| CONSTITUTION OF KENYA REVIEW COMMISSION |
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| VERBATIM REPORT OF |
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| CONSTITUENCY PUBLIC HEARINGS, |
| MOLO CONSTITUENCY, |
| HELD AT ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC CHURCH |
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| 12TH JULY 2002 |

CONSTITUENCY PUBLIC HEARINGS, MOLO CONSTITUENCY, HELD AT ST MARY'S CATHOLIC ON 12™ JULY 2002.

Present

- 1. Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo
- 2. Com. Alice Yano
- 3. Com. Isaak Lenaola

Secretariat Staff in Attendance

- Pauline Nyamweya Prog. Officer
 Sarah Muriithi Prog. Officer
- 3. Michael Koome4. Hellen Kanyora- Asst. Prog. Officer- Verbatim Recorder

Hamjambo wananchi watukufu before we start I would like somebody to volunteer prayer for this session. Who is going to do the prayers? anybody.

Prayer

Jitayarishe tuombe turudishie Mungu shurkrani. Kwa Jina la Baba na la mwana na roho mtakatifu Amina. Mungu baba mwenyezi tunakushukuru kwa sababu ya starehe ya usiku uu wote na kutuamusha salama. Tuna kushukuru Mungu baba kwasababu tuko hapa mbele zako asubuhi hii njema tukiwa na makomissioners ambao watakuja kusikiliza maoni ya wananchi na mungu baba mwenyezi na Mungu baba mwenyezi uwatulie. Tunaomba ili kwamba wewe uwe mwenyekiti zaidi ili usimamie mambo yote ambayo tutayasungumza hapa tunajua ya kwamba Mungu baba mwenyezi unatupenda na ni kwasababu ya faida ya kila moja katika nchi yetu ya Kenya tunaomba Mungu baba mwenyezi wote ambao wataingia hapa wazungumze kwa busara na pia Mungu baba Mwenyezi kwa sababu ya faida ya watu wetu hasa zaidi ya muno wale wasiojiweza na tunaomba hayo yote kwa njia ya kristo bwana wetu Amina. Kwa jina la baba la mwana na roho mtakatifu Amina.

Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Thank you very much ladies and gentlemen this morning we are in Molo Constituency we will also be still in this Constituency on Monday. Before I set out the rules for this meeting, I want to introduce to you the Commissioners who are with me here. My name is Prof. Okoth- Ogendo I am a Commissioner from left to my right is Com. Alice Yano

Com. Yano: Hamjamboni

To my left is Com. Lenaola, Hamjamboni" we also have members of the secretariat the Deputy Secretary to the Commission is

Pauline Nyamweya, where is Pauline she is there and we have Sarah Murithi, Hellen Kanyora and Michael Koome they will be helping us to conduct the session. I believe the Chairman of the Constituency Constitution Committee would like to introduce his members and say a few a words before we start this session. District Coordinator would you like to introduce your Chairman.

District Coordinator: Commissioners na wananchi wote ambao wako hapa hamjambo. I will take this opportunity first to apologize for the lateness we have had simply because we were trying to organize ourselves we are very sorry for that. Two I would like to take this opportunity to introduce my 3 Cs and I would like them to stand wherever they are where are the others....(inaudible) please come here the 3 Cs refers Constituency Constitution Committee this is the team which has been coordinating, planning for sitting arrangement here and many other workshops you have had. So on my right is the Chairman, Aman and I would like to ask the Chairman to introduce the other members. There should be about eight of them. Mheshimiwa Kiiga Kimani is not with us and I am ex-official and every division is represented by one. Mr. Aman karibu thank you very much, the Chairman Prof.Commissioners and the DO residents of Molo before you we have on my immediate right we have Faith Warugine, who is the 3Cs Committee from Njoro we have James Nyasintho from Marichione which is still in the Elbagon Division, and we have Magdalene Ndegwa who is in the Committee from Molo Division thank you very much.

District Coordinator: Mr. Chairman mine is just to welcome you to Molo. Molo purportedly is very a very cold place, but I think we have preferable whether today and also to apologize again for the delay in start of our meeting, there was a small mix up in the morning but it is my sincere hope as we go on with our collection of views everything will run smoothly. Mr. Chairman Molo Constituency is a very very large Constituency and we are hoping we will get more sittings, because we have six divisions in this Constituency andwill be very difficulty for the residents of Molo to come to the Designate centers to present their views, the other thing is that there has been that general mistrust, that the views people will put forward to you will not be put in the new Constitution /reflected that is why you may find there is a low turn out in such an urban area but we hope what you get today and what you get in the next two sittings in our constituency will reflect a better picture of Molo Constituency with that Mr. Chairman welcome to Molo Constituency once again.

Com. Prof Okoth- Ogendo: Thank you very much lets now formally constitute this meeting as a meeting of the Constitution of Kenya Review Commission sitting to receive views from Molo Constituency under the Act which has set up the Commission every person who is coming to or leaving the meeting the of the Commission is protected from any arrest or harassment by any authority you are free to give your views honestly and freely, you do not have to worry that you may be subject to any arrest as a result of what you say here so please feel free to give us what you think we should know for purposes of the new Constitution. This is the one Commission that will report directly to Parliament, it does not report to the Government, it does not report to the President, it reports to Parliament and if anybody here thinks that your views will not be taken into account, that will happen only if Parliament decides not to take it into account and there fore we are confident with the Commission that

is not going to happen.

The rules for today's meeting are as follows:

- 1. You are free to speak in any language you choose including sign language, if you speak in sign language we will find a sign language interpreter to help you, if you speak in other language other than English or Kiswahili we shall find an interpreter all you need to do is to tell us that you are going to speak in Kikuyu, or Kalenjine, Luo or Luhya and we will have a translator to do so. So again don't feel handicapped that because I am speaking English or Kiswahili you must also speak in that same language.
- Secondly we will follow the list of registration strictly unless there are people who must live while they are in hurry for children, the disabled, medical doctors, people who must attend to other things in which case let us know and we shall give you priority but otherwise we will follow the list of registration strictly.
- 3. Thirdly we will sit here without interruption and without a break until we have the last person who wants to address us. As a Commission our sole concern is to make sure that the views of the people are taken and therefore we will sit here without a break until that is done.
- When we call your name you will come and sit on the Chairs infront of me here tell us your name in the micro-phone and then give us your views if you have a memorandum we shall give you five minutes to highlight what is in the memorandum because we will read the memorandum later and analyse it. If you don't have the memorandum we will allow you upto ten minutes to give your views orally everything you say is being recorded and once the recording is finish we will transcribe them in Nairobi and analyse them and copy of the tape will be sent to the Kenya National Archives for posterity, so in the future if you want to verify what you said you will be able to recall the tape in the Archives which is marked Molo Constituency. We will make sure that we steak to the time limit strictly so that when I ask you to go to the last point please expect it because I will also (Inaudible)......to address the Commissioner. After you finish addressing the Commission we will ask you to go that side of the secretariat and sign the register which indicate that you did make a presentation to the Commission and all people who have signed that register will have their names published in the National Report of the Commissioners as an appendix, so when that report is available you will be able to verify that you did indeed speak to the Commission and you signed the register of the Commission. While we finish with the Molo Constituency there will be a Molo Constituency Constitutional Report which will be prepared and will be sent back to you so that you can read it and discuss it and verify that we have indeed recorded what you told us and there will also be a National Report that is going to be prepared for the whole Country and that report will be sent to all Constituencies again for discussion on the basis of the Nationalthe Constitutional report and the National report we are going to prepare the draft Constitution and the draft Constitution will also be circulated to the Public at the Constituency level the District level and the Provincial level, and once that debate is over then it is only at that time that the Draft National Constitution will go the National Constitutional Conference that is where we are now and I don't want to waste too much time I want to go straight to (Inaudible) if you have mobile phones please put them off because they tend to interfere with the recording, and do we have anybody here who needs a sign language interpreter. You are the Interpreter can you ask that question? Is there any body who needs......but you are there you will have work later. So ladies and gentlemen I think I am ready to start but let me

recognize the presence of the District Officer for Molo just wave It is just now I have started my meeting you can't address the meeting laughter.....Thank you very much. We will start straight away and I want to start with Mr. Njuguna Ngegi. You have a memorandum so you have five minutes to highlight the main points. Thank you.

Mr. Njuguna Ngegi: Mr. Chairman, the Commissioners I have to put my presentation in a Publicated form and I would like to read it throw. My name is G. G. Njuguna Ngegi I am the first International Coordinator of Human Resentment Disaster Kill. And the Section of Elburgon HIV/AIDs orphans Organization. I am also presenting our wards Elders Memorandum, I would like to go through it quickly and comment on the points that I want to stress. When we sat with the ward elders this is what we put in writing:

- 1. We object to the Federal system of Government
- 2. We endorse recalling of MP and Councilors if they don't perform to the satisfaction of the electors or commit great mistakes to the electorate
- 3. Age limit of a President at the election time should be 35yr and should not be over 75 yrs
- 4. The criteria for the creation of a Constituency should be population density on the winner of the President Presidential election should garner 51% of total votes cast if none manages that percentage the winning two should go for a runner off.
- 5. Land use 500 acres of arable land should be the ceiling of private individual ownership of land.
- 6. Natural Resources a reasonable percentage of the revenue accruing from an area should benefit the surrounding community.

 Any major decision affecting the Country should go under referendum through registered votes.
- 7. Uniform forces and services should be established by the Constitution and their Discipline conducted through court martial and criminal court. Kenya remains forever a multiparty state.
- 8. The Constitution should have a progression for impeachment of a president by Parliament if he or she commits an economic crime or causes ethnic clashes or balkanization of the Country.
- 9. There should be a provision of coalition Government in the Constitution, there should be a Stagger system of elections to make the business of the house maintain continuity.
- 10. The tenure of President should be 2 terms of 5 years each.
- 11. The Provincial Administration should be scrapped and replaced with a strong Local Government. Kenyans should own land or conduct business anywhere in the republic. The office of Ombudsman should be established through the Constitution.
- 12. Tribal Clashes ethnic cleansing or vulcanization of the Country should be outlawed by the Constitution.
- 13. Domestic animals lastly should be banned by the Constitution.
- 14. Farmers should conduct their affairs i.e. Importation of inputs, marketing of their produce etc without interfering from the State.
- 15. Forest reserves should be rehabilitated and replanted no forest land should ever again be degazetted. Government exhibition farms should be rehabilitated.

I would like to comment now Mr. Chairman on tribal clashes we expect we in the resettlement organization that people displaced by tribal clashes should be resettled back in the their former farms. Ant they should be compensated all goods, animals, houses should be paid for by the government because the failure of the government to stamp out the clashes with all the resources, military, police and other armed forces at their disposal should be linked to the government. We may not go to court if necessary to get compensated for those who were displaced by the ethnic clashes.

I would like to comment on farmers affairs the liberalization of the commercial, trade and farming practices should also affect farmers. We want to market our pyrethrum, we want to form our own organization for importing inputs to the farm so that we can get the input at the source without the middle men, so that we can get it cheaper. We should also have a food policy because this area is a famine area and we want the Government services given by extension officers, agricultural officers to assist us with expertise and technical know how so that we can produce more, so that those people in areas where the production of food stuff is not as good as this one of ours here can get the benefit of having enough to eat.

I would like to comment briefly on forest most of our forest land here has been occupied. I don't know if I should use the word grabbed and we have started seeing the end results of forest being destroyed. We therefore wish to have those people given land being the internal displaced persons given land return to their farms so that the forest can be rehabilitated, be planted and given to the local community to manage.

I would like also to comment on Government exhibition farms which have been given out to close friends and relatives of influential people that they should be rehabilitated and given back to the experts who used to show us the best way in animal husbandry planting and care of plants so that we can get the sample from the exhibition farms. This includes the ADC farms and the few resettlement farms if they are there at all. That is my presentation Mr. Chairman. Thank you very much.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Thank you very much Mr. Njuguna please sign our register thank you very much , Jacob Waweru please be brief if you have a memorandum we will read it.

Mr. Jacob Waweru: Thank very much my names are Jacob Waweru Macharia I am a democratic party official and an aspiring candidate for the Molo seat. I have a memorandum here to present and we are looking for the kind of constitution that will do the following things among things:

- 1. A Constitution that will empower the Kenyan Voters such that they can be able to impreach or move a vote of no confidence against elected leaders i.e. MPs and Councilors.
- 2. A Constitution that will ensure that every Kenyan citizen by birth is entitled to land not less than ¼ of an acre, to avert the unfortunate situations where we are forced to leave as squatters in our own country.
- 3. We are also seeking for a Constitution that will introduce a tax for all unused land and unused land tax and limit the amount acarage that one individual can own.

- 4. We are looking for a Constitution that will establish a court to try human rights criminals in Kenya and in this respect I would like to bring it forward that we are looking for one court that will try the perpetrators of tribal clashes or tribal genocide because we believe that this thing has not been brought to a conclusive rest.
- 5. We are looking for a Constitution that will establish the National wages and Salaries board that will regularize the Salaries in different professions to avoid expoloitation of Kenyan workers.
- 6. We are looking for a Constitution that will make a Constitutionally three party state to avoid the unfortunate incidences of tribalization of democracy where today political parties are formed as per tribe.
- 7. We are looking for a Constitution that will make voter registration an on going process and every Kenyan that is 18yrs of age when this Kenya is registering for the National Identification card he should register for voting also.
- 8. A Constitution that will empower the voters cards to be used as an identification document in banks and many other areas
- 9. A Constitution that will protect Kenyan policies and natural resources local communities who are living here to this forest to have a say as to the control and to the cutting down of this forest.
- 10. A Constitution that will empower the Kenyan farmers to have control of products markets and to avoid the unfortunate incidences of exploitation by Parastals bodies and middlemen.
- 11. We are also looking for a Constitution that will ensure that Parastals heads and Government officials are not political appointees but are qualified people who formally apply for these jobs.
- 12. A Constitution that will make amendments such that the President of the republic will not be a Member of Parliament and all aspiring Presidential Candidate should not be in the race for the Parliamentary seat.
- 13. We are also looking for a Constitution that will guarantee Kenyan children free primary education.
- 14. A Constitution that will enhance community policing and by community policing one that will make sure that every Kenyan users serves in a disciplined force probably the Army, the Police or the National Youth Service in a certain part of his life.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: The time is over Mr. Waweru, thank you very much but the commissioners might have questions for you.

Com. Isaak Lenaola: I am worried that the human right court to trial human right violation or are you asking for special court because special courts are sometimes very bad for human rights.

Mr. Waweru: What I am asking is special court yes because this kind of cases are not treated as cases against humanity when they get to the local courts this people are treated as arsonists or common criminals. I believe that we should have special courts that will trial perpetrators of genocide in Kenya.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: Thank you very much Mr. Waweru, please register with the secretariat. Mr. Mwai you have a memorandum please summarize it very quickly.

Mr. Mwai: My name is Mr. Mwai I am representing CJPC Molo in our new Constitution we would like to define clearly the number of tribes we have in Kenya and their names so that we know exactly how many tribe we have are we 43 or are we 44?. We also wanted end rained in our Constitution our flag the colours and their meaning so that it is clear to our people and so that the political parties that come don't interfere then change that. We also want in our Constitution land issue and formation of a land Commission that deals with the issues relating to land the issue of land has been very contagious in our Country and also in Molo areas where sometimes we have had the issue of clashes simply because of the issue of land and who owns it. So we need a Commission endrained in our Constitution and that the President can not be able to dissolve it. On the issue of the land we also want people taxed especially those people who have idle land are not making good use of it. Now we are saying that in any amendments in the new constitution 85% of the MPs must see the need for that amendments and together with that a referendum should be done which the people of Kenya express their opinion about what they feel about the new amendment in the Constitution.

