servants.
- The constitution should give powers to parliament to appoint judicial officers.
- The prime minister should be answerable to parliament.
- The constitution should provide for a government of National Unity composed of all parliamentary political parties. (2)
- The constitution should provide for multi-party system in both the legislature and executive. (2)
- The constitution should provide for a bicameral parliamentary system. (12)
- The constitution should provide for the formation of a coalition government. (12)
- The constitution should provide that the president should have the power to veto legislation passed by parliament when such legislation is not in the interest of the country. (4)
- The constitution should provide that parliament should provide that the president should not have powers to dissolve parliament.
- The constitution should provide for constituency officers. (4)
- The constitution should provide that parliamentary candidates be degree holders.
- The constitution should provide that parliamentary candidates should declare their marital status.
- The constitution should provide that MPs pay 10% of their salary into a fund to care for poor children.
- The constitution should provide a mechanism to ensure MPs attend all parliamentary sessions.
- The constitution should provide that the president should be between 40 and 70 years.
- The constitution should provide that the president should be between 40 and 85 years.
- The constitution should provide that the president should be between 35 and 70 years. (7)
- The constitution should provide that the president should be between 45 and 75 years.
- The constitution should provide that the president should be between 50 and 70 years.

- The constitution should provide that the president should be between 35 and 60 years.
- The constitution should provide that the president should be between 35 and 75 years. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the president should be between 25 and 35 years.
- The constitution should provide that the president should be 35 years old. (2)
- The constitution should provide that a parliamentary candidate should be 30 years old.
- The constitution should provide that a parliamentary candidate should be between 25 and 60 years.
- The constitution should provide that the voting age be 18 years.
- The constitution should give Parliament power to impeach the president by 75% votes.
- The constitution should give Parliament power to impeach the president. (5)
- The constitution should provide that Parliament is in a position to impeach cabinet. (2)
- The constitution should provide that being an MP should be a full time occupation. (4)
- The constitution should provide that being an MP should be a part time occupation.
- The constitution should provide that quorum in parliament should be raised from the current 30 to 50 members.
- The constitution should provide that parliament should be supreme.
- The constitution should give Parliament power to control its own calendar. (5)
- The constitution should give Parliament power to control its own procedures through the standing orders. (4)
- The constitution should give voters the right to recall non-performing MP's. (13)
- The constitution should give voters the right to recall non-performing MPs by way of collection of 25% of signatures from the MPs constituency.
- The constitution should give voters the right to recall non-performing MPs by way of petition, referendum or collection of a required number of signatures from the MPs constituency.
- The constitution should give voters the right to recall non-performing MPs by way of public referendum.
- The constitution should provide that parliamentary candidates be fluent in English and Kiswahili. (2)
- The constitution should provide that parliamentary candidates be at least of form four level of education. (3)
- The constitution should provide that parliamentary candidates should be university graduates. (3)
- The constitution should provide that parliamentary candidates should obtain a letter of good conduct from the C.I.D.
- The constitution should provide that the salaries and benefits of MP's be determined by the public service commission. (2)
- The constitution should provide that an independent commission should determine salaries of MP's.
- The constitution should provide that MP's should not be allowed to determine their terms/allowances of services. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the MP's should act on the basis of their conscience.
- The constitution should provide that the MP's should act on the basis of instructions from their constituents. (2)
- The constitution should provide for moral and ethical qualifications for parliamentary candidates. (4)
- The constitution should provide that MPs have two terms of 5 years each.
- The constitution should provide that MPs have 4 terms of 5 years each.
- The constitution should provide that MPs have 5 years.

- The constitution should retain the concept of nominated MP's. (4)
- The constitution should not retain the concept of nominated MP's. (5)
- The constitution should provide that nomination of MPs be made to cater for special interest groups such as women and artisans. (2)
- The constitution should ensure that women ought to struggle and be elected on merit.
- The constitution should provide that nomination of MPs be made to cater for special interest groups such as the marginalized groups from ASAL areas who have limited representation in parliament.
- The constitution should provide that nominated MPs should not be appointed as ministers. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the president should do nomination of MPs. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the president should not do nomination of MPs.
- The constitution should provide that the president should not have the power to dissolve parliament.
- The constitution should empower parliament to determine the size and structure of government.
- The constitution should provide that all presidential appointments be vetted by parliament.
- The constitution should provide that appointment of ministers, holders of constitutional office and all the senior public officers be approved by parliament. (10)
- The constitution should make provision for nomination of more women MPs.
- The constitution should provide that MPs are prohibited from granting themselves exorbitant salaries.
- The constitution should provide that all presidential candidates are vetted by parliament. (7)

5.3.9 **THE EXECUTIVE**

- The constitution should provide that the president is married and has a home. (7)
- The constitution should provide that presidential candidates should be of good morals and of sound mind. (4)
- The constitution should provide that if the president is a Christian, the Vice president should be a Muslim and vice versa.
- The constitution should provide a code of conduct for the President.
- The constitution should provide that all presidential candidates are not ex-convicts.
- The constitution should provide that the president should not be Chancellor of all public universities.
- The constitution should provide that the provincial administration be replaced by a grassroots level system whose composition has a gender balance.
- The constitution should limit the powers of the president. (8)
- The constitution should provide that the president should not be above the law. (14)
- The constitution should provide that the president would be given reasonable compensation, and his wife and children to be provided with allowances and be prevented from conducting ordinary commercial businesses.
- The constitution should provide for the impeachment of the president for abuse of power, misconduct, incapacity and corruption. (11)
- The constitution should provide that the president should serve a maximum two five-year terms. (16)
- The constitution should provide a minimum qualification of a university degree for a presidential candidate. (18)

- The constitution should provide that the president should not be an elected MP. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the president should not be an elected MP. (12)
- The constitution should provide that all presidential candidates should have been in power for over 10 years.
- The constitution should provide that the provincial administration be abolished. (4)
- The constitution should provide that the people elect the provincial administration. (15)
- The constitution should provide that parliament be independent from the executive. (4)
- The constitution should provide that the president should attend parliament and answer questions. (2)
- The constitution should abolish the provincial administration structure of government.
- The constitution should provide for the election by popular vote of provincial administration officials.
- The constitution should provide that the provincial administration be abolished and its role should be taken over by the local government.
- The constitution should provide that there are a minimum of 15 ministers and 15 assistant ministers. (4)
- The constitution should provide that there are a minimum of 10 ministers and 10 assistant ministers.
- The constitution should provide that there are a minimum of 15 ministers and 30 assistant ministers. (3)
- The constitution should provide that there are a minimum of 18 ministries and 18 permanent secretaries.
- The constitution should provide that there is one minister in each ministry.
- The constitution should provide that there are two deputy ministers in each ministry.
- The constitution should provide for a maximum of 20 ministries.
- The constitution should provide that cabinet reshuffles are limited.
- The constitution should provide that the administrative units be created according to the population size. (4)
- The constitution should provide that there is a gender balance in the composition of representatives at the executive levels of government.

5.3.10 **THE JUDICIARY**

- The constitution should provide for the independence of the judiciary. (12)
- The constitution should provide for a permanent constitutional court. (6)
- The constitution should provide for a permanent constitutional court. (9)
- The constitution should provide for a Human rights should be established.
- The constitution should provide that appointment of judges should be approved by two thirds of the Members of Parliament.
- The constitution should provide that a judicial commission appoints judges and that the commission should be independent and impartial. (8)
- The constitution should guarantee access to courts by all Kenyans. (4)
- The constitution should provide for a levy- free access to judicial service. (8)
- The constitution should provide that the judicial officers should be graduates of the school of law. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the judicial officers should enjoy the security of tenure. (6)
- The constitution should provide that the judicial officers retirement age should be reduced from 74 to 68 years.

- The constitution should provide that the judicial officers should serve for two terms of five years each.
- The constitution should provide for a Judicial Commission elected by the people to oversee the functioning of the Judiciary.
- The constitution should provide for Kadhi's empowerment to handle all cases involving Muslim parties.
- The constitution should provide for Kadhi's court to have appellate jurisdiction. (2)
- The constitution should provide for Kadhi's empowerment to handle all cases involving Muslim parties. (2)
- The constitution should provide for a jury system in the court process.
- The constitution should provide that Supkem appoints Kadhis.
- The constitution should provide that the Muslim community appoints Kadhis. (4)
- The constitution should provide that parliament be charged with the responsibility of appointing judges.
- The constitution should provide that circumstantial evidence be inadmissible and only utilize first hand evidence as the yardstick for the process of litigation in court.
- The constitution should provide for a judicial review of laws made by legislature. (4)
- The constitution should have the provisions of council elder to handle customary or cultural affairs.
- The constitution should provide for the introduction of the inquisitorial system.

