JA WS OF DOMINACE

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT

CHAPTER 2:01

Act 14 of 1951 Amended by 10 of 1954 12 of 1956 9 of 1960 1 of 1963 36 of 1965 5 of 1967 1967 No. 233 (App. Act) 10 of 1969 18 of 1971 13 of 1974 38/1974 5 of 1977 2 of 1987 12 of 1990 17/1990

Current Authorised Pages

Pages	Authorised		
(inclusive)	by L.R.O.		
1-2	1/1995		
3-52	1/1991		
JJ-J0	111773		
<i>57-78</i>	1/1991		

2

Index of Subsidiary Legislation

	Page
House of Assembly (Elections) Regulations	74

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT

CHAPTER 2:01

COMPARATIVE TABLE OF SECTION NUMBERS

Cap 183 1961 Ed. (Sections))	Chap 2:01 1990 Ed. (Sections)	Cap 183 1961 Ed. (Sections)	19	ap 2:01 90 Ed. ections)	Cap 183 1961 Ed. (Sections)	1990	2:01 Ed. tions)
1 - 3		1 - 3	39	_	31	69	_	61
*4 -10	-	1-5	40	_	32	70	_	62
11	_	omitted	41	_	33	71	-	63
12	_	4	42	-	34	72	-	64
13	_	5	43	_	35	73	-	65
14	_	6	44	-	36	74	-	66
15	-	7	45	-	37	75	-	67
16	_	8	46	-	38	76	-	68
17	_	9	47	-	39	77	-	69
18	_	10	48	-	40	78	-	70
19	_	11	49	-	41	79	-	71
20	-	12	50	-	42	80	-	72
21	_	13	51	-	43	81	-	73
22	_	14	52	-	44	82	-	74
23	_	15	53	-	45	83	-	75
24	_	16	54	-	46	84	-	76
25	_		55	-	47	85	-	77
26	_	18	56	-	48	First Schedule	Sal	nedule
27	-	19	57	-	49			
28	-	20	58	-	50	Second Schedule		pealed by 1974
29	-	- 21	59	-	51		30/	1974
30	-	- 22	60	-	52			
31	-	23	61	-	53			
32		- 24	62	-	54			
33		- 25	63	-	55			
34		- 26	64	-	56			
35		- 27	65	-	57			
36		28	66	-	58			
37		- 29	67	-	59			
33		20	<u> </u>	-	ΚŪ			

COMPARATIVE TABLE OF FORM NUMBERS

Cap 183		Chap 2:01	Cap 183	Chap 2:01		Cap 183	Chap 2:01		
1961 Ed.		1990 Ed.	1961 Ed.	1990 Ed.		1961 Ed.		1990 Ed.	
Form Nos	5	Form Nos	Form Nos	Form Nos		Form Nos		Form Nos	
Form 1	_	Form 1	Form 20	-	Form 7	Form 38	-	Form 26	
Form 2	-	-	Form 21	-	Form 8	Form 39	-	Form 27	
Form 3	-	=	Form 22	-	Form 9	Form 40	-	Form 28	
Form 4	-		Form 23	-	Form 10	Form 41	-	Form 29	
Form 5	-	-	Form 24	-	Form 11	Form 42	-	Form 30	
Form 6	-	-	Form 25	-	Form 12	Form 43	-	Form 31	
Form 7	-	Form 2	Form 26	-	Form 13	Form 44	-	Form 32	
Form 8	-	Form 3	Form 26A	-	Form 14	Form 45	-	Form 33	
Form 9	-	-	Form 27	-	Form 15	Form 46	-	-	
Form 10	-	-	Form 28	-	Form 16				
Form 11	-	Form 4	Form 29	-	Form 17				
Form 12	-	Form 5	Form 30	-	Form 18				
Form 13	-	-	Form 31	-	Form 19				
Form 14	_	-	Form 32	-	Form 20				
Form 15	-	-	Form 33	-	Form 21				
Form 16	-	-	Form 34	-	Form 22				
Form 17	-	-	Form 35	-	Form 23				
Form 18	-	-	Form 36	-	Form 24				
Form 19	-	Form 6	Form 37	-	Form 25				
			-	-	Form 25A				

CHAPTER 2:01

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

SECTION

1. Short title.

PART I

PRELIMINARY

- 2. Interpretation.
- 3. Constituencies.

PART II

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

- 4. Powers and duties of Chief Elections Officer.
- 5. Appointment of supervisor of enumerators.
- 6. Returning officers.
- 7. Election clerks.
- 8. Substitute election clerks.
- 9. Presiding officers.
- 10. Poll clerks.
- 11. Oaths to be taken before justice of the peace, returning officer, presiding officer or poll clerk.

PART III

ELECTIONS

ARRANGEMENTS FOR ELECTIONS

- 12. Issue of writs for holding elections.
- 13. Notice of place and time of election.
- 14. Canta of lists of clotters to be obtained

6

PROCEDURE AT ELECTIONS

- 15. Nomination of candidates.
- 16. Disposal of deposits.
- 17. Uncontested elections.
- 18. Contested election adjournment to take the poll.
- 19. Power to adjourn polling day in event of emergency.
- 20. Withdrawal of candidature.
- Taking of poll and the ballot. 21.
- 22. Establishment of polling stations.
- 23. Supplies of election material.
- 24. Inspection of polling station by presiding officer.
- 25. Hours of taking the poll.
- 26. Ballot boxes.
- 27. Electors to vote only in district upon list for which their names appear.
- 28. Penalty.
- 29. Restriction on number of candidates for whose election vote may be cast.
- Transfer of electors in special cases. 30.
- 31. Where transferred elector to vote.
- 32. Proceedings at poll.
- 33. Who are to be admitted within the polling station. Agents, how to be placed. Preservation of order.
- 34. General mode of taking ballot.
- 35. Questions which may be put to an elector.
- 36. Mode of taking ballot in special cases.
- 37. Who may vote.
- 38. Who may be present.
- 39. Proceedings after poll.
- 40. Agents.

PART IV

PROCEDURE SUBSEQUENT TO POLLING DAY

- 41. Final counting of votes.
- 42. Provisions applicable where ballot boxes not returned.
- 43 Declaration of the poll

SECTION

- 44. Election return.
- 45. Penalty for delay, neglect or refusal of returning officer to return elected candidate.
- 46. Power of Assembly to elect in event of equality of votes.
- 47. Custody of election documents by Chief Elections Officer.
- 48. Custody of ballot boxes.

PART V

ELECTION OFFENCES

- 49. Intoxicating liquor not to be sold or given on polling day.
- 50. Employers to allow employees prescribed period for voting.
- 51. Offences by election officers.
- 52. Loud-speakers, ensigns, banners, etc., prohibited on polling day.

Flags, ribbons or favours not to be furnished or worn. Penalty.

- 53. Maintenance of order at polling station.
- 54. Influencing electors to vote for any candidate.
- 55. Definition of bribery.
- 56. Definition of treating.
- 57. Definition of undue influence.
- 58. Definition of personation.
- 59. Penalty for bribery, treating or undue influence.
- 60. Penalty for personation.
- 61. Disqualification for bribery, etc.
- 62. Penalty for certain illegal practices at elections.
- 63. Offences in respect of ballot paper.
- 64. Infringement of secrecy.

PART VI

ELECTIONS PETITIONS

- 65 Datitions against disputed elections
- 66. Trial of election petitions. Decision of Judge final.
- 67. Powers of Judge. Summoning witnesses.
- 68. Presentation of election potition and security for costs.

SECTION

PART VII

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- 69. No obligation on voter to disclose vote.
- 70. Conclusiveness of list of electors.
- 71. Candidate may act in person.
- 72. Name and address of agent.
- 73. Absence of agents.
- 74. Regulations.
- 75. Expenses of election.
- 76. Computation of time.
- 77. Refusal of elector to take oath or affirmation or answer questions.

C/	чи	ΕI	71	TT	E
ĸ	л	E.	J.	л.	æ

CHAPTER 2:01

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT

AN ACT to provide for the registration of persons entitled to vote 1961 Ed. at elections of members of the House of Assembly and to $\frac{\text{cap. 165}}{14 \text{ of } 1951}$. regulate the procedure at such elections and for other purposes in connection therewith.

[16th July 1951]

Commencement.

1. This Act may be cited as the -

Short title.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT.

PART I

PRELIMINARY

2. In this Act –

Interpretation. [12 of 1990]. S.I. 1978 No. 1027 (U.K).

[Schedule 1].

- "Chief Elections Officer" means the Chief Elections Officer appointed under section 87 of the Constitution;
- "Commission" means the Electoral Commission established under section 56 of the Constitution;
- "constituency" means a constituency as defined in the Registration of Ch. 2:03. Electors Act:
- "election" means an election of a member or members to serve in the House of Assembly;
- "election documents" means the documents which the returning officer is required by section 44(1) to transmit to the Chief Elections Officer after an election;
- "election officer" includes the Chief Elections Officer, every supervisor of enumerators, returning officer, election clerk, presiding officer, poll clerk, enumerator or other person having any duty to perform pursuant to this Act, to the faithful performance of

[&]quot;elector" means any person whose name is on any list of electors;

[&]quot;finally revised list" means the list of electors for any polling district which has been revised by the registration officer in accordance with the provisions of the Registration of Electors

Regulations, certified and forwarded to the Chief Elections Officer for printing;

- "Form", identified by a number, means the Form of that number set out in the Schedule;
- "list of electors" means either the preliminary list of electors, the finally revised list of electors or the official list of electors as herein defined, as the context requires;
- "official list" means the finally revised list of electors for any polling station which has been printed for use at such polling station;

Form 20.

- "poll book" means the book in Form 20 in which the name and other particulars of every person applying to vote are consecutively entered by the poll clerk as soon as the applicant's right to vote at the polling station has been ascertained and before any such applicant is allowed to vote;
- "polling day" means the day fixed for holding the poll at an election;
- "polling district" means any polling district constituted in accordance with the provisions of the Registration of Electors Act;

Ch. 2:03.

- "polling station" means any room secured by the returning officer for the taking of votes of the electors on polling day and to which the official list of electors for a polling district is allotted;
- "preliminary list of electors" means the list of electors prepared by the enumerators in accordance with the provisions of the Registration of Electors Regulations;
- "prescribed" means prescribed by regulations made under the provisions of this Act;
- "register of electors" means the register of electors prepared under Part II of the Registration of Electors Act and described in section 17 of that Act;
- "rejected ballot paper" means a ballot paper which has been handed by the presiding officer to an elector to cast his vote but which at the close of the poll has been found in the ballot box unmarked or so improperly marked that in the opinion of the presiding
- "spoiled ballot paper" means a ballot paper which, on polling day, has not been deposited in the ballot box but has been found by the presiding officer to be soiled or improperly printed, or which has been handed by the presiding officer to an elector to cast his

- (a) has been spoiled in marking by the elector; and
- (b) has been handed back to the presiding officer and exchanged for another;

"voter" means any person who votes at an election;

3. There shall, in pursuance of section 33 of the Constitution, be Constituencies. elected to the House of Assembly, in the manner prescribed by the 19 of 1960 provisions of this Act, representatives of the constituencies established S.I. 1978. in accordance with section 57 of the Constitution, subject to the No. 1027 (U.K). transitional provisions of paragraph 3(1) of Schedule 2 to the Commonwealth of Dominica Constitution Order 1978 (transitionally adopting the twenty-one constituencies established by the Boundaries Commis- Ch. 1:01 sion Order).

43/1973.

(Sub.Leg.).

PART II ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

- **4.** (1) The Chief Elections Officer shall
 - (a) exercise general direction and supervision over the tions Officer. administrative conduct of elections and enforce on the part of all election officers fairness, impartiality and compliance with the provisions of this Act;
- Powers and duties of the Chief Elec-[12 of 1990].
 - (b) issue to election officers such instructions as from time to time he may consider necessary to ensure effective execution of the provisions of this Act;
 - (c) execute and perform all other powers and duties which by this Act are conferred and imposed upon him.
- (2) The Chief Elections Officer shall receive such remuneration as may be approved by Parliament.
- 5. The Commission may from time to time, on the recommenda- Appointment of tion of the Chief Elections Officer, appoint supervisors of enumerators who shall receive such remuneration as may be prescribed. The supervisors of enumerators shall perform such duties as the Commission or the Chief Elections Officer shall assign to them.

[&]quot;writ" means the writ for an election.

Returning offi-

6. (1) The Commission may from time to time, on the recommendation of the Chief Elections Officer, appoint for each constituency a returning officer who shall receive such remuneration as may be prescribed.

