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1. DISTRICT PROFILE

Bungoma District is one of 8 districts of the Western Province of Kenya.

1.1. Demographic Characteristics

District Population by Sex	Male	Female	Total
	425,957	450,534	876,491
Total District Population Aged 18 years & Below	260,605	260,469	519,074
Total District Population Aged Above 18 years	165,352	190,065	357,417
Population Density (persons/Km²)	424		

1.2. Socio-Economic Profile

Bungoma District:

- Is 4th most densely populated district in the province;
- Has one of the highest primary school enrolment rates in the province at 86.8%, being ranked 2nd in the province and 7 nationally;
- Has one of the highest secondary school enrolment rates in the province at 28.0%, being ranked 3rd in the province and 19 nationally;
- Experiences the following main diseases: Malaria, Anemia, Broncho Pneumonia, Gastro-Enteritis, and Typhoid;
- Has a 21.7% malnourishment rate of children under 5 years of age, being ranked 17th of 42 of the nationally ranked districts;
- Has 92 of 1000 of its live babies dying before the 1st birthday, being ranked 35th of 44 of the nationally ranked districts;
- Has a life expectancy of 55.3 years, being ranked 25th of 45 of the nationally ranked districts;
- Has an absolute poverty level of 55.21% being ranked 23 of 46 nationally ranked districts;
- Has a 57.12% food poverty level being ranked 28th of 42 nationally ranked districts;
- Has a monthly mean household income of Ksh. 5,526;
- Has an unemployment rate of 29.72%;
- Has 74.30% of its residents accessing clean water; and
- 87.10% of its residents having safe sanitation.

Bungoma district has 5 constituencies: Kimilili, Webuye, Sirisia, Kanduyi, and Bumula Constituencies. The district's 5 MPs, each cover on average an area of 414 Km² to reach 175,298 constituents. In the 1997 general election, FORD-K, an opposition political party, won all the parliamentary seats in the district. It won, Kimilili, Webuye, Sirisia, Kanduyi, and Bumula parliamentary seats with 87.96%, 67.73%, 78.76%, 80.88%, and 78.08% valid votes respectively.

2. CONSTITUENCY PROFILE

2.1. Socio-Economic Profile

The constituency is home to the Nzoia Sugar Factory headquarter. This factory processes sugarcane produced by the locals. Sugarcane is a main cash crop in the constituency.

2.2. Electioneering and Political Information

This is an opposition stronghold. In the 1992 and 1997 general elections FORD-A and FORD-K won with 33.25% and 80.88% valid votes respectively. In 2002, the National Rainbow Coalition won the seat.

2.3. 1992 General Election Results

1992 TOTAL REGISTERED VOTERS			69,969
CANDIDATE			
PARTY	VOTES	% VALID VOTES	
Lawrence Sifuna	FORD-A	19,446	33.25
Joseph Khaoya	FORD-K	18,128	31.00
Alfred Nyongesa	DP	12,026	20.57
Maurice Makhanu	KANU	8,877	15.18
Total Valid Votes		58,477	100.00
Rejected Votes		1,654	
Total Votes Cast		60,131	
% Turnout		85.94	
% Rejected/Cast		2.75	

2.4. 1997 General Election Results

1997 TOTAL REGISTERED VOTERS			40,672*
CANDIDATE			
PARTY	VOTES	% VALID VOTES	
Athanas M. Wafula	FORD-K	23,136	80.88
Joseph Khaoya W.	KANU	4,654	16.27
Dickson Kakalukha W.	DP	816	2.85
Total Valid Votes		28,606	100.00
Rejected Votes		599	
Total Votes Cast		29,205	
% Turnout		71.81	

% Rejected/Cast	2.05
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*The reduction in voter registration figures is due to the fact that Bumula, a smaller constituency was carved out of it.

2.5. **Main Problems**

- Mismanagement of the Nzoia Sugar Factory. This has resulted in farmers being owed millions of shillings in back deliveries. Farmers also lose cane to fire during the dry season but the factory refuses to harvest it saying that farmers have burnt it deliberately;
- High unemployment rate which has led to increased crime in the town;
- The rot and squalor of the town has caused a rise in cases of typhoid in the town. Visitors are advised not to drink water in the public houses.

3. **CONSTITUTION MAKING/REVIEW PROCESS**

3.1. **Constituency Constitutional Forums (CCFs)**

3.1.1. **Philosophy**

The Constituency Constitutional Forum (CCF) plays a very significant role in the review of the constitution. It is designated as one of the organs ‘through which the review process shall be conducted’ - (sec. 4(1) of the Constitution of Kenya Review Act, Cap.3A). The importance attached to the CCF arises from the recognition of the need to involve the people fully in the review of the constitution. Only through such participation of the public will the new constitution reflect the preferences, hopes and aspirations of the people. It would also increase people’s knowledge of constitutional issues, and facilitate their familiarity with the provisions of the new constitution. Additionally, the process enhances the legitimacy of the constitution among Kenyans and their sense of ownership over it. In these ways the proper implementation and safeguarding of the constitution will be facilitated.

3.1.2. **Composition and Establishment**

The 1997 Review Act had provided for district forums ‘to mobilize communities at the local level for the purpose of civic education in preparation for the Commission’s work and to perform such other duties as the Commission may assign’ - (sec. 12A (6). The District Forums were to consist of members elected to represent locations, religious organizations, and the disabled, in addition to MPs and members of every local authority in the district. The Act contained several provisions prescribing minimum qualifications for membership and regulating the operations of the District Forums.

The Select Committee of the National Assembly, which reviewed the Act in early 2000, decided to replace the District Forums with Constituency Forums to get views ‘directly from the people in the constituency without necessarily going through the rig ours of an election to determine the members of the forum’. It thought that this would provide for a more popular form of participation. It recommended on the simplification of the forum to avoid elections. The Select Committee envisaged the constituency forum as and ‘open forum with no specific structures’, which should be ‘flexible and easy to manage’. Its opinion was that the ‘existing leadership

comprising Members of Parliament, councilors, community based organizations, religious groups and individuals should be able to present views and opinions directly from the grassroots' (The *Report of the Parliamentary Select Committee Reviewing the Constitution of Kenya Review Act, 1997*, April 2000). It removed the regulatory powers of the Commission over the forum, its role being confined to the 'facilitation' of the forum. It also changed the function of the forum from the facilitation of civic education to also include facilitation and the collection of the views of the public on proposals to alter the constitution.

In view of the limited role of the CKRC in the establishment of the CCF's, the CKRC prepared and gazetted Guidelines for the operationalization of the constituency constitutional forums. The Guidelines stipulated that all the residents of a constituency would constitute the CCF. The CCF is described as one of the organs 'through which the review process shall be conducted' - (sec.4 (1)). The CCF was thus one of the principal ways in which the views of the public were to be obtained.

In order to coordinate and facilitate the activities of the CCF, a Constituency Constitutional Committee (CCC) was to be established. The Guidelines proposed its membership to consist of 10 persons, of which three would be ex-officio: the local MP, the chair of the County Council in which the constituency is located, and the District Coordinator. The Guidelines stated that the membership would be as broad and representative of the people of the constituency as possible and recommended that at least a third of the committee should be women.

3.1.3. **Functions of CCF**

- Facilitation of collection of the views of the public at the constituency level on proposals to alter the constitution; and
- Debate and discussion of the views of the members of the public on proposals to alter the constitution.

In performance of these functions, the CKRC was required to visit all constituencies (Sec.18 (1)(a)).

3.1.4. **Functions of CCC**

- The functions of the CCC were mainly facilitative and advisory, the primary aim being to enhance the effective participation in the ownership of the constitution review process by the people at the constituency level;
- The CCC was also mandated to promote, facilitate and monitor civic education at the constituency level in collaboration with the District Coordinator and civic education providers;
- Additionally, the CCC had to ensure that the constituency had access to all information relevant to the review process in coordination with District Documentation centers; and
- Finally, the CCC was also mandated with the task of dissemination of the report of the CKRC. It was to be assisted in this by the District Coordinator, who was also its accounting officer, in relation to funds that were made available to it by CKRC.

It is important to emphasize that the Guidelines were advisory, and the local community was free to modify them to suit local circumstances. For example, the size of the CCC could be increased

when and if adequate representation and diversity required it.

3.1.5. **Date of Commencement of Work**

The Constituency Constitutional Forum (CCF) was to run for an initial period commencing November 2001 up to September 2002. Accordingly, each Constituency Constitutional Committee (CCC) should have been constituted at the very latest by the end of November 2001. The Constituency Constitutional Forum was to be operational by that time.

3.2. **District Coordinators**

3.2.1. **Mandate/Terms of Reference**

- Be the local grass root representative;
- Perform the generalization activities in the district;
- Be in charge of the documentation center/s in the district, facilitate its/their respective management, ensuring they are stocked and are easily accessible to the public and also organize their safety and security;
- Gathering any relevant local information and materials for the purpose of constitution making;
- Facilitate the identification, classification and organization of the physical and electronic retrieval and dissemination of information and materials for constitution making;
- Supply such information needed by local constituency forums and committees;
- Liaise with other documentation centers nearby and others for information;
- In collaboration with constituency committees, identify and arrange venues for public hearing whenever the CKRC visits the constituencies in their area;
- Facilitate regular meetings of the constituency committees and involve local people as much as possible in discussing constitutional issues;
- Source and identify other key personnel that the CKRC may wish to consult or engage in its work;
- Identify and arrange for simultaneous local translations, sign language users, procurement and hiring of public address systems, transport and communication facilities for CKRC's meetings in the district;
- Monitor the implementation of civic education by civic education providers in the district;
- Facilitate the formation of constituency committees with guidance and assistance of CKRC; and
- Perform any other tasks as directed by CKRC.

3.2.2. **Criteria for Appointment**

- Diversity in the composition, taking into account ethnicity, age, religion and professional or occupational background; and
- Appointees had at least attained Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education or its equivalent.

4. **CIVIC EDUCATION**

Civic education in the constitution was carried out between 1st February 2002 and 16th June 2002

4.1. **Phases in civic education**

Stage 1 is the only phase that has been covered. This is the stage preceding collection of views. This stage dealt with information, knowledge, skills and virtues that enabled Kenyans have an informed choice and present their views on constitutional review.