5.3.11 LOCAL GOVERNMENT

- The constitution should provide that all elective positions in the local government, including the position of the mayor and the chair of the County Council, be filled by direct popular elections. (22)
- The constitution should provide that all local authority by-laws be adopted by way of a referendum.
- The constitution should provide that Mayors and council chairmen serve for a maximum of two five-year terms. (2)
- The constitution should provide that Mayors and council chairmen serve for a maximum of one five-year term. (6)
- The constitution should provide for moral and ethical qualifications for councillors. (2)
- The constitution should provide that councillors should have a minimum qualification of KCPE.
- The constitution should provide that councillors should have a minimum qualification of O' levels. (14)
- The constitution should provide that all civic leaders should be aged between 30 and 65 years.
- The constitution should provide that all civic leaders should be aged between 35 and 70 years.
- The constitution should provide that all civic leaders should be aged between 30 and 70 years.
- The constitution should provide that all civic leaders must not necessarily have education background. Wisdom is a good quality of leadership.
- The constitution should provide that all civic leaders should have a minimum qualification of O' levels.
- The constitution should provide that councillors should have a minimum qualification of a university degree.
- The constitution should provide that mayors and council chairmen should have a minimum qualification of a university degree. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the local government be independent from the central government. (4)
- The constitution should provide that the local government and the provincial administration are consolidated.
- The constitution should provide that people should have a right to recall non-performing councillors. (9)
- The constitution should provide that people should have a right to recall non-performing councillors through a public referendum.
- The constitution should provide that people should have a right to recall non-performing councillors by at least 25 % signatures to confirm their dissatisfaction.
- The constitution should retain the concept of nominated councillors. (4)
- The constitution should not retain the concept of nominated councillors. (4)
- The constitution should provide that the local government minister should have powers to dissolve councils. (3)
- The constitution should provide civic candidates have moral and ethical character.
- The constitution should provide that local authority revenue should benefit the local populace.

5.3.12 THE ELECTORAL SYSTEM AND PROCESS

- The constitution should provide that in a presidential election, the winning candidate must get at least 50% of the votes cast. (7)
- The constitution should provide that in a presidential election, the winning candidate must get at least 65% of the votes cast.
- The constitution should provide that in a presidential election, the winning candidate must get at least 55% of the votes cast.
- The constitution should provide that in a presidential election, the winning candidate must get at least 50% of the votes cast and if there's no clear winner a run-off should be held within 21 days between two candidates who scored the highest votes in the first round.
- The constitution should provide that in a presidential election, the winning candidate must get at least 50% of the votes cast and if there's no clear winner a run-off should be held within 14 days between two candidates who scored the highest votes in the first round.
- The constitution should provide that in a presidential election, the winning candidate must get at least 51% of the votes cast and if there's no clear winner a run-off should be held within 14 days between two candidates who scored the highest votes in the first round.
- The constitution should provide that in a presidential election, the winning candidate must get at least 51% of the votes cast. (9)
- The constitution should provide for the use of the simple majority rule as the basis of winning an election. (5)
- The constitution should provide that the Electoral Commission be committed to providing civic education to the populace.
- The constitution should reduce the number of electoral units.
- The constitution should retain the current geographical constituency system.
- The constitution should provide that the size of a constituency be determined by the population size. (20)
- The constitution should provide that MPs inter-party defections are limited.
- The constitution should provide that defecting MP's should forfeit their seats. (2)
- The constitution should not allow political parties to merge.
- The constitution should provide that the ballot boxes should be transparent.
- The constitution should provide that the voter registration should be a continuous exercise. (9)
- The constitution should provide for Independent candidates for parliamentary and presidential elections. (3)
- The constitution should provide for a limit on election expenditures by each candidate.
- The constitution should provide that votes be counted at the polling station and results announced there. (13)
- The constitution should provide that votes be counted at the polling station. (3)
- The constitution should provide that Presidential, Parliamentary and civic elections be held on separate dates. (8)
- The constitution should provide that Presidential and Parliamentary elections be held on separate dates. In all cases, presidential elections should be held first.
- The constitution should provide that voting be done by secret ballot. (2)
- The constitution should provide that election of commissioners to the Electoral Commission be subject to vetting and approval by parliament.
- The constitution should provide that in a presidential election, the winning candidate must

get 25% of the total votes cast in five provinces. (3)

- The constitution should abolish the 25% representation in parliament in five provinces for presidential elections. (7)
- The constitution should specify the election date. (1)
- The constitution should specify the election date to be the second week of August of the fifth year of the term of parliament.
- The constitution should specify the election date to be every 10 th December.
- The constitution should specify the election date to be the third week of December of the fifth year of the term of parliament. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the election date for the next general election be determined by law and not through the presidents' discretion.
- The constitution should provide that the president should be elected directly by the people. (5)
- The constitution should provide that the electoral commissioners should have at least a degree in law, God fearing and without any past criminal record.
- The constitution should provide that the electoral commissioners should have at least a diploma in law, 3 years experience, good conduct and non- partisan.
- The constitution should provide that there should be 7 electoral commissioners.
- The constitution should provide that the electoral commission's chairman be appointed by the president.
- The constitution should provide that the electoral commission be appointed by a parliament. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the electoral commission be appointed by a parliamentary committee and vetted by parliament.
- The constitution should provide that the electoral commission should serve for 2 terms of five years each.
- The constitution should provide that the electoral commission should serve for a five year-term.
- The constitution should provide that the electoral commission should serve for a two year-term.
- The constitution should provide that the electoral commission should be independent from the government.
- The constitution should provide that the electoral commissioners should not enjoy security of tenure because they are temporary.
- The constitution should provide that the electoral commissioners should retire 3 years before an election.
- The constitution should provide that the electoral commissioners should cease working after the elections and petitions have been handled automatically.
- The constitution should provide that the electoral commission should be funded by the central government. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the presidential elections should be conducted through an electoral college.
- The constitution should make provision for women to compete at par with men for political office.
- The constitution should ensure that some posts in parliament should be reserved for special interests groups such as the disabled. (3)
- The constitution should ensure that some posts in parliament should be reserved for women. (2)

- The constitution should ensure that some posts in parliament should be reserved for the minority groups.
- The constitution should ensure that some posts in parliament should be reserved for the vulnerable groups.
- The constitution should provide the electorate would be in a position to utilize identity cards and or passports for identification during the voting process.
- The constitution should ensure that men and women have an equal opportunity in the electoral process.
- The constitution should eliminate presidential pardon for an electorate offence.

5.3.13 BASIC RIGHTS

- The constitution should guarantee the protection of the human rights of all Kenyans.
- The constitution should guarantee human rights. (3)
- The constitution should entrench economic, social, political and ethnic rights for all. (4)
- The constitution should guarantee the right to food, shelter and basic right for all Kenyans. (2)
- The constitution should guarantee the right to maternity leave to all pregnant women and their spouses.
- The constitution should provide that all women workers should be protected during pregnancy and after birth. (2)
- The constitution should provide that maternity leave be extended to six months.
- The constitution should provide that maternity leave be extended to three months.
- The constitution should provide for the freedom of worship for all Kenyans and devil worship should be discouraged. (6)
- The constitution should provide that every Kenyan has a right to own property.
- The constitution should provide that every Kenyan should have a right to expression and information. (2)
- The constitution should provide that every Kenyan should have a right to vote.
- The constitution should provide for the elimination of corporal punishment.
- The constitution should provide for free and compulsory education. (13)
- The constitution should provide that death penalty should be outlawed and replace it with life imprisonment.
- The constitution should provide that death penalty should be retained. (3)
- The constitution should provide that death penalty should be abolished. (7)
- The constitution should provide for the protection of all Kenyans from torture and intimidation.
- The constitution should guarantee the security of all Kenyans. (4)
- The constitution should be translated into Kiswahili language.
- The constitution should be translated into local languages. (5)
- The constitution should protect security, health care, water, education, shelter, food, and employment as basic right for all Kenyans. (3)
- The constitution should provide for free and compulsory formal education up to primary school level. (7)
- The constitution should provide for free and compulsory formal education up to secondary school level. (5)
- The constitution should provide for free and compulsory formal education up to university level. (4)

- The constitution should provide for free basic education for all Kenyans. (5)
- The constitution should provide for free education for all Kenyans. (4)
- The constitution should provide for free basic health care for all Kenyans. (24)
- The constitution should guarantee for decent shelter to all. (2)
- The constitution should provide for clean water for all Kenyans. (3)
- The constitution should provide for allowances for the unemployed.
- The constitution should provide for free basic health care for all in both rural and urban areas.
- The constitution should provide that every Kenyan should have a right to the freedom of movement. (2)
- The constitution should provide that all Kenyans aged 75 years and above should be pensionable. The pension should be equivalent to the minimum wage of the time.
- The constitution should review the salary scales so that the difference between the highest paid person and the lowest paid person is only 20%.
- The constitution should review the unfair wages and salaries to conform to the current living standards. One-man one job policy will reduce unhealthy competition and creation of job opportunities for the jobless.
- The constitution should ensure that the retirement age should be 55 years old and retirement should be done on the basis of those with bad records and poor performance.
- The constitution should ensure that the retirement age should be 50 years old.
- The constitution should ensure that the retirement age should be reduced to fifty years down from the current 55 years.
- The constitution should provide that all Kenyans are serviced with basic provisions such as electricity and telephone.
- The constitution should guarantee every Kenyan basic food, clothing and shelter.
- The constitution should provide that the parliamentary proceedings be broadcasted live on state media (KBC radio and TV)
- The constitution should provide that civic education should be taught to all Kenyans. (5)
- The constitution should be simple and clear. (6)
- The constitution should be affordable and available to all Kenyans. (4)
- The constitution should guarantee all Kenyans the right to information.
- The constitution should guarantee the protection of Workers from intimidation from employers.
- The constitution should provide workers with the right to industrial action or a right to trade union representation. (6)
- The constitution should provide workers with the right to a fair hearing in courts.
- The constitution should provide for the recognition of the worship of God only. (2)
- The constitution should guarantee equal employment opportunities for those that are qualified. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the government be responsible for the unemployed.
- The constitution should provide that pensions for deceased civil servants are paid promptly. (3)
- The constitution should provide for free access to information withheld by the government. (2)
- The constitution should provide that reports from Commissions of Inquiry be released to the public unconditionally. (2)
- The constitution should ensure that litigation should be completed within three months, beyond which the suspect should be released. (2)