Form 7.

- (2) Forthwith upon his appointment each returning officer shall take and subscribe an oath in Form 7 and shall transmit the oath to the Chief Elections Officer.
- (3) Forthwith upon taking the oath referred to in subsection (2), the returning officer shall establish an office in his constituency, or, where any person has been appointed returning officer for more than one constituency, in one of the constituencies or with the approval of the Chief Elections Officer at some convenient place outside of either of the constituencies, and shall cause an advertisement to be inserted in a local newspaper specifying the place at which he has established his office.

Election clerks.

7. (1) The Chief Elections Officer may appoint an election clerk to assist each returning officer. The clerk shall receive such remuneration as may be prescribed.

Form 8.

- (2) Forthwith upon his appointment, the election clerk shall take an oath in Form 8 and shall transmit the oath to the returning officer.
- (3) If at any time between the issue of a writ for an election and the declaration of the result of that election the returning officer dies or becomes incapable of performing his duties as such, the election clerk shall forthwith report the fact to the Chief Elections Officer and shall discharge all the duties and exercise all the powers of the returning officer until some other returning officer is appointed or the former officer ceases to be incapable of performing his duties, as the case may be.

Substitute

8. (1) Forthwith upon commencing to discharge the duties of returning officer in accordance with section 7, the election clerk shall appoint a substitute election clerk who, unless sooner removed by the Chief Elections Officer, shall perform all the duties and exercise all the powers of the election clerk until such time as the election clerk ceases to perform the duties and to exercise the powers of the returning officer.

- (2) Forthwith upon commencing to discharge the duties of the election clerk, the substitute election clerk shall take the oath required by section 7 to be taken by the election clerk.
- (3) The substitute election clerk shall receive, in respect of his services as such, such sum as the Commission may in any particular case appoint.
- 9. (1) The Chief Elections Officer shall, subject to the approval Presiding of the Commission, appoint a presiding officer for each polling station officers. in the constituency who shall receive such remuneration as may be prescribed.

(2) Forthwith upon his appointment each presiding officer shall take and subscribe an oath in Form 9 and shall transmit the oath Form 9. to the returning officer.

- 10. (1) The Chief Elections Officer shall appoint a poll clerk for Poll clerks. each polling station in such district who shall receive such remuneration as may be prescribed.
- (2) Forthwith upon his appointment every poll clerk shall take and subscribe an oath in Form 10 and shall transmit the oath to the Form 10. returning officer.
- (3) If any presiding officer dies or becomes incapable of performing his duties during the taking of the poll, the poll clerk shall forthwith assume the office of presiding officer and shall appoint some other person to act as poll clerk.
- (4) Every person appointed to act as poll clerk under subsection (3) shall forthwith take and subscribe the oath of a poll clerk.
- 11. Every election officer and every person who is required by this Oaths to be taken Act to take an oath may take the oath either before a justice of the peace or before any registration officer, returning officer or presiding officer returning officer, or poll clerk appointed in accordance with the provisions of this Act and presiding officer every such registration officer, returning officer, presiding officer and poll clerk is hereby authorised and empowered to administer any oaths required by this Act to be made by any election officer or other person

before justice of

or poll clerk.

PART III ELECTIONS

ARRANGEMENTS FOR ELECTIONS

Issue of writs for holding elections. [12 of 1990].

12. (1) For the purposes of every general election of members of the House of Assembly, and for the purposes of the election of members to fill vacancies caused by death, resignation, or otherwise, the President shall issue writs under the Public Seal of the State, addressed to the returning officers of the respective constituencies for which members are to be returned. The writs shall be forwarded to the Chief Elections Officer for transmission to the several returning officers.

Form 1.

- (2) Every such writ shall be in Form 1 and shall specify the day and place of nomination of candidates, the day on which, if necessary, the poll shall be taken, being not less than fifteen and not more than twenty-one days after the day fixed for the nomination of candidates, and the day on which the writ is returnable to the President.
- (3) Upon receipt of the writ every returning officer shall proceed to hold the election in the manner hereinafter provided.

Notice of place and time of election. [2 of 1987 12 of 1990].

Form 11.

13. Upon the issue by the President of a writ, the Chief Elections Officer shall give notice thereof and of the day and place fixed for the nomination of candidates, by publication in the *Gazette* at least ten clear days before the day fixed for the nomination; and the returning officer shall give further notice of the issue of the writ and of the time and place fixed for the nomination of candidates by causing notices in Form 11 to be posted or affixed in some conspicuous place near the principal door of every court house, police station, and revenue office of the relevant constituency and in any other place he may think necessary.

Copies of lists of electors to be obtained.

14. Before the day fixed for the nomination of candidates the returning officer shall obtain from the Chief Elections officer the prescribed number of copies of the lists of electors for the time being in torce by virtue of this Act.

Procedure at Elections

Nomination of candidates. [2 of 1987].

15. (1) On the day and at the place fixed for the nomination of candidates, the returning officer shall attend at nine o'clock in the morning to receive the nomination of candidates for the scatte be filled.

- (2) Every candidate for election -
 - (i) must be nominated in writing by not less than six registered electors of the constituency for which he seeks to be elected; and
 - (ii) must consent in writing to the nomination in Form Form 12. 12:

but no candidate shall be deemed not to have been validly nominated by reason only of the fact that subsequent to nomination day any person by whom his nomination paper was signed is struck off the list of electors for the relevant constituency.

- (3) The returning officer shall at the place aforesaid and at the time aforesaid and within seven hours thereafter receive the nomination papers as may be tendered to him.
- (4) Every candidate shall at the time of his nomination deliver or cause to be delivered to the returning officer a statutory declaration of his qualifications made and subscribed by the candidate or, if the candidate is absent from the State on nomination day, by his duly authorised agent, in Form 13 or Form 14, as the case may be. If the Form 13. statutory declaration is not delivered as aforesaid the nomination of the candidate shall be deemed to be void.

- (5) Every candidate or someone on his behalf shall at the time of his nomination deposit, or cause to be deposited, with the returning officer, the sum of five hundred dollars in cash, and if he fails to do so, the nomination of the candidate shall be deemed to be void.
- 16. (1) The full amount of every such deposit made under section Disposal of 15(5) shall forthwith after its receipt be transmitted by the returning officer to the Financial Secretary.

(2) The full amount of every such deposit shall be returned by the Financial Secretary to the person who made the deposit or his personal representatives, as the case may be, upon the production by him or by them, within one month of the conclusion of the election in respect of which the deposit was made of a certificate from the Chief Elections Officer that the candidate was elected or polled not less than

Atta AtPlitti of his form common or common and before the close of the poll on polling day.

(3) For the purposes of this section the number of votes polled shall be deemed to be the number of ballot papers (other than rejected hallot naners and snoiled hallot naners) counted

(4) Except as otherwise provided in this section, every such deposit shall, at the expiration of one month, from the conclusion of the election in respect of which it was made, be credited to general revenue.

Uncontested elections.

Form 15.

17. If at the expiration of seven hours from the time appointed there is only one candidate duly nominated, the returning officer shall forthwith publicly declare that candidate to be elected, and shall immediately thereafter certify by endorsement on the writ of election in Form 15 the return of that candidate and shall return the writ so endorsed to the Chief Elections Officer for transmission to the President within the time for that purpose specified therein.

Contested election adjournment to take the poll. [2 of 1987].

- 18. (1) If there is more than one candidate duly nominated, a poll of electors shall be taken, and in such case the returning officer shall adjourn the election to the day specified in the writ and a poll shall be taken on such day in the manner hereinafter provided.
- (2) The returning officer shall as soon as practicable after adjourning the election, give notice of the day and time on which and the addresses of the polling stations at which the poll will be taken and of the names of the candidates nominated for election and of the place where and the day and time when the number of votes given to the several candidates will be finally counted, by publication thereof, in the *Gazette* and in at least one local newspaper or on national radio; and by causing notices to be posted or affixed in some conspicuous place near the principal door of every court house, police station and revenue office and in any other place in the constituency as he may think necessary in Form 16.

Form 16.

Power to adjourn polling day in event of emergency. [12 of 1990].

- 19. (1) Where at any time between the issue of a writ under section 12(1) and the day appointed by the writ for the holding of the poll at any election the President is satisfied that it is expedient to do so by reason of -
 - (a) the State having become engaged or being likely to become engaged in any war:
 - (b) the proclamation of any state of emergency under the
 - (c) the occurrence of any earthquake, hurricane, flood, fire, outbreak of pestilence or outbreak of infectious disease or other calamity whether similar to the foregoing or

S.I. 1978. No. 1027 (U.K). [Schedule 1]. (d) the likelihood that the final electoral list for all constituencies or for any particular constituency will not be printed before the day appointed under section 12 for the holding of the poll or that any essential electoral supplies or materials will not be available in adequate quantities upon such day,

he may by Proclamation adjourn the holding of the poll for some other day specified in the Proclamation not being more than thirty days after the day specified in the writ issued under section 12.

- (2) Any Proclamation under subsection (1) made pursuant to subsection (1)(c) or (d) may be expressed to apply only to the constituencies as are specified in the Proclamation in which event the poll shall be taken in any constituency not so specified upon the day appointed for the taking of the poll under section 12.
- (3) Where any Proclamation is made under this section the writs for all constituencies to which the Proclamation applies shall be deemed to have been amended by the substitution for the day specified in the writs as being the day for the holding of the poll of the day so specified in the Proclamation.
- (4) Where any Proclamation under this section is made before the day which would have been nomination day if the Proclamation had not been made, nomination day shall be deemed to have been adjourned to the twenty-third day next before the day to which the holding of the poll is adjourned by the Proclamation; but if the twenty-third day is a public holiday nomination day shall be deemed to be adjourned to the first day not being a public holiday after the twenty-third day.
- (5) Where any Proclamation is made under this section after nomination day the adjournment by the Proclamation of the day upon which the poll is taken shall in no way affect the validity of any nomination validly made upon nomination day and no other nomination shall be made.
- 20. (1) Any candidate duly nominated may, not less than seven withdrawai of clear days before the day fixed for taking the poll, withdraw from his candidature. candidature by giving notice to the effect, signed by nim, to the returning officer, provided that on the withdrawal there remains not less than one duly nominated candidate.
- (2) If any such candidate withdraws from his candidature in aaaaaaaa waxa manamine 23 ka maa maa ilii siin tooni (77732) ha

the poll, the returning officer shall forthwith give public notice of the withdrawal or death in the prescribed manner; and if on the withdrawal or death there remains only one duly nominated candidate, the returning officer shall forthwith declare such candidate to have been elected, and shall immediately thereafter certify by endorsement on the writ of election the return of such candidate in Form 17, and shall return the writ so endorsed to the Chief Elections Officer for transmission to the President within the time for that purpose specified therein.

Form 17.

Taking of poll and the ballot.

- **21.** (1) The poll shall be taken in each polling station by secret ballot in accordance with the provisions of sections 34, 35 and 36.
- (2) The ballot of each voter shall be a printed paper, in this Act called a ballot paper, on which the names, addresses and occupations of the candidates alphabetically arranged in the order of their surnames and numbered accordingly shall be printed exactly as they are set out in their respective nomination papers. Opposite to the name of each candidate there shall be a prescribed symbol. The ballot papers shall have a counterfoil and a stub, and there shall be a line of perforations between the ballot and the counterfoil and between the counterfoil and the stub, the whole as in Form 18.

Form 18.

(3) The ballot papers shall be numbered on the top of the stub and the counterfoil, the same number being printed or written on the stub as on the counterfoil. The ballot papers shall be bound or stitched in books containing ten, twenty-five, fifty or one hundred ballots.

Establishment of polling stations.

22. The returning officer shall establish for each polling district such number of polling stations as the Chief Elections Officer shall determine, each polling station being in premises of convenient access, with an outside door for the admission of electors, and, where possible, with another door through which electors may leave after they have voted, and each presiding officer shall take care beforehand that his polling station is provided with proper doors, barriers, tables, chairs and other conveniences, and that the same are properly arranged for carrying out the provisions of this Act with respect to the taking of the poil.

election material.