4.2. **Issues and areas covered**

- Constitution
- Constitution making process
- The constitution of Kenya
- Emerging issues
- Governance
- Structures and systems of government

5. **CONSTITUENCY PUBLIC HEARINGS**

5.1. **Logistical Details**

1. **Date and Number of Days for Public Hearings**

- a) Date(s): 1st and 2nd August 2002
- b) Total Number of Days: 2

2. **Venue**

- a) Number of Venues: 2
- b) Venue(s):
 - a) Bungoma County Council
 - c) Nzoia Sugar Company

3. **Panels**

- a) Commissioners
Com. Bishop Njoroge
Com. Ibrahim Lethome

- b) Secretariat:

Triza Apondi
James Macharia
Lydia Moraa

Programme Officer
Asst. Programme Officer
Verbatim Recorder

5.2. Attendance Details

Category	Details	Number
Number of People Who Presented		156
Sex	Male	148
	Female	8
	Not Stated	0
Presenter Type	Individual	115
	Institutions	41
	Not Stated	0
Educational Background	Primary Level	21
	Secondary/High School Level	116
	College	1
	University	18
	None	0
	Not Stated	0
	Other (Adult Education/Vernacular/Madrassa/Informal Education)	0
Form of Presentation	Memoranda	0
	Oral	85
	Written	26
	Oral + Memoranda	4
	Oral + Written	41
	Not Stated	0

5.3. CONCERNS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The following are the recommendations made by the presenters in Kanduyi Constituency. The recommendations were collated around 43 areas of concern, from the Preamble to National integrity/identity. Only areas where recommendations were made in the constituency are covered. The numbers in parentheses represent the number of times the recommendation (bulleted) was made, either orally or through written memoranda. Each count on a specific recommendation was picked from an individual, a group or an organization. Where a presenter made different recommendations on the same area of concern, each recommendation was counted separately. Where no number appears in parentheses, the recommendation was made

only once.

5.3.1. **PREAMBLE**

- ? We need a preamble in the constitution. (20)
- ? The preamble should be simple and clear.
- ? The national vision should be set out in the constitution. (3)
- ? The constitution preamble should state that it belongs to the people of Kenya and it should address the aims and the will of the people.
- ? The preamble should capture our national philosophy.
- ? The preamble should state that Kenya is a God fearing country.
- ? The preamble should capture the common experience of Kenyans to be reflected to include illiteracy, poverty, disease, corruption, tribalism and nepotism.
- ? The preamble should reflect the common experiences of Kenya such as struggle for independence. (2)

5.3.2. **DIRECTIVE PRINCIPLES OF STATE POLICY**

- ? The constitution should have statements, which capture national philosophies and guiding principles. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that all arms of government should operate independently. (7)
- ? The constitution should be guided by internationally recognized human rights and democratic ideals.
- ? The democratic principles to be included in the constitution should include our independence, good governance, rule of law and ethnic diversity. (6)
- ? The constitution should reflect the values such as law and equitable distribution of national resources and other economic resources should be reflected in the Constitution.
- ? The constitution should reflect values such as human rights and respect for basic and fundamental human needs.
- ? Important values that should be reflected in the constitution are truth, honesty, transparency, love, patience, sincerity, industriousness, patriotism, humility, friendship, loyalty and responsibility.
- ? Law must enforce all the democratic principles in the constitution. (2)

5.3.3. **CONSTITUTIONAL SUPREMACY**

- ? We should retain the 65% majority vote in parliament in order to amend the constitution. (4)
- ? Any amendment to the Constitution should be by the 90% majority vote.
- ? A 75% majority in parliament should pass the Amendments to the constitution. (2)
- ? Parliament should not have the powers to amend the constitution. (3)
- ? Parliaments powers to amend the constitution should be limited. (4)
- ? No part of the constitution should be beyond the amending power of the parliament.
- ? The constitution should provide that a constitutional amendment should only be through a public referendum. (16)

- ? The Attorney General should conduct the public referendum.
- ? The Constitution commissioner should conduct the public referendum.
- ? The Parliamentary committee should conduct the public referendum.
- ? The constitution should provide for its supremacy over all other laws in the country.

5.3.4. **CITIZENSHIP**

- ? The constitution should confer to all persons born of Kenyan parents automatic citizenship. (12)
- ? The constitution should provide that a person born in Kenya should be given automatic citizenship. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that an African who has been living in Kenya for five years should be accorded citizenship.
- ? The constitution should provide that the Kenyan Somalis who have stayed in Kenya for a period of time should be granted citizenship.
- ? The constitution should confer automatic citizenship to all persons who have stayed in Kenya for a continuous period of more than ten years.
- ? The constitution should provide that citizenship should be acquired by naturalization.
- ? The constitution should confer automatic citizenship to all persons legally married to a Kenyan citizen irrespective of gender. (6)
- ? The constitution should provide for dual citizenship. (10)
- ? The constitution should not provide for dual citizenship. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that ID cards should be carried as proof of citizenship. (8)
- ? The constitution should provide that Passports should be carried as proof of citizenship. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that passports, drivers license and all other forms of identification should be issued for free.
- ? The constitution should provide that name changes or any other changes in national identification documents should be done for free.

5.3.5. **DEFENSE AND NATIONAL SECURITY**

- ? The constitution should provide should provide that a disciplined force should be entrenched in the constitution. (10)
- ? The constitution should provide that Discipline in the Armed Forces should be enforced.
- ? The constitution should provide that discipline in the Armed Forces should be established through a court. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that the President should be the commander –In Chief of the armed forces. (12)
- ? The constitution should provide the president should not be the commander in chief of the Armed forces. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that the executive should have the power to declare war. (2)
- ? The constitution should provide that the executive should not have the power to declare war. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that the state Security Council should have the power to declare war.

- ? The constitution should provide that the parliament should have power to declare war.
- ? The constitution should provide that MPs should have the power to declare war and use of military force.
- ? The constitution should allow the use of extra-ordinary powers in times of war, national disaster or breakdown of public order. (4)
- ? The constitution should not allow use of extra-ordinary powers in emergency situations.
- ? The constitution should provide that parliament should have the powers to invoke emergency powers. (6)
- ? The constitution should provide the state security council should have the powers to invoke emergency powers.
- ? The constitution should provide that the president should have the powers to invoke emergency powers. (2)
- ? The constitution should provide the chief executive should have the authority to invoke emergency powers.
- ? The constitution should provide that soldiers should be involved in community projects.
- ? The constitution should provide that no decisions affecting national policy on defense should be made without the approval of parliament.

5.3.6. **POLITICAL PARTIES**

- ? The constitution should provide that all political parties should be involved in socio-economic development.
- ? The constitution should provide that political parties should not only mobilize the public but also educate the public on strategies to national goals.
- ? The constitution should provide that political parties should educate people on political directions.
- ? The constitution should provide that political parties should only play the role of mobilizing people.
- ? The constitution should provide that the constitution should regulate the formation of political parties.
- ? The constitution should provide that there should be no limit to political parties. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that allow four political parties. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that political parties should be limited to three. (10)
- ? The constitution should provide that the political parties should be limited to five. (3)
- ? The constitution should limit the number of political parties in the country to between 3 and 5.
- ? The constitution should limit the number of political parties to 3: national, democratic and conservative.
- ? The constitution should provide that political parties should finance themselves. (5)
- ? The constitution should provide political parties that be funded by the exchequer. (10)
- ? The constitution should provide that political parties should be funded from public funds. (7)
- ? The constitution should provide that there should be no use of government resources

to fund political parties during campaigns.

- ? The constitution should provide that political parties should be subjected to audits
- ? The constitution should provide that the government should not impose any terms and conditions on the funding of political parties. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that political parties and the state affairs should be well defined.
- ? The constitution should provide that political parties and the state should assist one another and respect one another.
- ? The constitution should provide that political parties should be de-linked form the government.
- ? The constitution should provide that the state should co-operate and work with political parties in the country.

5.3.7. **STRUCTURES AND SYSTEMS OF GOVERNMENT**

- ? The constitution should provide that the presidential system of government should be retained. (10)
- ? The constitution should provide that the presidential system of government should not be retained.
- ? The constitution should provide that there should be parliamentary system of government. (7)
- ? The constitution should provide that we should not adopt a parliamentary system of government. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that the prime minister should be the chief executive of the government.
- ? The constitution should provide that the prime minister would be in charge of state functions.
- ? The constitution should provide that the prime minister should have the power to appoint ministers, deputy Ministers, heads of states, AG and secretary to the cabinet.
- ? The constitution should provide that the president should be ceremonial. (5)
- ? The constitution should provide that we should adopt a hybrid system of government. (3)
- ? The constitution should not adopt a hybrid system of government.
- ? The constitution should provide that the prime minister should be in-charge of appointment and dismissing ministers with the consent of parliament.
- ? The constitution should provide that the prime minister should be in control of all government affairs.
- ? The constitution should provide that we should retain a unitary system of government. (5)
- ? The constitution should provide that we should not retain the unitary system of government. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that we should not adopt a federal system of government. (20)
- ? The constitution should provide that we should not adopt a federal system of government. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that there should be devolution of power to lower levels of government. (5)

- ? The constitution should provide that village elders should be empowered.
- ? The constitution should provide that the vice president should be elected directly by the people. (13)
- ? The constitution should provide that the vice president should be the running mate of the president. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that the Attorney General should be a legal advisor to the government and public prosecutor.
- ? The constitution should provide that the Attorney General should be appointed by parliament.
- ? The constitution should provide that the office of the AG should be separated from that of the DPP.

5.3.8. **THE LEGISLATURE**

- ? The constitution should provide that appointments of parastatal boards should be approved by parliament.
- ? The constitution should provide that appointments of public officers should be vetted by parliament. (5)
- ? The constitution should provide that parliament should approve all ministerial appointments. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that all elected MPs should only serve as representatives and not ministers.
- ? The constitution should provide that parliament should be in charge of National resource and debating national issues.
- ? The constitution should provide that parliament should have the power to create and dissolve ministries and create new districts and provinces. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that functions of parliament should be expanded to include ratification of ministerial appointments and permanent secretaries.
- ? The constitution should provide that parliament should be given the mandate to appoint Chief Justice and Judges.
- ? The constitution should provide that before a minister is dismissed his/her conduct should be discussed in parliament.
- ? The constitution should provide that parliament should have control over its own procedures. (7)
- ? The constitution should provide that parliament should have its own calendar. (5)
- ? The constitution should provide that being an MP should be a full time job. (12)
- ? The constitution should provide that being an MP should be a part time job.
- ? The constitution should provide that voting age should be 18 years. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that MPs should be at between 30-60 years old.
- ? The constitution should provide that the MPs should be above 21 years old.
- ? The constitution should provide that the president should be between 35-75 years of age.
- ? The constitution should provide that the president should be between 35 and 60 years.
- ? The constitution should provide that the president must be between 45-60 years of age.
- ? The constitution should provide that the president should have a minimum of 55 years.