We are also suggesting that conflict education and management together with civic education be part of the basic rights for a Kenyan citizens even the old mamas in the village need to know about something about civic education and conflict management. Security has a right and moreso the people of Molo who were affected by the clashes we really need it. We need to be protected, we also want our leaders to be more accountable especially our MPs and our Councilors we need them to be people who are educated possibly have a post secondary education and must have passed well not only sitting for a form four certificate which everybody can get must have had passes in Mathematics, in English and in Kiswahili this will prevent people who sit for the exams just for the sake of them. We are also saying that the old people must be taken care of after 60yrs of age let us give our old people medicaland if possible some pension.

Education should be free and compulsory especially for primary schools. We also to still maintain a unified Government let us have a Government that unites the whole of our Country. We are saying that the President apart from having 25% of the votes in the Provinces it is very very important that he gets 51% of the total votes that we have in our registered voters. We are also saying that nepotism, tribalism and sexiness should be punished as one of the offences in our Constitution. End of my presentation.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: Mr. Mwai: please one small question that the land commission there is consensus that are on the Country that there should be a land Commission. Give us an idea of what that Commission will do?

Mr. Mwai: I think one of the issues that the Land Commission should address is the issues of land before the independence because they were those agreements that were written like they the Masai that was written sometime in 19.. which give them the

land all the way to Kinagop. Such issues need to be addressed really, then they are people who sold the their land like in Tranzoia they are people who sold their land and yet the land is said to belong to the Pokot. The land has already been sold then what happens with those people who already there. Do you buy land away from them again to move them or may be what does the Government do about that. So the issue is how will we compensate those people who are already settled wherever they are if we have to repossess that land and how shall we make use of that land. Another issue is there are very many people who land illegally everywhere in this country what shall we do with the illegal allocation of land, others have already grapped land what do we do with them. May be this is the issues we are talking about. We need a Commission to address this.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: Thank you very much Mr. Waweru you may wish to know that we just come from Narok and you are telling us that their land extends up to this place ...

Mr. Waweru:so you want to know the future of this church thank you.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: Ok George Njengu Mingi you have a memorandum please summarise quickly.

Mr. George Njenga Mingi: The Commissioners, ladies and gentlemen my name is George Njenga Mingi I am the DP Chairman in Molo Constituency and I am also an aspiring candidate for the Molo Parliamentary seat. I have a memorandum here which is from DP members and officials which I will highlight very quickly.

First we have talked about State sovereignty and we said that the Constitution must state clearly that the Constitution is sovereign will of the people of Kenya and any amendment to the Constitution must be subject to the approval from the people at a referendum.

On the Presidency we have said that the President must be elected by 51% of the total votes or about he or she must have attained University level of education, he must serve for amaximum of 2 five year terms. Upon election to the Presidency the person elected must vacate his parliamentary seat. He will be the Chief Executive and Commander of the Armed Forces and person elected President must assume office within 21 days or a specified period of time. This is to avoid petition which we will have in the current Constitution which says that the President shall assume office as soon as declared elected and that he could really practionered of Madagascar where somebody may not be willing to allow you even to be sworn inn. When the President intends to leave Kenya he should appoint the Vice President to perform duties of his office. This again differs from what we have in the current Constitution. Section 11 which provides that the President may appoint the Vice President and it has never happened in this Country. The President shall be impeachable by Parliament for breach of the Constitution or any other written law. During the time for nomination for Presidential candidate a detailed CV of each candidate for President must be provided to the ECK and be published for public scrutiny.

The Vice President shall be a running mate during elections and therefore will not be removal at the so discretion of the President. In the event of the President living office with term the Vice President should remain the remaining part of the term and a pole election to the post of Vice President the Vice President should vacate his Parliamentary seat so that like the President he should have a National Constituency.

We propose that there shall be a Prime Minister of Kenya who should be appointed by the President from the majority party or a colliation of party in Parliament. He should be the leader of Government in Parliament. The Ministers and Deputy Ministers they propose that the No. and title of all Ministries in the Government should be specified in the Constitution. This is to avoid a situation whereby a Ministry is created today and then after six months it is abolished and people who have been appointed they.....(inaudible).....equipment and that becomes a waste of Public Resources. We propose that the No. of Ministries should not exceed 22 we have even put the names of the Ministries but I will not read that. Ministers shall be appointed by the President subject to approval by Parliament. Each Ministry shall have at least one and not more than two deputy Ministers and each Deputy Minister should be assigned one or several departments of Government. We propose that the post of Ass. Ministers be abolished because at the moment they have no specific duties. The Cabinet shall comprise the President, the Vice President, the Prime Minister, the Deputy Prime Ministers and the Ministers. The Deputy Minister shall deputise for their respective Ministers and to avoid the situation whereby when a Minister goes away we have to use another Minister to do his Job. Any Creation of a new Ministry or abolition of an existing one should be done through an act of Parliament on Majimbo or federal system of Government we strongly refuse a Majimbo or Federal as it is too expensive and likely toalong tribal lines. Kenya should remain a unitary state we propose that the Provincial Administration should be abolished and duties taken over by local authorities, however the Chiefs should remain but be elected by the people but be under the ,,,,,,of local authorities.

Interjection

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: Give us your last point.

Mr. George Njengu: I am just on the last point on Parliament the calendar of Parliament sitting should be specified in the Constitution. And for all nominated MPs the nominating authority should specify the special interest, which they will be representing. Parliament should control its own budget and staff. Parliament should also have a budget office to scrutinize budgetary proposals before they are presented to Parliament. We also propose that Parliamentary Accounts Committee at the Parliamentary Investment Committee should have powers to prosecute or to order prosecution of all cases of misuse of Public funds. We have also mentioned a few things about elections. Elections should be done using transparent documents, the election of President, Parliament or Civic Authority should be done on different days this is to avoid a situation where we keep on counting votes for a whole week and people get tied and get fatigued and fear that somebody will mess up with results. Interjection: thank you. Just one last point, Local authorities Mr. Commissioner all appointments to the Public Service by the President or the Prime Minister should be subject to the approval by Parliament the Local authorities we recommend that the present Provinces be abolished the Districts remain as Counties under Local Authorities and the number of counties in the whole country be specified in the Constitution. Thank you. Mr. Commissioner I also finally all Mayors, and Chairman of Council should be elected by people. That is the presented on behalf of DP in Molo thank you very much.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: The process of impeachment in a single chamber Parliament is problematic and I would like you to help us in that in the United States the flimsy charges and the senate tries the President so that we don't have the same people who havealso being the one the/.....how do you do it in a single chamber system.

Mr. Njenga: While I think we can have a Parliamentary legal Committee to carry out the impeachment or people who legally qualify as lawyers and are also members of Parliament and are also members of Parliament may be chaired by the Speaker or somebody like that who is neutral.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: But he is still Members of Parliament but Mr. Njenga: the speaker is not an elected Member Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: But he is still a Member of Parliament he is an ex-official but he is a member of Parliament. So you want them to be Judges in their own cause they will be complaining again the President and then they convert themselves into a court and through the President out. Is that good Law. Thank you very much Mr. Mingi, can I have Zachary Njuguna. After Mr. Njuguna we will allow the student to make their presentation so that they can go back to class. Please summarize your name...

Mr. Zachary Njuguna: My name is Zachary Njuguna representing the Foundation for dialogue Elbagon. It should state who made the Constitution how it was made and why on the Executive President should be above bad politics.............President should be above party politics and should not be necessarily a member of Parliament he should hold the office for two terms of five years each. He should be a holder of at least one degree from a recognized University he should be a person of high integrity, and he should be a person who can be removed from the office by a vote of no confidence by the Parliament.

Judiciary members of the Judiciary Service Commission and the Chairman shall be elected by the Judges and Magistrates and they should be independent they should serve for two terms of three years each. There should be a public lawyer to help those who can not afford a lawyer.

Legislature all appointments made by Executive should be vetted by Parliament. All members of Parliament must have an 'O' level academic qualification and attained above C+. The electorate should have power to recall their members of Parliament and sack them if they are not performing well, their salaries and allowances should be determined by an independent body.

On the Electoral system every candidate will be declared a winner if he garners more than 51% of the total votes casted and those people who defect from their parties should resign and an election called. The President must have above 51% of all votes casted and if he fails an runner out should be called. Constituencies should be created through a number of populations except by the marginalized areas in which they should stay as they are.

Voters registration should be continuous and votes should be counted promptly in the polling stations.

On basic rights death penalties should be abolished and replaced with life imprisonment. The Government should promote and protect all human rights.Services should be provided by the Government free of charge, the Government should provide free and compulsory primary education and higher level should be cost sharing. The handicapped should be provided with free medical care including their special needs and free education at all levels and we should have a free media Kenyans know everything that is going on in the Government. We should have a transition Government during elections headed by the Speaker and Government vehicles should not be used during campaigns.

And we require an Executive President. Provincial Administration should be abolished for it is a colonial system.

On matters of Agriculture all Kenyans should have access to land and can own land any where in the Country all the land should belong to the Government.

Interjection...summaries your point

Any land, which is not properly utilized, should be taxed heavily and productive land should not be divided into plots.

In Local Government mayors and Council Chairman should be elected directly by the people and should have an '0' level qualification above C+ thank you.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: Thank you very much Mr. Njuguna any questions ..no questions can I have the students here who is representing them. Young man give us your name age and your class and your school.

Jacob Karanu: Commissioners, Ladies and Gentlemen my name are Jacob Karanu from Njenga Karume Secondary School a Civic club member I am in form three. These are my representation to the Constitution Review of Kenya first of all is the elective principles of state system. We need to have a statement in our Constitution capturing the national philosophy and guidance principles in our languages that every Kenyan citizen will understand. Democratic Principles should be involved in the Constitutions these are accountability, participation and pluralism duty.

About Constitution supremacy the current Constitution allows the Parliament to amend any part of the Constitution by 65% power majority vote. This procedure should be a banned and replaced with referendum from the citizen. The Parliament Power to amend the Constitution should be limited so as the citizen have a gesture to participate in amend of the Constitution.

About citizenship an automatic citizenship is that person who in Kenya is by virtue of birth, marriage but not by registration. Ways in which the citizenship can be acquired ID, Driving licence, and Passport. A child born of a Kenyan regardless of the parent gender should entitled to automatic citizenship as per his or her parent being Kenyan citizen. His or her becomes also a Kenyan citizen by virtue of his parent or her parent being Kenyans.

Defence and Security Molo for along time prone to insecurity(Inaudible).... to a lot of injustice and social evils this has led to the killing of the innocent loss of life and other short death. Harassment by Police drunkard ness, this hasto many social evils.

The President should not be the Commander of the Armed Forces as he has many obligations to play of which they can not be effectively be met.

Political parties should be limited to five and thereafter they should be financed. The State and political parties have united inform of governing the Country amicably and the political parties respecting the State.

Structure and system of Government we should adopt

Interjectionsummarise....

a parliamentary system of Government in which a Prime Minister is appointed from the majority party in Parliament and a Prime Minister should over power the President in terms of Internal and External Affairs. Thank you very much.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: Mr. Jacob the Commissioner wants to ask you a question

Com. Alice Yano: Thank you Jacob for your presentation in this issue of political party you said that we should be offered political party right now you know that we have electors of 47 political parties what is the criteria to reduce this political parties to only five. How do you go about getting 5 political parties?

Mr. Jacob: I think an election can be used the first five political parties are the ones which are supposed to be registered.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: Jacob that is reallyit is the first answer we have received on that question so far laughter......Mr. Mathew Gachiri please summarize very quickly

Mr. Mathew Gachiri: My names are Mathew Gachiri and this is my contribution towards this Constitutional Review exercise sine Agriculture is the Ministry of our economy the Government should improve the rural infrastructure, currently many roads are not passable yet the products from this areas contribute significantly towards our economy by this every location should have a road grader to upgrade all the infeeding roads. Marketing where the farmers sell their products through produce boards eg. The Pyrethrum Board of Kenya they should have a right to know how much their crop is fetching in the world market, they trade, they should be allowed to elect directors on such boards through democratic elections. The Government have a responsibility should have financial statement at the close of the to ensure that farmers are not exploited by middlemen and that the marketing boards are not ruined by corrupt officials. The Government should work out system where farmers' inputs are subsidized so that they are able to compete with others in the world market. The land meant for Agricultural Research should not be sold by Government or any other person.

Economic crimes those responsible for such crimes should be prosecuted incase of politicians and civil servants anybody who commits such a crime should be sacked from his job or the speaker of the National Assembly should declare the Chair of such a member vacant. In short no one should hold a public office if ever convicted of an economic crime since this as ruined many institutions in our country. Tribal clashes those who insight their fellow tribesmen to fight other tribes should be held responsible for their words and deeds incase of politicians their parties should with draw their candidature in all elections, incase it is proved that a sitting member of Parliament is an inciter to such clashes he should be held responsible and he should be made to resign his sit and he should not contest again. Tribal Clash victims should be compensated by the Government to conclude all the Kenyans have a right to own property and move anywhere in the Republic of Kenya. The President should be elected directly by Kenyans and he should not be above the Law and that is my contribution. Thank you.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: Thank you very much Mr. Gachiri please register with the secretariat, Thomas Momanyi. Thank you

Thomas Momanyi: My names are Thomas Momanyi and I have got a small presentation to make before you Commissioners and the whole gathering here today. As you well know the Constitution is a very important document and which needs most Kenyans to be aware of but it is very very unfortunate that most of them are aware of that first and foremost it doesn't have a preamble it does not have an introduction part of it which can show cleanly who prepared it, when and who are the contributors of that. And this document needs Kenyans feels and options so the following are points I would like taken for the new Constitution to be:

- Presidential powers should be trimmed and in any case Kenyans have leaders and not rulers because here you find a case where a ruler is a dictator because he knows he is at the top most. We can't have a President who is above the powers, he is the Commander in Chief, he is everything, he is an agricultural officer, he is an implement or of every project infact the powers should be trimmed down to be only the President but not to be everything and every department.
- The Judiciary should be delinked from the Government, here is where you find the root of every corruption starts from there
 but the Judges don't have their own personal stand to make because it with and within the Government.
- Liberalization as you know and we are aware that Kenya is an industrial state and also a sovereign state the state of liberalization doesn't seem to be doing well the industries have been closed down so there is no liberalization if it is done

then the government is the head of that, which it doesn't do as it is suppose to be done. The Presidential appointees infact they should not be Presidential appointees they should be Parliamentary appointees because Parliament is the supreme body which governs and acts on behalf of the common mwananchi who is far at home and can not reach at that particular and present his or her views therefore we should have Parliamentary appointees instead of Presidential appointees. As I have said from above the Kenyans industries which use to fetch a lot of income for this particular Country have been closed down like Tea, Coffee, Sisal, Cotton and Sugar and they should be revived infact because this Country is at the balms of the I don't have a name to call them because the industries have collapsed and there are no more.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: Interjection: Please summarize

Mr. Thomas Momanyi: I am about the retrenchment of Civil Servants which came in this republic recently has really embarrassed the Nation and the Nationalbecause very young people were retrenched and have come down they don't have anything to do. There is no business, as I have said there is no liberalization so that they join business and do it. So you find a child of 25- 30 yrs have been retrenched and a person of 45-55yrs is working in the office very old enough with his old gurdes. Last but not least the Provincial Administriation where we find that we have the PCs the PCs should be completely abolished because this days we walk with DCs and otherwe directly go to headquarters where we manage our affairs and then we come back. That is all I could represent.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: Mr. Momanyi I am worried about transferring executive powers to Parliament. Parliament does not govern they make Law. Are we going back to the days of the governor the governor will sit in the legislative Council and then go andthe decision to that Council

Mr. Momanyi: where are you basing your question is it on the Presidential appointees and Presidential powers?