5.3.14 **THE RIGHTS OF VULNERABLE GROUPS**

- The constitution should provide for the entrenchment of the rights of the disabled.
- The constitution should provide affirmative action in favour of the disabled. (2)
- The constitution should provide affirmative action in favour of the women and other marginalized groups. (4)
- The constitution should make provision for an increase of women in the police force.
- The constitution should protect and guarantee children's rights.
- The constitution should protect children against violence and discrimination.
- The constitution should protect children against child labour and abuse.
- The constitution should recognize and implement the rights of the disabled. (7)
- The constitution should protect the education of the Girl child. (2)
- The constitution should ensure that the disabled are well represented in the national assembly and the local government levels.
- The constitution should provide for protection of the rights of the vulnerable groups such as the single parent's, aged, HIV parents and children.
- The constitution should ensure that the government takes care of the landless, homeless, orphans and street children.
- The constitution should provide for protection of the rights of the minority groups.
- The constitution should provide for protection of the rights of the elderly. (2)
- The constitution should provide for basic needs for orphans and cater for their overall welfare.
- The constitution should protect the right of prisoners.
- The constitution should provide for the protection of human rights of convicts.
- The constitution should provide for families rights' to visit jailed relatives.
- The constitution should provide that girls are not discriminated against property inheritance.

5.3.15 **LAND AND PROPERTY RIGHTS**

- The constitution should guarantee the right of any Kenyan to own land in any part of the country. (10)
- The constitution should guarantee access to land for every Kenyan. (12)
- The constitution should ensure that every Kenyan should be given 2 acres of land.
- The constitution should provide that the local authority has the ultimate land ownership.
- The constitution should provide that the state has the ultimate land ownership. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the individual has the ultimate land ownership. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the state and citizens has the ultimate land ownership.
- The constitution should provide that the government should have the powers to compulsorily acquire private land for public interest but must compensate the owners adequately and promptly. (6)
- The constitution should provide that the government should have the powers to compulsorily acquire private land for public interest but must be compensated at 10% above the market price.
- The constitution should provide that the wrongly allocated land be reclaimed. (3)
- The constitution should provide for a ceiling on land owned by an individual. (7)
- The constitution should provide that an individual should own a maximum of 17 acres of land.
- The constitution should provide that an individual should own a maximum of 20 acres of land.

- The constitution should provide that an individual should own a maximum of 50 acres of land.
- The constitution should provide that an individual should own a maximum of 150 acres of land.
- The constitution should provide that an individual should own a maximum of 1000 acres of land. (3)
- The constitution should limit land owned by an individual to 180 acres in arable and 2100 acres in semi-arable areas.
- The constitution should provide that all government/trust land lying idle should be distributed to the landless. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the public trustee should exploit no citizen.
- The constitution should provide for District lands offices should be created to ease cases of land transfer.
- The constitution should provide that women be in a position to inherit land and property before the death of their husbands.
- The constitution should give either partner in a marriage the right to inherit property belonging to their spouse.
- The constitution should provide for abolition of land treaties and agreements. (3)
- The constitution should provide for compensation of confiscated private land for public use. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the local authority be able to control the use of land by the owners. (4)
- The constitution should provide that the government be able to control the use of land by the owners. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the state, local authority or government should not have powers to control the use of land by the owners.
- The constitution should provide that the local authority should be in charge of land succession cases.
- The constitution should provide that the local authority should be transparent in dispensing private land.
- The constitution should provide that the allocation of public land and plots should be advertised in the newspaper.
- The constitution should provide that widows are paid their deceased spouse's benefits promptly.
- The constitution should provide for a trustee of public land.
- The constitution should provide that no citizen should hold more than 20 acres of land.
- The constitution should provide all unutilized land should be reclaimed.
- The constitution should provide equal access to land for both men and women. (4)
- The constitution should provide equal access to land for both men and women.
- The constitution should provide that the titles deeds and other properties be written in the names of all parties involved in the transaction. (2)
- The constitution should provide that men be the automatic recipients of their deceased wives' benefits.

5.3.16 **CULTURAL, ETHNIC, REGIONAL DIVERSITY AND COMMUNAL RIGHTS**

- The constitution should provide for recognition of the value for traditional medicine.
- The constitution should capture the following cultural and ethnic values derived from our collective experience i.e. cultural dances, family virtues and women interests. (4)
- The constitution should protect and protect cultural and ethnic diversity by making male circumcision.
- The constitution should protect and protect cultural and ethnic diversity. (5)
- The constitution should provide for recognition of those individuals who fought for independence.
- The constitution should encourage the integration of 42 tribes into a nation through cultural exchange and intermarriage.
- The constitution should abolish the practice of Female Genital Mutilation unless on voluntary terms. (5)
- The constitution should make Arabic a national language.
- The constitution should promote English and Kiswahili as symbols of national unity.
- The constitution should provide for Kiswahili as the national language. (2)
- The constitution should provide for English and Kiswahili as the national languages. (3)
- The constitution should recognize and promote indigenous languages. (2)

5.3.17 **MANAGEMENT AND USE OF NATIONAL RESOURCES**

- The constitution should provide for equitable distribution of national resources nationally. (4)
- The constitution should provide that all presidential candidates declare the source of their wealth. (3)
- The constitution should provide that all the parliamentary candidates declare the source of their wealth. (2)
- The constitution should provide that all the judges should declare the source of their wealth every two years.
- The constitution should provide that all the public officers should declare the source of their wealth. (8)
- The constitution should provide that all government services and facilities be accessible to all Kenyans without discrimination.
- The constitution should provide that 85% of local authority revenue be held by local authority and 15% by the central government.
- The constitution should provide that 60% of province revenue should be retained for local development.
- The constitution should provide that 70% of local authority revenue be held by local authority. 50% of taxes collected from a given district should be retained for development of that particular district and money collected by government or parastatals from a Natural resource e.g. wild life.
- The constitution should provide that the government should be required to apportion benefits from resources between the central government and areas where such resources are found. (7)
- The constitution should provide that the government should get parliamentary approval before getting external debt.
- The constitution should empower the Auditor General to prosecute all public officers found to have misappropriated public funds. (7)
- The constitution should provide that the controller and auditor general should be independent and enjoy the security of tenure. (5)

- The constitution should provide that MPs are not Heads of State corporations.
- The constitution should provide that constitutional powers of the permanent secretaries be limited.
- The constitution should stipulate a code of ethics for holders of public office. (9)
- The constitution should provide that public officers convicted of corruption be also made to repay the full amount of monies embezzled. (7)
- The constitution should provide that a task force be established to cater for review of civil servants' salaries.
- The constitution should entrench Harambees as another way of raising public finances.
- The constitution should provide that donations from foreign countries should be shared equally instead of diverting some funds to some communities.
- The constitution should provide that parliament should manage and control national resources. (2)
- The constitution should provide that PIC and PAC be given power to prosecute without the AG entering nolle Prosequere.
- The constitution should provide that parliament vets all public financial expenditure. (4)
- The constitution should provide that the powers of the Governor of Central Bank be entrenched in the constitution.
- The constitution should provide that the public service should attract competent Kenyans by offering better salaries. (4)
- The constitution should provide that the appointment to the public service be on merit. (8)
- The constitution should provide that the cabinet minister should not be MP's but be qualified Kenyans in various fields. (5)
- The constitution should provide for minimum salary standards in the civil service.
- The constitution should provide that the public service should be completely independent. (6)

5.3.18 **ENVIRONMENTAL AND NATURAL RESOURCES**

- The constitution should provide for the protection of forests and other natural resources.
- The constitution should provide that the state should own natural the resources. (3)
- The constitution should provide that Kenyans should own the natural resources. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the local authorities should own the natural resources.
- The constitution should protect and promote our environment and natural resources.
- The constitution should protect natural resources such as forests, water resources, minerals, wildlife, air and land. (4)
- The constitution should provide that the local community be involved in the management, protection and conservation of natural resources. (6)
- Deforestation, protection of water catchments areas and rangelands are environmental protection issues to be included in the constitution. (3)
- Water bodies, forests, wildlife and minerals are environmental issues that should be included in the constitution.
- The principle of a healthy environment should be embodied in the constitution.
- The constitution should provide for an Environment commission to enforce environmental protection laws.
- The constitution should provide that parliament should have power to enforce environmental protection laws. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the government should be committed to providing safe sanitary utilities.

5.3.19 **PARTICIPATORY GOVERNANCE**

- The constitution should provide for the participation of women in governance. (3)
- The constitution should provide that council of elders be empowered to handle matters in the country.
- The constitution should provide for the participation of civil society in governance. (5)
- The constitution should provide that farmers should have direct representation in the legislature to enable them participate fully in enacting laws relevant to agriculture.
- The constitution should protect the rights of all civil societies in allowing them to freely stand up against the government without fear of government harassment. (2)
- The constitution should not regulate the conduct of the civic organizations and the media. (5)
- The constitution should regulate the conduct of the civic organizations and the media. (2)
- The constitution should provide for a censorship board to crack down on pornographic material on print and electronic media. (2)
- The constitution should provide for a process of consulting the public on governance issues.