- 23. (1) The returning officer shall rumnsh to each presiding officer at least two clear days before polling day
 - (a) a sufficient number of ballot papers for at least the number of electors on the official list of electors of the

- (b) a statement showing the number of ballot papers so supplied, with their serial numbers;
- (c) the necessary materials for electors to mark their ballot papers;
- (d) at least three copies of printed directions in Form 19 for Form 19. the guidance of electors in voting;
- (e) a copy of or excerpts from this Act;
- (f) three copies of the official list of electors for use at his polling station;
- (g) a ballot box;
- (h) a blank poll book;
- (i) the several forms of oaths to be administered to electors printed together on a card; and
- (j) the necessary envelopes and such other forms and supplies as may be authorised or furnished by the Chief Elections Officer.
- (2) Until the opening of the poll the presiding officer shall keep the blank poll book, official lists of electors, forms of oaths, envelopes, ballot papers and election supplies carefully locked up in the ballot box, and shall take every precaution for their safe keeping and to prevent any person from having unlawful access to them.
- (3) Before the hour fixed for the opening of the poll the presiding officer shall post up in each compartment of the polling station and in a conspicuous place outside of the polling station one copy of the directions referred to in subsection (1)(d).
- 24. Each presiding officer shall, on or before the day fixed for Inspection of polltaking the poll, visit his polling station and see that it is provided with proper convenience as aforesaid for taking the poll.

ing station by presiding officer.

25. The taking of the poil at each poiling station shall be between Hours of taking seven o'clock in the morning and five o'clock in the afternoon of the same day.

26. (1) The Chief Elections Officer shall supply to each returning officer a number of ballot boxes equal to the number of polling stations in hie constituency

(2) Every ballot box shall be made of some durable material, with one lock and key and a slit or narrow opening in the top, and so constructed that the ballot papers may be introduced therein but cannot be withdrawn therefrom unless the box is unlocked.

Electors to vote only in district upon list for which their names appear.

- 27. (1) Subject to the provisions of sections 30 and 31, no person shall be entitled to vote in any polling district unless his name appears on the official list of electors for that polling district.
- (2) Every person whose name appears upon the official list of electors for any polling district shall be entitled to vote in that polling district notwithstanding that he is not resident in that polling district upon polling day. However, no person shall vote in more than one constituency or at more than one polling station in the same constituency or more than once in the same constituency on the same day.

Penalty.

28. Any person contravening any of the provisions of section 27 is liable on summary conviction to imprisonment for six months.

Restriction on number of candidates for whose election vote may be cast. 29. No person shall vote for the election of more than one candidate.

Transfer of electors in special cases.

- **30.** (1) Where any person whose name appears upon the official list for any polling station is appointed as presiding officer or poll clerk for some other polling station in the same constituency, the returning officer shall transfer the name of the presiding officer or poll clerk, as the case may be, to the list for the polling station of which such person is appointed the presiding officer or poll clerk.
- (2) The returning officer shall give notice in writing to every candidate in his constituency of any transfer made under subsection (1) and to the presiding officer of the polling station at which the person whose name is so transferred would have been entitled to vote but for the provisions of section 31.

Where transferred elector to vote.

- 31. (1) Every person whose name is transferred, in accordance with section 30, from any official list to any other official list shall vote. If he votes at all, in the polling station of which he is appointed presiding officer or poll clerk, as the case may be.
- (2) Every presiding officer who issues to any person whose name has been transferred from any official list to any other official list may be be a list of the continuous and the contin

the polling district to which that persons name has been transferred, is liable on summary conviction to a fine of two hundred and fifty dollars or to imprisonment for one month.

32. (1) At the hour fixed for opening the poll the presiding officer Proceedings at and the poll clerk shall, in the presence of the candidates, their agents poll. and such of the electors as are present, open the ballot box and ascertain that there are no ballot papers or other papers therein, after which the box shall be locked, and the presiding officer shall keep the key thereof; the box shall be placed on a table in full view of all present and shall be maintained there until the close of the poll.

[12 of 1990].

- (2) Immediately after the ballot box is so locked, the presiding officer shall call upon the electors to vote.
- (3) The presiding officer shall secure the admittance of every elector into the polling station, and shall see that they are not impeded or molested at or about the polling station.
- (4) Each elector, upon entering the polling station, shall declare his name, residence and occupation. The poll clerk shall then ascertain if the name of the elector appears on the official list of electors used at the polling station. When it has been ascertained that the applicant elector is qualified to vote at the polling station, his name, address and occupation shall be entered in the poll book to be kept by the poll clerk in Form 20, his electoral registration number in the Form 20. appropriate column of the poll book, and the elector shall be immediately allowed to vote, unless an election officer or any agent of a candidate present at the polling station desires that he be first sworn.

- (5) The poll clerk shall
 - (a) make such entries in the poll book as the presiding officer pursuant to any provision of this Act directs;
 - (b) enter in the poll book opposite the name of each voter as soon as the voter's ballot paper has been deposited in the ballot box, the word "Voted";
 - (c) enter in the poll book the word "Sworn" or "Affirmed" opposite the name of each elector, to whom any oath or affirmation has been administered indicating the nature of the oath or affirmation; and
 - (d) enter in the poll book the words "Refused to be sworn" or "Refused to affirm" or "Refused to answer", oppound ma nama zu dass dierrer whe has reflice Armrafes an

oath or to affirm, when he has been legally required to do so, or has refused to answer questions which he has been legally required to answer.

Who are to be admitted within the polling station. Form 21.

33. (1) The presiding officer shall keep order at his polling station and shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted at a time, and shall exclude all other persons except his assistants, the candidates, one agent for each candidate appointed by the candidate in writing in Form 21, and the constables on duty.

Agents how to be placed.

(2) The agents shall be posted in such a place that they can see each person who presents himself as an elector, and hear his name as given in by him, but so that they cannot see how any voter votes. They shall not interfere in the proceedings save in so far as may be allowed by this Act.

Preservation of order.

(3) If any person persists, after being warned, in disobeying the directions of the presiding officer or in acting in contravention of this section it shall be lawful for the presiding officer to cause him to be removed from the polling station.

General mode of taking ballot. [5 of 1977 12 of 1990]. Form 18.

- 34. (1) Each elector shall receive from the presiding officer a ballot paper on which such officer has previously put his initials so placed as indicated in Form 18 that when the ballot paper is folded they can be seen without opening it, and on the counterfoil of which he has placed the elector's electoral registration number entered in the poll book opposite the name of the elector.
- (2) The presiding officer shall instruct the elector how to make his mark, and shall properly fold the elector's ballot paper, directing him to return it, when marked, folded as shown, but without inquiring or seeing for whom the elector intends to vote, except when the elector is unable to vote in the manner prescribed by this Act on account of blindness or other physical incapacity.
- (3) The elector on receiving the ballot paper shall forthwith enter one of the polling compartments and there mark his ballot paper by marking with a black lead pencil and not otherwise a cross within the

and he shall then fold the ballot paper as directed so that the initials and the numbers on the counterfoil can be seen without opening it, and hand the paper to the presiding officer who shall, without unfolding it, ascertain by examination of the initials and numbers appearing thereon

he shall forthwith in full view of the voter and all others present remove the counterfoil and deposit the ballot paper in the ballot box.

- (4) An elector who has inadvertently so dealt with the ballot paper delivered to him that it cannot conveniently be used shall restore it to the presiding officer who shall cancel it by writing the word "Spoiled" across the face of the same. The presiding officer shall then deliver another ballot paper to the elector.
- (5) Every elector shall vote without undue delay and shall leave the polling station as soon as his ballot paper has been put into the ballot box.
- (6) If at the hour of closing of the poll there are any electors inside the polling station who are qualified to vote and have not been able to do so since their arrival at the polling station, the poll shall be kept open a sufficient time to enable them to vote, but subject to subsection (7), no one not actually present within the polling station at the hour of closing shall be allowed to vote.
- (7) If the polling station is too small to accommodate all the people present, the presiding officer shall allow to vote any person who at the hour of closure of the poll were present at the station for the purpose of voting notwithstanding that such persons were not actually within the station.
- 35. (1) The presiding officer may, and if requested by a candidate Questions which or his agent shall, put to the elector the following questions:

may be put to an elector.

- (a) are you the same person whose name appears as A.B. on the list of electors now in force for this polling station?
- (b) have you already voted at this election either here or elsewhere?
- (2) If any person refuses to answer any question put to him as in this section provided, the presiding officer shall refuse to give him a ballot paper.
- (1) If any management of false answer to any much quartion ha is liable on summary conviction to imprisonment for six months.
- 36. (1) Subject to all other provisions of this Act as to proof of Mode of taking qualification as an elector and as to the administration of oaths, if a cases, rarram remessaring himself miles a manicular clicular addition for a bullici - 17 or 1990.

ballot in special

Form 22.

paper after another person has voted as that person, he shall be entitled to receive a ballot paper and to vote after taking the oath of identity, in Form 22, and otherwise establishing his identity to the satisfaction of the presiding officer.

- (2) In such case, the presiding officer shall put on the ballot paper his initials together with the voter's electoral registration number entered in the poll book opposite the name of the voter, and the poll clerk shall enter in the poll book $\,-\,$
 - (a) the name of the voter;
 - (b) a note of his having voted on a second ballot paper issued under the same name;
 - (c) the fact of the oath of identity having been required and taken, and the fact of any other oaths being so required or taken; and
 - (d) any objections made on behalf of any, and of which, of the candidates.
- (3) An elector who is incapacitated by any physical cause other than blindness from voting in the manner prescribed by this Act, may apply to the presiding officer to adopt one of the following modes of voting:
 - (a) the elector may request the presiding officer to mark his ballot paper on his behalf, in which case the presiding officer shall require the elector to make oath in Form 23 of his incapacity to vote without assistance and shall thereafter assist the elector by marking his ballot paper in the manner directed by the elector and shall place the ballot paper in the ballot box: if so requested by the elector, the presiding officer shall mark the ballot paper in the presence of the poll clerk and of the sworn agents of the candidates or any of them but of no other person;
 - (b) alternatively, the elector may apply to the presiding officer to be allowed to vote with the assistance of another person by whom he is accompanied (in this subsection referred to as "the companion"), in which
 - (i) the presiding officer shall require the elector to make oath in Form 23;
 - (ii) on the elector making such oath the presiding

Form 23.

Form 23.

declaration in Form 25, that the companion is a Form 25. qualified person within the meaning of subsection (4) and has not previously assisted more than one physically incapacitated person to vote at the election;

- (iii) upon the applicant and the companion complying with subparagraphs (i) and (ii), and subject to the provisions of this Act, the presiding officer shall grant the application, and thereupon anything which is by this Act required to be done to or by the elector in connection with the giving of his vote may be done to, or with the assistance of, the companion.
- (4) For the purpose of subsection (3)(b), a person is qualified to assist a physically incapacitated person if that person is either –
 - (a) a person who is entitled to vote as an elector at the election: or
 - (b) the father, mother, brother, sister, husband, wife, son or daughter of the physically incapacitated elector and has attained the age of eighteen years.
- (5) The presiding officer shall either deal with a blind elector in the same manner as with an otherwise incapacitated elector, or, at the request of any blind elector who has taken the oath in Form 24, and is Form 24. accompanied by a friend who is an elector in the polling district, shall permit the friend to accompany the blind elector into the voting compartment and mark the elector's ballot paper for him; and if the elector so requests, the presiding officer shall accompany them into the voting compartment and the friend shall mark the ballot paper in the presence of the presiding officer. No person shall at any election be allowed to act as the friend of more than one blind elector.

- (6) Any friend who is permitted to mark the ballot paper of a blind elector as aforesaid shall first be required to take an oath in Form Form 25A. 25A that he will keep secret the name of the candidate for whom the acted as the friend of a blind elector for the purpose of marking his
 - (7) Whenever any elector has had his ballot paper marked as provided in subsection (3) or (5) the poll clerk shall enter in the poll

ballot paper at the pending election.

book opposite the elector's name, in addition to any other requisite entry, the reason why the ballot paper was so marked.

Who may vote.

Form 26.

37. (1) Where there is contained in the official list of electors a name, address and occupation which correspond so closely with the name, address and occupation of a person by whom a ballot paper is demanded as to suggest that the entry in the official list of electors was intended to refer to him, that person shall, upon taking the oath in Form 26 and complying in all other respects with the provisions of this Act, be entitled to receive a ballot paper and to vote. In any such case the name, address and occupation shall be correctly entered in the poll book and the fact that the oath has been taken shall be entered in the proper column of the poll book.

Form 27.

(2) An elector, if required by the presiding officer, the poll clerk, one of the candidates or an agent of a candidate, or by an elector present, shall, before receiving his ballot paper, take an oath in Form 27, and if he refuses to take the oath, erasing lines shall be drawn through his name on the list of electors and in the poll book, if his name has been entered in the said book, and the words "refused to be sworn" shall be written thereafter.