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: yaa those are Executive powers so why should Parliament appoint them

Mr. Momanyi: It is a body which can not otherwise bring a rule from outside andit is a body which can govern by itself because it is a body which represent all Kenyans.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: Then where is the separation of powers then?

Mr. Momanyi: Let them not be from the President but let it be done by Parliamentarians.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: Mr. Momanyi what I am asking you is this we are talking about the three branches of the Government, Parliament makes Law, The Executive executes, The Judiciary adjudicates you are telling us that Parliament should excise some Executive functions and that worries me.

Mr. Momanyi: This is where I don't want the President to come in as a person

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: That is the Executive am talking about......

Mr. Momanyi: So what is your question?

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: My question is why should functions which are clearly functions of the executive be excised by Parliament?

Mr. Momanyi: Because the President is too empowered.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: You are transferring the power from the President to the Parliament sopresidency

Mr. Momanyi: I want to separate them from him to this particular body to Parliament.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: Thank you Mr. Momanyi, please register I think this is something the Commission will have to worry about. David Onchari, George Ngun'gu your name in the micro-phone and please summarise.

Mr. George Ngun'gu: Asante sana bwana Chairman na Jina langu ni George Ngun'gu, mimi mwenyeji wa Molo. Yangu kwanza ni katika Katiba hii kwanza corruption ni kitu ingine inatusumbua sana na unyonyanji. Corruption ni mbaya yani katika wakati huu wata waleo ukija katika polise station ikifika kesho ama kesho kutwa unaona huyo mutu ako free na akupelekwa kotini sasa hiyo ni corruption ingine mbaya sana na watu wanaumia sana kwa hiyo maneno na ningependa sana hiyo mambo iangaliwe na iyo Katiba iangaliwe sana.

Ya pili ni hii harassmentpolise wana kwenda kububwa sana....uwezi kutoka hapa ukienda nyumbani hivi usiku unasimamishwa unaulizwa unatoka wapi na pengine umekuwa kazini unatoka kazini unaelekea nyumbani kwako unashikwa unapelekwa kwa seli wanakufungia uko unasikia kesho yake unapelekwa kotini ama unakuliwa pesa anakwambia hivi ama mnaongea hivi sasa na hii ni corruption ingine kama una chochote umesikia wewe umewekwa ndani na hakuna Katiba inasema ati wewe ufungugiwe ndani sababu......lazima upelekwe kotini kesho yake kama ni usiku.

Interjection: Umemaliza

Mr. Ngun'gu: Ya tatu mimi ningependa sana hii Katiba ichukue sana hatua kwa hii uchaguzi ii tunaelekea kama ni uchaguzi ka ni Presidential mi naongea habari ya Presidential si habari ya MP ama Macouncilor iwe 40% ya vote hili ilipigwa kwa President. Ikiwa President amependwa sana tutajua kwamba huyo mutu alikuwa amependwa amefikisha 40% kwa vote cast.

Ya Inne ni vinyaji ii ya watu wanasema kampuni kama KCC ilikwisha, hii Cereal board ilikwisha, hii ni sababu ya hii unyonyaji watu mkulima akuna kitu anapata unaona mutu ako na maziwa yake na ndiye huyo ndio hapo wapi anasururu akuna kitu anapata. Hii ndiye Katiba ingine inatakiwa iyangaliwe sana kama samani kila mutu apate mapato yake yakawaida. Asante sana hakuna ingine.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: Weka kidole kule kwa kitabu chetu. So Francis Njuguna Kiaharia, Evans Njenga please summarise.

Mr. Evans Njenga: Asante sana Chairman nitaongea kwa lugha ya kitaifa. Jina ni Evans Njenga kutoka Elborgon na ningependelea kuzungumza katiba ya uchanguzi wa uraisi na ningependa nichukue nafasi hii, niseme kwamba kuhusu uchanguzi wa uraisi ningependa achanguliwe na wananchi na ufanyewe baada ya miaka mitano. Ikiwa ni mzuri ifanyawe ingine mitano na hawe ametimiza masharti yafuatayo.:

- Awe hana miaka kuanzia hamsini, awe ana bibi mmoja, asiwe mlevi kwa sababu mutu akiwa ana bibi mambo yake nyumbani si sawa sawa asiwe mleve awe mpenda watu, bila upendeleo na ukabila, awe mnyenykevu na mcha Mungu, na awe raisi ambaye si mfizadi wala mlaguzi na awe ametimia awe na elimu ya kutosha, uchaguzi wa uraisi uwe umegawanyishwa na waubunge ili kura ipate kuesabika kwa njia nzuri hata kama itachukua muda wa siku tatu ni vizuri na baada ya hayo ichukue muda wa mwezi moja ama siku ishirini na moja ili aweze kupeana ile ofisi ikiwa ameshindwa.
- Katiba yaweza kumtoa raisi baada ya miaka ikiwa wanachi awampendi, Katiba itowe kibali ili raisi aweze kuondolewa na mmlakani kwa kitendo kisicho halali na kustakiwa mahakamani.
- Kura kusiwe na mabadiliko kura ziwe na siri za siri na kuwe na utaratibu mzuri na wale maagenti wawe waupande zote kukiwa kuna vyama vingi na kuwe kila magent wawe pale kusiwe na ulaguzi. Fupisha

• Ningependelea tu niseme habari ya wabunge tofauti yao iwe wanawachan na mwezi moja na uchaguzi wa President na vile vile na Madiwani wawe wakifanya uchaguzi pamoja na wabungu yani kuwe na tofauti ili kura ziwe zikiezabiwa na njia mzuri. Na huyu mutu awe akiwa ni bunge awe akiichukua uwo muda kuwe kuna kamati na awe akitolewa ama akirudishwa nyumbani, na wananchi na kuwe wananchi wawe kila constituency iwe ina wazee ambao watakuwa wakiangalia mienendo ya yule mbunge na baadaye kama wataona hawa mbunge hawaendi na mienendo mizuri wale makamati wa constituency nzima wawe wakiketi na kuzungumzia jambo ya yule mbunge ikiona mbunge ako na makosa waite mikutano ya hathara na kumtoa yule mbunge bila masharti yoyote.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: Asante Sana bwana NjengaYa Mwisho

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: Asante Sana please register. Secretariat there are students from Kampala Secondary School, Jacquline Bosibori: is she there please come so that you can give your views and go back to class. Your name your age, your school, and your class.

Jacquline Bosibori: My names are Jacquline Bosibori from Kampala Girls Secondary School, I am 19yrs old I am in form four.

Canning to be re-introduced reasons high rate of indiscipline lack of respect for the teachers, the African aspects, reference to the bible enhance performance, we are starting from the high rate of indiscipline students do what they feel is good because they not punished so they take that advantage of even not respecting teachers. Students should be given ID in school after attaining 18 yrs.

The African aspect during the old days when one did anything wrong he or she was punished thus had to have discipline or one had to be disciplined so as fit in the society this lead to well behaved and disciplined young youth in the society. So punishment have to encouraged in school so that students can be well behaved and responsible.

Enhance performance good discipline leads to good performance when one as good behaviour he or she is respected in the society. We find that indiciplined schools are regarded as bad schools thus parents consider to take their children in other schools. Also undisciplined schools usually fail due to the very low standard of disciplined, so for good performance there should good discipline, also lack of respect to the elders. Drug abuse may also lead to poor performance.

Alternative to the excessive canning and punishment there should be guidance and counseling to these students therefore teacher should also be guided on punishment, how to handle undisciplined cases because severe punishment might lead to school

dropouts can lead to mental and physical distraction.

And then Girl Child education should be emphasized; educating a girl is educating the nation because we are the mothers of the nation. Reference from the bible in proverbs 23 chapter 12 it says don't hesitate to discipline a child, a good sparking won't kill you as a matter of fact it may save his life. Thank Chairman Commissioner.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: I was a member of theeducation commissioner Ivery strongly against canning in schools. Are you telling me I was wrong?

Jacquiline Bosibori: Yes you were wrong.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: (inaudible) Endelea kwa kifupi

Paul Mjomba: Jina langu ni Paul Mjomba mkaaji wa Molo. Jambo la kwanza niarudi pamoja na mahali yake. Isi.....kama vile ili kuwa wakati wa clashes watu walinyanganywa mahali yao pamoja na mashamba yao kwa hivyo inastahili serikali kuwalipa

Ya pili chief mahali anatakikana awe akichaguliwa na watu wa area hiyo, siyo macouncilors wawe na uhuru wakujiendesha wawe wenyewe, tena Molo igawanyanywa mara mbili kwa sababu ina population kubwa zaidi katika Parliament.

Upande wa wakulima Wakulima wangaliwe vizuri kwa kuwa awahana chochote kati area yao kama kwa mfano maziwa awapati mahali ya kupeleka ya tatu pareto ambayo inakuzwa katika area ya Molo awana mahali ya kupeleka tena upande wa viazi na mahindi hawana soko ya kuuza. Kwa hivyo serikali au Katiba isimamie wakulima kulingana na vile wanakuza mahali yao isiwe ikipotea kila wakati. Ukiangalia upande wa KFA wakulima walikuwa wame..................katika KFA na leo hakuna mutu ako na share ilipinduliwa ikawa KGGCU ili share ya wakulima ikapotea. Nataka tena katiba tena isimamie upande ya mashamba ya ADC na katika forest. Yani forest isipatiwe watu kwa ukabilia au mashamba ya ADC iwe ikipatiwa kulingana na Katiba ilivyo katika kila kitu iwe ikitumika kulingana na watu wa area hiyo.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: Thank very much Paul Njamba, Joseph Muigai is not there Silas Ombuna, ok Silas Summarise your name....

Silas Ombuna: Chairman sir ladies and gentlemen my names are Silas Ombuna, I am a student in one of the State Universities Egerton University the following my are my contribution the CKRC:

- the work of appointing CIPC significant people in the Country and outside the Country should remain to Parliament, such
 people include the Ambsadors, the Secretary to Cabinet and Civil Service, the Permanent Secretaries among other
 commissioners.
- 2. We Kenyans feel that we need an empowered Vice President if the President is empowered the Vice President is assist the President therefore, if the President is not within the Country the Vice President should undertake the same responsibility as the President unlike in the past where the Vice President is just like a very strong barking dog with teeth.
- 3. In appointing those VIPS the President should only acknowledge the work which done by the Parliament. if the Parliament has given a particular list of people who are to take these responsibilities the President is only to acknowledge and then as far as the structure of organization of the university is concerned, personally I feel that the Chancellor of the Public Universities should be appointed by a special body formed by a few members from the Council of each University that is to say if that body is there we can have the body called may be a State Varsity Council. If it is called the State Varsity

- Council it can appoint the Chancellor then on the same line the President is not to be an automatic Chancellor of the Public Universities but if appointed he can make one.
- 4. The local chief should be elected by wananchi so as to enable them practise democracy they should stop harassing the common mwananchi, and if they are elected by mwanachi they can stop harassing common Mwananchi.
- 5. A suspect arrested by the police should be treated to be guilty until proved guilty by the court of law. Unlike here in our constituency where we have the police harassing the wananchi and sometimes destroying.......raping people such situations should stop, then a special commission should be set to handle street children eg. Here in Molo and Nakuru we have so many street children and they are not catered for, instead of us having may be somebody volunteering to give the lunch should set aside funds to educate these children, to train them to give them technical education to enable the proceed with their life then, Capital punishment in the Kenya court of law should stop we should adhere to the commandment of the Lord thou shall not kill and that is what we as Kenyans should practise.
- 6. A president shall undergo a test at least once in his term and during that time the Vice President shall assume full powers during that time the President is undergoing a test.

Interjection: which kind of test is this?

Mr. Ombuna: A President for example in America has to undergo a test he has to be tested that if his sanity is to the point that we require if he is normal, sometime we have people who can assume powers because of their wealth and they are abnormal, they can not have the sanity we require so a President in one time should undergo a full test. A President should not be HIV positive for example, he should not have complicated diseases like cancer and all those diseases that can cause death because if somebody is HIV positive as you can all concur with that person is very much aware that the next day or the other he is going to die and therefore he will misuse the Kenyan wealth and finally rich peoplesaid controller should declare their wealth and all the wealth produced within the Country be talked within the Country and not outside the Country and those are the views I would like included in the Kenyan Constitution Sir,

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: Any questions Commissioner? Mr. Ombuna what is wrong with the President being the Chancellor of the University appearing in ceremonial position.

Mr. Ombuna: Thank you for that very good questions. Like now days the President is like an Automatic Chancellor of the public Universities I don't know of the private Universities. Many are the cases where we have heard Public University funds being misused because the President is very much busy somewhere he can not be able to undertake these responsibilities.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: Mr. Ombuna the President does not run the Universities the Vice Chancellor do. So why are you blaming the Chancellor for the messes in the University.

Mr. Ombuna: I am trying to say that the Chancellor should be responsible for mismanagement of the Universities these are my views please sir. Your view is that President should be the Chancellor?

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: Please understand what I am trying I am trying to make a distinction between the functions of the Chancellor and the functions of the Vice Chancellor even if we have somebody else and not the President as Chancellor of Egerton that person will not run Egerton the Vice Chancellor will and not Chancellor I want to understand why the President cannot be Chancellor and anybody else can?

Mr. Ombuna: In a abundance to the Kenyan situation the situation we have the Chancellor of the Public Universities as been known as the issue of orders for example other time there was a statement that was issued and we feel strongly that the Chancellor should control the activities political those are leadership activities that are going on in the universities and there should harmonization in the public universities.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: Please register but think about that very carefully the distinction between the Vice Chancellor and the Chancellor and if you want to give us a supplementary memorandum on that we will accept. Please register. Can we have Vincent Njoroge thank Mr. Njoroge summarize.

Vincent Njoroge: The Chairman of the Commission and ladies and Gentlemen mine is to read the memorandum I have here which is quiet Judicial

Interjection: please summarize the main points.

Vincent Njoroge: I am summarizing I am going talk about the first one is on proposals about the President of the ruling party. I take that he should be in the office of the two consecutive periods of ten years tenure and he should get to the office at the age of 45 yrs and not below. I also say that the Members of Parliament are to retire at the age of 65 yrs or 70 and not to have an ever lasting period.

Interjection: Members of Parliamentwhat about the President?.

Vincent Njoroge: Also the President because he is a Member of Parliament at the age of 65 to 70 yrs.

- 3. Here also I am talking about the Members of Parliament they should have a sound academic qualification of at least the form four level and above below that should not take that post.
- 4. The President should appear in the court of law like any other Member of Parliament when he commits a crime and he should be sentenced accordingly so about the law should not come in.
- 5. The President and the Parliament should honour and consider the Trade Unions grievances, here we have the workers union which are never recognized by the President and the Parliament an example is the KUT it was not recognized so the Teachers have not been heading what was passed by the Union.
- 6. The Kenya should have the right to declare the Member of Parliament redundant when he or she fails to represent them well in the Parliament, especially when a Member is Electedtime you find such member crossing the floor and join another party. So the people who elected him have the power to declare him redundant and also call for a bia election
- 7. We have the job... the job that isshould be manned by qualified personnel and not on tribal or nepotism basis. You find that this is the jobinterruption from the Commissioner.... My last point is all the reteriees should proceed on their retirement with their retire benefits and not to struggle for it thereafter.
- 8. The Electoral Commission should be neutral and independent and not to carry orders from the ruling part and I propose it should be elected by the Public Service Commission.