- ? The constitution should provide that the age limits for the president should be 35 years. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that MPs should have at least an O-level certificate. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide language test requirements for MPs should be replaced with minimum education qualification.
- ? The constitution should provide that all Mps should be at least holders of degrees from recognized Universities. (5)
- ? The constitution should provide that language tests requires for parliamentary elections are sufficient. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that MPs who qualify for political elections must be free from criminal record.
- ? The constitution should provide that (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that there should be a moral and ethical qualification for MPs. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that people should have the right to recall the Mps who do not deliver. (29)
- ? The constitution should give voters the right to recall non-performing MPs by way of petition, referendum or collection of a required number of signatures from the MPs constituency.
- ? The constitution should provide that once elected an MP he should be left to decide the will of the electorate.
- ? The constitution should provide that MPs should act on basis of conscience, conviction or instructions from their constituents or parties. (8)
- ? The constitution should provide that salaries for MPs should be determine by all an Independent remuneration commission body. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that the public service commission should determine salaries for Mps. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that the Parliamentary service commission should determine salaries for MPs. (5)
- ? The constitution should provide that the parliament should determine the salaries for MPs.
- ? The constitution should provide that nomination of Mps should be restricted to those who could qualify for normal candidature.
- ? The constitution should provide that nomination of MPs should be restricted for the disabled, women, youth, churches, minority groups and prisoners representative (4).
- ? The constitution should provide that the concept of nominated MPs should not be retained. (7)
- ? The constitution should provide that the concept of nominated MPs should be retained. (6)
- ? The constitution should provide that measures should not be put into place to increase women's participation. (2)
- ? The constitution should provide that 1/3 seat in parliament should be given to women to increase their participation in parliament.
- ? The constitution should provide that parliamentarians in multiparty politics should respect one another and observe mature politics.
- ? The constitution should provide that the rules that should control the conduct of MPs in a multiparty system are that MPs should be royal to their parties.

- ? The constitution should provide that the constitution should permit coalition government. (14)
- ? The constitution should provide that multiparty should be allowed. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide for a two-chamber parliament with a house of senate and House of Representatives. (8)
- ? The constitution should provide that the house of representative should represent every constituency and that the senate should have district representatives who should be at least 50 years of age and of good conduct.
- ? The constitution should establish only one chamber parliament.
- ? The constitution should provide that parliament should have the power to remove the president. (8)
- ? The constitution should provide that the president should not have power to veto any legislation. (9)
- ? The constitution should provide that parliament should have power to override any presidential veto. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that the president should have powers to dissolve parliament.
- ? The constitution should provide that the president should not have powers to dissolve parliament. (5)
- ? The constitution should provide that MPs should have local offices in their home constituency. (9)

5.3.9. **THE EXECUTIVE**

- ? The constitution should provide that the constitution should set clear guidelines as to the qualifications necessary to become president.
- ? The constitution should provide that a presidential candidate should be a Kenyan citizen, legally married of sound mind, have no criminal report and economically stable. (5)
- ? The constitution should provide that the president should be a degree holder. (10)
- ? The constitution should provide that the president should have a form four certificate.
- ? The constitution should provide that the president should serve for 2 terms each 5 years. (19)
- ? The constitution should provide that the constitution should clearly define the functions of the head of state. (6)
- ? The constitution should provide that the president should be the head of state. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that the president's powers should be limited. (21)
- ? The constitution should provide that the president should be subject to the law. (5)
- ? The constitution should provide for the impeachment of the president. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide for the removal of the president due to misconduct. (10)
- ? The constitution should provide that the president should be an MP. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide the president should not be an MP. (16)
- ? The constitution should provide the provincial officers should be abolished. (15)
- ? The constitution should provide that the people should elect the provincial administration. (5)
- ? The constitution should provide that provincial administration should be retained.

- ? The constitution should provide the chiefs and assistant chiefs should be transferable.
- ? The constitution should provide for the retention of the provincial administration with the abolishment of the Chief's Act.
- ? The constitution should provide that the office of the DC and DO should be abolished.
- ? The constitution should provide that the role of provincial administration should be taken over by local authorities.
- ? The constitution should provide that the constitution should clearly state the size of government. (2)
- ? The constitution should provide that parliament should have the power to determine the size of government. (2)

5.3.10. **THE JUDICIARY**

- ? The constitution should provide that there should be a restructuring of the judiciary.
- ? The constitution should provide that the judiciary must be independent. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that the present judiciary is not adequate.
- ? The constitution should provide that the present judiciary is adequate. (4)
- ? The constitution should establish a supreme court. (14)
- ? The constitution should establish a constitutional court. (10)
- ? The constitution should provide that judicial officers should be appointed by judicial commission and approved by the parliament. (8)
- ? The constitution should provide that judicial officers should be appointed by parliament.
- ? The constitution should provide that the Prime Minister should appoint judges.
- ? The constitution should provide that an independent service commission should appoint judicial officers. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that judges should be appointed through advertisement and not by appointment.
- ? The constitution should provide that all judicial officers should have attained a degree in law. (6)
- ? The constitution should provide that all judges should enjoy security of tenure. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that tenure of judicial officers should be up to an age of 65 years.
- ? The constitution should provide that judges should retire at 70 years of age.
- ? The constitution should provide that the Supreme Court should discipline judicial officers.
- ? The constitution should provide that judicial service commission should have power to discipline judicial officers. (2)
- ? The constitution should provide that the chief Kadhi should be restricted to judicial work. (2)
- ? The constitution should provide that chief Kadhi should have qualifications as magistrates. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that Kadhis should be university graduates fully conversant in religious matters.
- ? The constitution should provide that the Muslim community should appoint the Kadhis. (5)
- ? The constitution should provide that Kadhis should be elected by the people and not

appointed by the government.

- ? The constitution should provide that the parliament should appoint the Kadhis.
- ? The constitution should provide that the Kadhi court be established in every district and supported by the government.
- ? The constitution should provide that the role of the Kadhis court should be reviewed to cater for broader interests.
- ? The constitution should provide that the Kadhis should only handle matters related to Islamic Law. (2)
- ? The constitution should provide that the Kadhis court should have appellate jurisdiction. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that the judicial powers of the state should be vested exclusively in courts. (5)
- ? The constitution should provide that the constitution should ensure all people have access to court by establishing location courts to handle petty issues.
- ? The constitution should provide that the constitution should ensure that people have access to courts by forming new courts like domestic violence court, mobile courts and land related courts.
- ? The constitution should provide that cases should not take a long time before they are determined. (7)
- ? The constitution should provide legal aid for poor Kenyans. (8)
- ? The constitution should provide that stare judicial powers should be vested within the courts. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that a council of elders should be set up to settle domestic disputes. (5)
- ? The constitution should provide village elders and council of elders should be paid by the government. (5)

5.3.11. LOCAL GOVERNMENT

- ? The constitution should provide that mayors and the council chairmen should be elected directly by the people. (22)
- ? The constitution should provide that the tenure of office for mayors and council chairmen should be two terms of five years each. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that mayors and council chairmen should serve for 5 years. (5)
- ? The constitution should provide that the two-year term should be retained.
- ? The constitution should provide that the council should be delinked to operate under the central government. (5)
- ? The constitution should provide that the council should continue working under the central Government. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that councilors should have at least O-level education. (12)
- ? The constitution should provide that the language tests should be a requirement for local authority seats.
- ? The constitution should provide that there should be a code of conduct for councilors.
- ? The constitution should provide that there should be a moral and ethical qualification for those vying for local council seats. (6)
- ? The constitution should provide that the people should have the right to recall their

councilors if they are not performing. (12)

- ? The constitution should provide that remuneration of councilors should be determined by parliament.
- ? The constitution should provide that the government treasury should determine the remuneration of councilors.
- ? The constitution should provide that an independent service commission should determine remuneration of councilors.
- ? The constitution should provide that the ministry of local Government should determine remuneration of councilors
- ? The constitution should abolish nomination of councilors. (5)
- ? The constitution should provide that the concept of nominated councilors should be retained. (7)
- ? The constitution should establish moral and ethical qualification for local authority seats. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that the Minister of local government should not have the powers to dissolve council. (2)
- ? The constitution should provide that the president should not have powers to dissolve the council. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that trade licenses should be abolished for disabled people.
- ? The constitution should provide that the local authorities should have power to collect taxes and a percentage taken to the national level.

5.3.12. THE ELECTORAL SYSTEM AND PROCESS

- The constitution should provide that Kenya should practice a representative electoral system. (6)
- The constitution should provide that we should retain a simple majority rule. (5)
- The constitution should provide the simple majority rule should be abolished.
- The constitution should provide the electoral system should be amended so as to increase participation of women. (2)
- The constitution should provide the electoral system should not be amended to increase the participation of women.
- The constitution should provide that in a presidential election, the winning candidate must get at least 50% of the votes cast. (5)
- The constitution should provide that the winning candidate in the presidential election must have garnered 65% of the total votes cast.
- The constitution should provide that once elected into Parliament an MP should remain in one party until the end of the parliamentary term.
- The constitution should provide that an MP who defects from one party to the other shall automatically lose their seats and must seek re-election. (5)
- The constitution should provide that MPs should be free to change their political parties. (2)
- ? The constitution should provide that there should be a rule that the president must attain 30% of the votes in 5 provinces.
- ? The constitution should provide that we should retain the 25% representation at least 5 provinces for presidential elections. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that the 25% representation should be abolished for