Who may be present.

38. (1) In addition to the presiding officer and the poll clerk, the candidate and one agent for each candidate in each polling station, the constables on duty, and no others, shall be permitted to remain in the polling station during the time the poll remains open; but no candidate and his agent shall be in the same polling station at the same time for more than five consecutive minutes.

Form 28.

- (2) The agent of each candidate, on being admitted to the polling station, shall take an oath in Form 28, to keep secret the name of the candidate for whom any of the voters has marked his ballot paper in his presence.
- (3) Agents of candidates may, with the permission of the presiding officer, absent themselves from and return to the polling station at any time before one nour previous to the close of the poll.

after poll. [5 of 1977 12 of 1990]. 59. (1) Forthwith upon the close of the poll, in the presence and in full view of the poll clerk and the candidates or their agents, and if the candidates or any of them are absent, then in the presence of such as are present, and of at least two electors if none of the candidates is represented, the presiding officer shall, in the following order—

- (a) count the number of voters whose names appear in the poll book as having voted and make an entry thereof on the line immediately below the name of the voter who voted last, thus: "the number of voters who voted at this election in this polling station is" (stating the number), and sign his name thereto;
- (b) count the spoiled ballot papers, if any, place them in the special envelope supplied for that purpose and indicate thereon the number of the spoiled ballot papers and seal it up;
- (c) count the unused ballot papers, place them with all the stubs of all used ballot papers in the special envelope supplied for that purpose and indicate thereon the number of the unused ballot papers;
- (d) check the number of ballot papers supplied by the returning officer against the number of spoiled ballot papers, if any, the number of unused ballot papers and the number of voters whose names appear in the poll book as having voted, in order to ascertain that all ballot papers are accounted for;
- (e) open the ballot box and empty its contents upon the table;
- (f) record and count the number of votes given to each candidate on the tally sheet supplied, giving full opportunity to those present to examine each ballot paper. The poll clerk and not less than two witnesses shall be supplied with tally sheets upon which they may keep their own score as each vote is called out by the presiding officer. The count of votes under this paragraph shall be referred to as the preliminary count.
- (2) In counting the votes, the presiding officer shall reject all ballot papers
 - (a) which have not been supplied by him;
 - (b) which have not been marked for any candidate;
 - (c) on which votes have been given for more than one candidate; or
 - (d) upon which there is any writing or mark by which the voter could be identified, but no ballot paper shall be rejected on maximized.

- (i) any writing, number or mark placed thereon by any presiding officer; or
- (ii) the presence thereon of any mark, other than the voter's mark, or any smear or smudge from any cause whatsoever arising,

unless the ballot paper fails to convey the intention of the voter to vote for a particular candidate.

- (3) If, in the course of counting the votes, any ballot paper is found with the counterfoil still attached thereto, the presiding officer shall (carefully concealing the numbers thereon from all persons present and without examining them himself) remove the counterfoil. He shall not reject the ballot paper merely by reason of his former failure to remove the counterfoil.
- (4) If, in the course of counting the votes, the presiding officer discovers that he has omitted to affix his initials to any ballot paper, as provided by section 34(1), and as indicated in Form 18, he shall, in the presence of the poll clerk and the agents of the candidates, affix his initials to the ballot paper and shall count the ballot paper as if it had been initialled by him in the first place, provided that he is satisfied that the ballot paper is one that has been supplied by him and that such an omission has really been made, and also that every ballot paper supplied to him by the returning officer has been accounted for, as provided by subsection (1)(d).
- (5) Nothing in subsection (2), (3) or (4) shall relieve the presiding officer from any penalty to which he may have become liable by reason of his having placed any writing, number or mark, other than his initials, on any ballot paper, or of his failure to remove the counterfoil at the time of the casting of the vote to which it relates or of his failure to affix his initials to any ballot paper before handing it to any elector.
- (6) The presiding officer shall keep a record on the special form printed in the poll book of every objection, made by any candidate, or his agent or any elector present, to any ballot paper found in the ballot how and shall decide every question arising out of the objection. The decision of the presiding officer shall be final, subject to reversal on the final count by the returning officer or on petition questioning the election or return; and every such objection shall be numbered, and a corresponding number placed on the back of the ballot paper and initialled by the presiding officer.

Form 18.

- (7) All the ballot papers not rejected by the presiding officer shall be counted and a list shall be kept of the number of votes given to each candidate and of the number of rejected ballot papers. The ballot papers which respectively indicate the votes given for each candidate shall be put into separate envelopes; all rejected ballot papers shall be put into a special envelope and all such envelopes shall be endorsed so as to indicate their contents, and shall be sealed by the presiding officer and by such agents or witnesses present as may desire to seal them or to sign their names thereon in addition or instead.
- (8) The presiding officer and the poll clerk, immediately after the completion of the counting of the votes, shall take and subscribe respectively the oaths in Forms 29 and 30 which shall remain attached Forms 29 and 30. to the poll book.

(9) The presiding officer shall make the necessary number of copies of the statement of the poll in Form 31, one copy to remain Form 31. attached to the poll book, one copy to be retained by the presiding officer and one copy for the returning officer, which shall be enclosed in a special envelope supplied for the purpose, which envelope he shall seal and deliver personally or transmit to the returning officer.

(10) The poll book, the several envelopes containing the ballot papers unused, spoiled, rejected or counted for each candidate (each lot in its proper envelope) the envelope containing the official list of electors and other documents used at the poll shall then be placed in the large envelope supplied for the purpose, and this envelope shall then be sealed and placed in the ballot box. The ballot box shall then be locked and sealed with the seal of the presiding officer and forthwith transmitted or delivered to the returning officer. The returning officer may specially appoint one or more persons for the purpose of collecting the ballot boxes from a given number of polling stations and such person or persons shall, on delivering the ballot boxes to the returning officer, take the oath in Form 32.

Form 32.

(11) The presiding officer shall, with the ballot box, transmit or deliver to the returning officer, in the envelope provided for that purpose, the key of the ballot box, and the preliminary statement of the aall in Dama 21

Form 31.

- (12) The presiding officer shall transmit to the returning officer -
 - (a) the ballot box;

the the envelope constitute the two floorest and

(c) the preliminary statement of the poll,

in such manner as the Chief Elections Officer may direct.

(13) If any presiding officer omits to enclose within the ballot box, and in the proper envelopes provided for that purpose, any of the documents mentioned in this section, he shall, in addition to any other punishment to which he may be liable, forfeit all right to payment for his services as such officer.

Agents.

Form 21.

40. Each candidate may appoint one agent to attend the preliminary and final count of the votes by the presiding officer and the returning officer. The appointment shall be in writing in Form 21.

PART IV

PROCEDURE SUBSEQUENT TO POLLING DAY

Final counting of votes. [12 of 1990].

- 41. (1) The returning officer upon receipt by him of each of the ballot boxes shall take every precaution for its safe keeping and for preventing any person other than himself and his election clerk from having access thereto, sealing it under his own seal so that it cannot be opened without the seal being broken, but without effacing or covering any other seals thereto affixed.
- (2) After all the ballot boxes have been received, they shall be opened at the place, date and time specified in the notice referred to in section 18(2) for the final count of the votes, and in the presence of such of the candidates or their representatives as are present, by the returning officer, or, where the same person is returning officer for more than one constituency, by him or the election clerk for the constituency concerned, and the returning officer or the election clerk, as the case may be, shall
 - (a) count the votes contained therein cast for each candidate (allowing the candidates and their representatives to see the votes) and determine whether any of the votes so cast should be rejected:
 - (b) count the votes rejected by the presiding officer (allowing the candidates and their representatives to see the votes) and determine whether any of the votes should be regarded as having been validly cast for any, and if so for which candidate;

- rejected by the presiding officer but which he thinks should not have been so rejected) cast for each candidate;
- (d) make and sign any necessary amendments to the statement of the poll.
- (3) The provisions of subsection (2) of section 39 shall apply to the returning officer or election clerk, as the case may be, as they apply to the presiding officer except that paragraph (a) of that subsection shall take effect as if there were substituted for the word "him" the words "the presiding officer".
- (4) The provisions of subsection (6) of section 39 shall apply to the returning officer or election clerk, as the case may be, as they apply to the presiding officer except that for references in the subsection to the presiding officer there shall be substituted references to the returning officer or election clerk, as the case may be, and that the words "the final count by the returning officer or" shall be deemed to be omitted from the subsection.
- (5) The provisions of subsection (7) of section 39 shall apply to the returning officer or election clerk, as the case may be, as they apply to the presiding officer except
 - (a) that the words "returning officer" shall be deemed to be substituted for the words "presiding officer"; and
 - (b) that the documents referred to in that subsection shall be replaced in the envelopes from which they were removed by the returning officer and the envelopes shall be fastened by a sheet of paper being pasted over the opening thereof.
- (6) If at the final count of the votes none of the candidates or their representatives are present, it shall be the duty of the returning officer or election clerk to secure the presence of at least two electors who shall remain in attendance until the final count of the votes has been completed.
- (7) The candidate who on the final count of the votes is found to have the largest number of votes shall then be declared elected in writing and a copy of the declaration shall be forthwith delivered to each candidate or his agent, if present at the final count of the votes, or if any candidate is neither present not represented thereat, shall be forthwith transmitted to such candidate by registered post.

(8) Whenever, on the final count of votes, an equality of votes is found to exist between any two or more candidates and an additional vote would entitle one of the candidates to be declared elected, the returning officer, or election clerk, as the case may be, if he is an elector of the constituency for which the election is held, may give that additional vote, but the returning officer shall not in any other case be entitled to vote at an election in a constituency for which he is the returning officer.

Provisions applicable where ballot boxes not returned.

- 42. (1) If the ballot boxes are not returned to the returning officer by the time specified in the notice referred to in section 18(2), the returning officer shall adjourn the proceedings to a subsequent day, which shall not be more than a week later than polling day.
- (2) In case the statement of the poll cannot be found and the number of votes for the several candidates cannot be ascertained, or if, for any other cause, the returning officer cannot, at the day and hour appointed by him for that purpose, ascertain the exact number of votes given for each candidate, he may thereupon adjourn to a further day and hour the final count of the votes given for each candidate, not being more than seventy-two hours after the time specified in the notice referred to in section 18(2).
- (3) At the time to which the proceedings are adjourned in accordance with the provisions of subsection (2), the returning officer shall ascertain by such evidence as he is able to obtain the total number of votes cast for each candidate and shall declare elected the candidate appearing to him to have the largest number of votes.

Ch 19:01.

(4) For the purposes of this section, the returning officer shall have all the powers of and be deemed to be a commissioner appointed under the Commissions of Inquiry Act, and the provisions of section 12 of the said Act shall apply to all persons required by the returning officer to give evidence or to produce any documents before him as they apply to persons summoned to attend and give evidence or to produce documents before a commission of inquiry under the said Act.

Declaration of the poll.

43. The returning officer shall, as soon as he has ascertained the result of the poll, forthwith publicly declare the result and announce the candidate to whom most votes have been given to be elected as the member for the constituency.

44. (1) The returning officer within seven days next following that Election return. upon which he has made the final count of or ascertained the number [12 of 1990]. of votes given for each candidate, shall deliver personally or transmit by registered post to the Chief Elections Officer -

- (a) the writ with his return in Form 33 endorsed thereon Form 33. that the candidate having the majority of votes has been elected;
- (b) a report of his proceedings in the form prescribed by the Chief Elections Officer:
- (c) the recapitulation sheets in the form prescribed by the Chief Elections Officer showing the number of votes cast for each candidate at each polling station, and making such observations as the returning officer may think proper as to the state of the election papers as received from his presiding officers;
- (d) the statements of the polls;
- (e) the reserve supply of undistributed blank ballot papers;
- the enumerators' record books;
- (g) the returns from the various polling stations enclosed in sealed envelopes as prescribed by this Act, and containing the poll book used at the poll, a packet containing the stubs and unused ballot papers, packets containing the ballot papers cast for the several candidates, a packet containing the spoiled ballot papers, a packet containing the rejected ballot papers and a packet containing the official lists of electors used at the poll, and the written appointments of candidates' agents; and
- (h) all other documents used for the election.
- (2) The returning officer shall forward to each of the candidates a duplicate or copy of the return to the writ made by him
- (3) A premature return shall be deemed not to have reached the Chief Elections Officer until the same should have reached him in due course, and he shall, if circumstances so require, send back the return and any or all election documents connected therewith to the returning officer for completion or correction.
 - The transfer of the state of th

any member elected to serve in the House of Assembly, transmit the writ with the return endorsed thereon to the President within the time for the purpose specified therein.