Com. Prof. Okoth – Ogendo: Thank you very much Mr. Njoroge how old are you? I am 51 yrs old so you can still be President.

Mr. Njoroge: I can be the President now laughter.....

Com. Prof. Okoth – Ogendo: Thank you very much please register, Bernard Methu ok Bernard please summarize

Interjection: summarize what is your last point?.

| Mr. Me | ethu: | Children | we w | vould | like to | have | (inaudible) | a | God | given | resources | in | the | absence | of | the | system(|
|--------|---------|----------|------|-------|---------|------|-------------|---|-----|-------|-----------|----|-----|---------|----|-----|---------|
| | .Inaudi | ible | |) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Com. Prof. Okoth – Ogendo: Mr. Methu your time is up. Thank you very much Mr. Mate......Njogu Mungai, Please summarize.

Mr. Njogu Mungai: Thank you very much, my names are Jongu Mungai and I am a student at Makerere Univerity. I contain my self the sub-details of a modern Constitution.

- 1. Is the Preamble, the current Constitution that we are using lacks preamble starting the objectives that the citizens of Kenyans would like to be assimilated in the works of the Government may be in future.
- 2. I would like them to have a statement of National Policies which will govern the performance of the Government which is going to be in place.
- 3. The 1963 Constitution which we are using at the moment, has been really arranged according to need because the proclamation of the Executive, Parliament and Judicial comes before the question of the settlement of rights and fundamental and symptoms of the individuals, I would like fundamental rights in be second then may there can be the question of citizenship first then fundamental rights, then the question of the Presidency because it is the people who create the Executive, it is the people who create the Parliament, it is the people who create the Judiciary.

- 4. Members of Parliament should not be allowed to amend the Constitution hazardly there should be citizenship of Kenya.
 The Citizens of Kenya should be allowed to conduct referendums of both sides to state what they want or the laws they want amended.
- 5. On the issue of citizenship I totally disqualify the idea ofcitizenship in this Country may be by those who would to come up and there should be a clear statement of who is assisting citizens of Kenya and a clear definition, of who is a youth, who is a child and also I would like to submit that there should representatives of ethnic groups, children, youth, and the elderly in the National Assembly may be by the nomination from both scopes.
- 6. On the issue of defence the current Constitution does not have a legal bearing for the qestion of the disciplined forces, the Police, it lies a double of the executive it says that responsibility of question of this organs lies with the President. I find it tricky because this gives the President all the powers he can do whatever he wants at any time. I would like that the current Constitution that you are going to make to have a legal bearing on this institutions.
- 7. Another issues on the political issues I concur with my former discussant who said that political parties should be limited to five, me I would like them to limited to 10 and they should be financed for that matter. The criteria should be after the next general election those who will be 1-10 should be come the political parties of Kenya and those who by bad lack fail to come within that range should be disqualified.

Interjection: Please summarize your last point

issue is that

Mr. Mungai On the Legislature I like the people to be givenso that they can or many be have a say in their representation. Should a Member of Parliament commit crime or may be he is not a representative of that area at the moment may be he does not represent their needs and aspirations of these people, he should be removed by the people. Another issue is that on the Executive has been so many powers, the President is the Chancellor for Universities in Kenya, he is the Commander in Chief on the issue of Chancellor I would like us to follow the system like in Uganda, where President Musevenirole of being the Chancellor of the State Universities because he doesn't have the qualification. How can a man who does not have qualification award degrees to qualified members it doesn't make sense at all. Another

Com. Prof. Okoth – Ogendo: (Interjection:) I am aware that President Museveni has a degreeso what are you talking about?

Mr. Mungai: He is a degree but he is not ready we have a right can award degreeshe doesn't have the right dreams political

Women must be given more powers on Affirmative Action.

Mr. John Mugo: My name is John Mugo I am representing the United Disabled persons of Kenya, which is an aver organization of persons with disabilities. I want to say that we are followed by (inaudible)............. Constitutional reform and we wish to express our sincere gratitude for being to present our views.

I want to say that the disabled of Kenya is totaling about where born by the last census it was established that about 10% of the total population of Kenya is disabled now the 10% of the disabled in various categories that people with physical intellectualmedical or mental. That population of the disabled is just enough for the disabled to form a Constituency of their own. It will be concern that the current Constitution does not a single clause for positive clause in relation to persons with disabilities. Section 70 and 82 of the Constitution of Kenya outlaws the discrimination of on the basis of race, time, place of origin or residence. Lack of connection political image gatheredto create but there is nothing that mentions that the disabled that they are discriminated. We believe that this is because persons with disabilities who are not invented who are not presented with who are not presented in the formulation of the supreme law of the land that the experience like Uganda where persons with disabilities were represented in the Constituency Assembly that came up with new Constitution as an example that we should borrow. Today the disabled the persons in Kenya is discriminated against the provision of services among other public services like banks with.....they had no right to access of public facilities by the way buildings are constructed, by working appliances, and charged duties and other taxes that make children unaffordable to persons with disabilities for example the blind the blind as been denied to open a bank account with banks on grounds that they can not see. The mentally handicapped being treated like if they are mentally fit, and lack of access to medical services because a medical personnel indifferent do not understand sign language thus making it impossible for a deaf person to communicate with medical doctors. And the question of presentation the Constitution disabled people and their organization should be consulted and included in the decision making process in areas of policy and there should be legislation, like the national and work of Governmental level in such areas like re-presentation, acceptability and communication. We comment that the disabled people be elected where disabled leaders are both Parliamentary and Local Government levels the numbers of provinces should be the basic to determine the disability constituency we also recommend that disability be enshrined in the Constitution and all discrimination outlawed and we recommend that opportunity be provided for persons with disabilities to be represented and participate fully in the reform process, as this will help in articulating their special needs and that makes their life better than in the present case.

Chapter 26 to be there for expanded to include persons with disabilities and all policy making organs like the Kenya Law Reform, The Public Service Commission, specifically it of concern to us that persons with disabilities shall be excluded from participating in the on going Constituency Committee.

Disability versus Constitution we bring back to our constitution section 12 (1,2) provides that for the removal of the President on the grounds of incapacity we consider this unfair that the definition of incapacity is not provided. Such interpretation should be found in capacity taking into consideration the technological development which enables persons with disabilities with the non-disabled persons. The terms incapacity should be defined to exclude all disabilities which do not incapacitate the President to such an extent that he is unable to perform his duties effectively.

Interjection: Com. Prof. Okoth – Ogendo: Mr. Mugo please summarize your last point...

Mr. Mugo: The grounds for removal of.......we are advocating that the disabled to be elected in Parliament we recommend this section to be amended to make provision for elimination of persons with disabilities and just like other elected MPs.

Interjection: Com. Alice Yano: You have a written memorandum and we will read it

Mr. Mugo: Chapter five of the Constitution provides for the traditional rights and freedoms of individuals of this country. Section 71 safe guards the right of life, however this is contradicting while abortion is allowed whenmodern technology it is detected that the baby is disabled. Also section 71 (2c) the disabled are killed for no fault of theirs since they can not run during a meeting or riot. We recommend that life at whatever stage disabled or not must be preserved. From section 71 (2c) to be amended to allow compensation for the disabled persons who are killed during riots or muteanous times as along as they have nothing to do with the situation. Thank you.

Com. Alice Yano: Thank you very much Mr. Mugo please secretariat make sure that Mr. Mugo signs the register, Isaih...... noise........... Your name and summarize very quickly.

Mr. Isaiah Ngila: Ok my names are Isaiah Ngila I am a dental officer Molo District Hospital and I am a member of the......of Kenya what I have before me is a written memorandum on the views of the western regionand I will read them. We would like to have a preamble at least stating the Constitution and Starting the purpose of establishing the Constitution and the advancement of general rights of the people the vision of the Nation and a declaration of the will of the people to the establishment and the Executive Power the Constitution should clearly state that it is only the natural citizen of Kenya that should be eligible to the office of the President and Vice president and also state a minimum of no. years which he or she should have presided within the republic of Kenya. The President and the Vice President should be elected as a running mate. The President and Vice President should not be a representatives of any constituencies though they will be ex-official members of the legislature rather Kenya should adopt a Presidential election system in which the President and Vice President are elected as a team after every five years. Nobody should be eligible to elected as a Presidential Candidate unless the nominating party has membership of at least five hundred people and at least 50% of the constituencies within the republic of Kenya. Even election for President for president no 150% of the votes cast then a second round should be conducted between the two persons who shall have attained the highest number of votes at the initial election. The second round should be conducted within 30 days of the first one, the winner a the run off shall be the President. Each elected President and Vice President should both die or leave office within two years of election. Then the General election for both President and Vice President shall be done within 90 days during which the speaker of Parliament shall act as the President. There should be a provision for removal of President and Vice President from office by impeachment.

Convictions of Prison corruption and misuse of office of other high crimes or misconduct this should be conducted by Parliament with the Chief Justice presiding. There should be at least 2/3 members of the Parliament vote to remove him where need be. On military and the Cabinet, the Ministers and Assistant Ministers and the Cabinet should not be representatives of the constituencies though they should also be ex-official members of Parliament there should be distinct separation of powers the actual andhowever there will be ex-official members of Parliament and can be called in to answer questions to the Parliament. The members of parliament are to nominate by the President but they should not take office until they shall have appeared before a Parliamentary Constitutional Committee and qualification for such persons should be stipulated to provide for a adherence of appointment and avoid unqualified personality on such

positions.

Interjection: Com. Alice Yano: Thank you very much Mr. Ngila please register you are free to return to your position Mr. George Njenga, please summarize...

Mr. George Njenga: My names are George Njenga Kamau I am representing CK the down Parish our Constitution should have a preamble where by we say it has a mission, goals and aspirations.

The Executive Powers we are saying that we are saying the President should have two terms and should be subject to insistency. What we need in Executive President and vice President elected by the people. Chiefs should be elected directly by the people and Provincial Administration should be done away with, and Judiciary, Judiciary Service Commission should be elected by the Judges and magistrates.

Appointment of Attorney should be by the Executive and be vetted by Parliament and his role should be that of chief adviser only. The Chief Prosecutor should be appointed by the Judicairy.

On Legislature we need MPs who have form four qualification and at least C+, Parliament should vet all Cabinet Ministers and should be appointed on merit and intellect. Parliament should also have its own calendar. There is always an allowances of Parliament should be determined by the a Commission composing of the following: may be COTU, Chairman JSC, KNUT, DPM, Finance Secretary and even Chief Secretary and a Member from the Civil those should be the people to determine the allowances of the MPs. We should have power to recall their MPs if they don't perform, this should be done by 60% of the voters who elected him during that time, and it should take at least two years before he can be recalled. MPs should have offices in the Constituencies and this Parliament is dissolved we should a transitional government should be headed by a speaker. This should avoid where by thethe Executive after dissolving the parliament the executive still have powers.

The last one is on Electoral Process where by we need thisshould have power to execute and may be those who commit offences and thy should be nullified and also discontinued.

Com. Prof. Okoth – Ogendo: Thank you very much please register. Rose Wanjiru Muriuki

Rose Wanjiru Muriuki: The Commissioners my names are Rose Wanjiru Muriuki I am retired district women leader in the KNUT and also head teacher in the primary school. I have a memorandum on behalf of the women in the Molo Constituency Rift Valley Province are making the following recommendation to ensure equity and equality among Kenyan men and women. We would like the Constitution to have a preamble and the preamble should state that: the new Kenyan Constitution should have a preamble that expresses the basic natural values philosophy and the vision to which Kenyan people collectively acquire. The preamble should capture the spirit of the entire constitutional framework taking and acquiring the basic principles and commitment exponded in the rest of the constitution. The preamble should include acknowledgement that women have suffered discrimination and a commitment to gender equality, democratic development and the pursuit of social justice, the preamble should acknowledge women as moral agent who have to be listened to and they are inside incorporated in the human part for natural global justice. It should also recognize women as important agent of change who carry with them their own unique experiences. Everyone we also say that everyone as a right to people

protection freedom of expression and association, the directive principle of equitable representation of both gender. Equity before the law for all citizens regardless of all gender or status should be ensiled in the constitution.

Citizenship persons born in Kenya after the 1963 and have been staying in Kenya for a period of more than five years are automatic Kenyan citizen. In Kenya citizen within or outside Kenya whether the parent is father or mother should be an automatic Kenyan citizen. A Man or Woman married to a Kenyan citizen should be entitiled to automatic Kenyan citizenship unless they choose otherwise, a child of less than 18 yrs whose parents are not Kenyans adopted by a citizen of Kenya should be registered as Kenyan citizen the Kenyan constitution should allow for these citizenship to enable Kenyans leaving abroad to enjoy their rights as Kenyan citizens.

Interjection: Please summarize the main points.....

Com. Prof. Okoth – Ogendo: We will take your memorandum and read it Rosemary Wanjiru is not there. Mwangi Jackson you have three minute.

We should have one church called Kenya, Kenya has a right to own property in every part of the country and reside there. On employment all employment should be on basis of qualification and not on nepotism, there should be respected separation of powers, Executive, Legislature and Judiciary should operate independently. People holding public office should be credible should have, should meet expectation of their offices, the President should not befor crimes and immorality committed by him when in office.

Com. Prof. Okoth – Ogendo: Thank you very much Mr. Mwangi there is a question

Com. Alice Yano: Nobody should be elected unopposed in the presidency............. suppose they ignore opposing candidates at all what happens?

Mr. Mwangi: Although there is nobody who has come forward to register as an opposing member there should be conducted election of period or period so **Com. Prof. Okoth – Ogendo:** if there is only one candidate people should vote yes or no

Mr. Mwangi: so that we know we have voted him in

Com. Prof. Okoth – Ogendo: Thank you very much there are countries that do that Dr. Kiranga please summarise

Dr. Kiranga: Macommissioner majina yangu naitwa Dr. Kiranga mzaliwa Molo mkaaji wa Molo na mimi ndiye mwenyeki wa chama cha ford people katika Molo Constitutency ata ingawa nimenadika ii kwa lugaha ya kingereza ningelitaka kufanya mtasari kwa lugha ya kiswahili ili wale ambo tuko nao wataelewa.

Kwanza tungelitaka kuwa na serikali ambayo iko na Raisi mwenye uwezo na chini ya Raisi tungelitaka tuwe na Makamu wa Raisi ambaye ata yeye atakuwa na uwezo and baada ya hapo tuwe na waziri mkuu ambaye atakuwa akiwakilisha raisi katika mbunge. Kwa kulingana na vile tulionelea sisi ni kwamba Raisi asije akawa mbunge hata kidogo. Ya pili hata makamu wa Raisi asije akawa Mbunge hata kidogo lakini katika uchanguzi wawe wanachaguliwa na wananchi kwa hivyo Raisi ana uwezo wa kumchangua Makamu wake. Naye waziri mkuu igelibidi awe amechanguliwa na wanabunge kulingana na kile chama ambacho kiko na wingi katika bunge ya mawaziri ambao watakuwa wamechaguliwa na mkuu yule anamwakilisha katika bunge yani Waziri Mkuu.