5.3.20 **INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS**

- The constitution should provide that the conduct of international affairs be handled by the minister of international affairs and parliament.
- The constitution should provide that the conduct of international affairs be handled by the executive.
- The constitution should provide that the conduct of international affairs be handled by parliament.
- The constitution should provide that parliament should vet all the international treaties and convention. (2)
- The constitution should provide that our domestic laws should recognize all laws safe guiding the rights of the people whether regional or international. (4)
- The constitution should provide that foreign affairs should not be the sole responsibility of the executive.

5.3.21 **CONSTITUTIONAL COMMISSIONS, INSTITUTIONS AND OFFICES**

- The constitution should provide for the establishment of an office of the State Ombudsman. (12)
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of an office of the State Ombudsman to scrutinize administration and presidential conduct.
- The constitution should establish a commission to oversee the performance of the president.
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of an office of the State Ombudsman. It should have the power to investigate, arrest, or prosecute in respect of cases involving corruption, abuse of authority or public office. (4)
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of an independent unit to handle police officers accused of brutality, deliberate killing, bribery and corruption. (3)
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of a Constituency Administration Boundary Commission to create constituencies in consultation with the government.
- The constitution should provide that a commission be established to monitor the state of the

republic's economy. (2)

- The constitution should provide that an economic commission headed by a parliamentary appointee with security of 5 years be established. He/She should have masters' degree in economics. Other members (8) should be drawn from the Jua kali sector, farmers associations and small scale- traders.
- The constitution should provide for a special temporary tribunal to be established to address political crimes. It should consist of a least five judges appointed by parliament.
- The constitution should provide that an independent immigration board should grant citizenship and work permits to foreigners. (2)
- The constitution should provide that an office of the legislative council be established to advice the legislators on matters and to assist legislative process. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the prison welfare commission should be in charge of taking care of the welfare of the commissioners.
- The constitution should provide that a public property Authority and a National Security Council commission should be established.
- The constitution should provide that an Environmental and public transport commission be established.
- The constitution should provide that an Independent anti-corruption commission be established. (5)
- The constitution should provide that an Independent Gender commission be established. (2)
- The constitution should provide that an Independent human rights commission be established. (6)
- The constitution should provide that an Independent Judicial Commission should be responsible for the appointment of judges and magistrates.
- The constitution should establish the ministry of legal justice and constitutional affairs. (2)

5.3.22 **SUCCESSION AND TRANSFER OF POWER**

- The constitution should provide that the chief justice should be in charge of executive powers during the presidential elections. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the Attorney General should be in charge of executive powers during the presidential elections.
- The constitution should provide that the speaker should be in charge of executive powers during the presidential elections.
- The constitution should provide that the vice-president should act for 90 days when a president dies, or during the presidential elections. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the chairman of the electoral commission in the presence of all presidential candidates only should declare the results of presidential elections.
- The constitution should provide that the chairman of the electoral commission should declare the results of presidential elections after all votes have been counted.
- The constitution should provide that the outgoing president should hand over power 90 days after the elections.
- The constitution should provide that the incoming president should assume office within 24 hours of the announcement of results.
- The constitution should provide that the incoming president should assume office by the last week of November.
- The constitution should provide that the incoming president should assume office two weeks

after the elections.

- The constitution should provide that the incoming president should assume office 30 days after being declared the winner.
- The constitution should provide that an independent electoral commission should declare the results of presidential elections
- The constitution should provide that the chief justice should swear in the president. (2)
- The constitution should provide that an independent body should swear in the president. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the president should be sworn in by parliament.
- The constitution should provide that a state ceremony should be held to transfer the instruments of power to an incoming president.
- The constitution should provide that the instruments of power should be transferred to the incoming president after being sworn in.
- The constitution should provide that the instruments of power should be transferred to an incoming president by the out going president as soon as the incoming president takes the oath of office.
- The constitution should make provisions for a former president on condition that he/she resigns all posts in government and politics.
- The constitution should make provisions for a former president in terms of security, welfare, pension and immunity from legal process.
- The constitution should make provisions for a former president in terms of security. (2)
- The constitution should provide that a retired president should retire from active politics.
- The constitution should provide that a retired president should remain politically active.
- The constitution should provide that a president should be sued upon retirement.

5.3.23 **WOMEN'S RIGHTS**

- The constitution should provide for protection of wives against domestic violence.
- The constitution should re-introduce the affiliation act.
- The constitution should protect the rights of women.
- The constitution should protect women from sexual abuse and rape.
- The constitution should guarantee women to own property. (2)
- The constitution should guarantee women to inherit property. (4)
- The constitution should provide that the marriage contract be made permanent.
- Since 70% of Kenyans marry through customary law, legislation should be passed to facilitate these marriages and present the couple with certificates.
- The constitution should provide that the marital bonds must defend and therefore there should be no divorce. (2)
- The constitution should provide that a third of MP's should be women.
- The constitution should provide for the entrenchment of the rights of women.
- The constitution should provide for protection of unmarried women.

5.3.24 **INTERNATIONAL POLICY**

- The constitution should provide that the state economic sovereignty should remain free of external influence such as the IMF and the World Bank.

5.3.24 **NATIONAL ECONOMIC POLICY**

- The constitution should provide for government role in price control to protect local produce.
- The constitution should not allow for the importation of products, which are adequately produced by the local industries. (5)
- The constitution should protect the local industries.
- The constitution should provide that middlemen in the commercial sector should be scrapped.
- The constitution should provide for government role in the marketing of Kenyan products.
- The constitution should provide for equal development of infrastructures like roads in all parts of the country so as to enhance the growth and development of the country as a whole.

5.3.25 **NATIONAL OTHER POLICY**

- The constitution should provide that mechanisms be put in place to enable the recovery of funds embezzled from the public officers.
- The constitution should provide that all economic crimes committed against the people of Kenya should be punishable by capital punishment. (2)
- The constitution should provide that all AIDS victims should receive free medical attention.
- The constitution should enact laws against unmerciful killing, artificial family planning methods or contraceptives, which are health hazard to women.
- The constitution should that the policemen should not abuse their office by harassing and torturing wananchi. (3)
- The constitution should provide that Kenyans should carry guns for self-defense, as insecurity is the order of the day.
- The constitution should provide that the public should have good relationship with the police.
- The constitution should provide for government protection of the local market against the infiltration of fake and contraband products.

5.3.26 **SECTORAL POLICY**

- The constitution should provide that 8-4-4 system of education should be overhauled.
- The constitution should provide that 8-4-4 system of education should be abolished and the old system of 7-4-2-3 re-introduced. (5)
- The constitution should be taught in schools. (4)
- The constitution should ensure that the Koech report should be adopted.
- The constitution should provide that beer-manufacturing industries should be reduced.
- The constitution should provide that farmers be paid directly and promptly for their agricultural produce. (3)
- The constitution should protect farmers through restricted food importation and controlled liberalization. (4)
- The constitution should provide that the ministry of agriculture should revive and renovate stalled water dips to help rural farmers maximize on animal production.
- The constitution should provide for freedom to farmers to market their agricultural produce. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the co-operative societies should be scrapped and instead limited companies be formed for these societies have outlived their usefulness.
- The constitution should ensure that the government should as a matter of priority subsidize

all farm inputs to enable farmers to increase the level of food and cash crop production.

- The constitution should ensure that the government provides enough drugs to livestock farmers.
- The constitution should guarantee farmers a ready market for their produce.
- The constitution should introduce Arabic and IRE subjects in school syllabus.
- The constitution should provide that churches be taxed and their accounts balances made public.
- The constitution should provide that the progressive Tax mode system be introduced against those individuals with enormous wealth. (3)
- The constitution should provide farmers with the freedom to market coffee through their own channels.
- The constitution should provide that the Jua Kali sector is protected.
- The constitution should ensure that all district hospitals have adequate medical facilities.
- The constitution should provide that Kenyans should be forced to bring money kept in foreign accounts. (4)
- The constitution should provide that the president's image should not be on the Kenyan currency rather pictures of Kenya's landscape.
- The constitution should provide that Hon. Donde Bill be considered.
- The constitution should provide that the P3 forms should not be issued by the police but by the hospital authorities.
- The constitution should ensure that the government should provide for well-equipped personnel in all hospitals.
- The constitution should provide that the Doctors and Clinical officers who are civil servants should not be allowed to operate private clinics.
- The constitution should provide that the government should provide for proper health care system for all and health insurance policy should be put in place to enable Kenyans access health services.
- The constitution should provide that Central bank should be the only authority to issue the currency of Kenya. It should have a governor and the deputy governor; CBK should promote, stabilize, maintain and regulate the value of the currency of Kenya.

5.3.27 **NATIONAL PLANNING**

- The constitution should define a framework for economic development, which can guarantee the exclusion of external influence in the management of the country. The district focus strategy, urban management policy should chart our development plans.
- The constitution should foster economic growth whose overall object is Kenyan citizens rather than the blue-eyed investor or tourist.
- The constitution should set clear guidelines on the role of the state and individuals in economic development and wealth creation.