- the presidential elections. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that there should be no reserved special seats in parliament. (3)
 - ? The constitution should provide that students should have a representative in parliament.
 - ? The constitution should provide that there should be reserved seats for the youth in parliament.
 - ? The constitution should provide that seats should be reserved in parliament for specific interest groups.
 - ? The constitution should provide that the population not geographical areas should govern a constituency.
 - ? The constitution should provide that demarcation of constituencies and wards is unsatisfactory.
 - ? The constitution should provide that demarcation of constituencies and wards should be based on population density. (2)
 - ? The constitution should retain the current constituency boundaries.
 - ? The constitution should provide that Presidential and Parliamentary elections be held on separate dates. In all cases, presidential elections should be held first. (8)
 - ? The constitution should provide that ballot boxes be transparent. (5)
 - ? The constitution should guarantee free and fair elections.
 - ? The constitution should provide that registration of voters should be a continuous process.
 - ? The constitution should provide that the voting mark should be a tick.
 - ? The constitution should provide that election expenditure by all candidates should be limited. (4)
 - ? The constitution should clearly stipulate the election date of general elections. (15)
 - ? The constitution should provide that election date should be set after the swearing in of the new president.
 - ? Presidential elections should be done by electoral collage.
 - ? The president should be elected directly by the people. (16)
 - ? The constitution should provide clear criteria for the appointment of commissioners to the Electoral Commission.
 - ? The constitution should provide that Electoral Commissioners should be trained in law. (4)
 - ? The constitution should provide that the district coordinators should work as electoral commissioners.
 - ? The constitution should provide that the electoral commissioners should enjoy security of tenure. (5)
 - ? The constitution should provide that the electoral commissioners should be removed from office one year before elections.
 - ? The constitution should provide that the electoral commissioner should be removed from office through judicial commission of inquiry.
 - ? The constitution should provide that the electoral commissioners should be removed from office through judicial commission of inquiry.
 - ? The constitution should provide the electoral commission should be funded from the consolidated fund. (4)
 - ? The constitution should provide that the electoral commission should be funded from the public funds. (2)

- ? The constitution should provide that the number of electoral commission should be 11 commissioners.
- ? The constitution should provide that the number of electoral commissioners should be 13.
- ? The constitution should provide the number of electoral commissioners should be 12.
- ? The constitution should provide that votes be counted at the polling station. (10)
- ? The constitution should provide for an independent electoral commission. (5)
- ? The constitution should provide that electoral violence should be stopped and security officers deployed at voting stations.
- ? The constitution should provide that the Electoral Commission should put into place measures to curb vote rigging.

5.3.13. **BASIC RIGHTS**

- ? The constitution provisions for fundamental rights are not adequate. (5)
- ? The constitution should guarantee the freedom of worship to all Kenyans. (8)
- ? The constitution should provide that traditional religions should be incorporated along mainstream religions.
- ? The constitution should ensure that all Kenyans should have freedom of conscious, thought, religion, expression and association.
- ? The constitution should guarantee our social, cultural and economic rights.
- ? The constitution should guarantee the protection of the human rights for all Kenyans.
- ? The constitution should abolish death penalty. (10)
- ? The constitution should not abolish death penalty. (4)
- ? The constitution should protect the rights to security, food, healthcare, water, education and employment. (5)
- ? The constitution should guarantee the security of all Kenyans. (6)
- ? The constitution should guarantee free medical care for all Kenyans. (5)
- ? The constitution should guarantee water to all Kenyans. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide for free education to all Kenyans. (8)
- ? Every Kenyan should have a right to shelter.
- ? The constitution should guarantee right to food for all.
- ? The constitution should provide for a one person-one job policy. (6)
- ? The constitution should deal with the right to employment.
- ? The constitution should provide that the retirement age should be 50 years.
- ? The constitution should provide a regular review of the pension.
- ? The constitution should allow widows and widowers be allowed to earn pensions for their dead souses.
- ? The constitution should provide for free and compulsory formal education up to university level. (2)
- ? The constitution should provide for free and compulsory education up to primary level. (10)
- ? The constitution should provide that secondary education should be free and compulsory. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that all Kenyans have the right to information in the hands of the Government. (6)
- ? The constitution should provide that all employees should be members of trade union. (8)

- ? The constitution should protect all Kenyans against domestic violence.
- ? The constitution should guarantee other basic rights such as land ownership to all.
- ? The constitution should provide for the protection of all Kenyans from torture and intimidation.

5.3.14. **THE RIGHTS OF VULNERABLE GROUPS**

- ? The constitution should guarantee rights of women in the constitution. (3)
- ? The constitution should guarantee the disabled their basic rights. (7)
- ? Sign language should be made available in public places.
- ? There should be a trade union to champion the views of the disabled.
- ? The constitution should provide affirmative action in favor of the disabled in all public facilities.
- ? The constitution should provide for government rehabilitation of street children.
- ? The UN convention on the rights of children should be enshrined in the constitution.
- ? The constitution should guarantee the rights of children.
- ? The constitution should provide children of divorced parents education and health care.
- ? The constitution should provide that fathers should be responsible for their children.
- ? The constitution should provide that elders should not be discriminated upon.
- ? The constitution should protect the rights of the vulnerable groups such as the Ndorobos and Ogieks.
- ? The government should take care of the poor people in the urban areas.
- ? The constitution should provide for affirmative action in favor of the needy, aged, HIV positive and mentally sick persons.
- ? The constitution should make a provision for the affirmative action in favor of women. (6)
- ? The constitution should provide for the welfare of prisoners. (2)
- ? The constitution should provide for a welfare office for families of prisoners. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that prisoners should have access to spouses at least once a week.

5.3.15. **LAND AND PROPERTY RIGHTS**

- ? The constitution should provide that the individual has the ultimate land ownership. (6)
- ? The government should have the ultimate land ownership.
- ? The state should have power to compulsorily acquire land. (8)
- ? The government should put in place a policy to guide owners of land on how to use land.
- ? The state should have power to control use of land by owners.
- ? The state should not have power to control use of land by owners.
- ? The state, government or local authority should have power to control the use of land. (3)
- ? The constitution should recognize customary laws of inheritance.
- ? The constitution should empower local leaders to deal with inheritance of land.
- ? The widows transfer and inheritance rights should be dealt with in the constitution.

- ? The daughters should be given the mandate to inherit their fathers land. (2)
- ? The constitution should not have any ceiling on land.
- ? The constitution should provide that there should be a ceiling of land up to 100 acres. (5)
- ? No Kenyan should be allowed to own more than 200 acres of land. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that no citizen should own more than 1000 acres of land.
- ? There should be a restriction on land ownership by non- citizens. (6)
- ? Procedures of land transfer may be simplified by allowing the local government to issue title deeds.
- ? Corruption in the hands of land transfer officers should be abolished.
- ? The process of transfer of land should be simplified by lowering fees.
- ? The constitution should simplify land transfer procedures. (8)
- ? The constitution should provide that only men have a right to own property.
- ? The constitution should provide that both men and women should have equal access to land. (6)
- ? The pre-independence land treaties should not be retained. (2)
- ? The pre-independence land treaties should be retained.
- ? The constitution should guarantee the right of any Kenyan to own land in any part of the country. (6)
- ? The constitution should not guarantee the right of any Kenyan to own land anywhere in the country.
- ? The constitution should provide that all government/trust land lying idle should be distributed to the landless.
- ? The constitution should abolish the Trust Act. (3)

5.3.16. **CULTURAL, ETHNIC, REGIONAL DIVERSITY AND COMMUNAL RIGHTS**

- ? The constitution should provide that Kenya's ethnic and cultural diversity contributes to our national culture. (4)
- ? The constitution should guarantee full cultural rights and promote ethnic diversity. (9)
- ? Dowry payment should be captured in our constitution.
- ? Circumcision, traditional songs and dance are some of the cultural value to be captured in the constitution. (3)
- ? Marriage and burial rights should be captured in the constitution.
- ? The constitution should recognize Nabongo Kingdom as the traditional and cultural leadership within the Abaluya community.
- ? Ethnicity can be dealt with by enforcing law and order as stipulated in the constitution.
- ? The constitution should provide that all persons are equal regardless of the ethnic background.
- ? The constitution should outlaw social, economic and historical practices that have limited women's freedom. (3)
- ? Wife inheritance should be scrapped.
- ? Negative traditional cultural practices should be abolished.
- ? The constitution should provide for the freedom of ethnic practices as long as they are not repugnant to morality and natural justice.

- ? The constitution should provide that all cultures should review their bride price.
- ? The constitution should abolish the practice of Female Genital Mutilation.
- ? There should be one national language, which is Kiswahili. (2))
- ? We should have two national languages, Kiswahili and English. (7)
- ? The constitution should recognize and promote indigenous languages. (8)

5.3.17. **MANAGEMENT AND USE OF NATIONAL RESOURCES**

- ? The executive should facilitate the operation of the economy and manage state revenue.
- ? The local community resource board should assist in the distribution and management of resources.
- ? The executive should not retain powers to raise and distribute financial resources and management of natural resources.
- ? The parliament should be the only authority with the power to authorize apportion of public funds. (6)
- ? The constitution should provide for equitable distribution of national resources. (12)
- ? The constitution should provide that 50% of all revenue collected by the government should remain in the area where it has been collected.
- ? The government should be required to apportion benefits from resources between the central government and the communities where such resources. (3)
- ? The government should apportion 20% of revenue from the national resources to the communities living nearby.
- ? The constitution should enhance an independent and efficient Auditor General. (3)
- ? The office of the Auditor General should have the power to prosecute those who misappropriate funds. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that the appointment of the Auditor General should be done by parliament. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that the public service commission should appoint the Auditor General.
- ? The constitution should provide that parliament should control the management and use of public finances. (2)
- ? The constitution should provide that to attract competent Kenyans to work in the public service the Ministers should not be drawn from MPs.
- ? The constitution should provide that the working conditions should be made satisfactory to attract competent Kenyans to the public services. (2)
- ? The constitution should provide that ministerial jobs should be advertised.
- ? The constitution should provide that compulsory retirement should be reduced to 45 years so as to attract people to the public service.
- ? The constitution should provide that all public office holders should be professionals and not political appointees.
- ? The constitution should provide that public officers should be appointed on merit. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that appointment of ministers should match with the abilities and knowledge to the particular ministries.
- ? The constitution should provide that to enhance the discipline of PSC the public servants should not be allowed to engage in private business whilst in office.
- ? The constitution should provide that discipline of public service might be improved by enforcing the working rules and regulations.
- ? The constitution should provide that the senate and the House of Representatives

should appoint members of the PSC. (2)

- ? The constitution should provide that Members of the PSC should be appointed by merit by the office of an ombudsman.
- ? The constitution should provide that the Parliament should appoint members of the PSC. (2)
- ? The constitution should provide that the president should have powers to appoint the members of the PSC.
- ? The constitution should provide that there should be a code of ethics for holders of public offices. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that all public servants should declare their wealth. (6)

5.3.18. **ENVIRONMENTAL AND NATURAL RESOURCES**

- ? The constitution should provide that protection of the environment should be embodied in the constitution. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that environmental laws should be enforced by parliament.
- ? The constitution should provide that local leaders should enforce laws on protection of the environment.
- ? The constitution should provide that the Ministry of environment and natural resources should have the powers to enforce the laws on the protection of the environment.
- ? The constitution should provide that the people of Kenya should own the natural resources. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that the government should own the natural resources. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that communities be given first preference in benefiting from local natural resources. (6)
- ? The constitution should provide that forests reserves and wildlife should be protected as natural resources.
- ? The constitution should protect public land, forests, water, minerals and wildlife as natural resources. (2)
- ? The constitution should provide that all natural resources should be protected by the constitution. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that the responsibility for the management of natural resources should be the government. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide for the protection of indigenous trees and the government should put it as an obligation to every citizen to preserve them. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that enforcing laws should protect the natural resources.
- ? The constitution should provide that resources should be managed at the grassroots level.