Ya tatu Makamu wa waziri mkuu naye ni lazima awe na uwezo na sije akawa anachanguliwa na Raisi bunge liwe na uwezo wa kuwachagua aou wote wakuu na waweze kuthibitisha hata wale mawaziri watakuwa wamechaguliwa.

Zaidi ya hayo nigelitaka kusema ya kwamba hata Raisi yeye mwenyewe tungelionelea asije akawa na uwezo wa kuweza hata kuwateuwa wabunge, kwa hivyo sisi tunaonlea kusije kukawa na wabunge wameteuliwa. Katika uchaguzi wa bunge tungelitaka mipaka ya mbunge irekebishwe kulingana na wakaaji wakila eneo ambalo linawakilishwa kwa hivyo sisi tungelitaka ile hesabu ya watu ambao wanaichi katika eneo fulani liwe kama lile lingine bila kuwakilisha kulingana na vile nchi ilivyo . Na Zaidi ya hayo tungeliomba Katiba ambayo tungeliunda iwe na mipaka ambayo inaonyesha kulingana kwa miaka zaidi ya kumi, isije ikarekebishwa kila wakati bunge ambacho ingelitaka kurekebisha.

Macommissioners yale ambayo yanatuuzu sisi wa Molo zaidi ni yale yanauzu upande wa ardhi. Tungeliomba kuwe na vifungu ambavyo vitongea juu ya ardhi, vifungu ambavyo vitaonyesha kwamba kunaweza kuwa na ardhi pahali ambapo unataka na titile deed iwe ni chombo ambacho kinakuonyesha wewe ni mwenye ardhi hiyo. Na Zaidi ya hayo bw. Mwenyeki ningeliomba yale ambayo yamekuwa yakitokea upande uu ya watu kufukuzwa kwa ajili ya ardhi kwa ajili ni wana Kenya. Na Katiba kitengenezwa na watu wenyewe irudishwe kwetu sis wananchi turudishiwe ili sisi wenyewe tuweze kuirekebisha. Asante Sana.

Com. Prof. Okoth – Ogendo: Asante sana any questions no questions Dr. please sign at the secretariat, George Muiruri you have a memorandum please summarise the main points only three minutes.

Mr. George Muiruri: Na macommissioners yangu ni haraka haraka na ningependa kutaja moja moja. Jina langu George Muiruri kutoka Kiambogo Farm:

- Ninge penda ipendekezwe kwenye Katiba kwamba mzao kutoka kwa mashamba ambao wakulima wamelima wawe wakilipwa na serekali moja kwa moja bila kujalisha mpaka ii iwe imeuzwa au haikupata soka mzuri.
- Ya pili bwana mwenye kiti ni kwamba watu wote ambao wana umri wa kufanya kazi, kama hana kazi awe akilipwa na serekali kutoka yeye umri wake unatosha wakufanya kazi lakini si yeye amekataa kufanya kazi ni kwamba pengine serekali aimpatie kazi.
- Ingine bwana mwenye kiti ni kwamba upande wauchaguzi wa wabunge au wa uraisi ii sehemu ya ishirini na tana kwa
 mia kutoka mikowa mitano iondolewe lakini baadala yake ikae kwamba Raisi awe akichaguliwa na wingi wa watu wa

hamsini na moja kwa mia.

• Ingine bwana mwenye kiti ni kwamba kama ni uchaguzi wa wabunge ni kwamba iwekwe katika Katiba kwamba mbunge anastahili kuwa anachaguliwa awe constituency yake iko na watu wa idadi ngapi, anajikuta ni mbunge na lakini pengine amechanguliwa na wananchi watatu au watano na mwingine anajikuta ni mbunge lakini alichaguliwa na watu zaidi ya mia mbili au mia tano iwekwe kwamba kama kuwa mbunge katika constituency ile ambayo unawakilisha wapiga kura wawe ni sawa na wale wamewekwa katika sehemu ile ingine, tuseme kwa mfano ni watu elfu ishirini au selasini namna hii mbunge awe anaingia katika mbunge na idadi ya wale watu.

Interjection: get to your last point.

 Laini ingine bwana mwenye kiti Raisi asiwe juu ya sheria, na tena ikubalike kwamba kikao cha majudge watano kinawesa kusimamisha Raisi kazi kama kutakuwa na makosa fulani. Asante

Com. Prof. Okoth – Ogendo: Bwana Muiruri any questions, please register, Josec Nyantino, Joshua Kengele, Peterson Kithinji is not there the next, the next person is Daniel Ndegwa, please summarise.

Daniel Ndegwa: Majina yangu ni Daniel Maina Ndegwa nafikiria nitatoa maoni yangu kwa lugha ya Kikuyu

Translator: Nafikiria kwanja nitaanza na mambo ya kilimo......vernacular

Translator: Serekali inatakiwa kupeana watu wakufanya kazi ikizaindia wakulima

Daniel Ndegwa: Vernacular: Thirikari niyagireiri kuheana andu akoruta wira wa guteithereria arimi.

Translator: Serekali inatakiwa Katika Katiba kuwa inausishwa kusimamia kikamilifu wakulima ili wapatiwe nafasi za malicence na mambo mengine

Daniel Ndegwa: Vernacular: Ninge Thirikari neyagereiri kuhinyererio ni Katiba guethera mashiaro moothe ma arimi thoko.

Translator: Na iwe inawalipa wakulima hapo hapo na tena hata ikipeleka chakula vina walipa kwa bei mzuri.

Daniel Ndegwa: Vernacular: Na ekorwo iriimagoragera mashiaro machio na ikamareha hau hau igachoka igathie gucharia thoko na ikamariha na bei njega.

Translator: Vyakula vya wakulima na hata hasara ambayo inaweza kuletwa na wanyama au kwa sababu ya magonjwa serekali inatakiwa kulipa ridha kwa mkulima au wagawange hasara hiyo ili mkulima asije akaumia zaidi.

Daniel Ndegwa: Vernacular: Irio cia arimi kana mahio maa mureithi, maangethokio ni murimu kana reira, Thirikari niyaagereirwo kugayana hathara na murimi ucio, niguo ndakae gukua ngoro.

Translator: Vyakula haza maziwa ambavyo kwa wakati mwingi vinaonekana vinatolewa na serekali inapeana import avitakiwi kuletwa ndani kama wakulima wana maziwa ya kutosha na vyakula vya kutosha hapa.

Daniel Ndegwa: Vernacular: Indo ta irio, iria, shukari ona kana indo iria inge murimi aarakuria itiagereire guetekirio ciume maporori maa nancha atangekorwo ni kunyihererekera ihinyererekeire pio porori ine.

Daniel Ndegwa: Vernacular: Katiba ninge niyagereirwo kuatha Thirikari kugitera iganda citu kore ucindani utaagereire.

Translator: Serekali inatakiwa kuzaidia sana kuona ya kuwa inalinda sana sana viwanda kwa njia mzuri kwa sababu wakati mwingine inaonekana kuna kazoro

Daniel Ndegwa: Vernacular: Undo uria unge niate Katiba niyagereire guitekeria gukorwo na committee cia athuri aa

matuura.

Translator: Katiba mpya ingalifaa kuwa na wazee wa kijiji wakisheria

Daniel Ndegwa: Vernacular: Athuri acio aa committee ya matoraa mathuragwo ni muingi u ihinda ria miaka itatu yathira.

Translator: Wazee hawa wakichaguliwa na wanainchi baada ya kila miaka sita.

.

Daniel Ndegwa: Vernacular: Athuri acio akorwo nio marehiagwo ni andu aa matuura mao,

Translator: Hawa wazee wawe wakilipwa na watu ambao ni wa sehemu zao. Wazee wakichaguliwa na watu wa kijiji chao na wawe ndio watakuwa wakiwapa wabunge ama macouncilors maoni yao ama kuzaindiana na serekali katika hali ya utawala ili utawala uwe ukitoka kwa wananchi.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Asante sana bwana Ndegwa peleka memorandum kwa secretariat huko, Josephat Kuhira please summarise.

Mr. Josephat Kihura: Bw. Chairman yangu ni machache sana na kwa majina naitwa kwa majina Joesphat Kihura kutoka Elbagon na mimi nawakilisha kikundi cha wakulima kwa jina la Kenya National Small Scale Farmers Traders Union Nakuru branch. Tungeomba, na sisi tumeomba kama kikudi cha wakulima Katiba mpya iwe na mambo yafuatayo ee wakulima na sisi zote watu wa mataifa ya arubaine na wawili ya Kenya tunapendekeza, ya kwamba hii nchi iwe na kifungu ambacho kinaonekana kimewekwa katika ulizi wake Mungu mwenyezi. Hata kufikia sasa pengine hatuna Kifungo kama hicho na atujui. Tuko mikononi mwa Mungu aua nchi yetu iko mikononi mwa shetani.

Ingine ni wakulima wapunguziwe kodi. Kuna Kodi nyingi ambaye wamewekewa, na hata zingine kodi za wanaona ziko zaidi na kwa kisheria ingelitakiwa iangaliwe.

Ya tatu wizara ya kilimo ikomeshwe kuagiza chakula kutoka inje ya nchi na hali vyakula vya wakulima havinunuliwi na wizara. Tumeona hiyo kwa sababu tunajua mahindi haya kununuliwa kwa wakulima.

Wakulima wawe na wakilishi wao wenyewe katika mashirika ya kamati la kilimo ya kisheria.

Ya inne kwa wakati huu shirika za miwa yanaendelea kufungwa na wananchi kazishwa kazi na wakulima awalipiwe kwa sababu serikali inaagiza chakula kuto inje na tunataka katiba Mpya ambaye inalinda wakulima sawa, sawa, jambo lingine wakulima na wafanya biashara wanaangaishwa na polise na askari tawala na askari wa mbarasa kila mahali na tungependa Katiba mpya inalinda watengewe mahali pa biashara zao. Mwisho nikimaliza tungependa pia Katiba Mpya iwe na usalama wawa nchi kwa sababu wananchi wengi wanathulumiwa. Nikimaliza polise wasiwe wanaweka wananchi seli zaidi ya mazaa arubaine na nane na utawala wamajimbo hatuutaki.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Asante sana bwana Kihura please register your memorandum there. C. K. Mwangi. Mr. Mwangi please summarise you have a memorandum.

Mr. Mwangi: Majina yangu ni Charles K. Mwangi na haya ndiyo maoni yangu. The Vice President should be elected by the public along with the President but not appointed by the President. Judiciary, Legislative and the Executive should be independent by that the I mean the President should not interfere with the Judiciary so that the cases may be Judged by their merits.

Mr. Chairman the Parlimanent should appoint such personalities like the TSC Secretay, Attorney General, Chief Justice and all those who head the Parastals bodies.

I would like it to be included that in Kenya we should not have federal government but multiparty government throughout and finally Mr. Chairman I would like to say that election the Members of Parliament or rather the Constitutional Boundary should not but Electoral boundaries should be on population and not at a random. Thank you Mr. Chairman.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Thank you Mr. Mwangi please register with the Secretariat Mr. Nyengechi I can not pronounce your first name you will have to pronounce it for us.

Mr. Nyengochi: My name is Nyengechi I am a farmer in Molo.One the head of State must be 35 - 60 yrs.

Police must stop harassing wananchi generally or need warrant of arrest to a reasonable.

Money is misused any howly such as school fees, the coffee, pyrethrum; those sources of money must be taken custody. There are people who dieing in custody, small cases such as querralingthank you very much.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Thank you Mr. Peter K. Karanja

Mr. Peter Karanja: I am representing Kachang'wani location, which we wer able to put on board and because I have written a memorandum am going to read the points which I think have not been mentioned.......

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Please do that very quickly

Mr. Peter Karanja: We have written a preamble here which you will read in your file any alteration of the Constitution by the Parliament should be done by the 80% sitting of members of the Parliament after conduction a referendum in every constitutency and such opinion should be conducted by an independent body.

The General review of the Dar Constitution should be done after 30 yrs.

About the President he should be elected an MP first and if he or she succeeds to get a presidential vote another person should be elected to replace him in the constituency.

Still about the President once a President is elected he or she should cease to behave as a party chief and should serve all Kenyans irrespective of party affiliation.

The other one is the Vice President he should be elected directly he should not be appointed by the President. He should assume all the Presidential functions when the president is out of the country and should have clearly stated roles.

About the Ministers and Ass. Ministers any Ministr who messes up should not be transferred to other Ministries he should be sacked.

The other one is about the Army we felt that the Army were not involved in KANU conflicts they should take tenders to repair roads, field bridges, serve as Doctors in Government hospitals instead of sitting idle in the barracks that way thy could help get foreign exchange and raises income for the Government.

About the prisons we felt that inmates can be trained to generate income for the Government through farming, construction or Jua Kali or instead of being a liability to the Government, any individual in need of utilizing them should pay according to the market rate.

Nominated MP it is a feeling that the nominated MP should be air.....to represent different groups like the

disabled women youth, ORIEK, attendance to parliament, all the political parties we felt the numbers should be a minimum of 3 and a maximum of 4 this is to reduce ethnic incrination the parties should be funded by the tax payers money.

About the procedure of arrest in the court it was our feeling that a civil case should not take more than a three months in the court of law, and a criminal case should not take more than one year.

Human rights however the freedom of worship a commisson should be set de-register denomination because it is being abused due to the grind for money.

Taxation level in this country should be reduced if not the Government should give all the essential services free of charge especially medical care, education, and etra the last point if theownershp of land In this Country, Aperson doing large scale in arid and semi arid region should not own more than o hundred cres and land cases should be or local abitration a small court of law.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Thank you Mr Karanja please register your memorandum with the Secretariat, Hasan Oman waweru

Mr. Hassan Oman Waweru: The supremacy of the Law n one should be above the law including the President. The Parliament should be empowered to so that it can impreach the President and remove him or her from office incase he fails to perform his duty.

To enhance Presidential impreachment on vote of no confidence incase the President does not deliver there should be a presence of two house. House of the representative and the Senate.

The President and Cabinet Ministers should not be membes of the Senete. Rather only the Vice President. The Presient should not be a member of Parlimanet rather be directly elected by the people.

The Senate should contain regional representatives while house of the representative should be formed by MPs. In this way the Senate can impreach the Presient if he does not deliver.

Local Authority the town clerk should not be appointed by the Permanent Secretary his junior to the Mayor but he is more powerful. Who is an elected councilor? This makes the Mayor the toothless doy as he can only implement what the clerk has certified. Who in turns seeks advise from the Permanet Secretary.

Who does the will of the PS.

Pronvincial Administration, it should be scrabbed one is left to wonder there should be a councilor and sub-chief while sub-chief in the samw place of jurisdiction. The two duplicate their functions. Only Councilors all chiefs elected by the people should be there Members of the Parliament and Councilors are supposed to ask permission from the DO, DC or any Development Plan who seems to very busy performing the Government duties .

Lack of quorum and persistence absentesim of the Ministers is rampant in the Parliament a code of ethics should be established through which the voters will be able to judge whether their MPs should continue or not to represent another thing in the session.

Interjection:

Politics should be least AID carrier which will reduce the majority of rich people investing in this non productive investiment rather thethank you

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Thank you very much Mr. Waweru, register with the secretariat. Eliud Kiboi Ndegwa Mr. Eliud Kiboi Ndegwa: Bw. Chairman my names are Eliud Kiboi Ndegwa and I have the following proposal to make this honourable commission.