5.3.28 **CUSTOMARY LAW**

- The constitution should provide for recognition of customary law.

5.3.29 **STATUTORY LAW**

- The constitution should provide for legalization of liquor whether traditional or not.

- The constitution should provide for legalization of traditional liquor. (2)
- The constitution should provide that illegal and illicit brews should be banned.
- The constitution should ensure that Harambees are outlawed.
- The constitution should provide that inciters and perpetrators of tribal clashes should be arrested and sentenced severely. (4)
- The constitution should enact a law against cattle rustling with very severe punishments.
- The constitution should enforce that the government should ban the use of narcotics, drugs and drinking of alcohol. (2)
- The constitution should provide for enforcement of a law to ensure an efficient, fair and expenditures machinery for the administration, protection and management of the estates of deceased persons.
- The constitution should enforce that thieves should return what they have stolen and given harsh sentences.
- The constitution should make provisions for enactment of laws to protect historical and sacred sites and cultural heritage of the people of Kenya.

5.3.30 **GENDER EQUITY**

- The constitution should provide for equality between men and women. (4)
- The constitution should provide that men and women should not be equal.

5.3.31 **ECONOMIC/SOCIAL JUSTICE**

- The constitution should provide for a fair implementation of the national disaster fund.
- The constitution should ensure that all those maimed under police custody or in prisons should be compensated.
- The constitution should ensure that the victims of tribal clashes should be compensated and resettled.
- The constitution should provide that awarding tenders and contracts should be fair and transparent.

5.3.32 **NATURAL JUSTICE/ RULE OF LAW**

- The constitution should provide that the law should apply in a non-discriminatory manner to all Kenyans. (4)
- The constitution should guarantee every Kenyan, equal and non-discriminative treatment by the law irrespective of gender, ethnic or racial background.

5.3.33 **NATIONAL INTEGRITY/ IDENTITY**

- The constitution should ensure that there are no exaggerated symbolism especially in things like national monuments and pictures.
- The constitution should provide that vehicles of mayors should not have flags.
- The constitution should provide for a national dress and other symbols of national unity.
- The constitution should provide for a mode of dressing for the female citizens.
- The constitution should provide that monuments, statues and symbols which are abominations to God should be pulled down

APPENDICES:

Appendix 1: Members of the Constituency Constitutional Committee

1. Hon Ngenyi Kariuki MP
2. Allan Njeru DC
3. Father Joachim Gitonga Chairman
4. Mayor Cllr. D. Munyua
5. Jane Kamwaga
6. Rev. Elizabeth W. Macharia
7. Mrs. Isabella N. Kamau
8. Juma Abdalla
9. Kent Muhoro Kadir
10. Waiganjo Gichuki

Appendix 2: Civic Education Providers (CEPs)

1. Catholic Justice and Peace Commission
2. Msafiri Mwema
3. Qua Vadis
4. BRAG
5. Seventh Day Adventist (SDA)
6. National Council of Churches of Kenya

Appendix 3: Persons presenting memoranda and/or making oral submissions.

1	00200MHCE	Faith Kabura Mwangi.	CBO	Memorandum	National Council Of Women Of
2	00180MHCE	Lawrence Mwangi.	CBO	Written	Kiumbu Football Club.
3	00070MHCE	Margaret Maina	CBO	Memorandum	Murang'a Women Group Leaders
4	00331MHCE	A. Ngure Waweru	Individual	Written	
5	01101MHCE	Annete Mugwanja	Individual	Oral - Public he	
6	00871MHCE	Augustine Ngure	Individual	Oral - Public he	
7	00731MHCE	Benard Peter Mwangi	Individual	Memorandum	
8	00821MHCE	Benson Ndegwa Waweru.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
9	00531MHCE	Bernard Irungu Muruka.	Individual	Written	
10	00601MHCE	Charles Karanja Rithu.	Individual	Written	
11	00801MHCE	Charles Karimi	Individual	Written	
12	00261MHCE	Christopher M. Macharia	Individual	Written	
13	00771MHCE	Cll. Chira Ng'ang'a	Individual	Written	
14	00881MHCE	Cllr. Robert Gituku.	Individual	Written	
15	00091MHCE	David K. Mugo	Individual	Written	
16	00591MHCE	Dionatious Kimani Mwai.	Individual	Written	
17	00361MHCE	Eliud Githinji	Individual	Memorandum	
18	00561MHCE	Fenantiu Richu	Individual	Written	
19	00521MHCE	Francis G. Muya	Individual	Written	
20	00711MHCE	Francis Macharia Nyaga.	Individual	Written	
21	00741MHCE	Francis W. Irungu	Individual	Memorandum	
22	00191MHCE	Geofery I. Biruri	Individual	Written	
23	00641MHCE	George Chege Karong'a.	Individual	Written	
24	00791MHCE	Geralde Ngeru.	Individual	Written	
25	01121MHCE	Gerishon Munene	Individual	Oral - Public he	
26	00141MHCE	Harrison M. Mwangi.	Individual	Written	
27	00041MHCE	Hon. Ngenye Kariuki MP.	Individual	Memorandum	
28	00151MHCE	Irungu Kang'ata	Individual	Memorandum	
29	00011MHCE	Isabela Njeri Kamau	Individual	Written	
30	00131MHCE	J. K. Karanja	Individual	Written	
31	00781MHCE	J. M. Kariuki	Individual	Memorandum	
32	00461MHCE	James K. Kamodo.	Individual	Written	
33	00861MHCE	James Kihonge	Individual	Oral - Public he	
34	00851MHCE	James Mathai	Individual	Oral - Public he	
35	00241MHCE	Jefferson N. Kariuki	Individual	Memorandum	
36	00081MHCE	Jesse Maina David.	Individual	Written	
37	00051MHCE	Joachim Gitonga	Individual	Written	
38	00381MHCE	John K. Mwangi	Individual	Written	
39	00491MHCE	John Kigia Mwangi.	Individual	Written	
40	00341MHCE	John M. Gikungu	Individual	Written	
41	00421MHCE	John Mwangi	Individual	Memorandum	
42	00541MHCE	John Ng'an'ga.	Individual	Written	
43	00101MHCE	Joseph Kagwoini	Individual	Written	
44	00621MHCE	Joseph Kariuki Wambugu	Individual	Written	

45	0063IMHCE	Joseph Kariuki Wambugu.	Individual	Written	
46	0047IMHCE	Joseph Njuguna Kanji.	Individual	Written	
47	0051IMHCE	Josphate Mwangi Machari	Individual	Written	
48	0044IMHCE	Justine Kamau Mwangi.	Individual	Written	
49	0037IMHCE	Justus F. Kariuki Mwang	Individual	Written	
50	0055IMHCE	Kairu Kariuki	Individual	Written	
51	0016IMHCE	Karuri Mwangi	Individual	Written	
52	0025IMHCE	Kenneth Alias Mundara	Individual	Memorandum	
53	0061IMHCE	Kenneth Njuguna	Individual	Written	
54	0065IMHCE	Kent Muhoro Kadir.	Individual	Written	
55	0048IMHCE	Lawrence Mukoma.	Individual	Written	
56	0032IMHCE	Leonard Gakuo	Individual	Written	
57	0069IMHCE	Livingstone Kibe	Individual	Written	
58	0041IMHCE	Mahmud Mutua	Individual	Memorandum	
59	0067IMHCE	Mark Kang'iri Mwangi.	Individual	Written	
60	0012IMHCE	Ndegwa Waweru Benson.	Individual	Written	
61	0072IMHCE	Ngari Gakero	Individual	Written	
62	0020IMHCE	Norman Kimari	Individual	Written	
63	0068IMHCE	Onesmas Nyamu Kariuki.	Individual	Written	
64	0050IMHCE	Oreste Kamau Njoroge.	Individual	Written	
65	0083IMHCE	P. Kagatha.	Individual	Oral - Public he	
66	0043IMHCE	Paul Mugo Macharia.	Individual	Written	
67	0045IMHCE	Paul Mwangi Ngunjiri.	Individual	Written	
68	0039IMHCE	Paul Silah Njuguna.	Individual	Written	
69	0029IMHCE	Peter Guchurah.	Individual	Written	
70	0057IMHCE	Peter Gichau Mwangi	Individual	Written	
71	0035IMHCE	Peter Kibe Waweru	Individual	Written	
72	0018IMHCE	Peter Kiguta Kamau	Individual	Written	
73	0031IMHCE	Peter Maina Gichuru.	Individual	Memorandum	
74	0058IMHCE	Peterson Kariuki	Individual	Written	
75	0017IMHCE	Pr. Maina Rukenya	Individual	Written	
76	0040IMHCE	Robert K. Mbui	Individual	Written	
77	0006IMHCE	Robert Muturi	Individual	Written	
78	0081IMHCE	Sakina Saidi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
79	0066IMHCE	Samuel M. Kamau	Individual	Written	
80	0007IMHCE	Samuel N. Muthingani	Individual	Written	
81	0011IMHCE	Simon Mwangi	Individual	Written	
82	0028IMHCE	Stanley Mwangi Kaminju	Individual	Written	
83	0075IMHCE	Stephen Mwangi Wainaina	Individual	Written	
84	0070IMHCE	Stephen Ngari Mugo.	Individual	Written	
85	0076IMHCE	Stephen Njoroge Mwangi	Individual	Written	
86	0023IMHCE	Steve K Ndungu	Individual	Written	
87	0084IMHCE	Thomas Ngugi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
88	0109IMHCE	Titus Mwangi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
89	0027IMHCE	Xumah Tedd	Individual	Written	
90	0111IMHCE	Zacharia Ticha	Individual	Oral - Public he	
91	0011OMHCE	Jane Kamwaga	NGO	Memorandum	M.Y.W.O Murang'a Branch