5.3.19. **PARTICIPATORY GOVERNANCE**

- ? The constitution should provide that NGOs should be involved in educating the people about governance. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that NGOs should play the role of development. (2)

- ? The constitution should provide that religious groups should be given the mandate to criticize and be involved in matters of civic awareness and election monitoring.
- ? The constitution should address the registration of NGOs.
- ? The constitution should provide that issues relating to civic society organizations that the constitution should address are HIV/ AIDS pandemic awareness and embezzlement of funds.
- ? The constitution should provide that the state should regulate the conduct of civil society organizations. (2)

5.3.20. INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

- ? The constitution should provide that the conduct of foreign affairs should be the responsibility of the executive. (5)
- ? The constitution should provide that parliament should play the role of vetting foreign affairs. (2)
- ? The constitution should provide that parliament should approve foreign currency.
- ? The constitution should provide that International treaties and conventions are detrimental to well-being of Kenyans and should be scrapped.
- ? The constitution should provide that international treaties should automatically become law.
- ? The constitution should provide that International treaties and conventions should not have automatic effects in domestic law.
- ? The constitution should provide that laws and regulations made by regional organizations that Kenya belongs should not have automatic effect in domestic law.

5.3.21. CONSTITUTIONAL COMMISSIONS, INSTITUTIONS AND OFFICES

- ? The constitution should provide that there is need for other constitution commissions and institutions. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that an office of Ombudsman should be created. (10)
- ? The constitution should provide that a Human Rights commission should be established.
- ? The constitution should provide that a gender commission should be established. (2)
- ? The constitution should provide that an Anti- corruption commission should be established. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide for the establishment of a lands commission. (3)
- ? A natural resource commission should be established in the constitution. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide for a standing salary review commission, represented at all levels of government, with a mandate to review the salary of all public servants.
- ? A disciplined service commission should be established to combine all discipline forces under one command. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide for a truth and reconciliation commission to give indemnity and pardon to those who confess their corrupt dealings.
- ? The constitution should establish the functions of the commissions.
- ? The constitution should provide that an office of Ministry of Justice should be established independent from the Attorney General's office. (4)

5.3.22. SUCCESSION AND TRANSFER OF POWER

- ? The constitution should provide that the speaker should take over the office of the president during presidential elections. (2)
- ? The constitution should provide that the chief justice should be in charge of executive powers during presidential elections. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that during presidential elections the executive powers should be under the outgoing president. (4)
- ? The constitution should provide that the electoral commission should be in-charge of executive powers during presidential elections.
- ? The constitution should provide that presidential elections should be announced after 48 hours.
- ? The election results should be announced through the media. (2)
- ? The electoral commission should announce the election results.
- ? The constitution should provide that the incoming president should assume office a month after election.
- ? The constitution should provide that the incoming president should assume office twenty-four hours after elections.
- ? The constitution should provide that the incoming president should assume office 2 months after the elections.
- ? The constitution should provide that the incoming president should assume office immediately the results are announced.
- ? The constitution should provide that the chief justice should swear in the president. (3)
- ? The ombudsman should swear in the incoming president. (2)
- ? The constitution should provide that retiring/outgoing presidents should hand over the instruments of power to the Speaker in the interim period before the next president is sworn in.
- ? The instruments of power should be transferred immediately after the swearing in ceremony.
- ? The constitution should provide that the mode of transfer of power should be a national event.
- ? The constitution should make a provision for a former president in terms of security. (4)
- ? The constitution should make provision for a former president in terms of welfare. (6)
- ? The constitution should provide immunity from legal process against a former president.
- ? The constitution should provide that former president should not be immune from legal process.
- ? The constitution should provide that incase the president is incapacitated; the speaker of the national assembly should take over offices.

5.3.23. **WOMEN'S RIGHTS**

- ? The constitution should provide that we should have special women's rights.
- ? The constitution should provide that women's rights should be constitutionalised.
- ? The constitution should provide that women should be allowed to own property. (3)
- ? The constitution should provide that women should be entitled to a percentage of a man's property on divorce.
- ? The constitution should provide that women should be allowed to inherit property. (5)

- ? The constitution should provide that women should not be discriminated against in inheritance matters whether married or not.
- ? Intermarriage should be allowed in the constitution.

5.3.24. **INTERNATIONAL POLICY**

- The government should assist Kenyans in obtaining global information.

5.3.25. **NATIONAL ECONOMIC**

- Imports on second clothes should be abolished.
- The government should control importation of items that are already produced in Kenya. (4)
- The constitution should provide that all industries should be revived.
- The constitution should provide that there should be industries allocated to the local areas for development of the local community.

5.3.26. **NATIONAL OTHER**

- The constitution should provide that there should be a mandatory health insurance to ensure good health for all Kenyans.
- The constitution should deal seriously with eradication of AIDS/ HIV.
- The constitution should provide that the government should seriously deal with the issue of AIDS /HIV.
- The constitution should protect every Kenyan from police harassment. (4)
- The constitution should have principles of dealing with misappropriation of public finances.
- Bribing by citizens to public officers should be abolished.
- Stiffer penalties should be imposed for corruption offences. (3)
- The government should deal seriously with corruption. (4)

5.3.27. **AGRICULTURE AND LIVESTOCK**

- The government should subsidize farm inputs so as to increase food production. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the government should help farmers in production and marketing of their products. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the government should ensure that farmers are paid immediately they deliver their produce. (2)
- ? The constitution should provide for the regulation of the Agricultural sector but should not allow for total liberalization of it.
- ? The constitution should provide that agricultural inputs should not be taxed.

5.3.28. **INDUSTRY AND MANUFACTURING**

- The constitution should provide that the government should set up factories where raw materials are grown.

5.3.29. **EDUCATION**

- The constitution should provide that colleges and universities should be distributed evenly through out the country. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the teachers' service commission should employ nursery school teachers. (2)
- The constitution should provide that canning of pupils in schools should be abolished.
- The constitution should provide that the government should prepare fee structure for all schools.
- The constitution should provide that 8-4-4 should be abolished and replaced with 7-4-2-3. (10)
- The constitution should provide that the government should fund all universities, polytechnics and colleges equally.
- The constitution should provide that bible study should be incorporated in the school curriculum.
- The constitution should provide that parallel programs should be in private institutions not public institutions.
- The constitution should provide that vernacular language should be stressed in school syllabus.
- The constitution should provide that the government should ensure that bursary funds should be given to poor students. (2)
- The constitution should provide that all university students should be eligible to loans automatically without discrimination.
- ? The constitution should provide that the education Act should be entrenched in the constitution.
- ? The constitution should provide that the PTA should continue as the source of funds for schools development.
- ? The constitution should provide that the role of sponsors of schools should be defined.
- ? The constitution should provide that only professional teachers should be allowed to run private schools.
- ? The constitution should provide for political representation of school governors.
- ? The constitution should provide that the Teachers Service Commission should be a constitutional office with security of tenure.
- The constitution should provide that the Teachers Service Commission should be independent of government and their budge allocation should be independent.
- ? The constitution should provide that each university should have its own chancellor.
- ? The constitution should provide that heads of primary schools should be graduates.
- ? The constitution should provide that the Teachers Service Commission should employ all primary and secondary school teachers.
- ? The constitution should provide that the duties of the head teachers and teachers should be reduced
- ? The constitution should provide that hardship allowances should be given to teachers.
- ? The constitution should provide that the Kenya National Examinations Council should have exams on standby to avoid uncertainties in exams.
- ? The constitution should provide for free consultation for teacher on legal issues affecting them.

5.3.30. **PUBLIC FINANCE (FISCAL POLICY)**

- The constitution should abolish harambees.
- The state money should not be used for campaigns.

5.3.31. **MONETARY POLICY**

- The Kenyan currency should not have the portrait of the president. (3)
- The currency should bear a constant feature to reflect and respect good governance since independence. (2)
- The shilling is a colonial rule and should be changed and bear a name that denotes Kenya.
- ? The constitution should provide that the national currency/legal tender has the face of the first president.

5.3.32. **HEALTH**

- The constitution should provide that NHIF should be brought to district level.
- The constitution should provide that payment to the NHIF should be voluntary to both the employed and unemployed.
- ? The constitution should provide that public doctors be banned from private practice.

5.3.33. **TOURISM**

- ? The constitution should accord proper security to all tourists who visit Kenya.

5.3.34. **INFORMATION COMMUNOCATION TECHNOLOGY**

- ? The constitution should provide that government should subsidize mass communication media system so as encourage many people.
- ? The presidential press service should be abolished.
- ? The constitution should ensure that Kenyans are not exposed to bad literature and films.
- ? All media houses should ensure partial and equal coverage of events regardless of the political parties. (3)
- ? There should be live coverage of parliamentary proceedings.

5.3.35. **SMALL ENTERPRISE DEVELOPMENT**

- The government should introduce macro/ micro enterprise development at the local level.

- The Government should protect and assist the jua kali sector.
- The Government should reduce licence fees for small businesses.

5.3.36. **MINERAL EXPLORATION AND EXCAVATION**

- The constitution should provide that Kenyans have a right to mine in their land.

5.3.37. **TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATION**

- The roads should be made safer to avoid accidents.
- The transport system should be built with the disabled in mind.

5.3.38. **NATIONAL POLICY**

- There should be a public holiday for the disabled.

5.3.39. **CUSTOMARY LAW**

- The constitution should abolish the dowry in the Bukusu customary law.