- (5) The Chief Elections Officer shall, on receiving the return of any member elected to serve in the House of Assembly, enter it, in the order in which the return is received by him, in a book to be kept by him for such purpose and thereupon immediately give notice in the *Gazette* of the name of the candidate so elected and in the order in which it was received.
- (6) The Chief Elections Officer shall, as soon as practicable after each general election, cause to be printed a report giving by polling districts the number of votes polled for each candidate, the number of rejected ballots, the number of names on the lists of electors, together with any other information that he may think fit to include; and shall also, at the end of each year, cause to be printed a similar report on the by-elections held during the year.

Penalty for delay, neglect or refusal of returning officer to return elected candidate.

45. If any returning officer wilfully delays, neglects or refuses duly to return any person who ought to be returned to serve in the House of Assembly for any constituency, and if it has been determined on the hearing of an election petition respecting the election for that constituency that such person was entitled to have been returned, the returning officer who has so wilfully delayed, neglected or refused duly to make the return of his election shall forfeit to the person aggrieved the sum of five hundred dollars and costs in addition to all damages sustained.

Power of Assembly to elect in event of equality of votes.

46. If in the case mentioned in section 41(8) the returning officer is not an elector, or if, being an elector he declines to vote, he shall make a special return of the result of the election, and the House of Assembly shall have the right by resolution to choose one of the candidates to be the member for that constituency.

Custody of election documents by Chief Elections 47. (1) The Chief Elections Officer shall keep the election documents referred to in section 44(1) in safe custody and shall allow no person to have access to them; but if an election petition has been

election Officer shall, on the order of a Judge of the High Court, deliver to the Registrar of the High Court the documents relating to the election that is in dispute. However, after the expiration of twelve months from the day of any election it shall be lawful for the Chief Elections Officers

in muno ino min domesamen mad as iss sisseits at the inches

- (2) No such election documents in the custody of the Chief Elections Officers shall be inspected or produced except under the order of a Judge of the High Court, and an order under this subsection may be made by any such Judge on his being satisfied by evidence on oath that the inspection or production of the election documents is required for the purpose of instituting or maintaining a prosecution for an offence in relation to an election, or for the purpose of a petition which has been filed questioning an election or return.
- (3) Any such order for the inspection or production of election documents may be made subject to such conditions as to persons, time, place and mode of inspection or production as the Judge thinks fit.
- (4) All other reports or statements received from election officers, all instructions issued by the Chief Elections Officer pursuant to the provisions of this Act, all decisions or rulings by him upon points arising thereunder, and all correspondence with election officers or others in relation to any election shall be public records, and may be inspected by any person upon request during business hours.
- (5) Any person may take extracts therefrom and shall be entitled to certified copies of the papers relating to any subject upon payment for the preparation of the certified copies at the prescribed rate.
- (6) Any such copies purporting to be certified by the Chief Elections Officer under his hand shall be receivable in evidence without further proof thereof.
- 48. (1) Forthwith upon making the return to the writ in accordance with the provisions of section 44, the returning officer shall cause the ballot boxes used thereat, with their locks and keys, to be deposited in the custody of the member of the police service in charge of a police station in the constituency.

Custody of ballot boxes.

(2) Upon delivery to him of the ballot boxes, locks and keys, the custodian shall issue his receipt and shall at the next ensuing election, upon request, deliver the said ballot boxes, locks and keys to the returning officer to whom the writ is directed, taking the returning

PART V

ELECTION OFFENCES

Intoxicating liquor not to be sold or given on polling day. Ch. 70:03.

49. (1) No intoxicating liquor shall be sold, offered for sale or given away, at any premises situated in any constituency in which an election is being held and to which a licence issued under the Liquor Licences Act applies, at any time between the opening and the closing of the poll on polling day.

Ch. 20:14.

- (2) No intoxicating liquor shall be supplied to any person at any premises situated in any constituency in which an election is being held and to which a licence issued under the Registration of Clubs Act applies, at any time between the opening and the closing of the poll on polling day.
- (3) Any person who contravenes subsection (1) or (2) is liable on summary conviction to a fine of five thousand dollars or to imprisonment for six months.
- (4) In this section, "intoxicating liquor" has the same meaning as is assigned to the expression in the Registration of Clubs Act.

Employers to allow employees prescribed period for voting.

- **50.** (1) Every employer shall, on polling day, allow to every elector employed by him the prescribed period for voting, and no employer shall make any deduction from the pay or other remuneration of any such elector or impose upon or exact from him any penalty by reason of his absence during such period.
- (2) Any employer who, directly or indirectly, refuses, or by intimidation, undue influence, or in any other way, interferes with the granting to any elector employed by him of the prescribed period for voting as in this section provided, is liable on summary conviction to a fine of five thousand dollars or to imprisonment for six months.

Offences by election officers.

- 51. Every election officer who -
 - (a) makes in any record, return or other document which he is required to keep or make under this Act, any entry which he knows or has reasonable cause to believe to be taise, or does not believe to be true;
 - (b) permits any person whom he knows or has reasonable cause to believe not to be a blind person or an incapacitated person to vote in the manner provided for blind

- (c) refuses to permit any person whom he knows or has reasonable cause to believe to be a blind person or an incapacitated person to vote in the manner provided for blind persons or incapacitated persons, as the case may be;
- (d) wilfully prevents any person from voting at the polling station at which he knows or has reasonable cause to believe such person is entitled to vote;
- (e) wilfully rejects or refuses to count any ballot paper which he knows or has reasonable cause to believe is validly cast for any candidate in accordance with the provisions of this Act; or
- (f) wilfully counts any ballot paper as being cast for any candidate which he knows or has reasonable cause to believe was not validly cast for such candidate,

is, on conviction on indictment, liable to imprisonment for two years.

52. (1) No person shall furnish or supply any loudspeaker, bunting, ensign, standard, or set of colours, or any other flag, to any person with intent that it shall be carried, worn or used on motor cars, trucks or other vehicles, as political propaganda, on polling day, and no person shall, with any such intent, carry, wear, or use, on motor cars, trucks or other vehicles, any such loudspeaker, bunting, ensign, banner, standard, or set of colours, or any other flag, on polling day.

Loudspeakers, ensigns, banners, etc., prohibited on polling day.

(2) No person shall furnish or supply any flag, ribbon, label or Flags, ribbons or like favour to or for any person with intent that it should be worn or used by any person within any constituency on polling day, as a party badge to distinguish the wearer as the supporter of any candidate, or of the political or other opinions entertained or supposed to be entertained by such candidate; and no person shall use or wear any flag, ribbon, label, or other favour, as such badge, within any constituency on polling day.

favours not to be furnished or

- (2) Nothing contained in subsection (1) or (2) shall be deemed to extend to the furnishing or supplying of any banner bearing only the maine of any canadame or only such maine procedure of the mores of one for", or of any rosette or of any favour bearing the symbol allotted to any candidate or to the use of any such banner on any vehicle or of any such rosette or favour.
 - Any possess the controverse any of the provisions of this p. ...

section is liable on summary conviction to a fine of ten thousand dollars or to imprisonment for one year.

Maintenance of order at polling station.

- **53.** (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2), during the hours when the poll is open upon election day no person shall assemble or congregate within one hundred yards of any building in which any polling station is situated.
 - (2) This section shall not apply
 - (a) to any electors who are awaiting to poll their votes at the polling station and who obey any instructions which may be given by the presiding officer or any constable for the purpose of forming a queue with other electors also so waiting; or
 - (b) to any person who may under the provisions of this Act lawfully enter or remain in the polling station.
- (3) Every person who contravenes or fails to comply with any of the provisions of this section is liable on summary conviction to a fine of four hundred dollars and to imprisonment for six months.

Influencing elector to vote for any candidate.

- **54.** (1) During the hours that the poll is open upon election day no person shall upon any public road or in any public place within one hundred yards of any building in which a polling station is situated seek to influence any elector to vote for any candidate or to ascertain for what candidate any elector intends to vote or has voted.
- (2) Every person who contravenes any of the provisions of subsection (1) is liable on summary conviction to a fine of three thousand dollars and to imprisonment for six months.

Definition of bribery.

- 55. The following persons shall be deemed guilty of bribery within the meaning of this Act:
 - (a) every person who, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, gives, lends, or agrees to give or lend, or offers, promises, or promises to procure or to endeavour to procure any money or

any person on behalf of any elector, or to or for any other person in order to induce any elector to vote or refrain from voting, or corruptly does any such act as mentioned above on account of any elector having

viii-ii ii viii vii vii

- (b) every person who, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, gives or procures, or agrees to give or procure, or offers, promises, or promises to procure or to endeavour to procure, any office, place or employment to or for any elector, or to or for any person on behalf of any elector, or to or for any other person in order to induce such elector to vote or refrain from voting, or corruptly does any such act as mentioned above on account of any elector having voted or refrained from voting at any election;
- (c) every person who, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, makes any such gift, loan, offer, promise, procurement, or agreement as mentioned above to or for any person, in order to induce such person to procure, or endeavour to procure, the return of any person as an elected member of the House of Assembly, or the vote of any elector at any election;
- (d) every person who, upon or in consequence of any such gift, loan, offer, promise, procurement, or agreement, procures or engages, promises or endeavours to procure the return of any person as an elected member of the House of Assembly or the vote of any elector at any election;
- (e) every person who advances or pays, or causes to be paid any money to or to the use of any other person, with the intent that the money, or any part thereof, shall be expended in bribery at any election, or who knowingly pays or causes to be paid, any money to any person in discharge or repayment of any money wholly or in part expended in bribery at any such election;
- (f) every elector who, before or during any election, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, receives, agrees, or contracts for any money, gift, loan or valuable consideration, office, place or employment for immsen or for any other person, for voting or agreeing to vote, or for refraining or agreeing to refrain from voting at any such election;
- (g) every person who, after any election, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf.

receives any money or valuable consideration on account of any person having voted or refrained from voting, or having induced any other person to vote or refrain from voting at any such election.

Definition of treating.

- **56.** The following persons shall be deemed guilty of treating within the meaning of this Act:
 - (a) every person who corruptly, by himself or by any other person, either before, during, or after an election, directly or indirectly, gives, or provides or pays wholly or in part the expenses of giving or providing any food, drink, entertainment, or provision to or for any person for the purpose of corruptly influencing that person, or any other person, to vote or to refrain from voting at the election, or on account of that person or any other person having voted or refrained from voting at the election;
 - (b) every voter who corruptly accepts or takes any such food, drink, entertainment, or provision.

Definition of undue influence.

57. Every person who, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, makes use of or threatens to make use of any force, violence, or restraint, or inflicts or threatens to inflict, by himself or by any other person, any temporal or spiritual injury, damage, harm, or loss upon or against any person, in order to induce or compel that person to vote or refrain from voting or on account of that person having voted or refrained from voting at any election, or who by abduction, duress, or any fraudulent contrivance, impedes or prevents the free exercise of the franchise of any elector, or thereby compels, induces, or prevails upon any elector either to give or refrain from giving his vote at any election, is guilty of undue influence within the meaning of this Act.

Definition of personation.

58. Every person who at an election applies for a ballot paper in the name of another person, whether that name is the name of a person living ordead, or of a fictitious person, or who, having once voted at any

is guilty of personation within the meaning of this Act

Penalty for bribery, treating or undue **59.** Every person who is guilty of bribery, treating or undue influence under the provisions of this Act is liable on summary conviction to a fine of five thousand dellars or to imprisonment for six months.

60. Every person who is guilty of personation or of aiding, abetting. Penalty for counselling, or procuring the commission of the offence of personation is liable, on conviction on indictment, to a fine of twenty-four thousand dollars or to imprisonment for two years.

personation.

61. Every person who is convicted of bribery, treating, or undue Disqualification influence, or personation, or of aiding, counselling or procuring the commission of the offence of personation shall (in addition to any other punishment) be incapable during a period of seven years from the date of conviction -

for bribery, etc.

- (a) of being registered as an elector, or voting at any election of a member of the House of Assembly;
- (b) of being elected a member of the House of Assembly or if elected before his conviction, of retaining his seat as such member.

62. (1) Every person who –

viulino ai ano checina

Penalty for certain illegal elections.