92	0008OMHCE	Zuhura Kariamburi	NGO	Written	Kisomo MaiwazoMalazo Women G
93	0022OMHCE	Richard Wangire	Other Institutions	Written	Club International ACME.
94	0012OMHCE	Timothy Igathe.	Other Institutions	Memorandum	Msafiri Mwema Organization
95	0015OMHCE	Hon. Gikenye Muminja	Pressure Groups	Written	Mungiki Africa Harambee Muun
96	0004OMHCE	John Kamau Githinji	Pressure Groups	Memorandum	Basic Rights Action Group
97	0005OMHCE	D. K. Mbuto	Private Sector Organisa	Written	Mugama Farmers Co-op Union.
98	0017OMHCE	Samwel W. Njoroge.	Private Sector Organisa	Written	Kahuro Juakali Association.
99	0021OMHCE	Edward Macharia	Religious Organisation	Memorandum	CJPC Mugoiri Parish
100	0001OMHCE	Fr.J.B. Mungai	Religious Organisation	Memorandum	Murang'a Diocesan Priests As
101	0014OMHCE	Mark Ngure	Religious Organisation	Written	Mutuya Catholic Church
102	0009OMHCE	Mohammed Abdulkarim.	Religious Organisation	Memorandum	Murang'a Muslim Community
103	0003OMHCE	Muumin Adam Qimani	Religious Organisation	Memorandum	A3-Zakaat Muslim Group
104	0010OMHCE	Peter Kibe Waweru	Religious Organisation	Memorandum	C.J.P.C Gatitu Parish.
105	0006OMHCE	Rev. J. Miano	Religious Organisation	Memorandum	A.C.K. Gaitheri Parish
106	0019OMHCE	Sr. Mercy Wangari.	Religious Organisation	Memorandum	Ass. Of Sisterhoods Of Kenya
107	0002OMHCE	Thuo J. Frank	Religious Organisation	Memorandum	CJPC Muranga

Appendix 4: Persons Attending Constituency Hearings

No	Name:	Address:	No	Name:	Address:
1	Eliud Githinji	P.O. Box 18, Kahuro	25	Joseph Gathuku	P.O.Box 144, Kahuro
2	Justus F. M. Kariuki	P.O. Box 183, Kahuro	26	Ephan Mwangi	P.O. Box 209, Kahuro
3	Stephen Mwangi	P.O. Box 183, Kahuro	27	Mary Wakari	P.O. Box 148, Kahuro
4	John Kihui Mwangi	P.O. Box 71, Kahuro	28	Paul M. Machaira	P.O. Box 12, Kahuro
5	Faith Kabura Mwangi	P.O. Box 20, Kahuro	29	Ruth Gathiru	P.O. Box 148, Kahuro
6	Patricia Nduta	P.O. Box 20, Kahuro	30	Irene Wanjiru	P.O. Box 196, Kahuro
7	Esther Njoki	P.O. Box 20, Kahuro	31	Samwel Kinthia	P.O. Box 22, Kihuro
8	Paul Sila njungwa	P.O. Box 53, Kahuro	32	Loise Wanjiru	P.O. Box 4, Kahuro
9	Samwel Wachira Njoroge	P.O. Box 176, Kahuro	33	James Cege	P.O. Box 1097, Miramga
10	Robert K. Mbue	P.O. Box 53, Kahuro	34	Dominic Kihia	P.O. Box 1097, Miramga
11	Mahimud Mutua Mohamed	P.O. Box 132, Murang'a	35	John Mwangi	P.O. Box 34, Kahuro
12	Peter Gichua	P.O. Box 75, Kahuro	36	Bereta wanjiku	P.O. Box 144, Kahur
13	Njeri Mwangi	P.O. Box 130, Kahuro	37	Mwangi karanja	P.O. Box 144, Kahur
14	Hon. Ngenye kariuki	P.O. Box 12185, Nairobi	38	Stanley Githinji	P.O. Box 144, Kahur
15	Sebastian Kamau	P.O. Box 22, Kahuro	39	Joseph F. Ngingo Kamau	P.O. Box 176, Kahuro
16	Peter Muhoro	P.O. Box 22, Kahuro	40	Nancy Njoki	P.O. Box 44, Kahuro
17	Mugo Kamau	P.O. Box 44, Kahuro	41	Edward Macharia	P.O. Box 44, Kahuro
18	Ndegwa Waweru Benson	P.O. Box 497, Muranga	42	Udita Wanjiru	P.O. Box 89, Kahuro
19	Margret Muthii	P.O. Box 394, Muranga	43	Mwangi Mikori	P.O. Box 45, Maragwa
20	Mwangi Ephantus	None	44	Charles Kihia	P.O. Box 155, Kahuro
21	Lazaro Kariuki	None	45	Zaferio Mwangi	P.O. Box 71, Kahuro
22	John Mwangi	P.O. Box 44, Kahuro	46	Ethan mwangi	P.O. Box 52, Kahuro
23	Maria Wanjiku Paul	P.O. Box 148, Kahuro	47	Elias Irungu	P.O. Box 717, Murang'a
24	Janemarrie Njoki	P.O. Box 148, Kahuro	48	Samwel Wainaina	P.O. Box 27, Kahuhia
49	George Kibuba	P.O. Box 146, Kahuhia	73	John Kiragu	P.O. Box 15, Kahuru
50	Sister Mercy Wangari	P.O. Box 298, Kahuro	74	Kamau Chege	P.O. Box 75, Kahuru
51	Patrick Mwangi	P.O. Box 42, Kahuro	75	Joseph Kiruga	P.O. Box 13, Kahuru
52	Pithon Kinuthia	P.O. Box 21, Kahuro	76	James I. Murathi	P.O. Box 385, Murang'a
53	Alfred Njoroge	P.O. Box 76, Kahuro	77	Janeffer M. Irungu	P.O. Box 255, Murang'a
54	Paul Kara Mumbu	P.O. Box 231, Kahuro	78	Jane Njoki Muruhia	None
55	John Ndungu Githiga	P.O. Box 1097, Murang'a	79	Safidah Waithira Wanjohi	None
56	James Irungu	P.O. Box 107, Kahuru	80	Paul Mwangi Muturi	P.O. Box 80, Kahuro
57	Mwangi Harun	P.O. Box 43, Kahuro	81	Stephen Mwangi W	P.O. Box 71, Kahuro
58	Francis Njuguan	P.O. Box 71, Kahuru	82	Asumpta Muthoni	P.O. Box 176, Kahuro
59	Jane Njeri Micire	P.O. Box 200, Kahuru	83	Margret Wanjiru	P.O. Box 75, Kahuru
60	Milka Njeri	P.O. Box 200, Kahuru	84	Felicinah Wanjiru	P.O. Box 42, Kahuro
61	Jane Wankiru	P.O. Box 20, Kahuru	85	Gerald Ngery	P.O. Box 42, Kahuro
62	Jane Kamwaga	P.O. Box 407, Murang'a	86	Joseph Murugami	P.O. Box 42, Kahuro