5.3.40. **STATUTORY LAW**

- The constitution should legalise local brew. (16)
- The constitution should specify that only one God should be worshipped.
- The constitution should provide that rapists should be jailed for life.
- The constitution should provide that rapists should be castrated.
- The constitution should provide that the law should apply in a non-discriminatory manner to all Kenyans.
- The constitution should provide that rapists should be given stiffer penalties.
- The constitution should provide that wife beaters should be punished severely.
- The constitution should provide that husbands found guilty of wife beating should be jailed for at least 10 years.
- The constitution should provide for harmonization of the contract law to protect employees.
- The constitution should provide that polygamy should be illegal.

5.3.41. **COMMON GOOD**

- Harambees should be scrapped.

5.3.42. **GENDER EQUITY**

- The constitution should ensure gender equity. (2)

5.3.43. **NATIONAL INTERGRITY / IDENTITY**

- There should be a decent dressing for women in the country.
- The new names given to certain areas should be done away with and the old names adopted.
- Women should not be allowed to wear mini-skirts and tight trousers.

APPENDICES:

Appendix 1: Members of the Constituency Constitutional Committee

- | | |
|---------------------------|----------|
| 1. Hon. Wafula Wamunyinyi | MP |
| 2. Wabwoba M. Walinywa | DC |
| 3. Mwalim Philip Wandabwa | Chairman |
| 4. Cllr. J. Bakasa | |
| 5. Richard Wekesa | |
| 6. Kellan Wavomba | |
| 7. Anacetus Wafula | |
| 8. Rose Chemuku | |
| 9. Mary Ndombi | |
| 10. John Wakhwili | |

Appendix 2: Civic education providers (CEPs)

1. Kanduyi Stadium Women Group
2. National council of women in Kenya
3. Maedeleo ya wanawake
4. Bungoma organization for Women Empowerment
5. Center for Human Rights and democracy
6. Bungoma Family Development Programme
7. Westside
8. B. E. D. P.
9. Bukusu Elders Group
10. BBF
11. Zion TACASS
12. Social Mobilization progress
13. Catholic justice and peace commission

Appendix 3: Persons presenting memoranda and/or making oral submissions.

1	0018	OBDWE	Agnes Mutsoli	CBO	Written	Kenya ECD Teachers Union
2	0016	OBDWE	Alice Nabwera	CBO	Written	Tumaini Initiative Bungoma
3	0030	OBDWE	Audry Wanyama	CBO	Written	MYWO
4	0011	OBDWE	Edward Chepkotit	CBO	Written	Bungoma University Students
5	0027	OBDWE	Gabriel N Wekesa	CBO	Written	Bungoma Organisation for Emp
6	0015	OBDWE	Gemenet Mwenje	CBO	Written	Saboat Indegenious Minority
7	0025	OBDWE	Gilbert W Masinde	CBO	Written	Kabubero Youth Group
8	0002	OBDWE	Godfrey K. Sobet	CBO	Memorandum	Bungoma
9	0019	OBDWE	Jeremiah Simwe	CBO	Written	United Disabled of Kenya
10	0029	OBDWE	Julius M Wasike	CBO	Written	Retirees in Bungoma
11	0023	OBDWE	Julius Sawenja	CBO	Written	Bukusu Elders Group
12	0005	OBDWE	Maina S Massabi	CBO	Written	Bukusu Elders Group
13	0004	OBDWE	Mining'temoi	CBO	Written	Bung'omek
14	0022	OBDWE	Mukenya John	CBO	Written	Youth Convention from Change
15	0028	OBDWE	Munyasi W Stephen	CBO	Written	Kibabii Community Bungoma
16	0017	OBDWE	Pius Wangila	CBO	Written	Tuuti Teachers Association
17	0001	OBDWE	Reuben Khaemba	CBO	Written	West Sangalo Ward
18	0012	OBDWE	Simon Mabonga	CBO	Written	Bungoma Family Development P
19	0034	OBDWE	Solomon Muuchi	CBO	Written	Bungoma Family Helper Projec
20	0026	OBDWE	Wamalwa Simiyu	CBO	Written	University Students Bungoma
21	0035	OBDWE	Wycliffe Mulama	CBO	Written	Wetunekulu Group
22	0003	OBDWE	Zablon Maruti Mola	CBO	Written	Bungoma Landlords Associatio
23	0050	IBDWE	Alex Adoyo Nyumba	Individual	Written	
24	0107	IBDWE	Alfred Agesa	Individual	Oral - Public he	
25	0018	IBDWE	Alfred Wambia	Individual	Written	
26	0093	IBDWE	Angelo Okiding	Individual	Oral - Public he	
27	0054	IBDWE	Anicet W. Wekesa	Individual	Written	
28	0115	IBDWE	Ann A Namasaki	Individual	Oral - Public he	
29	0071	IBDWE	Anthony Mukanda	Individual	Oral - Public he	
30	0076	IBDWE	Anthony N. Adera	Individual	Oral - Public he	
31	0037	IBDWE	Anthony S Sitati	Individual	Oral - Public he	
32	0040	IBDWE	Augustine N Tela	Individual	Oral - Public he	
33	0085	IBDWE	Bathlomeo Wanyonyi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
34	0111	IBDWE	Bendict Wakoli	Individual	Oral - Public he	
35	0087	IBDWE	Benson Nasongo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
36	0105	IBDWE	Bildad Wanyonyi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
37	0014	IBDWE	Bob Barasa	Individual	Written	
38	0046	IBDWE	Bramwel Wamasebu	Individual	Oral - Public he	
39	0079	IBDWE	Bramwel Watiti	Individual	Oral - Public he	
40	0108	IBDWE	Charles Juma	Individual	Oral - Public he	
41	0119	IBDWE	Charles Masika	Individual	Oral - Public he	
42	0032	IBDWE	Chris C Reja	Individual	Oral - Public he	
43	0110	IBDWE	Chris Lusweti	Individual	Oral - Public he	
44	0056	IBDWE	Concepta Masika	Individual	Written	

45	0047IBDWE	Crecentus E Simiyu	Individual	Oral - Public he	
46	0102IBDWE	Crispinos Makhoha	Individual	Oral - Public he	
47	0101IBDWE	Daniel Lipuka	Individual	Oral - Public he	
48	0063IBDWE	Daniel Wuoloto	Individual	Written	
49	0094IBDWE	David Baile	Individual	Oral - Public he	
50	0034IBDWE	Dinah Khayota	Individual	Oral - Public he	
51	0075IBDWE	Emmanuel Khisa	Individual	Oral - Public he	
52	0051IBDWE	Emoit James	Individual	Written	
53	0065IBDWE	Emojong Oprong	Individual	Oral - Public he	
54	0066IBDWE	Erastus Kataka	Individual	Oral - Public he	
55	0090IBDWE	Evans K Karani	Individual	Oral - Public he	
56	0027IBDWE	Francis Barasa	Individual	Oral - Public he	
57	0001IBDWE	Francis T Wabuke	Individual	Written	
58	0044IBDWE	Francis Wangoliko	Individual	Oral - Public he	
59	0113IBDWE	Fred Nyongesa	Individual	Oral - Public he	
60	0011IBDWE	Fred Wamalwa	Individual	Written	
61	0048IBDWE	Gaitano Wafula Buteo	Individual	Written	
62	0080IBDWE	Geoffrey Njukhilli	Individual	Oral - Public he	
63	0033IBDWE	Geoffrey Njukhillio	Individual	Oral - Public he	
64	0012IBDWE	George D Manuya	Individual	Written	
65	0002IBDWE	George E N Wafula	Individual	Written	
66	0015IBDWE	George W Okumu	Individual	Written	
67	0072IBDWE	Haggai Liboi Matala	Individual	Oral - Public he	
68	0005IBDWE	Henry J Opilo	Individual	Written	
69	0067IBDWE	Henry Sangura	Individual	Oral - Public he	
70	0116IBDWE	Hesbon Netia Osundwa	Individual	Oral - Public he	
71	0025IBDWE	Hezron Kipseret	Individual	Oral - Public he	
72	0099IBDWE	Isaiah Matindo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
73	0109IBDWE	Ismael Nangao	Individual	Oral - Public he	
74	0036IBDWE	Jacton Ondiko	Individual	Oral - Public he	
75	0060IBDWE	Jafred Malimasi	Individual	Written	
76	0017IBDWE	Jafred W Sangura	Individual	Written	
77	0077IBDWE	Jafred Wanyonyi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
78	0084IBDWE	Jimmy Elam Ngoni	Individual	Oral - Public he	
79	0106IBDWE	Joash W. Wafula	Individual	Oral - Public he	
80	0058IBDWE	Job W Khaemba	Individual	Written	
81	0073IBDWE	John Kamau Macharia	Individual	Oral - Public he	
82	0010IBDWE	John S Misiati	Individual	Written	
83	0082IBDWE	John Singlis	Individual	Oral - Public he	
84	0118IBDWE	Johnson Wabwire	Individual	Oral - Public he	
85	0117IBDWE	Jorum Wanjala	Individual	Oral - Public he	
86	0104IBDWE	Joseph K Tumwa	Individual	Oral - Public he	
87	0029IBDWE	Joseph Kiprotich	Individual	Oral - Public he	
88	0020IBDWE	Joseph Machani	Individual	Oral - Public he	
89	0028IBDWE	Joseph Mengich	Individual	Oral - Public he	
90	0039IBDWE	Joses K Sipakati	Individual	Oral - Public he	
91	0064IBDWE	Jotham Nalianya	Individual	Written	
92	0049IBDWE	Justo Mutehele	Individual	Written	
93	0055IBDWE	Kasmir Wekesa	Individual	Written	
94	0007IBDWE	Lazarus Mulupi	Individual	Written	
95	0030IBDWE	Leonida Wasu	Individual	Oral - Public he	
96	0092IBDWE	Lewis Almasi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
97	0078IBDWE	Lucas M Keverenge	Individual	Oral - Public he	
98	0053IBDWE	Lucas Sore	Individual	Written	
99	0081IBDWE	Martin Kwata	Individual	Oral - Public he	
100	0031IBDWE	Martin Wanambisi	Individual	Oral - Public he	