- (a) votes, or induces or procures any person to vote, at any practices at election, knowing that he or such other person is prohibited by this Act or by any law, from voting at such election;
- (b) before or during an election knowingly publishes a false statement of the withdrawal of a candidate at such election for the purpose of promoting or procuring the election of another candidate:
- (c) between the date of notification by the Chief Elections Officer of the issue by the President of a writ for purposes of an election and the day after polling at such election, whether in a general election or in a byelection, acts in a disorderly manner with intent to prevent the transaction of the business of a public meeting called for the purpose of promoting the election of a candidate as a member to serve in the House OI ASSCIIIDLY,

is guilty of an illegal practice, and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of five thousand dollars and is incapable, during a period of five years from the date of conviction, of being registered as an elector or

- (2) Every person who between the date of notification by the Chief Elections Officer of the issue by the President of a writ for purposes of an election and the day after polling at such election, whether in a general election or in a by-election, incites, combines or inspires with others to act in a disorderly manner with intent to prevent the transaction of the business of a public meeting called for the purpose of promoting the election of a candidate as a member to serve in the House of Assembly, is guilty of an illegal practice and is liable, on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for two years, and is incapable, during a period of five years from the date of conviction, of being registered as an elector or voting at any election.
- (3) Any person who, before or during any election, for the purpose of effecting the return of any candidate at the election, makes or publishes any false statement of fact in relation to the personal character or conduct of any candidate is guilty of an illegal practice and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of five thousand dollars.

Offences in respect of ballot paper.

63. Every person who –

- (a) forges or counterfeits, or fraudulently defaces or destroys, any ballot paper;
- (b) without due authority supplies a ballot paper to any person;
- (c) fraudulently puts into any ballot box any paper other than the ballot paper which he is authorised by law to put in;
- (d) fraudulently takes out of the polling station any ballot paper;
- (e) without due authority destroys, takes, opens, or otherwise interferes with any ballot box or packet of ballot papers then in use for the purposes of any election; or
- (f) not being duly registered as an elector, votes at an election,

is liable on summary conviction, if he is a returning officer, presiding

dollars or to imprisonment for one year and, if he is any other person, to a fine of three thousand dollars or to imprisonment for six months.

In any information or prosecution for an offence in relation to

property in the ballot boxes, ballot papers, or things may be stated to be in the returning officer at the election.

64. (1) Every officer, clerk and agent in attendance at a polling Infringement of station shall maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of the voting in the station, and shall not communicate, except for some purpose authorised by law before the poll is closed, to any person any information as to the name or number on the list of electors of any elector who has or has not applied for a ballot paper or voted at that station, and no person shall interfere with or attempt to interfere with an elector when marking his vote or otherwise attempt to obtain in the polling station any information as to the candidate for whom any elector in the station is about to vote or has voted.

- (2) Every officer, clerk and agent in attendance at the counting of the votes shall maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of the voting and shall not attempt to communicate any information obtained at the counting as to the candidate or candidates for whom any vote is given in any particular ballot paper.
- (3) No person shall, directly or indirectly, induce any voter to display his ballot paper after he has marked it so as to make known to any person the name of the candidate or candidates for whom or against whose name he has so marked his vote.
- (4) Every person who acts in contravention of any of the provisions of this section is liable, on summary conviction, to a fine of three thousand dollars.

PART VI

ELECTION PETITIONS

65. A petition complaining of an undue return or undue election of Petitions against a member of the House of Assembly, in this Act called an election elections. petition, may be presented to the High Court by any one or more of the following persons:

- (a) some person who voted or had a right to vote at the
- (b) some person claiming to have had a right to be returned at the election;
- (c) some person alleging himself to have been a candidate-1.-.-1....

Trial of election petitions.
Decision of Judge final.

66. Every election petition shall be tried before the High Court in the same manner as a suit commenced by a writ of summons. At the conclusion of the trial, the Judge shall determine whether the member of the House of Assembly whose return or election is complained of or any and what other person was duly returned or elected, or whether the election was void, and shall certify the determination to the President and, upon the certificate being given, the determination shall be final; and the return shall be confirmed or altered, or a writ for a new election shall be issued, as the case may require, in accordance with the determination.

Powers of Judge. Summoning witnesses.

67. At the trial of an election petition the Judge shall, subject to the provisions of this Act or of any Proclamation to be made by the President, have the same powers, jurisdiction and authority, and witnesses shall be subpoenaed and sworn in the same manner as nearly as circumstances will admit, as in a trial of a civil action in the High Court, and shall be subject to the same penalties for perjury.

Presentation of election petition and security for costs.

- **68.** (1) The following provisions shall apply with respect to the presentation of an election petition:
 - (a) the petition shall be presented within twenty-one days after the return made by the returning officer of the member to whose election the petition relates, unless it concerns an allegation of corrupt practices upon the making of the return of election and specifically alleges a payment of money or other reward to have been made by any member, or on his account, or with his privity, since the time of the return, in pursuance or in furtherance of the corrupt practices, in which case the petition may be presented at any time within twenty-eight days after the date of the payment;
 - (b) at the time of the presentation of the petition or within three days afterwards, security for the payment of all costs, charges and expenses that may become payable by the petitioner –
 - (i) to any person summoned as a witness on his behalf; or
 - (ii) to the member whose election or return is complained of, or to any other person named as a

shall be given on behalf of the petitioner;

- (c) the security shall be an amount not exceeding twelve hundred dollars and shall be given by recognizance to be entered into by any number of sureties not exceeding four approved by the Registrar of the High Court, or by deposit of money in the High Court, or partly in one way and partly in the other.
- (2) Rules, not inconsistent with the provisions of the this Act or any law, as to the deposit of security and the practice and procedure for the service and hearing of election petitions and matters incidental thereto, may be made by the Chief Justice.

PART VII

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

69. No person who has voted at an election shall, in any legal No obligation on proceedings to question the election or return, be required to state for voter to disclose vote. whom he voted.

70. At any election a person shall not be entitled to vote unless his Conclusiveness name is on the list of electors for the time being in force by virtue of this Act, and every person whose name is on the list of electors shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, be entitled to demand and receive a ballot paper and to vote; but nothing in this section shall entitle any person to vote who is prohibited from voting by any Act, or relieve that person

of list of electors.

71. A candidate may himself undertake the duties which any agent Candidate may of his if appointed might have undertaken, or may assist his agent in the performance of such duties and may, subject to the provisions of this Act, be present at any place at which his agent may, in pursuance of this Act, attend, except when an open vote is being cast.

from any penalties to which he may be liable for voting.

act in person.

72. The name and address of the agent of a candidate appointed to Name and attend the final counting of the untog shall be transmitted to the returning officer one clear day at the least before the opening of the poll; and the returning officer may refuse to admit to the place where the votes are counted any agent whose name and address has not been so transmitted, notwithstanding that his appointment may be otherwise

address of agent.

Absence of agents.

73. Where in this Act any expressions are used requiring or authorising or inferring that any act or thing is to be done in the presence of the agents of the candidates, such expressions shall be deemed to refer to the presence of the agents of the candidates as may be authorised to attend, and as have in fact attended, at the time and place where the act or thing is being done, and the non-attendance of any agents or agent at such time and place shall not, if the act or thing is otherwise duly done, in anywise invalidate the act or thing done.

Regulations.

Schedule.

- **74.** The Commission may make Regulations generally for giving effect to the provisions of this Act and without prejudice to such general power may make Regulations
 - (a) prescribing the remuneration and travelling allowances to be paid to election officers;
 - (b) prescribing the duties of the returning officers and the procedure to be followed in the performance of those duties;
 - (c) prescribing the symbols to be used on every ballot paper and the mode of allocation of such symbols to candidates;
 - (d) adding to, rescinding, varying or amending any of the forms contained in the Schedule;
 - (e) prescribing the number of copies of the lists of electors to be printed and the persons to whom and the terms upon which such lists shall be distributed;
 - (f) prescribing the period during which every employer shall permit his employees to be absent from work for the purpose of recording their votes;
 - (g) prescribing the charges for certified copies of any documents referred to in this Act;
 - (h) prescribing penalties for the breach of any of the regulations made hereunder.

Expenses of

75. All expenses properly incurred by and all remuneration and travelling allowances payable to, election officers shall be defrayed out of general revenue.

Computation of time.

76. (1) In reckoning time for the purposes of this Act, Sunday shall be included but any other public holiday shall be excluded.

- (2) Where anything required by this Act or any Rules thereunder to be done on any day falls to be done on a Sunday or any such excluded day, that thing may be done on the next day not being one of such excluded days.
- 77. (1) No elector who has refused to take any oath or affirmation or to answer any question, as required by this Act, shall receive a ballot paper or be admitted to vote or be again admitted to the polling station.
- (2) Whenever the presiding officer does not understand the language spoken by any elector, he shall appoint and swear an interpreter who shall be the means of communication between him and the elector with reference to all matters required to enable such elector to vote, and in case no interpreter is found, such elector shall not be allowed to vote.

Refusal of elector to take oath or affirmation or answer questions. Interpreters.

SCHEDULE

FORM 1

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01)

(Section 12)

WRIT OF ELECTION

by His Excellency the President of Dominica.

TO THE RETURNING OFFICER

OF THE

CONSTITUENCY.

WHEREAS by section 12 of the House of Assembly (Elections) Act, it is provided that for the purposes of every general election of members of the House of Assembly, and for the purposes of the election of members to fill vacancies caused by death, resignation, or otherwise, the President shall issue writs under the public seal of the State, addressed to the returning officers of the respective constituencies for which members are to be returned:

- * AND WHEREAS I think it expedient that writs should be issued for the election of members to serve in the House of Assembly:
- **AND WHEREAS the seat of the elected member for the constituency has become vacant in consequence of

^{*}To be included in a writ for a general election.

NOW, THEREFORE, I.

President	as afore	said, do	hereby requ	ire that,	notice o	of the tim	e and pla	ce fixed
for the no	minatio	n of car	ndidates hav	ing beer	n first d	uly give	n as requ	ired by
law, you d	lo on the	e	day of	•••••	••	at		in
			ise election i					
to serve in	the Hou	ise of As	sembly of th	ne State f	for the s	aid cons	tituency a	ınd that,
if necessa	ry, yo	u do ca	ause a poll	to be	taken	on the	•••••	day of
			d that you de					
elected	to	be	certified	to	me	not	later	than
the			•••••					
			i and the			State th	is	dav
of				ocur or		ruic in		uuy
		······· -						

FORM 2

REGISTRATION OF ELECTORS REGULATIONS (SUB. LEG. CH. 2:03)

(Rules 8, 13 and 48)

CERTIFICATE OF ENUMERATOR

I,	
enumerator for polling district No constituency, certify that the preliminary list for the said polling district	above is a true copy of the
Dated this day of	19

REGISTRATION OF ELECTORS REGULATIONS (SUB. LEG. CH. 2:03)

(Rules 8, 13 and 48)

OATH OF ENUMERATOR UPON COMPLETION OF HIS WORK

OATHOR ENOMERATOR OF ON COM	LETION OF THE WORK
I, the undersign prepare the preliminary list of electors for p constituency, do sole	olling district No of the
complete and as correct a list of the qualified prepare for the above-mentioned polling distrimy duties according to all instructions, rules	electors as I have been able to ct, and that I have performed all
	SO HELP ME GOD.
Sworn before me at	
this day of 19	
Registration Officer.	Enumerator.
T071//	
FORM 4	
REGISTRATION OF ELECTOR (SUB. LEG. CH.	
(Rules 27 and 48	8)
REVISION NOTI	CE
TAKE NOTICE that -	
(a) the boundaries of polling d	
	;
(b) the preliminary list of qualified	
district will be revised on the .	
(c) any qualified person whose name	e, address or occupation has been
omitted from or incorrectly stated in the pre	
writing in Form 3 in the Schedule to the Registration officer (Sub. Leg. Ch. 2:03) to the registration officer	
(5.55, £25, Cii. 2.05) to die regionation orriver	

name, address or occupation be inserted in the list or that the entry relating thereto be corrected, as the case may be;

- (d) any qualified person whose name appears in more than one preliminary list is hereby required to give notice in writing in Form 5 in the Schedule to the House of Assembly (Elections) Act (Ch. 2:01) to the registration officer at....
 - (i) electing for which polling district he desires to be registered; and
 - (ii) specifying the other polling districts in the preliminary lists for which his name appears; and
 - (iii) requiring the registration officer to cause his name to be deleted from such other preliminary lists;
- (e) any qualified person whose name appears in the preliminary list may give notice in writing in Form 4 in the Schedule to Registration of Electors Regulations (Sub. Leg. Ch. 2:03) to the registration officer at objecting to the inclusion in the list of any other person on the ground that that other person is not a qualified person;
- (g) copies of the Forms mentioned above may be obtained from any head teacher or at any police station.