I will start with education, government should provide free education for all up to form four that is through tax payers money and this will empower Kenyans and the entire community in future. It will also reduce child later, also the Ministry concerned not to allow a person or persons without verification to go to abroad for further studies and if they have no qualification that is waste of money and time.

I would request this Commission to change land act and for those people with about one hundred acres or more an extra tax to be introduced so that they can utilize the land they are accordinly. Government land has to protected eg. Research, forest, etc for future development of our country also still on land I would request this commission to have claimation factility in every town and by so doing we are also solving that problem in this country. When we come to Agricultue we have makerting department to be very serious when it comes to marketing and the distribution of resources so that we don't have competition and to consider good price and also governed to protect farmers from foreigners, foreigners have come they have invaded this country where by coming with strong conditions like inhorticultural farming. The are putting kenya putting Kenyans out. When it comes to water I will ask this Commission that every area in this Country do you drive into resources and for that the area you get the same revenue and it will help the same people. Still on water I will request this commission to have a dam at least two dams in every location and we shall use the same for irrigation. When we come to the region we have freedom of worship in this country and it has been misused by many people I will ask this Commission to have limitation, limit the registration of churches we shall avoid some sect we have realized we have devil worshipers and others. Summarise...... we shall have verification for those three things for free health facilities for all Kenyans, Parliament, MPs and Councilors, to be paid on attedance. And I will request sessions to be three days for a week and I will request let be three days for a week to avoid waste of time and money as well. Also mr chairman I would request defectors to pay half of their salaries to their respective parties.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Thank you very much please register your memorandum with the secretariat. Raphel Ogola is not there. David Kiman Mbugua. Isaack Mbugua Njage are you Isaack no David Kiman Mbugua.

Mr. David Kimani Mbugua: My name is Kimani Mbugua I am a teacher and I am also representing a church. God Create. We have the following proposal:

- Defence the Presient should be the Commander in chief of the armed forces
- He should not have elusive powers to declare war
- He should leave this the Prime Minister who will be Permitted by the parliament to do
- Polictical parties their numbers should be limited to three they should be financed by the Government, and the should play other role through project or harambee.
- We should adopt Parliamentary system of Government of which the Prime Minister is appointed from them majority party in Parliament
- President should remain more or less ceremonial.

- The Local Government should be given more powers to manage their resources, legislature, MP should be graduate from recognized universities. The people should have the right to recall MP and in the manner of doing this is all the councilors should meet and vote a vote of no confidence to the MP and then he should loose his post if 60% if the total councilors within his constituency vote against him.
- The MP should act on the basis of discussion from constituency and not their own feelings or ideas.
- Legislature the MP should not determine their own salaries. An independent commission should be set to do this. Then
 instead of nominated MPs we should avoid those post and in their place we should create the geographical
 constituencies where the interest groups will be represented. They should be electing their own representative.
- The Executive the powers of the President should be limited he should not be the commander in chief of the armed forces he should not appoint high cour Judges, he should not appoint the Chief Executive(parastatals head), he should never dissolve the parliament prolong or prolong it. The Local Government should be given more Powers

Interjection:

When we come to electoral system and process presidential candidates should attain 50% votes basic rights all workers should be allowed to form trade union......Language kiswahili

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Joseph Ndegwa, coe forward Stephen Njuguna be prepared, Joseph Ndegwa,

Joseph Ndegwa: The Chairman and the Members of the Kenya Constitution Review Commission., sitting at Molo My names are Joseph Ndegwa and I am coming as an individual the following are some of the things I would like to be incorporated in the Constitution of Kenya Ombudsman I say that the new Constitution of has a provision for Ombudsman this official should be appointment by the Government so you have to receive and investigate complains made by citizens against public servants and public authorities. His powers will be drawn from the Constitution which will gurantee his tenure and wind of those of those in power. Every Kenyan should be able toher complain and receive acknowledgement and reply after invetigation are completed.

Civil Service the Constitution of Kenya should make it mandatory for periodical review of Civil Service pension as matters turn today pensioners draw pension which are not related to the pesent economic sitution thereby making them very poort. Eg. In 1987 the Kenyan shilling was equal to 14silling equal to 1 Us dollar today the Kenya shillings is equal to 80 shillings. All cut wayshould be bared from bein members of political parties so that they may be impartial in dealing with all categories of citizens in voting they are free to vote for candidates of their choise, of any political party they should not publically support or complain to anybody but they should be alble to join their trade union of the civil servants.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Thank you very much Mr. Mbugua please register your memorandum can I have Stephen Njuguna.

S. K. Njuguna: Bw. Chairman kwa Majina mimi ni Stephen Njuguna mimi ni mkaaji wa Mole na ni Chairman watu wengi kwa hivyo sisemi nimewkilisha kikundi hiki au kile. Na nina maoni ambayo Moja ni mambo ya Katiba. Katibay Iandikwe na lugha zote.

Vice President achaguliwe na watu wote anaweza kuwa mbunge au anaweza kutoka nje.

President achaguliwe na watu wote.

Tungetaka tupewe macandidate ambao in independent si kutoka kwa chama hiki au kili mutu atoe aonyeshe umarufu wake ni upi

Education ipewe watoto wote bila kulipa

Viwete wapewe nafasi ya kupata viti kwa council na parliament kwa sababu ningumu ukipigana na siasa.

Mambo inauzu councilor anayechaguliwa lazima awe mutu amesoma ingalawa ajambo kidogo form four na mbunge apate degree si kwenda kusomangiwa manene mbunge. Hili ingine nigesema vile nimesikia wengine wakisema, mutu akiiba department hii asipelekwe nyingine atolewe kabisa ili wale wengine wachunge maneno hiyo.

Uchaguzi ufanyanyewe wakati wake hatutaki maneneo ya extension na hufuate Katiba. Astante bw. Chairman.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Asante

Com. Alice Yano: Umesema watoto wapatiwe elimu ya bure

Mr. Joseph Ndegwa: Mimi ningeuliza nigesema kutoma nursery mpaka std 8 and wale wa secondary wapewe bursary.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Bwana Ezekiel Rono.

Bw. Ezekiel Rono: Kwa jina mimi ni Ezekiel Rono........ Kanu chairman yangu ningetaka kusema ya kwamba pendekezo langu ni wajumbe wafungwe achaguliwe mutu ambaye amefika miaka 45 awe mbunge. President awe ni mutu ambaye amefika miaka 50 na kuendelea na hakuna limit ati president atamaliza term yake line atoke kama chama yake inakubali aendelee atatendelea mpaka akufe.

Raisi wa Kenya yote lazima apewe kama iko na shamaba kubwa sana awe ni mutu ambaye ako na eka mia moja. Kila mutu apewe eka mia mojo.

Na forest ya serikali lazima watu maskini ambaye hawana mashamba akatiwe kwa sababu hata 1965 nyandarua alikuwa watu mstuni kwa hivyo akipewa sisi watu wa Rift valley tupewe mashamba tulime au tujenge kwa hivyo hakuna makosa kama watu wanapewe mtuni awe makao.

Education kabila ndogo ya Kenya lazima angaliwe kwa masomo ametupuwa san kama akie......ana division yaohan location yao ana district yao hata kwa Mola akuna chief Assistnat Chief ya kabila iyo katika Mola. Kabila kubwa ndiyo na changua kila kitu katika Mola ama Kenya kwa hivyo Kabila ndogo lazima angaliwe na apewe madaraka.

Discrimination watu wakubwa wakumbwa wanasomesha watoto wao katika National schools yan tajiri anapeleka watoto yao National school ambayo watoto wa maskini hakuna shule anaenda anabaki nyumbani kwa hivyo serekali asomeshe watoto maskini kutoka sub-division, division, amepita Ass. Chief aachiwe mtoto na maskini aende National School Asante Sana bw. Mwenyeki.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Evanson Ngungu, Paul Kimani endelea Paul Kimani Ok. Endelea Paul

Paul Kimani: Mimi Naitwa Paul Kimani na mkaaji wa hapa Molo, Nigeaza na Mbunge, Mbunge akionekana hana maendeleo yoyote anaweza kuondolewa mara moja, na kuletwa mwenye maendeleo. Wakulima wakija peleka mzao yao, walipwe hapo Ya tatu, ufisadi mtu mwenye madaraka yoyote wakipatikan wakiwa wafisadi, wafutwe kazi na iyambatane na kifungo. Msitu n

mahali ya serekali na hakuna hata mutu moja anaweza kuiingilia msitu bila sababu maalumu. Akipatikana akifanya hivyo anaweza kustakiwa.

Dawa za kulevia zimekweisha haribu inchi yetu ya Kenya, mutu anaweza kufanya mambo mashafu zaidi akizingizia yeye ni rafiki wa President, au matawala yeyote ya kulevia mutu akipatikan hiyo anaweza hapa kugungwa maisha ili wengine wawache hiyo mtindo ambayo zaidi talk about serikali yetu ya Kenya.

Ya sita watu ziaidi wanazidi kunajisi. Hii mambo ya kunajisi na vile iko ugonjwa kama uu tuliyo nayo kama uu tuliyo nayo kwa nchil yetu yote ya Kenya. Mutu akipatikana nakunajishi ana stahili kuliwa au afungwe kifungo cha maisha.

Interjection: Ni ya Saba

Mr. Kimani: Raisi akionekana anayo maendeleo kwa ni kwa miji kama hii yetu ya Kenya anaweza kuchaguliwa ata tupigievijijini ili alete maendeleo sababu tuna taka mtu mwenye maendeleo si mtu wakumboa nchi yetu ya Kenya.

Haya ya nane Raisi awezi punguziwa madaraka sababu yeye ndiye mtu iko karibu anaweza tu kupeleka manene ikiharibika na apambane na mambo yoyote inayotokea maishani kwani ya Kenya au ya nchi ya Kenya.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Astante sana Bw. Kimani, please register with the secretariat, Bw. Kimani jiandikishe kule, James Ngugi

James Ngugi: noise....I will start with the Electoral system and procedures system and procedures. The current Electoral Commission should be abolished to apave way for a more restructured Commission, which among other things should have the following:

- Commissioners were not nominated by political parties
- Commissioners and Joint Security of tenure in a Commission that is already enjoint in the Constitution and the Chairman should be elected by the Commissioners themselves. There should be an open application system in which Parliament will vet the applicants. The Commission should have its own calander and this calendar willParliamentary calendar. All incidental expenses of the Commission should come from the consolidated fund. In the appointment of this Commissioners should be by the President although vetted by Parliament.

A person seconded by to the Commission during the election period should by all means and purposes be answerable to the Commission, in other words we are specifying the roles of the Police,the problems are arisen from. The Commission should have the power to nullify elections on the basis of occurance of electoral irregularities into the Local and Parliamentary, elections, this ones should be held together but note that the Presidential elections should be separate. The Presidential candidate should not be an elected Member of Parliament. Any successful candidate on the presidential race should ganor at least 51% votes if there failure of this in the first round there should be re-round or simple majority.

Nominations into Parliament should be as follows:

- For the marginalized groups that is women, youth, and marginalized communities should have $2/3^{rd}$ of possible nominations a certain group need to be considered is a special group to take remainder of $1/3^{rd}$ of possible nominations.
- Now the Executive should not have powers to create new Districts, this way we ill avoid the situation where you get a
 Constituency is created out of political influence or manipulation. The issuance of ID and photo registration should
 proceed simultaneously and more importantly during the electioneer period the parliamentary sticker should be the

acting President. That takes care of the issue of transition.

The Provincial Administration undermines the roles and functions of Parliament and should therefore be done away with.

Secondly should Parliament should have a very significance role in formulating of foreign policies. Third Parliament should have a very federal role in security apparatus because now at the moment it has a very limited scope in scrutinizing the security apparatus and moreso the intelligence. The issue ofdocumentation we should look at the statistics in the last general elections you find that only one or two parliamentarians representing 36% of the votes while one of six parliamentarians represent 64% of the voters that is now an issue that should be taken up by the Commission.

Lastly the Judicary we want the Attorney General to be denied the powers to take over and to terminate privately prosecuted cases and I am emphasizing the issue of taking over and terminating the private prosecuted cases, when he does that he should proceed to full reality.

Auditor General should have his reports to form the basis for prosecution and should have prosecution of powers to convict those people found guilty ofas per

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Thank you very much, Mr. Ngugi Please register your memorandum with the Secretariat, Kenndy Kiago give us your name and then summarize your point.

Kenndy Kiago: Kwa majina ni Kenndy Kiago mimi ni secretary wa ford people Molo branch. Niko na point chache ambazo nitakwenda kupeana mbele yenu.

Point ya kwanza ni kwamba Raisi, the President should ganour 51% of the total votes casted on top of 25% in five provines.

Jambo la pili all Presidential Candidates wasiwe wakipigania viti vya ubunge hive kwamba kama mutu anapigania kiti cha president akishindwa anaenda nyumbani. Tatu bunge lenyewe liweze kutengeneza calendar ya uchaguzi hivi kwamba kila baada ya miaka mitano tunajua siku ya uchaguzi, naisiwe ni secret weapon ya mtu moja.

Jambo la inne Mayor, Chairman of Country Council, County Councies wote waweze kuchaguliwa moja kwa moja na wananchi na isiwe ni vile wanachaguliwa wakati huu na councilors.

Jambo la tano elimu ya councilors iweze kukuwa ni '0' level iliyeyote ambaye anagombania kiti cha councilor at least awe amefika form four.

Point ya sita kwa maoni yangu tuwe na vyama vitatu ili kupunguza mambo ya ukabila tuwe na vyama vitatu peke yake.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Interjection: thank you viery much.

Mr. Kiago: Ya mwisho kabisa wananchi wote wa Kenya ambao wanapata vitabulisho, vitabulisho visiandikwe kabila ya mtu iwe ni mkisii, etc.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Thank you very much Mr. Kiago register with the secretariat, Patrick Wainaina, please summarise your Memorandum very quickly.

Mr. Wainaina: Asante sana bw. Commissioner na chairman, I have afew points to make to be included in our Constitution.

- No Doctor or nurse or lab- technician should stay in one hospital for more than two years, as it is to police officers and so
 on.
- 2. The local community should manage forests, and dams or water cashments areas with the help of Country Councils.
- 3. The Local Council should help the Community to determine the prices of their products e.g Maize, Milk, and so on.

- 4. The local Council should manage the loans within their area of jurisdiction.
- 5. Wholesalers should not be allowed to retain to save the businessmen or widows.
- 6. All the plots must be advertised by the Council before they are given out, the advertisement should last not more than six months or less than three months.
- 7. Everybody should have only one plot from any area of the Council.
- 8. Every District should have a home for orphans to learn to learn by church organization.
- Parliament to appoint Judges
- 10. Medicine should be provided by the Government freely.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Please register with the secretariat., Jackson Alutha, he is not there, then can I have Samuel Kihiu.

Samuel Kihiu: My name is Samuel Kihiu, Chairman of Pyrethrum Growers Association, I present on behalf of farmers. I will read straight and this is what we have.