63	Charles Karimi	P.O. Box 262, Kangema	87	Peter Kamau Kinuthia	P.O. Box 407, Murang'a
64	Benson Kamau Komu	P.O. Box 261, Maragwa	88	Julius Mwaniki	P.O. Box 43, Kahuro
65	Pastor Stephen Maina Macharia	P.O. Box 109, Kahuro	89	Florence Mbogo	P.O. Box 75, Kahuro
66	Mwangi Kariuki	P.O. Box 9, Kahuro	90	Michael macharia	P.O. Box 72, Kahuro
67	Bernard Peter Mwangi	P.O. Box 49, Kahuro	91	Lawrence Irungu karihe	P.O. Box 53, Kahuro
68	Francis G. Muya	P.O. Box 43, Kahuro	92	John Kamwanga	P.O. Box 407, Murang'a
69	Willard P. Kariuki	P.O. Box 18, Kahuro	93	Bethwel Murima	P.O. Box 27, Kahuro
70	Ephantus Mugo	P.O. Box 168, Kahuro	94	Nelson T. Murithi	P.O. Box 128, Kahuro
71	Lawren Mukoma	P.O. Box 22, Kahuro	95	Joseph Ngaruro	P.O. Box 20, Kahuro
72	Joyce Njeri	P.O. Box 158, Kahuro	96	Paul W. Kariuki	P.O. Box 16, Kahuro
97	Eliud Muthuita	P.O. Box 165	121	John M. Muriranja	P.O. Box 22, Kahuro
98	Chege Gathu	P.O. Wanjegi	122	Kienja Muriranja	P.O. Box 7, Kahuro
99	Peter Mwangi	P.O. Box 11, Kahuro	123	Samwel Ngure Mwangi	P.O. Box 174, Kahuro
100	Stephen Njoroge	P.O. Box 274, Kahuro	124	Mugo kiragu	P.O. Box 193, Kahuro
101	Peter Gichau	P.O. Box 257, Kangema	125	Teresia Wambui	P.O. Box 220, Murang'a
102	Joseph Kariuki Wambugu	P.O. Box 58, Kahuhia	126	Joseph Karianjahi	P.O. Box 20, Kahuro
103	Mathew Kamau	P.O. Box 182, Kahuro	127	Gatambia Mugo	P.O. Box 3, Kahuro
104	Fidelis Urther	None	128	Gerishon Gachoka	P.O. Box 146, Kahuro
105	lawerence Mwangi Mucinju	P.O. Box 73, Kahuro	129	Justin Kama	P.O. Box 52, Kahuro
106	James Karagu Kamondo	P.O. Box 52, Kahuhia	130	Eustus Mwangi	P.O. Box 11, Kahuro
107	Danson Kega	P.O. Box 49, Kahuro	131	George Chege	P.O. Box 79, Kahuhia
108	Paul Mwangi Ngunjiri	P.O. Box 161, Kahuro	132	Joseph Mwangi	P.O. Box 79, Kahuhia
109	Gichia Makara	P.O. Box 161, Kahuro	133	Kent Muhoro Kadir	P.O.Box 1079, Murang'a
110	Mary Njeri	None	134	John Ndung'u	P.O. Box 361, Murang'a
111	Nyakinyua Kariuki	None	135	Antony Muriu	None
112	George Chege Kadong'a	P.O. Box 27, Kahuhia	136	ndegwa Murranja	P.O. Box 11, Kahuro
113	Albert Kimani	P.O. Box 164, Kahuro	137	Richard Mukiri	P.O. Box 75, Kahuro
114	Mwangi John	P.O. Box 124, Kahuro	138	Habiri Mwangi	P.O. Box 75, Kahuro
115	Nelson Nyaga	P.O. Box 53, Kahuro	139	C. Nduati	P.O. Box 7, Kahuro
116	Murimi Macharia	P.O. Box Kahuro	140	Mugo Gerald	P.O. Box 442, Murang'a
117	Ngari Mugo	P.O. Box 244, Murang'a	141	Criopat Beny	P.O. Box 44, Kahuro
118	Gachomo Mbatia	P.O. Box 94, Kahuhia	142	Fredrck Kibara	P.O. Box 141, Kahuro
119	Onesmus Mutahi	P.O. Box 144, Kahuhia	143	John Ng'ang'a	P.O. Box 58, Kahuro
120	Wanjie Richardh	P.O. Box 74, Kahuhia	144	Maina Kahu	P.O. Box 304, Kahuro
145	James M. Kariuki	P.O. Box 407, Murang'a	169	James Kariuki	P.O. Box Kahuro
146	James Mburu	P.O. Box 161, Kahuro	170	Isack Kamau	P.O. Box 91, Kahuro
147	Virginia Wambui	P.O. Box 43, Kahuro	171	Lenny Njuguna Gichia	P.O. Wanjengi
148	Samwel M. Kamau	P.O. Box 214, Kahuru	172	Paul Irungu Ngure	P.O. Box 380, Kahuro

149	Patrick Kamau	P.O. Box 22, Kahuro	173	Venasio Richy	P.O. Box 380, Kahuro
150	David Mwangi Dan	P.O. Box 75, Kahuro	174	Njuguna k. Thairu	P.O. Box 158, Kahuhia
151	Peter Njama	P.O. Box 30, Kahuro	175	Ephantus Mwangi	None
152	Margret Wathika	P.O. Box 71, Kahuro	176	Joseph Muchey	P.O. Box 291, Kahuro
153	Sarah Wanjiru M.	P.O. Box 134, Kahuro	177	Macharia Mwasii	None
154	Peter Mwangi	P.O. Box 80, Kahuro	178	Julius karanja	P.O. Box 37, Kahuro
155	Mick Mwangi	P.O. Box 182, Kahuro	179	Smwel Mwangi	P.O. Box 120, Murang'a
156	Peter Muhoro	P.O. Box 51, Murang'a	180	Fidelis Njuguna	P.O. Box 80, Kahuro
157	Joseph Njuguna K.	P.O. Box Nguyo-Ini	181	Mwangi Thuku	None
158	Douglas karung'o	P.O. Box 61, Kahuro	182	Agatha Wanjiru	None
159	Mwangi Macharia	P.O. Box 42, Kahuro	183	Pharis Mugo	None
160	Stephen Kimani	P.O. Box 35, Kahuro	184	Patrick Irungu	P.O. Box 407, Kahuro
161	Stanely Gathogo	P.O.Box 80, Kahuro	185	Bernard I. Muruka	P.O. Box 52, Kahuhia
162	John Irungu	P.O. Box 176, Kahuro	186	Stanley J. Kamau	P.O. Box 107, Kahuro
163	Ngari Gakero	P.O. Box 200, Kahuro	187	Kamau Karanja	P.O. Box 75, Kahuro
164	Oreste Kamau N.	P.O. Box 100, Kahuro	188	Mwangi Ngaruro	P.O. Box 4, Kahuro
165	Johnson Waweru	P.O. Box 141, Kahuro	189	Wilson Mwangi	P.O. Box 59, Kahuro
166	Ndune Gichoro	P.O. Box 141, Kahuro	190	Margret Wangui	P.O. Box 83, Kahuro
167	Nelson Njuguna K.	P.O. Box 58, Kahuro	191	Clement Gatimu	P.O. Box 50, Kahuro
168	Peter Munyuro	P.O. Box 114, Kahuro	192	Gaku Kiricho	None
193	Ben Cheche	P.O. Box 160, Kahuro	217	Cllr. Gituku	P.O. Box 384, Murang'a
194	Mwangi Macharia	P.O. Box 141, Kahuro	218	Catherine Gituto	P.O. Box 35, Kahuru
195	Josphat Kanyingi	P.O. Box 35, Kahuro	219	Dionisius Kimani Mwai	P.O. Box 41, Kahuru
196	Gladys Murugi	P.O. Box 16, Kahuro	220	Kang'ethe A. R. N.	P.O. Box 477, Thika
197	Humphrey W. Irungu	P.O. Box 7, Kahuro	221	Mburu Macharia	P.O. Box 107, Kahuro
198	Joseph Chege	P.O. Box 37, Murang'a	222	Julius Chege Gathuko	P.O. Box 30, Kahuro
199	Dancan Irungu	P.O. Box 35, Kahuro	223	Cecilia Wangui	P.O. Box 75, Kahuro
200	Joseph Kariuki	P.O. Box 146, Kahuro	224	Frankline Irungu	P.O. Box 114, Kahuro
201	Onesmus K. Nyamu	P.O. Box 73, Kahuro	225	Joseph Mwangi	P.O. Box 71, Kahuro
202	Gikuhi Erustus	P.O. Box 49, Kahuro	226	Peter Chege	P.O. Box 14, Kahuro
203	Mark kang'iri Mwangi	P.O. Box 32, Kahuro	227	Alice Ngendo Kibe	P.O. Box 107, Kahuro
204	Samwel Irungu	P.O. Box 58, Kahuro	228	Mary Njeri	P.O. Box 114, Kahuro
205	Joseph N. Gakinya	P.O. Box 41, Murang'a	229	James Githendu	P.O. Box 81, Kahuro
206	Paul K. Ngari	P.O. Box 71, Kahuro	230	Ignatius Kanyingi	P.O. Box 141, Kahuro
207	Charles Karanja	P.O. Box 10, Kahuro	231	Kiuru Kariuki	None
208	Ngugi Ethan	P.O. Box 383, Kahuro	232	Julius Muiyuro	P.O. Box 73, Kahuro
209	Peter Kiragu Gichia	P.O. Box 75, Kahuro	233	F. Macharia Nyaga	P.O. Box 53, Kahuro
210	Ben Macharia	P.O. Box 179, Kahuro	234	Mwangi Thuku	P.O.Box 169, Kahuro
211	Evaline Njeri	None	235	John Mwangi	P.O. Box 73, Kahuru
212	Peter Ndung'u	P.O. Box 1448, Murang'a	236	John Mwangi Njeri	P.O. Box 19, Kahuru
213	Livingstone Kibe	P.O. Box 107, Kahuro	237	Zaweno Gachigo	P.O. Box 91, Kahuro
214	Salome Wambui Ng'ang'a	P.O. Box 20, Kahuro	238	Elijah Ngugi	P.O. Box 234, Murang'a
215	Evans karanja	P.O. Box 480, Muranga	239	Peter kimani	P.O. Box 234, Murang'a