Date	
	Registration Officer

FORM 5

REGISTRATION OF ELECTORS REGULATIONS (SUB. LEG. CH. 2:03)

(RULE 48)

NOTICE OF RESIDENCE

TAKE NOTICE the	ati
	E-matter than
of	
Address	Occupation

of the constituency, and for polling district No of the constituency do hereby elect to be registered for polling district No of the constituency.
Dated at, 19, 19
Signature of Elector.
(Reverse side of form)
ON STATE SERVICE
REGISTRATION OF ELECTORS REGULATIONS (SUB. LEG. CH. 2:03)
NOTICE OF RESIDENCE
To the registration officer for the constituency at
FORM 6
REGISTRATION OF ELECTORS REGULATIONS (SUB. LEG. CH. 2:03) (RULE 48) CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OFFICER
I,, registration officer for theconstituency, certify that the above is a true copy of the finally revised list for the said constituency.
Dated this day of
Registration Officer

52

FORM 7

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01) (Section 6)

OATH OF RETURNING OFFICER
I,
Sworn before me
Returning Officer
Justice of the Peace (as the case may be.)
Date
FORM 8
HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT CH. 2:01 (SECTION 7)
APPOINTMENT AND OATH OF ELECTION CLERK
APPOINTMENT
To () whose occupation is () and whose address is ()
Take notice that I hereby appoint you to be election clerk for the
Given under my hand at this day of in the year 19

OATH OF ELECTION CLERK

I,	ncy, do swear that I will act o of that of returning officer, the provisions of the House of the thereunder, without partial-
	Election Clerk
Sworn before me this day of	
	Justice of the Peace (as the case may be)
FORM 9	-
HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTION (SECTION 9)	IS) ACT (CH. 2:01)
OATH OF PRESIDING OF	FICER
I, the undersigned for polling station No of the cact faithfully in my said capacity of presiding offi partiality, fear, favour or affection, and that I will candidates for whom any of the voters in the about marks his ballot paper in my presence at this electrons.	constituency, swear that I will cer, according to law, without I keep secret the names of the ove-mentioned polling station
	SO HELP ME GOD.
Sworn before me at this day	Presiding Officer
	Returning Officer (as the case may be)

[17/1990].

FORM 10

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01)

(SECTION 10)

OATH OF POLL CLERK

I,
SO HELP ME GOD.
Poll Clerk
Sworn before me atthis day of, 19
Presiding Officer (as the case may be)
FORM 11
HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01) (SECTION 13)
NOTICE OF ELECTION OF A MEMBER OF THECONSTITUENCY
His Excellency the President having issued his writ for the election of a member of the House of Assembly for the

Forms of nomination papers may be obtained at the office of
Every nomination paper must be signed by any six or more electors qualified to vote in the constituency and be handed to the returning officer between the said hours of nine a.m. and four p.m.
No nomination paper shall be valid or acted upon by the returning officer unless it is accompanied by —
(a) the consent in writing of the person therein nominated; and
(b) a deposit of five hundred dollars in cash.
between the hours of seven a.m. and five p.m. on
The house or office of the returning officer for the
Returning Officer for theconstituency
Date

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01)

(SECTION 15)

NOMINATION PAPER

Surnamê	Other Names	Add	Occupation		
Jumamo	Onor Hamos	Address	Occupation		
		•••••••	••••••••••••••••••		
	Signature		***************************************		
		•••••	***************************************		
		•••••••			
		••••••	•••••••••••		
			••••••		
paper hereby co of the House of	onsent to such noming f Assembly for the rving of process and t –	ation as candidate forconstitue	election as a member ency and name as my		
Address					
Witness my ha	and this day of		19		
Signed by the	said nominee in the pa	resence of			
 Signature of W	 Itness	 Sig	enature of Candidate		

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01)

(SECTION 15)

STATUTORY DECLARATION OF A PERSON NOMINATED AS A CANDI-DATE FOR ELECTION AS A MEMBER OF THE HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

Qualific	ation of		of	in the
	of	nominated	as a candidat	e for election
as a member of th	e House of Asse	mbly for the	c	onstituency.
I,	of	in the	of	do
solemnly and sind	cerely declare as	follows:		

That I am duly qualified to be elected as a member of the House of Assembly for this constituency and that –

- 1. I am a citizen of Dominica of the age of eighteen years* over the age of eighteen years.*
- **2.** I have resided in the State for a period of twelve months immediately before the date of my nomination for election.
- * I am domiciled in the State and was resident therein at the date of my nomination for election.
- 3. I am able to speak and read the English language with a degree of proficiency sufficient to enable me to take an active part in the proceedings of the House of Assembly.
- **4.** I am not, by virtue of my own act, under any acknowledgement of allegiance, obedience or adherence to a foreign Power or State.
- **5.** I do not hold nor am I acting in any office of emolument in the service of the State.
 - **6.** I am not a minister of religion.
- 7. I am not an undischarged bankrupt under any law in force in any part of the Commonwealth
- **8.** I am not a party to or a partner in any firm or a director or manager of any company which is a party to any contract with the State for or on account of the public service.

^{*}Delete if immunitation.

*I am a party to */a partner in a firm */a director of a company */a manager of a company* which is party to a contract with the State for or on account of the public service and have published in the English language in the Gazette and in a newspaper circulating in the constituency a notice setting out the nature of such contract and */my interest, *the interest of my firm */ company therein.

- 9. I am not a person adjudged to be of unsound mind nor detained as a person found guilty but insane of a criminal offence under any law in force in the State.
- 10. I have not been sentenced by a Court in any part of the Commonwealth to death or to imprisonment (by whatever name called) for a term exceeding twelve months.

- 11. I am not disqualified for membership of the House of Assembly by any law in force in the State relating to offences connected with elections.

I make this declaration conscientiously, believing the same to be true and according to the Statutory Declarations Act, Ch. 5:53 and I am aware that if there is any statement in this declaration which is false in fact which I know or believe to be false or do not believe to be true I am liable to fine and imprisonment.

Declared before me this	day of	, 19
	(Signed)

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01)

(SECTION 15)

STATUTORY DECLARATION OF AGENT OF A PERSON NOMINATED AS A CANDIDATE FOR ELECTION AS A MEMBER OF THE HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

Qualification	of	of	f	in	the
of	************	nominat	ed as a cand	lidate for e	lec-
tion as a member of the	House of	Assembly for the		constitue	acy.
I,solemnly and sincerely		in the s follows -	of	•••••	do
That House of Assembly for	•	y qualified to be el tituency, and that		member of	the

- 1. He is a citizen of Dominica of the age of eighteen years* over the age of eighteen years.*
- 2. He has resided in the State for a period of twelve months immediately before the date of his nomination for election.
- * He is domiciled in the State and was resident therein at the date of his nomination for election.
- 3. He is able to speak and read the English language with a degree of proficiency sufficient to enable him to take an active part in the proceedings of the House of Assembly.
- **4.** He is not, by virtue of his own act, under any acknowledgement of allegiance, obedience or adherence to a foreign Power or State.
- 5. He does not hold or is he acting in any office of emolument under the State.
- 6. He is not a minister of religion.

 of the Commonwealth.

8. He is not a party to or a partner in any firm or a director or manager of

^{*}Delete if inapplicable

any company which is a party to any contract with the State for or on account of the public service.

*He is a party to */a partner in a firm */a director of a company */a manager of a company* which is party to a contract with the State for or on account of the public service and has published in the English language in the Gazette and in a newspaper circulating in the constituency a notice setting out the nature of such contract and */his interest, *the interest of his firm */company therein.

- **9.** He is not a person adjudged to be of unsound mind nor detained as a person found guilty but insane of a criminal offence under any law in force in the State.
- 10. He has not been sentenced by a Court in any part of the Commonwealth to death or to imprisonment (by whatever name called) for a term exceeding twelve months.
- *He has been sentenced by a Court in a part of the Commonwealth, to death, and has suffered the punishment substituted therefor by competent authority.

- 11. He is not disqualified for membership of the House of Assembly by any law in force in the State relating to offences connected with elections.

I make this declaration conscientiously, believing the same to be true and according to the Statutory Declarations Act, Ch. 5:53 and I am aware that if there is any statement in this declaration which is false in fact which I know or believe to be false or do not believe to be true. I am liable to fine and imprisonment.

Declared	before	me th	is	day	of.	•••••	•••••	••••	••••		•••••		 	,	19.
								((Sig	gne	d).	••••	 		•••••

^{*}Their 10 in 11 in

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01)

(SECTION 17)

RETURN OF UNCONTESTED ELECTION

To: Chief Elections Officer.
I hereby certify that the member elected for the
constituency in pursuance of the within writ is
(Insert name, address and occupation of member)
no other candidate having been nominated.
Dated at this day of, 19
Returning Officer.
FORM 16
HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01)
(SECTION 18)
NOTICE OF GRANT OF A POLL
Theconstituency.
NOTICE is hereby given to the electors of the constituency aforesaid that a poll has been granted for the election now pending for the said constituency and that such poll will be opened on the
Polling stations:
••••••••
••••••
•••••••

And that the candidates in the above constituency are as follows: Candidates:
••••••
and that the number of votes given to the several candidates will be counted at
Returning Officer.
FORM 17
HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01)
(SECTION 20)
RETURN WHERE CANDIDATES WITHDRAW OR DIE
To: Chief Elections Officer.
I hereby certify that the member elected for the
constituency in pursuance of the within writ is
(Insert name, address and occupation of member elected)
(as stated on the nomination paper)
the other or all other candidates having withdrawn or died.
Dated at this day of 19
Returning Officer.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01) (SECTION 21)

BALLOT PAPER

No. 6700	GENERALELI	ECTION
:	No. 6700	constituency
	Voter's number	on roll
	Polling Day	SPACE FOR INITIAL OF P.O.
	DO NOT FOLD BE	YOND THIS LINE
	1. BISHOP, CONRAD D.	YOND THIS LINE Symbol
	1. BISHOP, CONRAD D. Queen Mary Street, Planter. 2. O'NEALE, FRANCES.	Symbol
	1. BISHOP, CONRAD D. Queen Mary Street, Planter.	Symbol (Hammer)
	1. BISHOP, CONRAD D. Queen Mary Street, Planter. 2. O'NEALE, FRANCES. Pottersville,	Symbol (Hammer) Symbol

FORM 19

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01)

(SECTION 23)

DIRECTIONS TO ELECTORS

Each elector may vote at one polling station and for only one candi-

64

The elector will go into one of the compartments and with a black lead pencil there provided place a cross within the white space containing the name of the candidate for whom he votes, thus X.

The elector shall then fold the ballot paper so that the initials of the presiding officer and the number of the counterfoil can be seen and the counterfoil detached without opening the ballot paper; he shall then return the ballot paper so folded to the presiding officer who shall in full view of those present, including the elector, remove the counterfoil and place the ballot paper in the ballot box. The elector shall then forthwith quit the polling station.

If an elector inadvertently spoils a ballot paper he may return it to the presiding officer who on being satisfied of the fact will give him another.

If an elector votes for more than one candidate or places any mark on the ballot paper by which he can afterwards be identified, his vote will be void and will not be counted.

In the following form of ballot paper given for illustration the candidates are Conrad D. Bishop, Frances O'Neale, and George Robinson, and the elector has marked his ballot paper in favour of Frances O'Neale.

GENERAL ELECTION.....

2655	constituency
	Voter's number on roll.
Polling Day:	Space for initials of P.O.
——— DO NOT FOLD BE	EYOND THIS LINE ————
1. BISHOP, CONRAD D. Queen Mary Street, PLANTER.	Symbol
2. O'NEALE, FRANCES. Pottersville, Mechanic.	Symbol X
3. ROBINSON, GEORGE. New Town, Merchant.	Symbol

FORM NO. 20

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT Ch. 2:01

POLL BOOK

(Section 32)

Remarks	
Objections if any made	Consecu- Record on behalf of tive that any number oath sworn each elector as he applies for ballot.
ons oapers n has son	Record that oath sworn
Particulars of persons applying for ballot papers after another person has voted as such person	Consecutive tive number given each elector as he applies for ballot.
Partic applyin after ar voted	Name
	(b) Record that elector has voted
	(a) Record that oath sworn or refused
or	Consecu- Form (a) (b) tive No. numbers Record Record of elector of oaths if that that on List of any oath elector Electors elector is sworn has voted required or to swear refused
Particulars of elector	Consecutive No. of elector on List of Electors
Partice	Postal address
	Occupa-
	Na e of el : tor
Consecu-	number given each elector as he applies for ballot.