101	0016IBDWE	Masibo G Wamalwa	Individual	Written	
102	0069IBDWE	Mathew Wekesa	Individual	Oral - Public he	
103	0052IBDWE	Michael P. Ite	Individual	Written	
104	0098IBDWE	Moses Makhaso	Individual	Oral - Public he	
105	0091IBDWE	Moses Wanyonyi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
106	0041IBDWE	Moses Wekesa	Individual	Oral - Public he	
107	0021IBDWE	Naibei Sunguni	Individual	Oral - Public he	
108	0035IBDWE	Nicholas C Khisa	Individual	Oral - Public he	
109	0089IBDWE	Nicholas Lukunza	Individual	Oral - Public he	
110	0062IBDWE	Nicholas Makali	Individual	Written	
111	0068IBDWE	Patrick B. Lubanga	Individual	Oral - Public he	
112	0026IBDWE	Patrick Kilonget	Individual	Oral - Public he	
113	0114IBDWE	Patrick Kitui	Individual	Oral - Public he	
114	0097IBDWE	Patrick Masibo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
115	0088IBDWE	Patrick Tangali	Individual	Oral - Public he	
116	0061IBDWE	Patrick W. Wanyonyi	Individual	Written	
117	0096IBDWE	Peter M. Mwanja	Individual	Oral - Public he	
118	0019IBDWE	Peter Mulekwa	Individual	Written	
119	0004IBDWE	Philip S Wandabwa	Individual	Written	
120	0059IBDWE	Pius N. Wekesa	Individual	Written	
121	0006IBDWE	Raphael Khaemba	Individual	Written	
122	0013IBDWE	Rev.Francis W Walusaka	Individual	Written	
123	0074IBDWE	Rev.Peter Masinde	Individual	Oral - Public he	
124	0003IBDWE	Richard Sifuna	Individual	Written	
125	0100IBDWE	Richard Wanyonyi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
126	0022IBDWE	Robert K. Chebor	Individual	Oral - Public he	
127	0023IBDWE	Samuel M Naibei	Individual	Oral - Public he	
128	0038IBDWE	Shadrack M Wanyama	Individual	Oral - Public he	
129	0045IBDWE	Solomon Muuchi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
130	0095IBDWE	Stanley Natembea	Individual	Oral - Public he	
131	0008IBDWE	Stephen Wanjala	Individual	Written	
132	0070IBDWE	Sylvester Nakitare	Individual	Oral - Public he	
133	0086IBDWE	Sylvester Onyaga	Individual	Oral - Public he	
134	0083IBDWE	Sylvester Wamalwa	Individual	Oral - Public he	
135	0024IBDWE	Tobias Makunja	Individual	Oral - Public he	
136	0112IBDWE	Vitalis Wamalwa	Individual	Oral - Public he	
137	0009IBDWE	Wafula Wamunyinyi	Individual	Written	
138	0057IBDWE	Walter O. Okoth	Individual	Written	
139	0043IBDWE	Wanyama Wanyonyi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
140	0042IBDWE	Wekesa Maungo	Individual	Oral - Public he	
141	0103IBDWE	Wilfred Masika	Individual	Oral - Public he	
142	0033OBDWE	Brigid N Changalwa	NGO	Written	Ministry of Lands Civil Serv
143	0013OBDWE	Geoffrey Mutuba	NGO	Written	Bungoma Prisons
144	0014OBDWE	Maurice Juma	NGO	Written	Kanduyi Agricultural Comm.
145	0039OBDWE	Douglas M Mulongo	Other Institutions	Memorandum	Nzoia Industrial Estate
146	0020OBDWE	Michael Kusimba	Other Institutions	Written	Kibabii High School
147	0021OBDWE	Michael Kusimba	Other Institutions	Written	Kibabii High School
148	0007OBDWE	Vincent Walaka	Other Institutions	Written	Sangalo Institute of Science
149	0036OBDWE	Juma B Kapukha	Political Party	Written	Republic party of Kenya
150	0024OBDWE	Charles Wafula	Religious Organisation	Written	CJPC Arts Troupe
151	0037OBDWE	Cyprian Walutira	Religious Organisation	Memorandum	St Annes Catholic Church
152	0006OBDWE	Edward K. Telewa	Religious Organisation	Written	ACK Sanyalo Institute of Sci

153	0009OBDWE	Eric Wambasi	Religious Organisation	Written	Catholic of Bungoma Peace &
154	0032OBDWE	Joseph Kimani	Religious Organisation	Written	PCEA Church/Malakasi Bungoma
155	0010OBDWE	Kassim Simiyu	Religious Organisation	Written	Bungoma Jamia Mosque
156	0008OBDWE	Michael Nabiswa	Religious Organisation	Written	St.Marys Kibabii Catholic Ch
157	0038OBDWE	Samuel Mutula	Religious Organisation		PCEA Bukemba
158	0031OBDWE	Watua Sitati Patrick	Religious Organisation	Written	Good Shepherd Int. Organisa
159	0003obdwe	Anonymous		Written	

Appendix 4: Persons Attending Constituency Hearings

No	Name	Address	No	Name	Address
1	RUEBEN KHAEMBA	BOX 963 BUNGOMA	86	BERNARD KIMSNET	BOX 374 BUNGOMA
2	KIPUSESI SOI BOIBET	BOX 96 BUNGOMA	87	MAURICE JUMA	BOX 16 MALAKISI
3	Z. M. MOLA	BOX 320 BUNGOMA	88	PATRICK WANJALA	BOX 16 MALAKISI
4	GEORGE WARULA	BOX 320 BUNGOMA	89	MARTIN K. CHENGOLI	BOX 71 MALAKISI
5	MINGI TEMOI	BOX 332 BUNGOMA	90	LINUS WANJALA	BOX 71 MALAKISI
6	JOSEPH MACHAWI	BOX 1727 BUNGOMA	91	AUGUSTINE CHEBOR	BOX 16 MALAKISI
7	NAIBEI SUNGULI	BOX 295 BUNGOMA	92	FRANCIS BARASA	BOX 256 BUNGOMA
8	ROBERT K. CHEPOR	BOX 16 MALAKISI	93	GEORGE MANUYA	BOX 100 BUNGOMA
9	LEONARD CHENGOLI	BOX 16 MALAKISI	94	RICHARD SIFUNA	BOX 170 BUNGOMA
10	ERIC WAMBASI	BOX 1690 BUNGOMA	95	AUSTINE CHEBOR	BOX 71 MALAKISI
11	EDWARD CHEPKOTIK	BOX 172 BUNGOMA	96	JOSEPH KIPTORICTUS	BOX 858 BUNGOMA
12	MAURICE JUMA	BOX 1856 BUNGOMA	97	ISAAK KIMINET	BOX 883 BUNGOMA
13	SAMUEL M. NAIBEI	BOX 172 BUNGOMA	98	TOM MAKAYO	BOX 388 BUNGOMA
14	FWAMBA HENGOLI	BOX 16 MALAKISI	99	RICHARD KISILA	BOX 71 MALAKISI
15	CEMENET MWANJA	BOX 838 BUNGOMA	100	JUSTO WEKULO	BOX 387 BUNGOMA
16	CHARLES K. CHEBOR	BOX 200 MALAKISI	101	RODGERS WASWA	BOX 387 BUNGOMA
17	TOBIAS MAKUNJA	BOX 148 BUNGOMA	102	WYCLIFF KIBOR	BOX 33 BUNGOMA
18	HEZRON KIPSEPET	BOX 172 BUNGOMA	103	EDWARD WAMUNSE	BOX 71 MALAKISI
19	PATRICK NDIEMA	BOX 221 BUNGOMA	104	ISAAK CHEBOR	BOX 16 MALAKISI
20	JAFREA CHEBOR	BOX 16 MALAKISI	105	PATRICK MAKITARE	BOX 68 MALAKISI
21	JOSEPH MENGICH	BOX 172 BUNGOMA	106	EVANS SAMBURUMO	BOX 16 MALAKISI
22	JAMES SILALI	BOX 757 BUNGOMA	107	NDIWA MAASAI	BOX 13 BUNGOMA
23	SIMSON WAFULA	BOX 16 MALAKISI	108	DAVID LITALI	
24	PROTUS NDIEMA	BOX 172 BUNGOMA	109	RAJAB OPWORA	BOX 14 BUNGOMA
25	JEREMIAH SIMWA	BOX 14 BUNGOMA	110	STELLA MULISA	BOX 95 MALAKISI
26	JAMES NYONJE	BOX 7 BUNGOMA	111	GORRET SIMIYU	BOX 40 BUNGOMA
27	FRANCIS WALUSAKA	BOX 817 BUNGOMA	112	NJUKHILILI GEOFFREY	BOX 183 BUNGOMA
28	HENRY JUMA OPILO	BOX 787 BUNGOMA	113	GEORGE WAFULA M.	BOX 1657 BUNGOMA
29	JOHN MISIATI	BOX 341 BUNGOMA	114	VINCENT TEMBA	BOX 581 BUNGOMA
30	CATHERINE WALUBENCO	BOX 581 BUNGOMA	115	GILBERT WANJALA	BOX 411
31	MUNYASI WASIKE	BOX 1017 BUNGOMA	116	ALFRED N. WABWILE	BOX 56 BUNGOMA
32	RICHARD CHESOME	BOX 478 BUNGOMA	117	PHARIS BARASA	BOX 56 BUNGOMA
33	BOB BARASA	BOX 100 BUNGOMA	118	SOSPETER OMONDI	BOX 282 MALABA
34	MICHAEL NABISWA	BOX 50 BUNGOMA	119	ALICE NABUERA	BOX 531 BUNGOMA
35	FRED WAMALWA	BOX 85 BUNGOMA	120	WAMALWA SIMIYU	BOX 1927 BUNGOMA
36	KASIMBA MICHAEL	BOX 85 BUNGOMA	121	LEONARD WEKESA	BOX 85 BUNGOMA
37	SAMSON FURUHA	BOX 108 BUNGOMA	122	JULIUS WASIKE	BOX 133 BUNGOMA
38	VINCENT WALAKA	BOX 158 BUNGOMA	123	KHISA EMMANUEL	BOX 1155 BUNGOMA
39	MARTIN WAINABISI	BOX 1158 BUNGOMA	124	EVANS B. SIMATWA	BOX 16 MALAKISI
40	CHRISTINE NALYIANYA	BOX 2153 BUNGOMA	125	MAINA MABABI	BOX 924 BUNGOMA
41	JAMES CHENGOLI	BOX 135 BUNGOMA	126	JACKTON ONDIKO	BOX 2479 BUNGOMA
42	MARTIN MBOYA	BOX 1356 BUNGOMA	127	WECHULI SIMIYU	BOX 98 BUNGOMA
43	PAUL MARUMBU	BOX 1229 BUNGOMA	128	GEORGE WANYONYI	BOX 1214 BUNGOMA
44	JOSEPH NALIANYA	BOX 1856 BUNGOMA	129	HENRY WEKESA	BOX 154 BUNGOMA
45	EDWARD NYONGESA	BOX 14 BUNGOMA	130	LEONARD MUKANDA	BOX 170 BUNGOMA