Kenya is an agricultural Country where agriculture contributes about 25% of the GDP our proposals, farmers in general should be motivated sufficiently by way of private and marketing in order to continue to contribute into this domestic economy. Guranteed minimum return returns should be enforced in all the sub sectors of agriculture, in order to gurantee and sustain production. The high level of distraction of forest as created an environment not conducive to agricultural growth especially in the high lands, and as a result pyrethrum, milk, and horticultural products which are the mian activities in the Kenyan highlands in the very near future to show negative reponses. We therefore recommend that the gazettment of the already rooted forest as public forest utility, we have a Kenyan population to feed and we cannot do it when our water catchment areas are depleted. Agro- forestry should also be encouraged and we propose that Government finances and encourages private tree nurseries there is need to encourage rural industrialization, to create more jobs we propose hurry reforms in agriculture to allow for entry of more investors both local and foreign this will help setting up rural industries to process our crops like pyrethrum, vegetables, animal feeds etc this will help in the production of finished goods almost at the farm level. Farmers' need on farm research for a quicker transfer of information required for sustainable agriculture therefore, we propose that the current research on crops and animals should...............

Final point Government must encourage local manufacturing by raising duty on imported agro-based products and finally Mr. Chairman women in agriculture should be recognized as farmers and not farmers wife. Thank you.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Thank you Mr. Kihiu, please register with the secretariat, Justus Mochache Munda sema machache jina langu ni mochache nitasema machache

Justus Mochache: Commissioners my names are Justus Mochache Munda, I am a resident in Molo and I have the following to represent,:

- 1. The Constitution should include the director, election of the VP as the others have said.
- 2. The Civil Service seem to be so much patronaged to some few individuals and I have a feeling that it should be delinked so that perforamence can be seen.
- 3. Freedom of worship as not yet been respected here in Kenya especially when we talk of the SDS, most of the essential functions are placed on Saturday when these people are supposed to be in church. We have witnessed quite a number of such incidents where people are bein punished for not attending such.
- 4. I have a strong feeling that the laws now should be enacted to include sincle matters who are normally the builders people who have failed in life, like prostitutes, let something be done about them. It is not there wish to be single mothers but they have something to contribute to the economy.
- 5. Agriculture some of my collegues have said is the Ministry in this Economy and in my own view I feel that policies should be changed to be predicatable to be more realistic, so that they are applicable and terminable so that it can benefit the common mwananchi. Lastly Bw. Chairman the notorious financial institution in my own view have contributed a great deal of poverty in this country because they have got ambiguous laws rules and some funny clauses most people actually end up making wrong decisions in borrowing, let Parliament look into this more especially when something have been sighted let it be enforced and this one am in particular am saying the Donde bill has not been given enough attention. Thank you.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Thank you Mr. Chache please register with the secretariat, Partick Njuguna karigo please summarise.

Partrick Njuguna karigo: My names are Partrick Njuguna Karigo and I am a residence in Molo first the Government of the day should at all times be equal opportunites in development agendas in all areas of the Country regardless of the dominance of political parties of such areas as long as the people pay the taxes.

On gender issue the female and male gender shall be recongised as equal and complement the bi-state organ in the society at all times. This will help the women to have equal opportunities in bringing active laws in development of Kenya.

On pension Sir the state must offer pension benefits to all citizens of Kenya who reaches the age 70 yrs and above. There should be an account where this people will be getting some amount of money in every month for their upkeep.

On education the state must see that boy and girl must get free eduction it. For nursery to standard eight.

On the issue of land we know it is the basic resource available for food production economic development in Kenya. It should be used for benefit of the people of Kenya. We feel that all idle lands and watsted land should be transformed to a positive use.

Idle land and well owned should be taxed heavily on the issue of the qualification of the President, Sir we feel that the President shall not exercise his or her exective powers for advantages he must be above 35 yrs, have form four '0' level certificate and should not be a member of parliament. should also have must a cetificate of from a registered accounting firm stating the candidates well, the abount taxes paid' paid by him or her.

Still on the issue of Presidency we feel that the President should be clause where a President can be impreached by the Parliamentarians. On this issue we feel that the percentarge of the total votes of the winning Presidential candidates should be over 50% nationally and 25% in five provinces of the republic of Kenya. Thank you.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Thank you very much Mr. Njugunga, David Kagera, ok your name

David Kagera: Majina yangu ni David Kagera nawakilisha kikundi cha muguna self help group nataka kuzungumza juu ya utangulizi wa Katiba. Utangulizi uwe wa maono na shabaa na lengo la nchi. Ni vizuri utangulizi uwe na kiapo cha kuapa, mbele ya Mwenyezi Mungu ili kuweka maanani mambo tuliyokubaliana, ni vizuri katika utangulizi kukubaliana kuweka maanani umoja katika nchi na amani ya ulimwengu.

Ni vizuri katika utangulizi kuweka maanani juu ya democracia ya nchi. Ni vizuri katika utangulizi kuweka maanani juu ya uhuru wa maoni kuzungumza pamoja na kumaliza uwoga wote katika wananchi wote. NI vizuri katika utangulizi kuweka maanani juu wa kuinua wanyonge na kujipima nao katika kuendesha nchi na katika uchumi.

Kuchaguliwa kwa Raisi awe mtu aliye na mke and watoto aliye heshimika na familia yake and wananchi kwa jumla, awe mwenye afya nzuri, asiwe mkabila, na awe ajapatikana na kuzikika na matamshi yoyote ya ukabila, mwenye elimu kiasi cha kuelewa.

Kupingwa kwa kutangazwa kwa kiti kama kuna kosa uchaguzi, kuwe na muda wa siku ambazo kesi itasikizwa bila kucheleweshwa, kesi hii ii isikizwe na kukatwa kwa siku tisaini iwe hivyo kwa wabunge. Uchaguzi ufikie ufahamike tarehe ya kufanywa bila kuwa siri ya mtu moja iwekwe wasi Kikatiba.

Kutengewa kwa mamlaka Raisi apunguziwe mamlaka kutoka kwa bunge, mahakama, mkono wa utekelezi, mkuu wa sheria vile vile majukumu mengine yatengewe watu wengine.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Interjection: Mr. Kagera your last point please

Bw. Kagera: Kwenda kuzungumzia protection of pendomoto right freedom of individual. Kuwe na uhuru wa magazeti bila masharit yoyote, kuwe na uhuru wa kutoa maoni, na kukozoa serekali bila kutishwa. Kubunewe ofisi ya kupokea maoni ya raia, kuwe na uhuru wakufanya mkutano wa kisiasa au vikundi kuziwe na mipango iwe kujulisha usalama tu siku tatu mbele ya mkutano. Serekali ithamini elimu kwa watoto wote waliyo na umri wa kwenda shuleni.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Asante sana Bw. Kagera, we have your memorandum and we will read it thank you very much, John Angweye, is not there Stanely Njogu is not there, Joseph Muraya, are you Mr Muraya.

Joseph Muraya: Majina yangu ni Joseph Muraya Kimili na ningependa kuguzia baadhi ya yale ndugu zangu waja taja hapa ama yale nimeyandika.

Kwanza nitaguzia freedom of worship- Partly we do enjoy the freedom of worship but I would like to get into details as follows:

Judiciary katika mahakama yetu kulingana na yacob 5:12 na mathayo 5:34-37 inaongea kuhusu kuapa au swearing na hili
jambo limeumiza waumini sana, na kwa vile Katiba ni yetu na sisi ni wakenya pia sisi tunastahile kusimamiwa na pengine
unaambiwa uchukuwe bibilia uape. Kwa hivyo ningependa wale wanahusika wangalie hili lizije likaumiza wanaichi sana.

Interjection: You have a memorandum just make your very last important point and then we will take the memorandum and read it.

• Exodus 20: reading.....

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Thank you very much Pastor please submit the memorandum, Samuel Kihahau, Simon Robi, Gilbert Waititu,(all not there) Benson Kamau

Benson Kamau: Mr. Chairman my name is Benson Kamau Kigotho, I am a businessman in Molo and I have got the following representation.

- First free legal representation the Constitution should allow the sitting Government to employ a public lawyer so that the grass root mwananchi can have a taste of justice.
- Secondly education qualification of a leader- Councilors should be form four leaver, MPs should be graduates the President should be a graduate and should be become a President after becoming a VP.
- Government resources should be evenly distributed e.g in kericho we have 10 roads with rami and in Nyeri we have none.
- Impreachment of leaders- a situation should be created in Constitution whereby errant Councilor, MPs and President should be impreached where by if they fail to deliver.
- Farmers should be empowered by the Constitution by the Constitution to market and sell their produce freely and the state should come in when there is issue of taxing arises.
- Religion Kenya being a religious country there should be freedom of religion
- Should the GoK appoint the Commission of enquiry the Chairman of the Committee should make the resolutions and the
 findings public or it might be taken to the Parliament and the sitting GOK should not make it a secret because in the first
 place it was meant for the public.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Mr. Kamaua you are suggesting that people who have been VP

Mr. Kamau: Yes that is what I suggest you I imagine that the Presient will be very much experienced after serving as a VP **Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo:** Thank you very much please register, your memorandum. Leonard Muturi,

Leonard Muturi: Asante sana Bw. Chairman these are my proposals first I will begin with the election of the President. The President should be elected by at least 25% vote of every Province and more than 50% of the total vote in the whole country. This should be a direct election all over the Country and the Vice President should also be subject to the same rules of election the VP should not be elected by the President but by the voters themselves.

The President should not head any party the same should apply to the VP because incase the President is not in the office, it is the VP should be acting. The party with majority seat in the Parlimanent should elect the Prime Minister. The Prime Minister is one who should run the day to day affairs of the Government. All parastals should not have Presidential appointees but they should have Managing Directors who are employed by the Board of Governors, this Board of Governors can be constituted by Parliament and not by influence of any politician.

Many wananchi seem to have dought with the running Consitutional Review they feel that at the end of the whole exercise not everything may be exercised we are requesting that our views be honoured and this Constitution should have a frame work which should last for next 100 years. We should not focus only in the next 3, 4 or 5 yrs that will seem as if we are serving interests of individuals, we should serve interests of the whole nation for very many years to come.

Thank you Mr. Muturi please register, Alice, Samuel Chege, Peninah Wanjiru, Joseph, Mary Wanjiru, Samuel Muchiri, A W. Waweru, Joseph Waina ina, (not there) Stephen Gatimu please take your seat.

Stephen Gatimu: My name is Stephen Gatimu I am the Secretary of the DP in Molo Sub-branch and also in Molo Central world, I am however making my presentations on my private capacity. Here are my presentations:

- Employment should be strictly by qualification, we should have a Government of National Unity there should be a National Security Council which should be responsible for the External and Internal Security of our Country.
- There should be a balance tribal representation in the Armed forces, during employment the current system of employing officials for the Provincial Administration should be replaced by sytem where they are directly elected by members of the public. Chairman and Mayors of Councils be elected directly by electorate in their respective areas. A winning Presidential candidate should have 50% of all the casted votes in the country. New administrative District should be based on population and should be curved from the existing Districts that is if you have to create a District out of Nakuru District you should split Nakuru District and not cutting it out of other Districts.
- A local electrol Constitutencies work should be created basing them on population in that particular area. Members of the
 Public should have the mandate of firing a sitting member of parliament or councilor if they have failed to deliver or if they
 are not efficient. Members of Parliament should have a minimum Education of form four level and above councilors should
 have minimum of std.8 education and should recognized leadership qualities.
- Farm produce should not be taxed so that we can encourage our farmers to produce more. The Government should look for market to enable our farmers sell their farm products. A good case is pyrethrum is only being market by the PBK and as we are talking farmers are really suffering just because they do not have more market.
- Voting rigging during national election should be treated as treason (kama uhaini) finally farming books and imprements should be tax free. Thank you very much.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Thank you very much please register, Moses Nganga, Nathan Ongeri, Martin Nkaria,(not there)
Peninah Munyaka take your sit

Peninah Munyaka: My name is Peninah Munyaka and if you will allow me I get to my point. My point is basically on the independent of the Judiciary, it should be independent in practice and not just in theory as it is now. The President has too much power over the Judiciary and this powers should be put under check, eg. The President has been given the power to appoint the CJ, he also has the power to appoint the tribunal that should move the CJ from office incase of failure in his duties. This powes should not be bestowed on him according to me. The President also has power to appoint the "Judges with advice of the Judicial Service Commission whose members have been elected by him this include, the AG, the CJ and other people who have been elected by the President. So infact it does not make point to me that she is being advised by any other persons because the same people who are advising him, he has appointed them. This gives them too much power that he can

misuse and render the Judiciary dependent on him and that is the right of the people will be infrindged. The Judiciary Service Commission should include members proposed or elected by the magistrates then it can appoint theJudges and CJ. The High Court is very important since it deals with the Constitutional matters and thus should be protected and that all.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Harun Kamau, Col. Mwangi Njuguna, hayuko, Patrick Nyandisi please take your sit.

Patrick Nyandisi: Asante Bw. Chairman yangu ni machache sana inauzu tu mambo ya local authority, ningependekeza kwamba Mayors na Chairman's wawe wanachaguliwa direct na wananchi badala ya kuchaguliwa na Councilors. Ningependekeza pia mahali bunge limejengwa yule Major ambaye ako katika iyo citi awe anaruhusiwa anaingia katika bunge ili awakilishe mambo yale yako katika iyo city. Hali ya elimu kuuzu councilor awe anaweza kuongea lugha zote mbili zilizinaeleweka kiswahili, na kingereza.

Jambo la Inne ni kuhusu Councils tumeona shida uwa kuna migongano uko katika council, administration ambayo ni sisi na wale ambao wamechanguliwa. Tungetaka council ijisimamie na iwe na uwezo wakufanya kazi yake bila kuingiliwa na serikali kuu. Jambo lingine ni kuhusu mipaka ya uchaguzi, uwa na shida wakati mwingine munakuta mipaka inabadilika bila wale ambao wanausika kujulishwa, kwa hivyo tungetaka iwe nikitu kimewekwa na wakati wakubadilisha iwe inachukua muda fulani ili mipaka iweze kubadilishwa. Kuna jambo ambalo ningependa kuweka hapa ambalo ni gumu kidogo kuhusu mambo ya shamba nimeonelea kwamba mashamba yetu tumekatakata mpaka kiwango kwamba miaka ingine ijayo hatutakuwa nafasi ya kufanya chochote. Kwa hivyo pendekezo langu ni kwamba shamba iwe mahali ya state,......should apply on that line.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Thank you Nyandisi, please register with the secretariat Mr. Thanju, Philip Kibeti, Isaac Wageche, Joseph Kiaga, Isaac wageche

Isaac Wageche: My names are Isaac K. C. Wageche a teacher from kinyai primary school. Kinyai primary school an aspirant of Molo seat.

Com. Prof. Okoth-Ogendo: I thought you said you are a teacher

Isaac Wageche: Yes, laughter.......The areas first area is freedom of worship, everybody should be free to worship anything and in any way provided that this faith does not infringe the rights of others, this faith upholds sacrinage of life, the state should see to waith that no force or cohesion is used to make one believe. No one should be forced to do anything that infridges his faith by the state. Another area is the resources whereby I have talked about land, water, aids, labour and I intend to raise about labour, manpower, I find that labour in Kenya is one of the main resources that should be divided into two category, one as civil servants and the private employment, where by civil servants should be men of high integrity. Their remuneration should be decided through remuneration committees with the workers stable represented in the same through unions. Any remuneration so set should be implemented by the Government without delay. A Government which can not meet these should be relinguished Governance i.e they have failed they should be owned up like any other company.

Another area is all civil servants should hold only one office at a time. A private employment, employees should never suffer for the failure of the management that is incase your are in a company and the management fails to run the affairs of a company well. Then the employees are entitled with their benefit. In another area the state should set a minimum skills applicable for different sectors and regions. That is on the private sector employment.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Summarise

In intend to talk about the Commission of enquiries set by the Government to investigate anything are accountable to tax payers and their findings should be made public within 90 days of the their finalizing. Finalizing means borrowing of AIDs. The sorts of borrowing by the Government should be suntioned by the Parliament by a vote of not less than 65% of the sitting members, such funds should then be seen to fufil the purpose for which it was borrowed by house committee.