216	Muchugo Gilbert	P.O. Box 20, Kahuro	240	Michael M. Guchura	P.O. Box 1013, Murang'a
241	Maina Rukenya	P.O. Box 889, Murang'a	265	Norman Kimari	P.O. Box 7, Murang'a
242	John Kibunja	P.O. Box 263, Sagana	266	Stanely Mwangi	P.O. Box 275, Murang'a
243	Peter M. Guchura	P.O. Box 49, Murang'a	267	James Kuria	P.O. Box 332, Thika
244	Peter Kibe W.	P.O. Box 49, Murang'a	268	Mary Wambui Kamau	P.O. Box 124, Murang'a
245	Philip Maina	P.O. Box 49, Murang'a	269	Stephen Gachege	P.O. Box 52, Murang'a
246	Gerald Wachira	P.O. Box 280, Kiria-Ini	270	Timothy Igathe	P.O. Box 250, Murang'a
247	Godfrey Kihara	P.O. Box 49, Murang'a	271	Peter Rukenya	P.O. Box 230, Murang'a
248	Robert Muturi	P.O. Box 288, Murang'a	272	Zungura kariamburi	P.O. Box 132, Murang'a
249	James Kimani	P.O. Box 52, Murang'a	273	Rebecca Wanjiru	None
250	Ndewa Waweru Benson	P.O. Box 497, murang'a	274	Lilly Monica Nafula	P.O. Box 146, Murang'a
251	Isabella Mwangi	P.O. Box 187, Murang'a	275	Jane Kamwaga	P.O. Box 407, Murang'a
252	David Karugo Mugo	P.O. Box 86, Murang'a	276	Hannah Wanjiku	None
253	Fr. J. B. Mungai	P.O. Box 734, Murang'a	277	Teresia W. Ngugi	P.O.Box 568, Murang'a
254	Thuo James Frank	P.O. Box 469, Murang'a	278	Caroline Wainaina	P.O. Box 136, Murang'a
255	Titus Mwangi	P.O. Box 1145, Murang'a	279	Thomas Ngugi	P.O.Box 1147, Murang'a
256	Fr. J. Gitonga	None	280	Keni Muhora Kadir	None
257	Rev. Elizabeth macharia	P.O. Box 255, Murang'a	281	Peter Kiguta Kamau	P.O. Box 743, Murang'a
258	Jill Karanja	None	282	Cllr. James Waweru	P.O. Box 52, Murang'a
259	Jane Kamwaga	None	283	Simon M. Kimoto	P.O. Box 530, Murang'a
260	Franics B. Wanyoki	P.O. Box 258, Murang'a	284	Peterson M. Kaburi	P.O. Box 530, Murang'a
261	James K. Kariuki	P.O. Box 388, Murang'a	285	G. G. Mureithi	P.O. Box 337, Murang'a
262	Reuben Nuguna	P.O. Box 388, Murang'a	286	Hon. Ngenye Kariuki	P.O.Box 12185, Nairobi
263	George Gathaga	P.O. Box 1240, Murang'a	287	J. Maina David	P.O. Box 206, Murang'a
264	Geoffrey Biruel	P.O. Box 7, Murang'a	288	Muumin Adam Qimani	P.O. Box 359, Murang'a
289	Luke Nyekwel	P.O. Box 245, Murang'a	313	Manyeki Muhuga	P.O. Box 734, Murang'a
290	Coll Zakariah Ticha	P.O. Box 205, Murang'a	314	Samuel Murimi	P.O. Box 610, Murang'a
291	C. M. Mwangi	P.O. Box 217, Murang'a	315	Abdalla Juma	P.O. Box 519, Murang'a
292	J. K. Wakalinga	P.O. Box 205, Murang'a	316	James Gitau	P.O. Box 363, Murang'a
293	Christopher Macharia	P.O. Box 49, Murang'a	317	Benson Ngure	P.O. Box 7, Murang'a
294	Nelson Ruturi	P.O. Box 58, Kahuhia	318	Mwangi Macharia	P.O. Box 68555, Nairobi
295	Robert Karani	P.O. Box 8, Murang'a	319	Joseph Kagaini	P.O. Box 72, Kahuro
296	Paul Wanyeki	P.O. Box 99, Murang'a	320	Samwel N. Muthigani	P.O. Box 441, Murang'a
297	Chief Francis Gichira	P.O. Box 7, Murang'a	321	Lewis G. Njehuri	P.O. Box 224, Murang'a
298	Keneth Mundara	P.O. Box 87, Murang'a	322	Jumah Abdulah	P.O. Box 1147, Murang'a
299	Mrs Annette Mugwanja	P.O.Box 635, Migia	323	Cllr Samuel Oluoch	P.O. Box 494, Murang'a
300	Magaret Maina	P.O. Box 822, Murang'a	324	Kagathi Peter	P.O.Box 72, Maurang'a
301	Jacinta Wangechi	P.O. Box 21, Murang'a	325	Njuguna Mbugua	P.O. Box 859, Murang'a
302	Lucy W. Benard	P.O.Box 111, Murang'a	326	John K. Githinji	P.O. Box 495, Murang'a
303	Mayor D. Munya	P.O. Box 205, Murang'a	327	James Mathia	P.O. Box 212, Murang'a
304	Beatrace M. Maina	P.O. Box 183, Murang'a	328	James Kihonge	P.O. Box 66, Murang'a

305	Zagina Zaidi	P.O. Box 132, Murang'a	329	Jefferson N. Karuki	P.O. Box 75, Murang'a
306	Mary W. Kamau	P.O. Box 801, Murang'a	330	Augustine Ngulewi	P.O. Box 177, Murang'a
307	Eudius Kimani	P.O. Box 124, Murang'a	331	Humphrey Karega	P.O. Box 1078, Murang'a
308	Mary W. Gitau	None	332	Phamineas Maina	P.O. Box 851, Murang'a
309	Moses Muriithi	P.O. Box Murang'a	333	Rev. John Miano	P.O. Box 530, Murang'a
310	George Kimani	P.O. Box 1247, Murang'a	334	John Mwachai	P.O. Box 633, Murang'a
311	Gerison Munene	P.O. Box 893, Murang'a	335	Luka Karuri	P.O. Box 581, Murang'a
312	James Wanjau	P.O.Box 1144, Murang'	336	Joel Maina	P.O. Box 306, Murang'a
	Joseph Irungu			Mahmud Mutua	
337	Kanyonyo	P.O. Box 234, Murang'a	361	Mohamed	P.O. Box 132, Murang'a
338	Kagai Waweru	None	362	Muranga youth	P.O. Box 273, Murang'a
339	David Kirika	None	363	Philip Waweru	P.O. Box 121, Murang'a
340	Gikenye Mumina	None	364	Luka Ngoti N.	P.O. Box 196, Murang'a
341	Daniel Kangethe Mbulo	P.O. Box 14, Murang'a	365	Charles Ngaruithii	P.O. Box 49, Murang'a
342	S. K. Ngugi	P.O. Box 112, Murang'a	366	Kariuki Mwangi	P.O. Box 745, Murang'a
343	G. G. Kiarie	P.O. Box 75, Murang'a	367	Mwangi Kihara	P.O. Box 173, Kahuro
344	Mugo Kiarie	P.O. Box 659, Murang'a	368	Joseph Irungu	P.O. Box 145, Murang'a
345	Mwaniki Mugo	P.O. Box 442, Murang'a	369	Dan Irungu Kamau	P.O. Box 320, Murang'a
				Stephen Ng'ang'a	
346	John Machri	P.O. Box 49, Murang'a	370	Maina	P.O. Box 7, Murang'a
	Francis P. Mwangi				
347	Wilson	P.O. Box 111, Murang'a	371	Allan Kamau Kibe	P.O. Box 161, Murang'a
348	Irungu Kangata	P.O. Box 170, Murang'a	372	Mbuti Wanjagi	P.O. Box 206, Murang'a
	Murang'a Youth				
349	Soliparay	P.O. Box 170, Murang'a	373	James Kariuki	P.O. Box Kahuti
350	Alfred Rurigi	P.O. Box 205, Murang'a	374	Guchura Njau	P.O. Box 104, Murang'a
351	Patrick Waweru	P.O. Box 581, Murang'a	375	Simon Kibachio	P.O. Box 3, Sagana
352	Phillip Gathu Msturi	P.O. Box 310, Murang'a	376	Peterson Muchoki	P.O. Box 3, Sagana
353	Gitau Macharia	P.O. Box 145, Murang'a	377	Joseph M. Njoroge	P.O. Box 7, Kahuhia
354	Charles Waithaka	P.O. Box 739, Murang'a	378	Nahason Mbogo	P.O. Box 18, Maragua
355	Roses Nyongesa	P.O. Box 45, Murang'a	379	Erastus Mbuga	P.O. Box 266, Margua
356	Kinyori Gichuki	P.O. Box 12231, Nyeri	380	Ashbel Ibuto	P.O. Box 179, Maragua
357	Obonyo S. N.	P.O. Box 75, Murang'a	381	Zablon Warui N.	P.O. Box 179, Maragua
358	John Maina	P.O. Box 260, Murang'a	382	Joseph Njoroge	P.O. Box 668, Maragua
359	Abdillahi K. Adam	P.O. Box 132, Murang'a	383	Samson Gitau	P.O. Box 666, Marauga
360	James Karihe	P.O. Box 132, Murang'a	384	Alexander Muriuki	P.O. Box 69, Maragua
385	Washington Maina	P.O. Box 168, Maragua	391	Abdilahi Ali	P.O. Box 271, Maragua
386	James Njau	P.O. Box 681, Maragua	392	Peter Muturi	P.O. Box 4, Maragua
387	Andrew Maina	P.O. Box 396, Maragua	393	Francis Irungu	P.O. Box 30, Maragua
388	Simon Mwangi	P.O. Box 7, Maragua	394	John Wairachu	P.O. Box 1362, Nairobi
389	David Ndung'u	P.O. Box 581, Maragua	395	Juma Ted	P.O. Box 885, Maragua
390	Masue Titus	P.O. Box 136, Maragua	396	George Maina	P.O. Box 56, Maragua