(a) If sworn insert "sworn", and number of the oath; if refused insert "refused to be sworn". (b) When ballot put into Ballot Box insert "voted".

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01) (SECTIONS 33 AND 40)

I,

Candidate
FORM 22
HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01)
(SECTION 36)
OATH OF IDENTITY OF AN ELECTOR RECEIVING A BALLOT PAPER AFTER ANOTHER HAS VOTED IN HIS NAME
You swear that you are
(Name as on list of electors)
Of
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
whose name is entered on the list of electors now shown you.

SO HELP YOU GOD.

^{*}For agent at polling station.

^{**}For agent at the preliminary and final count

Chap. 2:01

FORM 23

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01)

(SECTION 36)

OATH OF INCAPACITATED ELECTOR

You swear that you are incapable of voting without assistance by reason of physical incapacity.

SO HELP YOU GOD.

FORM 24

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01)

(SECTION 36)

OATH OF BLIND ELECTOR

You of swear that you are incapable of voting without assistance by reason of your inability to see.

SO HELP YOU GOD.

FORM 25

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01)

(SECTION 36)

OATH OF FRIEND OF INCAPACITATED ELECTOR

- 1. You swear that you will keep secret the name of the candidate for whom you mark the ballot paper of the physically incapacitated elector on whose behalf you act.
- 2. That you are a qualified person under section 36(4) of the Act to assist a physically incapacitated elector
- 3. That you have not already acted as the companion of a physically incapacitated elector for the purpose of marking his ballot paper at this election.

SO HELP YOU GOD.

FORM 25A

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01) (SECTION 36)

OATH OF FRIEND OF BLIND ELECTOR

- 1. You swear that you will keep secret the name of the candidate for whom you mark the ballot paper of the physically incapacitated elector on whose behalf you act.
- 2. That you have not already acted as the friend of a blind elector for the purpose of marking his ballot paper at this election.

SO HELP YOU GOD.

FORM 26

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01) (SECTION 37)

OATH THAT THE ELECTOR IS THE PERSON INTENDED TO BE REFERRED TO IN THE LIST OF ELECTORS

You swear that you are qualified to vote at this election of a member
to serve in the House of Assembly and are not disqualified from voting thereat
and that you verily believe that you are the person intended to be referred to by
the entry in the list of electors used at this polling station, of the name
whose occupation is given as
and whose address is given as

SO HELP YOU GOD.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01)

(SECTION 37)

OATH OF QUALIFICATION

You swear

- 1. That you are a citizen of the Dominica of the full age of eighteen years.
- 2. That you have resided in the State for a period of at least twelve months immediately prior to the date of your registration as an elector.
- 3. That you are domiciled in the State and were resident in the State at the date of your registration as an elector.
- 4. That you have resided in the constituency for a period of at least six months prior to the date of your registration as an elector.
- 5. That you are not within any of the classes of persons who lack qualification or are disqualified by reason of crime or mental incapacity.
- 6. That you are not disqualified by any law in force in the State relating to offences connected with elections.
 - 7. That you are not the returning officer for this constituency.

SO HELP YOU GOD.

Note. - Paragraph 3 is alternative to paragraph 2.

FORM 28

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01)

(SECTION 38)

OATH OF AGENT OF A CANDIDATE

-	the undersigned, agent forthe undersigned, agent forthe election of a member of the House of Assembly held
on this day in thethe names of the candida	constituency, do swear that I will keep secret ites for whom any elector voting at this polling station
	SO HELP ME GOD.

Sworn before me at this day of, 19
Returning Officer for the constituency
or
Justice of the Peace
or Presiding Officer for polling district No
of theconstituency.

FORM 29
HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01)
(SECTION 39)
(SECTION 39)
OATH OF PRESIDING OFFICER AFTER CLOSING OF THE POLL
I,
Presiding Officer.
Sworn before me at this day of, 19
Poll Clerk
(or as the case may be.)

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01) (SECTION 39)

OATH OF POLL CLERK AFTER CLOSING THE POLL

I, the undersigned, poll clerk for polling station No of the constituency, do swear that this poll
book for the said polling station kept under the direction of
who has acted as presiding officer thereat has been so kept by me under his
direction as aforesaid correctly and to the best of my skill and judgment; that
the total number of votes recorded therein is and that to the
best of my knowledge and belief it contains a true and exact record of the votes
given at the above-mentioned polling station as the said votes were taken
thereat by the said presiding officer and that I have faithfully performed all
other duties as a poll clerk according to law.
other duties as a poin clerk according to law.
Poll Clerk.
Sworn before me at this day of
Presiding Officer

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01)

(SECTION 39)

STATEMENT OF THE POLL AFTER COUNTING THE BALLOTS

Constituency.		Polling station No		
Number of ballot papers re	ceived			
from the returning officer				
Number of ballot papers ca	ist for			
do. do. do.	••••			
do. do. do.	••••			
do. do. do.	••••			
do. do. do.	••••			
do. do. do.	••••			
do. do. do.	••••			
Number of *rejected ballot	papers			
Total number of ballot pap	ers			
found in box				
Number of unused ballot p	apers			
undetached from the books				
	••••			
Number of †spoiled ballot	papers			
Total				
*A rejected ballot pa presiding officer to an elector t found in the ballot box unmar	o cast his vote b	ut which at the close	of the poll, has been	
†A spoiled ballot pay been deposited in the ballot bo or improperly printed or whice to cast his vote, and (a) has be handed back to the presiding of	x, but has been for the has been hand the spoiled in man for of ficer and exch	ound by the presiding led by the presiding narking by the elector anged for another.	g officer to be soiled officer to an elector or, and (b) has been	
XT 1	fftit tt			
I hereby certify that	at the above sta	atement is correct.		
Dated at	this d	ay of	, 19	
		***************************************	······································	

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01)

(SECTION 39)

OATH OF MESSENGER SENT TO COLLECT BALLOT BOXES

I,
Signature.
Sworn before me at this day of
Returning Officer. (as the case may be.)
 '
FORM 33
HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) ACT (CH. 2:01)
(SECTION 44)
RETURN AFTER POLL HAS BEEN TAKEN
I hereby certify that the member elected for the
Dated at this day of
19
Returning Officer.

House of Assembly (Elections)

[Subsidiary]

House of Assembly (Elections) Regulations

SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) REGULATIONS

ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS

REGULATION

- 1. Short title.
- 2. Rates of pay and travelling allowances.
- 3. Duties of returning officer.
- 4. Symbols for ballot papers.
- 5. Number of copies of lists to be printed.
- 6. Time off to be allowed employee to vote.

Chap. 2:01

House of Assembly (Elections) Regulations

[Subsidiary]

SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) REGULATIONS

made under section 74

30/1951. [2/1958 32/1960 12 of 1990].

[20th August 1951]

Commencement.

1. These Regulations may be cited as the -

Short title.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY (ELECTIONS) REGULATIONS.

2. (1) Election officers shall be paid such sums for their services in connection with an election as may be approved by Parliament.

Rates of pay and travelling allowances. [12 of 1990].

(2) The Chief Elections Officer, the returning officer and the election clerk shall be paid travelling and subsistence allowances at the rate prescribed for public officers by the Travelling Allowances Regulations in force.

Sub. Leg. Ch. 23:09.

- (3) There shall be paid to such other election officers, or to any other person whose services may be engaged by the Chief Elections Officer in connection with an election, such travelling allowances as the Chief Elections Officer may consider appropriate.
- 3. (1) Upon his being appointed, the returning officer shall take Duties of and subscribe to the oath set out as Form 7 in the Schedule to the Act, [12 of 1990]. and transmit the oath to the Chief Elections Officer.

returning officer.

- (2) He shall receive and study carefully the instruction books to returning officers, presiding officers and poll clerks (Books C and D) and the Act.
- (3) He shall receive and check the supplies to be used for the taking of the poll and secure the necessary number of ballot boxes.

- (5) On receipt of the writ he shall issue the election notice, and make final selection of polling stations subject to the approval of the Chief Elections Officer.
 - (ii) Fit state recently and it is a fine fixed and office and

House of Assembly (Elections) Regulations

presiding officer for each polling station and one poll clerk for each station.

- (7) He shall send one form of the nomination paper and one form of the statutory declarations to every prospective candidate.
- (8) He shall attend at the place fixed for nomination from 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. on nomination day; receive the nomination papers and statutory declarations of the candidates with the requisite deposits; issue receipt certificates; supply forms to candidates for the appointment of agents; lodge deposits in the Treasury or Sub-Treasury; and undertake all other duties in connection with the nomination as directed by the Chief Elections Officer.
- (9) In cases where there is only one candidate nominated, he shall despatch to the Chief Elections Officer the returns necessary.
- (10) Where he is required to give notice for which no procedure is laid down he shall give the notice by posting it up in a conspicuous place outside of the polling stations and police stations within the constituency or in such other manner as he thinks fit after consultation with the Chief Elections Officer.
- (11) He shall make all arrangements for and supervise the taking of the poll on polling day, and have collected after the close of the poll on polling day, the ballot boxes and the preliminary statements of the poll.
- (12) On the evening of polling day he shall prepare the preliminary compilation of the votes polled, and communicate the results as soon as available to the Chief Elections Officer.
- (13) He shall add up the votes on the day fixed for that purpose by checking all the ballots cast for the candidates or which have been rejected by the presiding officers.
- (14) He shall check and certify accounts for the election clerk, presiding officers, poll clerks, messengers or any other officers appointed to serve in the constituency for election purposes.
- Chief Elections Officer with the other papers and accounts as directed by the Act.
- (16) He shall perform such duties as the Chief Elections Officer

Chap. 2:01

[Subsidiary]

- (17) He shall make out a report to the Chief Elections Officer setting out –
 - (a) the day on which the writ was received and endorsed;
 - (b) the day on which the election notices were distributed;
 - (c) the number of polling stations established in his constituency;
 - (d) the nomination papers which were received and the nominations which were rejected, together with the causes for their rejection;
 - (e) the condition and number of ballot boxes and keys which were received;
 - (f) the day or days on which the final addition of the votes was or were done;
 - (g) the day on which the declaration of the candidates elected was made;
 - (h) the name of the police officer in whose custody the ballot boxes were deposited;
 - (i) any matters of particular significance or intent relating to the polling and the counting of the votes.
- 4. (1) There shall be printed upon every ballot paper opposite to the Symbols for name of each candidate, one of the symbols shown in the Appendix to these Regulations which shall be allotted to each candidate in the manner hereinafter provided.

- (2) When the Chief Elections Officer is satisfied that a recognized political party has applied to him for a party symbol, he shall allocate one of the symbols numbered 1 to 6 inclusive in the Appendix to these Regulations to such party and the official candidate or candidates of such party, in each constituency, shall be entitled to have the party symbol printed opposite his name.
- (3) In the case of the other candidates the Chief Elections Officer shall allocate one of the symbols numbered / to 16 in the Appendix to these Regulations, to each such candidate; but the order in which the symbols are allocated shall correspond with the order in which the names of the candidates, excluding official party candidates, appear on the ballet paper.

[Subsidiary]

House of Assembly (Elections) Regulations

Number of copies of lists to be printed.

- 5. (1) For the purpose of a general election, fifty copies of each list of electors for each polling station shall be printed.
- (2) All election officers shall be entitled to as many copies as they require, and as are approved by the Chief Elections Officer.
- (3) Every prospective candidate shall be entitled to one full set of the lists of electors for his constituency free of cost.
- (4) Subject to the distribution hereinbefore provided for, available lists of electors shall be sold to prospective candidates and to the general public at the rate of three cents for the list of electors relating to any polling district.

Time off to be allowed employee to vote.

6. Every employer shall permit each elector in his employ to be absent from his work on polling day for two hours in addition to the normal mid-day meal hour.

APPENDIX

SYMBOLS TO BE USED ON BALLOT PAPER

1		HAND	9	150	KNIFE
2	3	НАТ	10		TREE
3		BOTTLE	11		BIRD
4		HAMMER	12	<u>6</u>	BICYLE
5	43	SHOE	13		CAR
6		SAW	14	10	SHIP
7		CLOCK	15		TEACUP
8	1	FORK	16		HEART