Reallocation of the field should only be done through Parliament with the same voting criteria. On corruption please all properties attained through corruption or abuse of office should be nationalized.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Thank you very much Mr. Isaac, please register your memorandum. Joseph Ngai Kaiga, Peter Ndurungo, are you Peter Ndurongo ok.

Peter Ndurungo: Mr. Chairman, My names are Peter Ndurugo Kiburia. This is my proposal on Constitutional Reform in Kenya. The Vice Chairman wa DP katika Molo division states that these belongs to the people. This change in Constitutional must be approved by the people so referendum. President must be the Chief Executive, should be serve for two – five years terms must be elected by 51% and above the casted votes. The Parliament should have power to infringe he/him for breach of Constitution should not be an MP. Vice President he should be President running mate should not be an MP. Prime Minister he should be appointed by the President from the majority party or parties in Parliament. or party in Parliament should be accountable for Parliament, should always be present in Parliament to answer questions. Parliament should regulate its own budget/ procedure and time table should never be dissolved before it warns its full cause.

Majimbo system of Government should be abolished, eg. Propose of the provincial administration and the transfer of its duties to strong local authorities. Special offices at Commission the President should share of powers of appointment. Only qualified and and upright person should be appointed to this offices. All votes to this officer should security of tenuere. All what this office should have security of tenuere all appointed to approval Parliament approval.

Com. Prof. Okoth – Ogendo: We will read the rest of it, thank you very much please register, John Ndaka, is not there Charles Nyakundi, Collr. Nyankuni Okemo.

Collr. Nyakundi Okemo: Mr. Chairman mimi ni councilor Mimi ni Collr Samuel Nyankundi Okemo. Niko na maoni yangu, Mr. Chairman ofisi ya Raisi President akitaka kusimama Kiti ya Uraisi katika ofisi ya raisi, lazima awe ana rekondi nzuri, hausiki na mambo ya ufisadi, na ofisi ya makamu wa raisi, makamu wa raisi lazima achaguliwe kutoka kati ya wale wabunge wameingia katika bunge. Wabunge wale watachaguliwa, lazima wawe ni wabunge wako na rekondi nzuri, hawausiki na uchafu wowote, kama wizi katika mali wa uuma ama kuagucha katika parastal ya serikali, wasiruhusiwe kusimama katika viti vya siasa. Upande wa local government, madiwani naye pasisimame viti vyovyote ikiwa wanausika na mambo ya ufisadi nahoo wawe ni madiwani wako na rekodi nzuri, ndiye wanaweza kulinda mahali ya hoo wananchi. Ofisi ya Minister wa Agriculture nchi yetu ya Kenya Katiba iwe wazi kama Kenya wakenya wamelima chakula, wizara hiyo isiruhusu chakula iingine kutoka inje kwaangamisa wakulima wa Kenya. Iwe wa Kenya wanauza chakula yao ikiwa tunaitaji chakula ndiyo Ministry hiyo itoe kibali ya kuagiza chakula kutoka inje.

Tarsisi ya education Mr. Chairman watoto kuanzia darasa la kwanza mpaka University wasomeshwe na serekali. Ikifika katika University kama ni pesa inaitajika ili ishike katika university serekali ilipie mtoto ¾ na mtoto alipe ¼ lakini baada ya kumaliza elimu yake akatwe hiyo pesa aweze kukatwa iyo pesa ipate katika ile yake alikuwa anitajika kulipa, kwa sababu

watoto wengi wamekosa elimu sauli pesa ya elimu imekuwa kali zaidi. Katika upande wa Secondary school watoto walipe pesa ya malazi kama ni boarding school ama pesa ya kugaramia maitaji yale ako kwa shule sababu serekali inalipa walimu, ni serekali upeleka staff katika iyo shule.

Mr. Chairman mambo mengine wazee wa mikaa sabini wawe wakilindwa na serekali.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Asante sana collr. Please sign our book. David Gitari, James Gitau, Njoroge, Rev. Samuel Ndirangu.

Rev. Samuel Ndirangu: Mr. Chairman I am Samuel Ndirangu from the Aglican Church of Kenya and Chairman of Justice and Peace in the diocese of Nakuru. I have a memorandum here. Let me just read this and them our vision is to our new Kenyan for citizens elaborate life abundantly giving peace, and find opportunities to explore their talents, human dignity is protected and ideal cherised a Kenya that is founded on justice and the rule of law. Justice should be a chieved and fed up. In the Constitution Mr. Chairman we need to include the preamble where it will state the concern of the people and movement of the people in the Commission of the Constitution. Concerning the elections Mr. Chairman I just talked about the election of the President. The President should be directly be elected by the people by 50% a national vote and should not be a member of parliament as it has been. There are many other things that I have commented there concering defence and national security, it is very important to know that the Constitution should lay the guidelines and discipline of all causes in the Country. A well stipulated code of law should be put in place to discipline the force and should be enshrined in the Constitution. On bill of rights Mr. Chairman the likes and the likes to life. We recommend that abortion should not be legalized in the Constitution, it is immoral to take life. On rights of conscious though it is very individual should have a freedom of worship we recommend that homosexuality as form of marriage is against the will of God and should never be legalized.

Concerning the rights of environment it is very important to note here that the Mr. Chairman ecosystem has been disturbed by deforestation and pollution and the like. So the government should take note of that. And also the Constitution should lay the guidelines of how we should take care the environment.

Interjection: Can you please go to your last point?

And the very last point here Mr. Chairman is about economic rights, farmers do not have any voice on their produce, so it is very important to have that in our Constitution. To have voice of their rights of how they should sell their produce Mr. Chairman thank you.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Thank you very much Bw. Reverend please sign our register, Daniel Njoroge

Daniel Njoroge: Majina yangu ni Daniel Njoroge Kiugu na niko na mapendekezo machache.nimefikiria ni vizuri......

- Ya Kwanza kabisa tunataka tume ya uchaguzi ichaguliwe na vyama vyote via kisiasa,
- 2. Raisi awe anatumika miaka mitano na azizidiche miaka hiyo.
- 3. Ya tutatu vitu ambavyo sisi wakulima tunakuza hapa nchini visitoshwe ushuru wowote, ili kila moja wetu kama wakulima anufaike na chochote anacholima kwa nguvu zake.
- Machifu wote wawe wakichaguliwa na wananchi wenyewe ambao anawakilisha.
- 5. Wananchi wote wawe na uhuru wa kukutaa kiongozi yeyote ambaye amekeuka

makubaliano yake na waliko mchagua.

6. Wakulima wote wafadhiliwe na serekali kwa kupewa mikopo.

7. Shule zote za serekali kama vile shule za msingi, zitoe elimu ya bure na gharama zote zizimamiwe na serekali

8. ya mwisho kabisa ni wabunge, mawasiri ama Raisi wanatumia pesa nyingi sana kwa serekali na kwahivyo nimaoni yangu wapunguziwe mishahara hiyo had elfu sabini,

wapangaziwe mishahara myo nad end saomi,

9. Serekali isikubalie uigizaji wa bidhaa kama, vile sukari ama bidhaa zozote zinazofanana ya vile tunakuza hapa nchini.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Asante sana bw. Njoroge, Peter karani

Peter karani: Asante sana bw. Mwenyekiti na haya ndiyo maoni yangu; maoni yangu ni elimu iwe ya bure na iyo lazima kwa serekali isamie.

Kuhusu hospitali ningependekeza ziwe za bure na Chemists zote zifungwe na madawa yarudishwe mahospitalini.

Kuhusu wakongwe wote wenye umri wa miaka themanini watunzwe na serekali na iwe ni lazima. Nao kuhusu maskini wale wa chini hoe hoe na wale awana kazi wala biashara waghalamiwe,angalau na mtajiri wabunge na wakati huo, na watumishi wa uma waghalamiwe kwa mshahara kidogo kwa kuwasukumia maisha,

Naye kuhusu mikopo ipewe watu wote walio na vitabulisho na mwisho kwa maoni yangu, mstakiwa akifikishwa kwenye police afanyiwe uchunguzi vizuri, na uchunguzi ufike hata kwa majirani wake kabla ya kupelekwa kwa mahakama, na ikiwezekana inaweza kufanyiwa na wazee wa vijiji, kwa vile wengi wamepelekwa polise, na kupelekwa mahakama bila makosa yoyote.

Interjection: Asante sana bw. Karani

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Asante san bwana Karani, please sign the register, Alice Cheluget, thank you Alice take your seat.

Alice Cheluget: (in kikalenjini) Vernacular

Tanslator: Kwa maoni yangu nitaongea kuhusu ndoa za wanawake.

Alice Cheluget: (in kikalenjini) Vernacular

Tanslator: Inaonekana upande wa wanawake tumenyanyazwa sana.

Alice Cheluget: (in kikalenjini) Vernacular

Tanslator: Hata Kwa uongozi tunaona ya kwamba sehemu nyingi wanawake awapewi nafasi ya kuongoza, hata ikiwa ni kijiji, ama katika serekali

Alice Cheluget: (in kikalenjini) Vernacular

Tanslator: Sehemu ingine nitaguzia ni kuhusu mashamba

Alice Cheluget: (in kikalenjini) Vernacular

Tanslator: Kuhusu upande wa mbao serekali wamewapatia shamba waendele kuishi na wasiguze pahali wamepewa

Alice Cheluget: (in kikalenjini) Vernacular

Tanslator: Lakini lazima wakuze miti ili tusije tukakosa mvua.

Alice Cheluget: (in kikalenjini) Vernacular

Tanslator: Serekali pia tungependa itusaidie kuhusu wale wasishana wanazaa watoto nyumbani

Alice Cheluget: (in kikalenjini) Vernacular

Tanslator: Pia serekali iwafanye kila mutu awe anausika kulinda watoto kama in bwana ama mama.

Alice Cheluget: (in kikalenjini) Vernacular

Tanslator: Also concering single mothers who may not be having assistant from the chief or administratation

Alice Cheluget: (in kikalenjini) Vernacular

Tanslator: Kwa sababu single mothers wako na shinda kwa upande wa kiadministration wakati wanaenda kutafuta usaidisi wananyanyaswa kimapenzi

Alice Cheluget: (in kikalenjini) Vernacular

Tanslator: Tena wakina mama wasaidiwe wakiwa katika vikundi ili kuwaweshesha kulinda watoto wachanga wanapokuwa.

Alice Cheluget: (in kikalenjini) Vernacular

Tanslator: Concerning Greenthe Government should set and set conditions that a chemist isso that they do not let curses bring in some health problems.

Alice Cheluget: (in kikalenjini) Vernacular

Tanslator: Serekali pia itupatie huduma ya afya watu wengine awajiwezi, wana weza kufa kwa sababu hawa wezi kwenda kujinunulia madawa.

Alice Cheluget: (in kikalenjini) Vernacular

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Asante weka kidole kule mama. John Mburu, Joseph Mwangi.

Joseph Mwangi: Thank you Mr. Chairman I am going only to highlight a few proposals:

- 1. On the Presidency an age limit to set ie on the lower side and on the highest side, so that we don't have ceneral people seeking for presidency and people who are young seeking for presidency.(35-70) age limit
 - 2. The winning President should ganor at least 51% of the votes cast
 - 3. Those vieing for the presidency should not vie for parliamentary seat.
 - 4. A president who should not have a low education. One vieing for the presidency should at least secondary education
 - 5. The VP should be elected by the people directly and also ganor 515 of the votes cast.
 - 6. On the MP should be of reasonable education that is secondary education, a law should be enacted for voters to recall an unperforming MP.
 - (those MP who are missing in Parliament and not even see his constituencies)
 - MPs salaries should be set and reviewed by a Commission that should be independent from the Parliament.
 - 8. On the Councilors people with less than secondary education should not vie for councillorship, mayors and Council Chairmen should be elected by the people directly.
 - 9. On theemployed by a public service Commission and not the Executive
 - 10. the last one Chief should be elected by the people and on salaries should be harmonized so that Kenyans are paid according to their education standards.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Titus Rotich.

Titus Rotich: Thank you Mr. Chairman and the odience, I would like to present my proposals though most of them have

been said.

- 1. I would just like to emphase some of them. All Kenyans should not be denied their rights, the Consitutional should be written and translated in Kiswahili and be distributed to the locational level or chief offices.
- 2. The Kenya gazettes to be printed too and be distributed to the chief office to be accessing.
- 3. the land issue land issue in Kenya now would like to a Constitution that will allow every Kenyan to own land. Limitation, maximum land to be given either I could propose may be maximum acerage to be 1000 and minimum to be ½ to avoid thereby a person is owning thousands of acres and others squatters eg. You can find a grandfather is a squatter and his grandsons are squatters.
- 4. The next one is concerning agriculture and since it is one of the backborn of the country, we should gather a Constitution that protects the agriculture section and industry. Give the farmers the right of market and to prepare importation of the same production they have in the country.
- 5. Finally we go loans we should given out not influentially by political leaders and whereby the loan is being defaulted the defaltee should be charged and if incase whereby people have decided to hide or to doldge the payment by entitling their children or wives with their property they should be followed. Anything which has been given to the child should......thank you.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: John Ndafa. The final presenter is John Ndafa, I a called you earlier.....

John Ndafa: I want to talk a little a bit on behalf of the Kenya Deaf Line Parents

Association concerning the handicapped.

- 1. That the Government should have a.....representing the handicap in the East African Parliament.
- Education for people with special needs both basic and vocational should be free in order to encourage parents of handicapped children to take them to school.
 - As you can see in Kenya most of the parents who have such children at home do not take them to the learning institutions because they feel that it is exspensive to pay school fees for them, so if the school fees is freed the parent will be taking the children to school.
- Hospital and medication for the handicapped may be free of charge since the victims do not have reliable financial basis. I think that is clear.
- 4. Special ID for the handicapped should be introduced for easy recognition of the handicapped incase of assistance. As you can see we have Government funding for the handicapped and it is not easy if the handicapped have no ID card to know who is who, so if they are given special ID it will be easy for their prosession.
- 5. More strict measures to be taken against rapist of handicapped.
- 6. There should be nominated MP who should also be Ministr incharge of special education preferably a handicap MP. Teachers for special education unit should be given promotion of I grade a end of ordinary teacher of his salary scale, this will reduce the current out cry of understaffing due to teachers leaving special unit.
- 7. Lastly there should be an educational field officer from every division who should be provided with motor –bike to visit residents identifying the people with special needs. His duties shall advising them to join schools, obtain ID and

other benefits from the GOK. Thank you.

Com. Prof. Okoth- Ogendo: Thank you very much Mr. Ndafa, we are now at the end of our hearing in this church,

we will continue in Kizingu Catholic Church on Monday. I must thank all of you and my collegueas for the very good

view you have presented, they have been written they have been focused, we are going to anlyse every one of them. I

would like like we started for somebody to close the session with the word of prayer.

Can we have one of the students pray for us. Thank you let us bow our head and pray. Our father we thank you

because of giving us a good day, we have stayed here in peace and it is through your holy name that there was no

quarrels that has happened, father we are thanking you because of giving us a chance to reform the Constitution of the

they gave the correct view. Father we are asking you to guide all the people who have been here at the time of going

home, we pray shortly believing in Jesus.

The meeting ended at 5.00 P.M.