46	MUKENYA JOHN	BOX 1172 BUNGOMA	131	ANTHONY SOITA	BOX 1922 BUNGOMA
47	RICHARD WALUKANO	BOX 924 BUNGOMA	132	SHADRACK WANYAMA	BOX 96 BUNGOMA
48	J. S. KHAKULA	BOX 924 BUNGOMA	133	JAFRICK WEBANDA	BOX 411 BUNGOMA
49	ONGULLU MOSES	BOX 258 KHWISERO	134	EZEKIEL MACHASO	BOX 299 CHWELE
50	LEONIDA WASWA	BOX 719 BUNGOMA	135	CHRIS SOTIM JUMA	BOX 1856 BUNGOMA
51	MASIMO G. WAMALWA	BOX 1927 BUNGOMA	136	WEKESA GEORGE	BOX 1856 BUNGOMA
52	CHARLES WAFULA	BOX 169 BUNGOMA	137	LAWRENCE BENDA	BOX 457 BUNGOMA
53	JACOB KHAOYA	BOX 37 BUNGOMA	138	VICTOR KAKENYI	BOX 104 BUNGOMA
54	ROBIA DANIEL	NOX 2099 BUNGOMA	139	CAROLINE WEKESA	BOX 2144 BUNGOMA
55	RONALD MUTORO	BOX 836 BUNGOMA	140	BENARD WESONGA	BOX 102 BUNGOMA
56	EDWARD TALEWA	BOX 2392 BUNGOMA	141	DOUGLAS KISONGOHI	BOX 47 BUNGOMA
57	FRANCIS CHENGOI	BOX 13 MALAKISI	142	WANYAMA WANYONYI	BOX 1754 BUNGOMA
58	MOSES SIPAKA	BOX 276 SANGALO	143	FRANCIS WAKOLIKO	BOX 975 BUNGOMA
59	MABONGA SIMON	BOX 2472 BUNGOMA	144	PIUS J. LUKORITO	BOX 1150 BUNGOMA
60	HENRY LUMBUKTU	BOX 700 BUNGOMA	145	IBRAHIM NAKHANYA	BOX 85 BUNGOMA
61	PETER WAMATUBA	BOX 379 BUNGOMA	146	THOMAS WEPUKHULU	BOX 1 MISIKIFU
62	WATUA SITATI	BOX 1625 BUNGOMA	147	MARTIN SIUNDU	BOX 1 MISIKIFU
63	ALFRED MURUNGA	BOX 1367 BUNGOMA	148	SOLOMON MUUCHI	BOX 1038 BUNGOMA
64	DIPED WANYONYI	BOX 172 BUNGOMA	149	FELISTUS WALELA	BOX 26 BUNGOMA
65	PUIS WANGILA	BOX 50 BUNGOMA	150	LONAH GEORGE	BOX 225 BUNGOMA
66	ANGELINE WAMALWA	BOX 1160	151	WYCLIFF MULAMA	BOX 795 BUNGOMA
67	MOSES WAFULA	BOX 54 BUNGOMA	152	BRAMUEL	BOX 1922 BUNGOMA
68	ANDREW KUNYU	BOX 2678 NAIROBI	153	BENJAMIN KAPUKHA	BOX 344 BUNGOMA
69	MOSES WABUNGA	BOX 254	154	PRICHID GHANGALWA	BOX 382 BUNGOMA
70	FERDINARD KULOBA	BOX 821 BUNGOMA	155	PUIS KHAEMBA	BOX 291 BUNGOMA
71	ENOCK WAFULA	BOX 13 BUNGOMA	156	TABITHA SITABUKA	BOX 14 BUNGOMA
72	MUBWANI JOSEPH	BOX 70 KAMUKUYWA	157	WANGULO KHAYERI	BOX 15 BUNGOMA
73	SABWA FRANCIS	BOX 85 BUNGOMA	158	PETER MULEKWA	BOX 1992 BUNGOMA
74	LUKURITO WANYERA	BOX 2225 BUNGOMA	159	JAMES FWAMBA	BOX 172 BUNGOMA
75	MOSES WEKESA	BOX 411 BUNGOMA	160	AUDREY WANYAMA	BOX 145 BUNGOMA
76	RUBAI NYONGESA	BOX 100 BUNGOMA	161	PETER WAMALWA	BOX 10 BUKEMBE
77	MARTIN MANIAFU	BOX 385 BUNGOMA	162	HENRY LUKHANYO	BOX 2003 BUNGOMA
78	MHE. WAMUNYINYI	BOX 100 BUNGOMA	163	NICOLAS KHISA	BOX 100 BUNGOMA
79	THERESA WEFWAFWA	BOX 356 BUNGOMA	164	DINAH KHAYOTA	BOX 1485 BUNGOMA
80	YONAH WACHIYE	BOX 113 MUYAYI	165	WAFULA JOSEPH	BOX 100 BUNGOMA
81	AUGUSTINE N. TELLA	BOX 978 BUNGOMA	166	ISMAEL ABULKADIR	BOX 503 BUNGOMA
82	SIMEON NDUMBI	BOX 88 BUNGOMA	167	CHRISTINE MASIKA	BOX 1158 BUNGOMA
83	BARAZA MULONGO	BOX 1186 BUNGOMA	168	JOSEPH KIMANI	BOX 916 BUNGOMA
84	HARRY MURANDAFU	BOX 981 BUNGOMA	169	AGNES MASOLI	BOX 109 BUNGOMA
85	CAPTAIN WEKESA	BOX 408 BUNGOMA			

No.	Name	Address	No	Name	Address
1	Gaitano Buteyo	P.O. Box 59 Bungoma	32	Jafred Wanyonyi	P.O. Box 135 Bungoma
2	Justo Wekulo	P.O. Box 387 Bungoma	33	Charles Masika M.	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma
3	Alex Adoyo	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma	34	Lucas M. Kiberenge	P.O. Box 559 Bungoma
4	Sipran Walutka	P.O. Box 287 Bungoma	35	Concepta Masika	P.O. Box 1308 Bungoma
5	Emoiti James	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma	36	Evans Okumu	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma
6	Samuel Mutura	P.O. Box 916 Bungoma	37	Geoffrey N. Wele	P.O. Box 35 Bungoma
7	Emojong Oprong	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma	38	Martin Kwata	P.O. Box 183 Bungoma
8	Erastus Kataka	P.O. Box 183 Bungoma	39	Bramuel Watiti	P.O. Box 183 Bungoma
9	Henry Sangura	P.O. Box 410 Kimilili	40	Patrick Mukabo	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma
10	Richard Wekesa	P.O. Box 1949 Bungoma	41	Emmanuel Khisa	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma
11	Michael Ete Papa	P.O. Box 2005 Bungoma	41	Sylvester Wamalwa	P.O. Box 134 Bungoma
12	Moses Wekesa	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma	42	Joseph Mango	P.O. Box 134 Bungoma
13	Patrick Bulialia	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma	43	Jimmy Elamum Ngoni	P.O. Box 901 Webuye
14	Cllr. Lucas Sore	P.O. Box 1012 Bungoma	44	Bathlomew Wanyonyi	P.O. Box 93 Bungoma
15	Mathew Wekesa	P.O. Box 96 Bungoma	45	Dishon Khamala	P.O. Box 134 Bungoma
16	Onestus Wafula	P.O. Box 7223 Bungoma	46	John Singesi	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma
17	Kasimir Wekesa	P.O. Box 1033 Bungoma	47	Sylvestor Onyagah	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma
18	Sylvestor Wakitare	P.O. Box 1033 Bungoma	48	Pius Wekesa	P.O. Box 185 Bungoma
19	Mandi Denise	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma	49	Benson Nasongo	P.O. Box 1985 Bungoma
20	Moses Siroke	P.O. Box 258 Bungoma	50	Job W. Khaemba	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma
21	Anthony Mukanda	P.O. Box 25 Bungoma	51	Patrick Tangali	P.O. Box 395 Bungoma
22	Walter O. Okoth	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma	52	Nicolas Lukunza	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma
23	Patrick Lukoye	P.O. Box 134 Bungoma	53	Evans Karawi	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma
24	Hagai Liboyi	P.O. Box 1221 Bungoma	54	Moses Wanyonyi	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma
25	Peter Sikuku	P.O. Box 34 Kimilili	55	Levis Almasi	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma
26	John Kamau Macharia	P.O. Box 2559 Bungoma	56	Ongelo Okingi	P.O. Box 134 Bungoma
27	Peter Masinde	P.O. Box 134 Bungoma	57	David Paile	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma
28	Protus Mohanji	P.O. Box 24 Bungoma	58	Jafred Walumasi	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma
29	James Mbatia	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma	59	Cllr Mwanjala	N/A
30	Anthony Andera	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma	60	Patrick Wasibo	P.O. Box 185 Bungoma
31	Jose Muingi	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma	61	Moses Wakhaso	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma
63	Isiah Matindo	P.O. Box 255 Bungoma	71	Patrick W. Wanyonyi	P.O. Box 48 Bungoma
64	Richard Wanyonyi	P.O. Box 56 Bungoma	72	Beldad W. Wanyonyi	P.O. Box 161 Webuye
65	Daniel Lipukha	P.O. Box 275 Bungoma	73	Joash Were	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma
66	Stanley Natembea	P.O. Box 785 Bungoma	74	Jotham Naganya	P.O. Box 40 Bukembe
67	Chrispinus Makokha	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma	75	Daniel Waloto	P.O. Box 60 Bungoma
68	Wilfred Masika	P.O. Box 285 Bungoma	76	Alfred Akesa	N/A
69	Joseph K. Tumwa	P.O. Box 830 Bungoma	77	Charles Juma	P.O. Box 183 Bungoma
70	Peter Wanyonyi	P.O. Box 100 Bungoma	78	Ismael Nangabo	P.O. Box 156 Kakamega
			79	Chris Lusweti	P.O. Box 850 Bungoma